Town of Addison, Texas

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

City Council

	Expiration of Term
Joe Chow, Mayor	May 2021
Tom Braun, Mayor Pro Tempore	May 2021
Lori Ward, Deputy Mayor Pro Tempore	May 2021
Ivan Hughes, Council Member	May 2021
Guillermo Quintanilla, Council Member	May 2020
Paul Walden, Council Member	May 2020
Marlin Willesen, Council Member	May 2020

City Manager

Wesley S. Pierson

Prepared by the Department of Finance

Amanda Turner, CPA, CGFO, Controller
Ashley Boatright, Accounting Manager
Tandi Dickey, Senior Accountant
Ismael Villalta, Accountant
Kristen Solares, CGFO, Senior Budget Analyst



Town of Addison, Texas Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

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March 17, 2020

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council Town of Addison, Texas

I am pleased to submit the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the Town of Addison, Texas for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019. The purpose of the report is to provide the City Council, management, staff, the public, and other interested parties with detailed information reflecting the Town's financial condition.

THE REPORT

This report satisfies §103.001 of the Texas Local Government Code requiring annual audits of all municipalities and was conducted in accordance with Section 2.15 of the Charter of the Town of Addison. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the presented data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the Town. We believe the data is accurate in all material respects and is presented in a manner that fairly sets forth the financial position of the Town. We also believe all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the Town's financial affairs have been included. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the Town of Addison has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the Town of Addison's financial statements in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the Town of Addison's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) is organized into three major sections: *Introductory, Financial, and Statistical.* The *Introductory Section* provides general information on the government's structure and personnel as well as information useful in assessing the government's financial condition.

The *Financial Section* contains the opinion of the Town's independent auditor. The Town of Addison's financial statements have been audited by BKD, LLP, a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the Town of Addison for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019 are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion (i.e., clean opinion) that the Town of Addison's financial statements for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019 are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

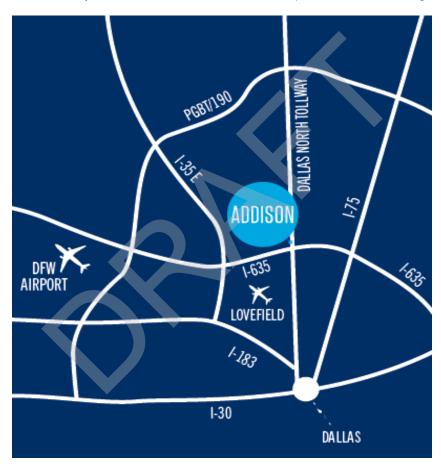
Also included in the *Financial Section* is management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) that provides users of the basic financial statements a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of those statements. The basic financial statements, including the accompanying notes, represent the core of the financial section. These financial statements present the financial condition of the Town of Addison as a single entity, as well as the individual funds that account for the Town's various governmental and business-type activities.



The report concludes with the *Statistical Section*, which, through the use of tables, presents comparative economic and financial data to give users of the report a perspective of the Town's performance over a number of years.

THE REPORTING ENTITY

The Town of Addison is located in the Dallas North Parkway area, which has been referred to as the "platinum corridor" of the Dallas Metroplex. The area, which developed rapidly over the past three decades, is home to affluent neighborhoods, hundreds of million-dollar companies, scores of quality restaurants, and two spacious malls. At 4.4 square miles, Addison is the smallest, yet most densely developed, of the various suburbs located in the area. Although it has just over 16,000 residents, the Town has developed into a cosmopolitan center which serves well over 125,000 business persons, shoppers, and visitors daily. Money Inc. and Doorsteps.com recently listed Addison as the number one place in the Dallas region to live.



The Town was incorporated in 1953 and is operating under a Charter adopted in 1978 and last amended in November 2010. Under the amended Charter, the Council is comprised of a mayor and six council members who enact local legislation, determine policies, and adopt the Town's budget. The mayor and council members are elected for two-year terms with the mayor and three council members being elected each odd-numbered year and the remaining three council members elected each even-numbered year. The City Manager is appointed by the City Council and is responsible to them for the proper administration of the affairs of the Town.

The Town provides a full range of municipal services including general government, public safety (police and fire), streets, parks and recreation, planning and zoning, code enforcement, stormwater and water, and sewer utilities. Sanitation collection services are provided through private contractors; non-residential customers contract with the collection firm of their choice while single-family residential customers contract through the Town with sanitation fees added to their municipal utility bills.

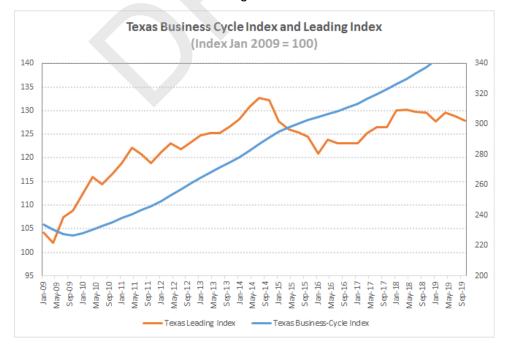
The annual budget of the Town of Addison serves as the foundation for the Town's financial planning and control. The budget is prepared by the City Manager and adopted by the City Council in accordance with policies and procedures established by the Town Charter and Council ordinances. The appropriated budget is prepared and presented by fund, department (e.g. police) or function (e.g. debt service), and major cost category (e.g. personal services). All expenses of the Town are made in accordance with the adopted annual budget. The department level is the legal level of control enacted by the Town Charter. Budgetary control is maintained at the individual expenditure account level by the review of all requisitions of estimated purchase amounts prior to the release of purchase orders to vendors. Transfers between expenditure accounts in one department may occur with the approval of the Chief Financial Officer. Transfers between operating departments may occur with the approval of the City Manager and Chief Financial Officer provided that a department's total budget is not changed by more than five percent. Transfers between funds or transfers between departments that change a department's total budget by more than five percent must be accomplished by budget amendment approved by the City Council. Budget amendments calling for new fund appropriations must also be approved by the City Council.

Budget-to-actual comparisons are provided in this report for each major fund for which an appropriated annual budget has been adopted. For the non-major governmental funds with appropriated annual budgets, this comparison is presented in the combining and individual fund financial statements section of this report.

FACTORS AFFECTING FINANCIAL CONDITION

Status of Local Economy

With its concentration of commercial and retail development, the Town of Addison's economy is strongly influenced by the region's economic climate. According to reports issued by the Federal Reserve Bank of Dallas, the Leading Index indicators are declining, however the Business Cycle Index remains strong. This trend bodes well for the continued economic strength of the Town.



The United States unemployment rate continues to decline, with Texas just below the nation as a whole. Texas began fiscal year 2019 at 3.8% unemployment, reached as low as 3.4%, and ended the year at 3.4%, just below the U.S. rate of 3.5%.

Addison is densely developed with 11.4 million square feet of office space distributed among 120 office buildings. Much attention is given to the occupancy rates of buildings in Addison. At the end of September 2019, Addison's occupancy rate stood at 82 percent compared with the 85.8 percent recorded a year earlier. Addison's occupancy rate is 3.3 percent lower than the 85.3 percent average for all of the Dallas/Ft. Worth Area. (Source: CoStar Group)

The Town experienced a 2 percent increase in taxable property values for the 2019 certified levy compared to a 3.5 percent increase for the 2018 certified levy.

For the 2019 fiscal year, General Fund revenues of \$40.2 million represented a slight decrease from \$40.3 million in fiscal year 2018. The property tax levy produced 43% of the total revenue available to the Town's General Fund for this year, while the sales tax revenue category produced 37%. The Town's sales tax receipts decreased 8.71 percent from fiscal year 2018. General Fund expenditures and transfers for the 2019 fiscal year totaled \$40.6 million. The General Fund ending fund balance decreased by almost \$400 thousand to \$20.6 million, with an ending fund balance of 57% of General Fund operating expenditures. The primary reason for the decrease was due to planned increased transfers to cash-funded capital project funds.

Long-Term Financial Planning

The City Council has adopted various financial policies for operations, capital, and debt management. Fiscal year 2019 was most significantly impacted by our policy requiring a multi-year plan for capital projects. During the year, key community stakeholders were selected by Council to develop a bond election program to help the Town align the Town priorities with the needs and values of the stakeholders.

Users of this document, as well as others interested in the programs and services offered by the Town of Addison, are encouraged to read the Town's 2018-19 Annual Budget. The document details the Town's long-term goals and financial policies, describes program accomplishments and initiatives, and outlines the Town's capital improvement program. The Town's Annual Budget also includes long-term financial plans for the major operating funds that forecast revenues and expenditures over a five-year horizon. The plans are driven by financial policies adopted by the City Council that are designed to protect the Town's financial integrity. The policies include establishing significant fund balances, or reserves, to protect the Town from the boom/bust economic cycle common to the state and the region. The budget document can be obtained from the Town of Addison's Financial and Strategic Services Department by calling (972) 450-7051. The Annual Budget can also be accessed through the department's website at

http://addisontexas.net/index.php?section=finance-department Addison-budget

AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the Town of Addison, Texas for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018. The Certificate, which is reproduced herein, is the highest form of recognition for excellence in state and local government financial reporting. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR whose contents conform to program standards. The document must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements. A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. The Town of Addison has received a Certificate for the last 43 consecutive years. We believe our current report continues to conform to the Certificate of Achievement program requirements, and we are submitting it to GFOA for consideration.

In addition to the *Certificate*, the Town received GFOA's *Award for Distinguished Budget Presentation* for its fiscal year 2019 annual budget document. In order to qualify for the *Award*, the Town's budget document was judged to be proficient or exceptional in several categories including policy documentation, financial planning, and operations guide. The Town has received the *Award* for 32 consecutive years. Together, the *Award* and the *Certificate* are evidence of the Finance Department's dedication to producing documents that effectively communicate the Town's financial condition to elected officials, city administrators, and the general public.

I wish to thank all members of the Finance Department who assisted in preparing and assembling the information presented in this report. I also acknowledge our auditors, BKD, LLP, and the assistance they provided in meeting the deadlines established for publication of the document. I am grateful for the support provided by the City Council, and affirm our pledge to be a resource to help them achieve the goals they have established for the Addison community.

Respectfully submitted,

Wesley S. Pierson City Manager



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Town of Addison Texas

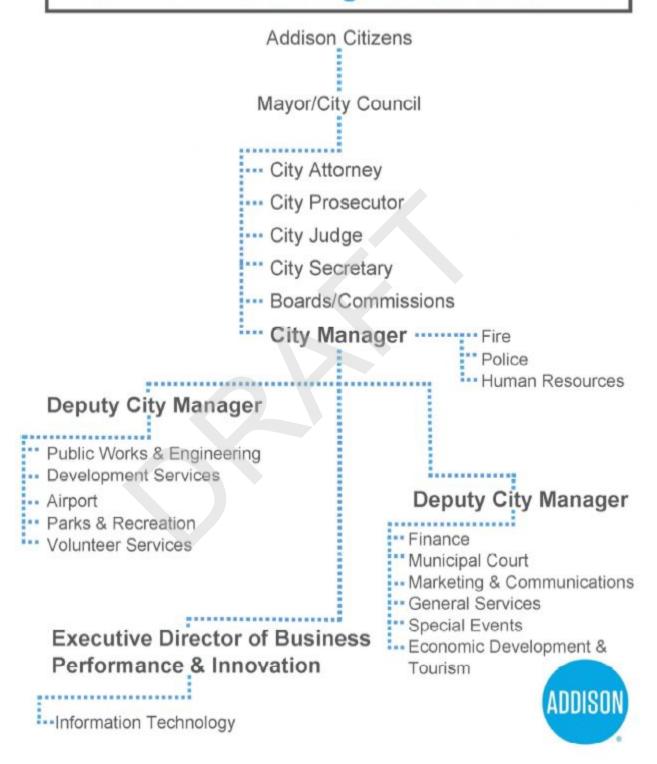
For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

September 30, 2018

Chuitophu P. Movill

Executive Director/CEO

Addison Staff Organization Chart



Town of Addison LIST OF PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS September 30, 2019

Town Hall (972) 450-7000 Fax (972) 450-7043

Elected Officials

Mayor	Joe Chow	(972) 450-7000
Mayor Pro Tempore	Tom Braun	(972) 450-7000
Deputy Mayor Pro Tempore	Lori Ward	(972) 450-7000
Council Member	Ivan Hughes	(972) 450-7000
Council Member	Guillermo Quintanilla	(972) 450-7000
Council Member	Paul Walden	(972) 450-7000
Council Member	Marlin Willesen	(972) 450-7000

Town Management

City Manager	Wesley Pierson	(972) 450-7037
Deputy City Manager	Ashley Mitchell	(972) 450-7010
Deputy City Manager	John Crawford	(972) 450-7036
Exec. Dir. of Business Performance & Innovation	Hamid Khaleghipour	(972) 450-2868
City Secretary	Irma Parker	(972) 450-7017
Director of Airport Administration	Joel Jenkinson	(972) 392-4855
Director of Economic Development & Tourism	Orlando Campos	(972) 450-7034
Chief Financial Officer	Steven Glickman	(972) 450-7050
Fire Chief	David Jones	(972) 450-7206
Director of General Services	Rob Bourestom	(972) 450-6203
Director of Human Resources	Passion Hayes	(972) 450-2819
Director of Public Works & Engineering	Lisa Pyles	(972) 450-2878
Director of Development Services	Charles Goff	(972) 450-7027
Director of Parks and Recreation	Janna Tidwell	(972) 450-2869
Director of Special Events	Jasmine Lee	(972) 450-6221
Police Chief	Paul Spencer	(972) 450-7168
Director of Public Communications	Mary Rosenbleeth	(972) 450-7032

Independent Auditor's Report

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the Town Council Town of Addison, Texas

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Addison, Texas (Town), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the North Dallas County Water Supply Corporation, a joint venture between the Town of Addison and the City of Farmers Branch, Texas, which statements reflect total net position of \$11,777,632 of which 55% (\$6,474,399) is recorded in the statement of net position and represents 5.1% of the business-type activities total assets. The financial statements of the North Dallas County Water Supply Corporation were audited by other auditors, whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included as equity in joint venture, is based solely on the report of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the Town Council Town of Addison, Texas Page 10

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town, as of September 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position, and where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund and hotel fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and pension and other postemployment benefits information as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules and introductory and statistical sections as listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the Town Council Town of Addison, Texas Page 11

The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Dallas, Texas March 17, 2020

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A)

As management of the Town of Addison, we offer readers of these financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Town of Addison for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019. Readers are encouraged to read this narrative in conjunction with the transmittal letter at the front of this report and the Town's financial statements, which follow this section. *All amounts reported in this MD&A, unless otherwise indicated, are expressed in thousands of dollars (000's).*

Financial Highlights

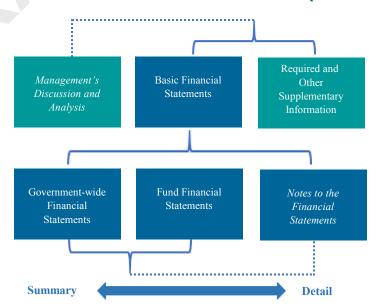
- The Town's assets and deferred outflows exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the 2019 fiscal year by \$251,711. This amount represents an increase over the previous year of \$2,115. The increase is due to an increase in the pension liability of \$11,957, offset by an increase in deferred outflows on pensions of \$6,488 and a decrease of deferred inflows on pensions of \$3,524.
- As of September 30, 2019, the Town's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$46,450, a decrease of \$2,561. The majority of the decrease is due to payments for capital expenditures and projects.
- At the end of the 2019 fiscal year, the fund balance for the General Fund was \$20,588, or 57 percent of total fund expenditures. Fund balance decreased \$375 during the year.
- At year-end, the Town of Addison's outstanding debt totals \$114,945, an increase of \$24,088 from the previous year, which is attributed to the issuance of additional debt during the year.

Overview of Financial Statements

This annual report is comprised of four segments as dictated by generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP): management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, required supplementary information and other supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the Town:

- The government-wide financial statements provide both long-term and short-term information about the Town's <u>overall</u> financial status.
- The fund financial statements focus on individual parts of Addison's government, reporting the Town's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.
 - The governmental funds statements explain how general government services such as public safety were financed in the short-term, as well as what remains for future spending.
 - Proprietary fund statements offer short-term and long-term financial information about the activities the government operates as <u>business-like</u>, such as the airport.

Illustration A-1 Required Components of Town of Addison's Annual Financial Report



The financial statements also include *notes*, which elaborate on some of the information in the financial statements, providing more detailed data. These financial statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. Illustration A-1 shows how the required parts of this annual report are arranged and relate to one another. In addition to these required elements, we have included other information such as the Town's statistical section, which, through the use of tables, presents comparative economic and financial data to give users of this report a perspective of the Town's financial performance over a number of years.

Illustration A-2 summarizes the major features of the Town's financial statements. The remainder of this overview section of the management's discussion and analysis explains the structure and contents of each of the statements.

Major Feature	Illustra s of Town of Addison's Gove	ntion A-2 ernment-wide and Fund Fina	ncial Statements
	Government-wide Statements	Fund State Governmental Funds	Proprietary Funds
Scope	Entire Town government	Activities of the Town that are not proprietary, such as police, fire, and parks	Activities the Town operates similar to a private-sector business: airport, water/sewer utility, and storm water
Required financial statements	* Statement of net position * Statement of activities	* Balance Sheet * Statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances * Budget and actual	* Statement of net position * Statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position * Statement of cash flows
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus
Type of asset/ liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	Only assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets included	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term
Type of inflow/outflow information	All Revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and payment is due during the year or soon thereafter	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid

Government-wide Financial Statements

The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Town of Addison's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business. These statements can be located on pages 21-22 of this document.

- The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the Town's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows and outflows, with the difference reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position **may** indicate the improvement or deterioration of the Town's financial position.
- The *statement of activities* presents information showing the Town's change in net position during the concluded fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

The government-wide financial statements of the Town are divided into two categories:

- Governmental activities These are functions such as fire, police, and other services that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenue.
- Business-type activities These functions are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges. The Town's airport, utility system and storm water system fall within this category.

Fund Financial Statements

A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts used to maintain control over resources which have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town of Addison, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Town can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental Funds – Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on **short-term** inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's short-term financing requirements.

The focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the **long-term impact** of the government's **short-term financing** decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental *funds* and governmental *activities*.

The Town of Addison maintains 10 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for all these funds, with the exception of the Economic Development Fund, Municipal Court Fund, Public Safety Fund, Advanced Funding Grant Fund, Reimbursement Grant Fund and PEG Fees Fund, which are considered non-major funds and are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The Town adopts an annual appropriated budget for almost all its governmental funds. A budgetary comparison statement is provided for each fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget except for the Capital Projects and Reimbursement Grant Funds.

Proprietary Funds – Services for which the Town charges customers a fee are generally reported in the proprietary funds. Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide statements, only in more detail. The Town of Addison maintains two different types of proprietary funds.

- Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The Town uses enterprise funds to account for its general aviation airport, storm water (drainage), and its utility (water and sewer) system.
- Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the
 Town's various functions. The Town uses internal service funds to account for its fleet of vehicles and its
 technological information systems. Both of these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than
 business-type functions hence they have been included within governmental activities in the
 government-wide financial statements.

The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for Addison's airport, utility system, and storm drainage system, all of which are considered to be major funds of the Town of Addison. Conversely, both internal service funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data presented in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 35-69 of this report.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the Town of Addison's funding of its obligations to provide pension benefits to Town employees through the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS) and to provide other postemployment benefits to Town employees upon retirement.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds and internal service funds are presented on pages 75-84.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As of the close of the 2019 fiscal year, the Town's net position (assets and deferred outflows exceeding liabilities and deferred inflows) totaled \$251,711 (see Table A-1). Of this amount \$188,947, or 75 percent, represents the Town's investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, machinery, and equipment), less any related outstanding debt used to acquire those assets. The Town of Addison uses these capital assets to provide services to the community, these assets are not available for future spending. A portion of net position has been restricted for the Town's long-term general obligation debt (\$84), promotion of tourism and hotel industry (\$3,449) and other restrictions (\$612). The remaining amount of net position is labeled as unrestricted and totals \$58,618. This amount is available to meet the Town's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Town of Addison is able to report positive balances in these three categories of net position, both for the government as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities.

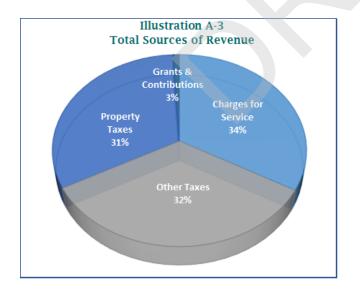
Table A-1
Town of Addison's Net Position (000's)

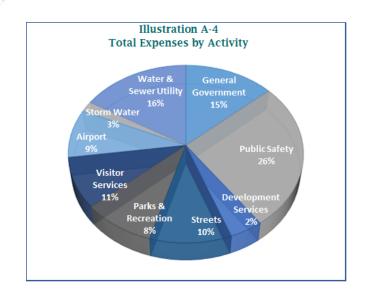
	Governmental Activities			Е	Business-type A	Activities	Total			
	2019		2018		2019	2018	2019	2018		
Assets:										
Current and Other Assets	\$ 60,424		65,020	\$	44,785 \$	31,770	\$ 105,210 \$	96,790		
Capital Assets	176,504		176,750		81,653	81,597	 258,157	258,347		
Total Assets	236,928	}	241,770		126,439	113,367	 363,367	355,137		
Deferred Outflows of Resources:										
Deferred Charges on Refundings	1,372)	1,476		369	402	1,741	1,878		
Deferred Outflows on Pensions	8,188	}	2,183		627	144	8,816	2,327		
Deferred Outflows on OPEB	259)	303		22	26	281	329		
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	9,819		3,962		1,019	572	10,838	4,533		
Liabilities:										
Long-Term Liabilities Outstanding	79,034		73,006		35,911	23,064	114,945	96,070		
Other Liabilities	4,594		7,198		2,660	3,190	7,254	10,388		
Total Liabilities	83,628	}	80,204		38,572	26,255	122,199	106,458		
Deferred Inflows of Resources:										
Deferred Inflows on Pensions	84		3,383		6	231	90	3,614		
Deferred Inflows on OPEB	187		4		16		204	4		
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	271		3,387		23	231	294	3,618		
Net Position:										
Net Investment in Capital Assets	125,522		125,983		63,425	64,971	188,947	190,954		
Restricted:	-,-		,,,,,		, , ,	- ,-	,-	,		
Debt Service	84		311		-	-	84	311		
Tourism/Hotel	3,449		4,168		-	-	3,449	4,168		
Child Safety	91		84		-	-	91	84		
Justice Administration	53		23		-	-	53	23		
Court Technology	28		33		-	-	28	33		
Public Safety	101		85		-	-	101	85		
Court Security	37		47		-	-	38	47		
Other Purposes	303		242		-	-	303	242		
Unrestricted	33,180		31,165		25,438	22,483	 58,618	53,648		
Total Net Position	\$ 162,848	\$	162,141	\$	88,863 \$	87,454	\$ 251,711 \$	249,595		

As reflected in Table A-2, the Town's net position increased \$2,115 during the 2019 fiscal year.

Table A-2
Town of Addison's Change in Net Position (000's)

	Governmental Activities			Business-typ	oe Activities	Total			
	 2019	2018		2019	2018			2019	2018
Revenues:									
Program Revenues:									
Charges for Services	\$ 5,362 \$	5,373	\$	20,811	\$ 20,5	16	\$	26,173 \$	25,890
Capital Grants & Contributions	130	122		457		95		587	517
Operating Grants & Contributions	101	106		69	1	21		170	227
General Revenues:									
Property Taxes	25,181	23,601		-		-		25,181	23,601
Other Taxes	24,208	25,866		-		-		24,208	25,866
Other	1,708	1,152		903	1	14		2,611	1,266
Total Revenues	56,690	56,220		22,240	21,1	47		78,930	77,367
Expenses:									
General Government	10,150	10,219		_		_		10,150	10,219
Public Safety	19,855	17,815		_		_		19,855	17,815
Development Services	3,138	1,379		_		_		3,138	1,379
Streets	7,678	7,249		_		_		7,678	7,249
Parks & Recreation	6,840	6,069		-		_		6,840	6,069
Visitor Services	6,885	7,118		_		_		6,885	7,119
Interest and Fiscal Charges	0,000	.,						0,000	.,
on Long-Term Debt	1,938	2,038		_		_		1,938	2,038
Airport	-	_,;;;		6,574	6.9	96		6.574	6,996
Storm water	_			1,428		20		1,428	820
Water & Sewer Utility	_	_		12,329	12,7	09		12,329	12,709
Total Expenses	56,484	51,887		20,331	20,5			76,815	72,412
Increase (decrease) in net									
position	206	4,333		1,909	6	21		2,115	4,954
Transfers	500	500		(500)		00)		_,	-
Change in Net Position	 706	4,833	$\overline{}$	1,409		21		2,115	4,954
Change in Accounting Principle	-	(2,519)		-,400		50)		2,110	(2,769)
Net Position - Beginning of year	 162,141	159,827		87,454	87,5			249,595	247,410
Net Position - End of year	\$ 162,848 \$	162,141	\$	88,863			\$	251,711 \$	249,595
•					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			•	





Governmental Activities

Governmental activities increased the Town of Addison's net position by \$706 in fiscal year 2019 as compared to a \$2,315 (\$4,834 before change in accounting principle of \$2,519) million increase in fiscal year 2018. The major changes from 2018 to 2019 are as follows:

- 1. Property tax revenue increased by \$1.6 million due to increasing property values
- 2. Sales tax revenue decreased by \$1.5 million due to a one-time large audit collection in 2018
- 3. Expenses in public safety increased by \$2 million due to the increase in pension expense in 2019

Business-Type Activities

The Town's business-type activities experienced a \$1,409 increase in net position with the Airport Fund recording an increase of \$367, due mostly to the decrease of maintenance costs and increase of rent and fees, while the Utility Fund posted an increase in net position of \$324, due mainly to the discontinuation of the transfer out to fund infrastructure development. The Storm Water Fund posted an increase in net position of \$543, which is \$1,034 less than the prior year increase in net position. This is due mostly to the increase in contractual service fees related to construction projects, as well as the addition of a \$500 transfer out to capital project funds in 2019.

Financial Analysis of the Government Funds

Governmental funds – The focus of the Town of Addison's governmental funds is to provide information on short-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending following the end of the fiscal year.

As of September 30, 2019, the Town's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$46,450, a decrease of \$2,561 compared to balances a year earlier. Of the ending balance, \$20,084 or 43.2 percent is unassigned and is available to the Town for future spending. Most of the remaining fund balance is restricted for future capital projects (\$11,067), promotion of tourism and hotel industry (\$3,449), debt service (\$18) or committed for Economic Development (\$1,797) and Capital Projects (\$8,952). Components of the net decrease of total fund balance are:

- In the General Fund, expenditures and transfers out totaled \$40,627 compared to revenues of \$40,239. Expenditures increased \$1,649 from the 2018 fiscal year. This increase is primarily due to the increases in public safety (\$774), general government (\$550), and parks and recreation expenditures (\$466). Revenues decreased \$37 from the previous year. The decrease was mainly due to receiving less sales tax collections from sales tax audit adjustments in 2019 as compared to 2018.
- In the Hotel Fund, expenditures and transfers out to other funds totaled \$8,028 compared to revenues of \$7,355. Fund revenues decreased \$535 from the previous year, and expenditures decreased \$532 from fiscal year 2018 due in large part to the removal of Tasty Bucks sales and transition to the Point-of-Sale systems for vendors at the Town's special events.
- Capital project funds recorded a net decrease in fund balance of \$1,789, primarily due to ongoing expenditures for capital projects. Included in these funds is the Infrastructure Investment Fund with an ending fund balance of \$4,585 as of September 30, 2019. Other balances included are for capital projects funded with bond proceeds such as the 2012 and 2014 G.O. Bonds issued as well as savings from general operations transferred to the Self-Funded Project fund for future capital projects.

Proprietary funds - The Town of Addison's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements. Unrestricted net position of the Airport Fund at the end of the fiscal year amounted to \$6,835; the Utility Fund reported an unrestricted net position of \$12,234, while the Stormwater Fund reported an unrestricted net position of \$6,194.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Major differences between the original budget and the final amended budget are described below, *not expressed in thousands of dollars (000's)*:

Sales tax revenue was amended to recognize an increase in sales tax collections by \$305,000, and other financing uses was amended for an increase of \$363,089 for transfers out to self-funded capital projects. Additionally, \$235,000 was amended for costs associated with storm cleanup in the Parks Department. Other allocations to fund the classification and compensation study pay increases to various departments were made that did not result in a net change to appropriations.

The adjustments resulted in an increase to budgeted revenue of \$305,000 and increasing expenditures by \$903,089 or 0.9 percent. \$363,089 was transferred to the Self-Funded Project Fund for future capital needs.

The final actuals resulted in revenues of 6.6 percent higher than the revised budget, and expenditures 4.3 percent lower than the revised budget. The savings in expenditures resulted from lower than expected salary expenses due to vacancies, lower than expected expenses for economic development incentives, and lower than expected expenses for utilities, specifically electricity and water.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets – As detailed in Table A-3 below, the Town of Addison's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of September 30, 2019, totals \$258,158 (net of accumulated depreciation). This amount represents a \$189 decrease from the previous year and is attributed to the addition of the completion of constructed assets less depreciation of existing assets. Projects that are in progress include the Vitruvian Public Infrastructure, Midway Road Revitalization, Kellway Lift Station Rehabilitation, Sherlock Basin Improvements, Airport Facility Improvements, and Customs Facility Construction. More information related to the Town's capital assets can be found in Sections; I, D, 4 and III, D of the Notes to Financial Statements.

Table A-3
Town of Addison's Capital Assets
(Net of Depreciation) (000's)

	G	overnmen	tal	Activities	Business-type Activities					Total				
		2019		2018		2019		2018		2019		2018		
Land	\$	66,250	\$	66,250	\$	17,046	\$	16,945	\$	83,296	\$	83,195		
Intangible Assets		672		554		-		-		672		554		
Buildings		8,951		8,326		6,585		6,775		15,536		15,102		
Improvements other than Buildings		76,702		65,043		48,500		50,574		125,202		115,617		
Machinery and Equipment		10,030		9,075		1,815		1,566		11,846		10,641		
Construction in Progress		13,900		27,502		7,707		5,737		21,607		33,239		
Total Capital Assets	\$	176,505	\$	176,751	\$	81,653	\$	81,598	\$	258,158	\$	258,348		

Long-term debt – At the end of the 2019 fiscal year, the Town of Addison had total bonded debt outstanding of \$98,025 as detailed in Table A-4. The Town of Addison maintains an underlying bond rating of "AAA" from Standard & Poor's and "Aaa" from Moody's. Several of the Town's outstanding debt issuances are insured. More information related to the Town's long-term debt can be found in Section III, F of the Notes to Financial Statements.

Table A-4
Town of Addison's Outstanding Debt (000's)

Pusinoss typo Activities

Total

Covernmental Activities

	Governmental Activities				 usiness-ty	pe /	ACtivities	10	nai	
	2019		2019		2019		2018	2019		2018
General Obligation Bonds	\$	51,888	\$	56,086	\$ 6,411	\$	7,186	\$ 58,299	\$	63,272
Certificates of Obligation		11,605		12,310	 28,121		15,275	 39,726		27,585
Total Debt Outstanding	\$	63,493	\$	68,396	\$ 34,532	\$	22,461	\$ 98,025	\$	90,857

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget and Rates

The development of the Town's budget is guided by several factors including the Town's strategic plan and prevailing economic conditions. The fiscal year 2020 budget plan adopted by the City Council adheres to the Town's financial policies and preserves the Town's strong financial position while providing excellent levels of service. The annual budget is adopted within context of five-year financial plans for the General, Hotel, Airport, and Utility funds. The long-term financial plans project major operating revenues and categories of expenses. Changes in fund balances are monitored to ensure that the Town is in compliance with adopted fund balance policy.

Major programs in the General Fund continue to focus on public safety, community development and parks to ensure the high quality of life enjoyed by Addison citizens and visitors.

Revenue assumptions in the General Fund are expected to take into consideration current economic indicators. Revenues, such as property tax revenue and sales tax revenue, are forecasted using both historical results and current trends. Certified taxable property values in Addison totaled \$4,819,907,442 for fiscal year 2020 which represented a 2.0 percent increase from the previous year. The property tax rate increased to \$0.583500 per \$100 appraised value, from the previous fiscal year. Of the 2020 budget tax rate, \$0.434117 was levied for operation/maintenance and \$0.149383 for debt service.

Sales tax collections for the Town were conservatively budgeted from the amount collected in 2019. Sales tax collections were projected to remain flat in fiscal year 2020 compared to the 2019 budget.

Hotel occupancy tax collections were budgeted to increase slightly by approximately 0.18 percent between fiscal year 2019 and fiscal year 2020.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the Town of Addison's finances and to show the Town's accountability for the funds it receives. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the following:

Town of Addison Finance Department P.O. Box 9010 Addison, TX 75001

Telephone: (972) 450-7050 Email: adturner@addisontx.gov

TOWN OF ADDISON STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Primary Government							
		Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total		
ASSETS								
Pooled Cash and Investments	\$	54,322,073	\$	35,483,100	\$	89,805,173		
Receivables, Net of Allowances for Uncollectibles		4,699,724		2,827,888		7,527,612		
Prepaid Items		470,103		-		470,103		
Inventories, at Cost		34,155		-		34,155		
Investment in Joint Venture		897,402		6,474,399		7,371,801		
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation								
Land		66,249,935		17,046,407		83,296,342		
Intangible Assets		672,076				672,076		
Buildings		8,950,779		6,584,713		15,535,492		
Improvements other than Buildings		76,701,637		48,500,030		125,201,667		
Machinery and Equipment Construction in Progress		10,030,498 13,899,390		1,815,156 7,706,752		11,845,654		
•			_			21,606,142		
Total Assets		236,927,772	_	126,438,445		363,366,217		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Deferred Charges on Refundings		1,372,093		369,084		1,741,177		
Deferred Outflows on Pensions		8,188,125		627,498		8,815,623		
Deferred Outflows on OPEB		258,647		22,459		281,106		
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		9,818,865	_	1,019,041		10,837,906		
LIABILITIES								
Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities		4,590,031		1,236,329		5,826,360		
Customer Deposits		4,067		1,423,780		1,427,847		
Long-Term Liabilities		·				, ,		
Due within One Year		3,541,365		1,707,915		5,249,280		
Due in More Than One Year		75,492,269		34,203,570		109,695,839		
Total Liabilities		83,627,732		38,571,594		122,199,326		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Deferred Inflows on Pensions		83,940		6,493		90,433		
Deferred Inflows on OPEB		187,396	_	16,292		203,688		
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		271,336	_	22,785		294,121		
NET POSITION								
Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted for:		125,521,642		63,424,919		188,946,561		
Debt Service		83,524		-		83,524		
Promotion of Tourism and Hotel Industry		3,449,095		-		3,449,095		
Child Safety		90,718		-		90,718		
Justice Administration		52,722		-		52,722		
Court Technology		27,831		-		27,831		
Court Security		37,495		-		37,495		
Public Safety		101,240		-		101,240		
Other Purposes		303,147		-		303,147		
Unrestricted		33,180,155	_	25,438,188		58,618,343		
Total Net Position	\$	162,847,569	\$	88,863,107	\$	251,710,676		

TOWN OF ADDISON STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	TOK THE TEAK ENDED SEFTEMBER 30, 2019				Net (Expense)/Revenue and				
		Program Revenues			Changes in Net Position				
	_				Primary Government				
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total		
Primary Government: Governmental Activities:							(2.22.22)		
General Government Public Safety	\$ 10,149,540 \$ 19,855,190	763,244 916,430	\$ - 100,904	\$ 95,000	\$ (9,386,296) (18,742,856)	\$ - \$	(9,386,296) (18,742,856)		
Development Services	3,137,715	1,379,721	-	-	(1,757,994)	-	(1,757,994)		
Streets	7,677,651	403,676	-	-	(7,273,975)	-	(7,273,975)		
Parks and Recreation	6,840,345	64,453	_	35,000	(6,740,892)	-	(6,740,892)		
Visitor Services	6,884,597	1,834,700	-	-	(5,049,897)	-	(5,049,897)		
Interest on Long-Term Debt	1,938,010	-			(1,938,010)		(1,938,010)		
Total Governmental Activities	56,483,048	5,362,224	100,904	130,000	(50,889,920)		(50,889,920)		
Business-Type Activities:	6.574.351	6,725,125	69,241			220.015	220,015		
Airport Utilities	12,329,112	11,847,562	09,241	457,426	-	(24,124)	(24,124)		
Stormwater	1,427,551	2,237,953	-	457,420	-	810,402	810,402		
Total Business-Type Activities	20,331,014	20,810,640	69,241	457,426		1,006,293	1,006,293		
Total Primary Government	\$ 76,814,062 \$				(50,889,920)	1,006,293	(49,883,627)		
Total Filliary Government		20,172,004	Ψ 170,143	(50,005,320)	1,000,200	(43,000,027)			
	General Revenues Taxes								
	Property Taxes, Lo	evied for General	Purposes		25,180,507	_	25,180,507		
	Sales Taxes				16,258,669	_	16,258,669		
	Franchise Taxes				2,513,414	-	2,513,414		
	Hotel/Motel Taxes				5,436,211	-	5,436,211		
	Interest on Investme	ents			1,365,659	833,703	2,199,362		
	Gain on Sale of Cap	ital Assets			12,935	, -	12,935		
	Miscellaneous				328,764	68,955	397,719		
	Transfers				500,000	(500,000)	, -		
	Total General Reven	ues and Transfer	s		51,596,159	402,658	51,998,817		
	Change in Net Positi	on			706,239	1,408,951	2,115,190		
	NET POSITION, Begi	nning of Year			162,141,330	87,454,156	249,595,486		
	NET POSITION, End	of Year			\$ 162,847,569	\$ 88,863,107 \$	251,710,676		

Governmental Funds Balance Sheet September 30, 2019

		General Fund		Hotel	Ob	General ligation Debt Service	_	Capital Project Fund		Non-Major Sovernmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS:												
Pooled Cash and Investments Receivables:	\$	20,092,402	\$	3,772,872	\$	18,973	\$	20,885,272	\$	2,503,430	\$	47,272,949
Ad Valorem Taxes, Including Interest and Penalties, Net		141,428		-		56,860		2,307		8,933		209,528
Non-Property Taxes		2,815,218		442,227		-		-		-		3,257,445
Franchise Fees		304,561		-		-		-		-		304,561
Service Fees, Net		150,455		-		-		-		-		150,455
Ambulance, Net		241,418				-		.				241,418
Interest		62,702		10,421		-		36,849		7,205		117,177
Intergovernmental		71,963		-		-		-		5,692		77,655
Other Propaid Itoma		13,523		307,557		-		-		-		321,080
Prepaid Items Inventories, At Cost		470,103 34,155		-		-		_		-		470,103 34,155
Total Assets	•	24,397,928	\$	4,533,077	\$	75,833	\$	20,924,428	\$	2,525,260	\$	52,456,526
Total Assets	φ	24,397,920	φ	4,555,077	φ	75,655	φ	20,924,420	φ	2,323,200	φ	32,430,320
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES,												
AND FUND BALANCE: Liabilities:												
Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities	\$	1,928,245	\$	990,992	\$	981	\$	902,829	\$	140,816	\$	3,963,863
Intergovernmental Payable	φ	78,873	φ	2,243	Φ	901	φ	902,029	φ	140,610	φ	81,116
Customer Deposits		3,417		650		_		_		_		4,067
Total Liabilities	_	2,010,535		993,885		981		902,829		140,816	_	4,049,046
Deferred Inflows of Resources:												
Unavailable Resources		1,799,149		90,097		56,859		2,307		9,086		1,957,498
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	_	1,799,149		90,097		56,859		2,307		9,086		1,957,498
Fund Balances:												
Nonspendable												
Inventories		34,155		_		-		-		-		34,155
Prepaid Items Restricted		470,103		-		-		-		-		470,103
Debt Service		7		-		17,993		-		-		17,993
Promotion of Tourism and Hotel Industry		-		3,449,095		, -		-		-		3,449,095
Capital Projects		-		-		-		11,067,329		-		11,067,329
Child Safety		-		-		-		-		90,718		90,718
Justice Administration		-		-		-		-		23,829		23,829
Court Technology		-		-		-		-		27,831		27,831
Court Security		-		-		-		-		37,495		37,495
Public Safety Governmental Public Education		-		-		-		-		95,319		95,319
Committed		-		-		-		-		303,147		303,147
Capital Projects								8,951,963				8,951,963
Economic Development		_		_		_		0,331,303		1,797,019		1,797,019
Unassigned		20,083,986		_		_		- -		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		20,083,986
Total Fund Balance		20,588,244	_	3,449,095		17,993	_	20,019,292		2,375,358	_	46,449,982
Total Liabilities. Deferred Inflows of Resources.	_	20,000,244	_	3,449,095		11,553	-	20,019,292		2,310,300	_	+0,445,502
and Fund Balance	\$	24,397,928	\$	4,533,077	\$	75,833	\$	20,924,428	\$	2,525,260	\$	52,456,526
		_	_	-			_				_	

TOWN OF ADDISON RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

The Town uses internal service funds to charge the costs of certain activities such as replacement of capital assets and information technology to appropriate functions in other funds. A portion of the assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the government-wide statement of net position. The effect of this consolidation is to increase net position. Capital assets used in governmental activities, including infrastructure and developer contributions, are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in fund financial statements. Capital assets of \$170,803,183, net of accumulated depreciation of \$135,967,101, exclusive of the capital assets of internal service funds with a net carrying value of \$5,701,132, included above, increased net position in the government-wide financial statements. Investment in Joint Venture is not financial resources and is not reported in the fund financial statement-wide statements. Investment in Joint Venture of \$897,402 increased net position in the government-wide
are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in fund financial statements. Capital assets of \$170,803,183, net of accumulated depreciation of \$135,967,101, exclusive of the capital assets of internal service funds with a net carrying value of \$5,701,132, included above, increased net position in the government-wide financial statements. 170,803,183 Investment in Joint Venture is not financial resources and is not reported in the fund financial statements. Investment in Joint Venture of \$897,402 increased net position in the government-wide
statements. Investment in Joint Venture of \$897,402 increased net position in the government-wide
financial statements. 897,402
Deferred losses on refundings of debt have been reflected net of amortization in the government-wide financial statements. 1,372,093
Bonds payable, contractual obligations, and related premium and discount amounts have not been included in the fund financial statements. (63,492,587)
Accrued liabilities for compensated absences have not been reflected in the fund financial statements. (918,562)
Total OPEB liability is not reflected in the fund financial statements. (3,715,831)
Deferred outflows on OPEB, net of amortization, are not reflected in fund financial statements 258,647
Deferred inflows on OPEB, net of amortization, are not reflected in fund financial statements (187,396)
Deferred outflows on pension costs, net of amortization, are not reflected in fund financial statements 8,188,125
Deferred inflows on pension costs, net of amortization, are not reflected in fund financial statements (83,940)
Net pension liability is not reflected in fund financial statements (10,906,652)
Interest payable on outstanding debt is accrued in the government-wide financial statements, whereas in the fund financial statements an interest expenditure is reported when due. The effect of recording accrued interest is to decrease net position. (300,026)
Revenue from property taxes, sales taxes, franchise fees, court bonds, ambulance billing, and intergovernmental grants is a deferred inflow in the fund financial statements until it is considered available to finance current expenditures, but such revenues are recognized when assessed, net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts, in the government-wide statements. 1,957,498
Net Position of Governmental Activities \$ 162,847,569

Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Year Ended September 30, 2019

	General Fund	Hotel	General Obligation Debt Service	Capital Project Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES:						
Ad Valorem Taxes	\$ 17,240,969		\$ 6,585,427	\$ 284,010	\$ 1,086,365	
Non-Property Taxes	16,168,139	5,427,585	-	-	-	21,595,724
Franchise Fees Licenses and Permits	2,459,254 1,366,941	-	-	-	54,160	2,513,414 1,366,941
Intergovernmental	71,963	-	-	-	- 121,941	1,366,941
Service Fees	1,726,863	1,206,764	-		64,026	2,997,653
Fines and Forfeitures	376,362	1,200,701	_	_	39,359	415,721
Earnings on Investments	643,083	94,058	23,219	541,393	63,906	1,365,659
Rental Charges	7,380	558,877	-	-	-	566,257
Recycling Proceeds	616	-	-	-	=	616
Other	177,446	67,500			9,154	254,100
Total Revenues	40,239,016	7,354,784	6,608,646	825,403	1,438,911	56,466,760
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
General Government	8,917,497	-	3,909	-	1,654	8,923,060
Public Safety	18,589,033	_	-	-	119,468	18,708,501
Development Services	1,350,598	-	-	-	=	1,350,598
Streets	1,777,128	+	-	-	-	1,777,128
Parks and Recreation	5,520,903	7.040.000	-	-	-	5,520,903
Visitor Services		7,313,226	-	-	F2 006	7,313,226
Municipal Court Economic Development	-		-	-	53,096 1,553,813	53,096 1,553,813
Debt Service:	-		-	-	1,555,615	1,000,010
Principal Retirement		_	4,280,000	_	_	4,280,000
Interest and Fiscal Charges		_	2,475,279	_	_	2,475,279
Capital Projects:			2, 11 0,210			2, 17 0,27 0
Engineering and Contractual Services	-	-	-	1,469,752	-	1,469,752
Construction and Equipment	-	-	-	6,115,742	-	6,115,742
Total Expenditures	36,155,159	7,313,226	6,759,188	7,585,494	1,728,031	59,541,098
Excess/(Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	4,083,857	41,558	(150,542)	(6,760,091)	(289,120)	(3,074,338)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES/(USES):						
Transfers In	-	-	-	4,971,504	715,000	5,686,504
Transfers Out	(4,471,504)	(715,000	-	-	-	(5,186,504)
Proceeds on Asset Sales	12,935	. <u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>		12,935
Total Other Financing Sources/(Uses)	(4,458,569)	(715,000		4,971,504	715,000	512,935
Net Change in Fund Balance	(374,712)	(673,442	(150,542)	(1,788,587)	425,880	(2,561,403)
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	20,962,956	4,122,537	168,535	21,807,879	1,949,478	49,011,385
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$ 20,588,244	\$ 3,449,095	\$ 17,993	\$ 20,019,292	\$ 2,375,358	\$ 46,449,982

TOWN OF ADDISON

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

Total Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	;	\$ (2,561,403)
The Town uses internal service funds to charge the costs of certain activities such as replacement of capital assets and information technology to appropriate functions in other funds. A portion of the revenues and expenses of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the government-wide statement of activities. The effect of this consolidation is to increase net position.		594,136
Current year capital outlays are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but they are shown as increases in capital assets in the government-wide financial statements. The effect of removing the capital outlays is to increase net position.		7,406,675
Capital asset donations are not recognized in fund financial statements.		35,000
Depreciation is not recognized as an expense in governmental funds since it does not require the use of current financial resources. The effect of recording the current year's depreciation is to decrease net position. This amount excludes \$1,026,131 depreciation in the internal service funds.		(7,650,643)
The Town's share of net loss from Investment in Joint Venture is not reflected in fund financials.		(62,783)
The issuance of long term debt increases the current financial resources of governmental funds while the repayment of the principal of long term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds, but both have no effect on net position. The amortization of prepaid insurance associated with the issuance of long-term debt, bond premiums, bond discounts, and deferred gain/loss on refunding of long term debts is reported in the statement of activities but does not require the use of current financial resources. Therefore the effect of the amortization of these various items are not reported in the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance. This amount represents the increase in net position of the following: Bond repayments Amortization	4,280,000 519,454	4,799,454
The change in compensated absences liability is not shown in the fund financial statements. The net effect of the current year's increase in liability is to decrease net position.		(53,720)
The current year decrease in the total OPEB liability of \$29,619, amortization of deferred inflows and and outflows on OPEB of \$228,143 are not shown in the fund financial statements. The effect of recording these amounts is to decrease net position.		(198,524)
Interest is accrued on outstanding debt in the government-wide financial statements, whereas in the fund financial statements an interest expenditure is reported when due. The effect of recording the decrease in accrued interest is to increase net position.		17,815
Decrease in pension asset of \$192,086, amortization of deferred inflows and outflows on pensions of (\$9,304,378), and addition of a pension liability of \$10,906,652, decrease net position by increasing the pension expense in each function.		(1,794,360)
Revenue from property taxes, sales taxes, franchise fees, court bonds, ambulance billing, and intergovernmental grants not recognized in fund financial statements on the modified accrual basis is recognized on the accrual basis in the government-wide financial statements.	_	174,592
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	<u>:</u>	\$ 706,239

General Fund
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual
Year Ended September 30, 2019

	Bı Original	udget Final	Actual GAAP Basis	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)
	<u> </u>	1 11101	Baoio	(regative)
REVENUES Taxes: Ad Valorem Taxes:				
Current	\$ 16,965,736	\$ 16,965,736	\$ 17,296,733	\$ 330,997
Delinquent	(45,000)	(45,000)	(96,002)	(51,002)
Penalties and Interest	30,000	30,000	40,238	10,238
Total Ad Valorem	16,950,736	16,950,736	17,240,969	290,233
Non-Property Taxes:				
Sales Tax	13,700,000	14,005,000	15,017,082	1,012,082
Alcoholic Beverage Tax	1,200,000	1,200,000	1,151,057	(48,943)
Total Non-Property Taxes	14,900,000	15,205,000	16,168,139	963,139
Total Taxes	31,850,736	32,155,736	33,409,108	1,253,372
Franchise Fees:				
Electric Franchise	1,600,000	1,600,000	1,534,930	(65,070)
Gas Franchise	200,000	200,000	253,426	53,426
Telephone Franchise	475,000	475,000	400,099	(74,901)
Cable Franchise	300,000	300,000	270,799	(29,201)
Total Franchise Fees	2,575,000	2,575,000	2,459,254	(115,746)
Licenses and Permits:				
Business Licenses and Permits	194,900	194,900	222,420	27,520
Building and Construction Permits	603,900	603,900	1,144,521	540,621
Total Licenses and Permits	798,800	798,800	1,366,941	568,141
Service Fees:	100	400		(400)
General Government	100 931,000	100	- 007 174	(100)
Public Safety Urban Development	2,850	931,000 2,850	907,174 2,180	(23,826) (670)
Streets and Sanitation	370,000	370,000	403,676	33,676
Recreation	71,300	71,300	64,453	(6,847)
Interfund	328,520	328,520	349,380	20,860
Total Service Fees	1,703,770	1,703,770	1,726,863	23,093
Fines and Forfeitures	320,000	320,000	376,362	56,362
Earnings on Investments	100,000	100,000	643,083	543,083
Intergovernmental	-	-	71,963	71,963
Rental Charges	6,600	6,600	7,380	780
Recycling Proceeds	3,000	3,000	616	(2,384)
Other	90,000	90,000	177,446	87,446
Total Revenues	\$ 37,447,906	\$ 37,752,906	\$ 40,239,016	\$ 2,486,110

General Fund
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual
Year Ended September 30, 2019

	_			Variance With Final Budget
		dget	Actual GAAP	Positive
	Original	<u>Final</u>	Basis	(Negative)
EXPENDITURES				
General Government:				
City Secretary:				
Salaries and Fringe Benefits	94,889	94,889	113,997	(19,108)
Supplies	20,700	20,700	13,374	7,326
Contractual Services	64,500	64,500	48,598	15,902
Total City Secretary	180,089	180,089	175,969	4,120
City Manager's Office:				
Salaries and Fringe Benefits	951,447	924,447	976,878	(52,431)
Supplies	23,848	23,848	27,765	(3,917)
Maintenance and Materials	40,777	40,777	20,203	20,574
Contractual Services	113,922	140,922	129,389	11,533
Capital Replacement	18,982	18,982	18,982	- (40.000)
Capital Outlay	1 140 076	1 140 076	12,900	(12,900)
Total City Manager's Office	1,148,976	1,148,976	1,186,117	(37,141)
Financial and Strategic Services:				
Salaries and Fringe Benefits	1,303,557	1,303,557	1,132,480	171,077
Supplies	27,100	27,100	17,808	9,292
Maintenance and Materials	34,624	34,624	18,000	16,624
Contractual Services	409,851	714,851	830,196	(115,345)
Capital Replacement	45,682	45,682	45,682	- 04 040
Total Financial and Strategic Services	1,820,814	2,125,814	2,044,166	81,648
General Services:				
Salaries and Fringe Benefits	488,478	488,478	473,252	15,226
Supplies	21,398	21,398	26,039	(4,641)
Maintenance and Materials	91,461	91,461	109,437	(17,976)
Contractual Services	108,894	108,894	76,141	32,753
Capital Replacement	31,980	31,980	31,980	- 05.000
Total General Services	742,211	742,211	716,849	25,362
Municipal Court:				
Salaries and Fringe Benefits	540,894	540,894	485,172	55,722
Supplies	13,500	13,500	9,556	3,944
Maintenance and Materials	52,400	52,400	49,313	3,087
Contractual Services	92,160	92,160	67,689	24,471
Capital Replacement	38,931	38,931	38,931	97 224
Total Municipal Court	737,885	737,885	650,661	87,224
Human Resources:				
Salaries and Fringe Benefits	485,000	485,000	443,810	41,190
Supplies	8,248	8,248	8,628	(380)
Maintenance and Materials	881	881	1,349	(468)
Contractual Services	190,233	190,233	177,483	12,750
Capital Replacement	11,844	11,844	11,844	
Total Human Resources	696,206	696,206	643,114	53,092

General Fund
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual
Year Ended September 30, 2019

	Dud	lava A		Variance With Final Budget
	Original Bud	get Final	Actual GAAP Basis	Positive (Negative)
	Original	Fillal	DdSIS	(Negative)
EXPENDITURES (CONTINUED) Information Technology:				
Salaries and Fringe Benefits	1,095,829	1,095,829	1,095,135	694
Supplies	34,994	34,994	18,800	16,194
Maintenance and Materials	812,000	812,000	735,669	76,331
Contractual Services	127,894 29,876	127,894 29,876	80,315 29,876	47,579
Capital Replacement Capital Outlay	29,070	29,070	47,136	(47,136)
Total Information Technology	2,100,593	2,100,593	2,006,931	93,662
Combined Services: Salaries and Fringe Benefits	7,642	7,642	41,706	(34,064)
Supplies	47,000	47,000	42,480	4,520
Contractual Services	1,305,984	1,305,984	1,078,949	227,035
Total Combined Services	1,360,626	1,360,626	1,163,135	197,491
O'L O WILL OWN THE POST OF				
City Council Special Projects: Salaries and Fringe Benefits	29,483	29,483	27,384	2,099
Supplies	20,500	20,500	16,011	4,489
Contractual Services	288,260	288,260	283,896	4,364
Capital Replacement	3,264	3,264	3,264	
Total City Council Special Projects	341,507	341,507	330,555	10,952
Total General Government	9,128,907	9,433,907	8,917,497	516,410
Public Safety:				
Police:				
Salaries and Fringe Benefits	7,652,344	7,652,344	7,521,152	131,192
Supplies	330,469	330,469	240,028	90,441
Maintenance and Materials	237,693	237,693	237,200	493
Contractual Services Capital Replacement	631,793 657,435	631,793 657,435	698,999 657,435	(67,206)
Total Police	9,509,734	9,509,734	9,354,814	154,920
Emergency Communications:				(2.700)
Maintenance and Materials	26,643	26,643	33,165	(6,522)
Contractual Services	1,356,509 1,383,152	1,356,509 1,383,152	1,332,326 1,365,491	24,183 17,661
Total Emergency Communications	1,303,132	1,303,132	1,505,491	17,001
Fire:				
Salaries and Fringe Benefits	6,606,571	6,606,571	6,661,958	(55,387)
Supplies Maintenance and Materials	252,595 259,145	252,595	244,666	7,929
Contractual Services	258,145 357,223	252,758 357,223	259,412 320,760	(6,654) 36,463
Capital Replacement	376,545	376,545	376,545	-
Capital Outlay		5,387	5,387	-
Total Fire	7,851,079	7,851,079	7,868,728	(17,649)
Total Public Safety	18,743,965	18,743,965	18,589,033	154,932

General Fund
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual
Year Ended September 30, 2019

		udget	Actual GAAP	Variance With Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Basis	(Negative)
EXPENDITURES (CONTINUED) Development Services: Development Services:				
Salaries and Fringe Benefits	1,213,052	1,181,896	1,123,412	58,484
Supplies	32,554	32,554	31,029	1,525
Maintenance and Materials	9,353	9,353	10,951	(1,598)
Contractual Services	312,545	343,701	140,866	202,835
Capital Replacement	44,340 1,611,844	44,340 1,611,844	44,340 1,350,598	261,246
Total Development Services Streets:	1,011,044	1,011,044	1,350,596	201,240
Streets:	E44 600	E44 602	477 046	67.476
Salaries and Fringe Benefits Supplies	544,692 43,615	544,692 43,615	477,216 47,449	67,476 (3,834)
Maintenance and Materials	727,942	722,602	548,237	174,365
Contractual Services	792,879	792,879	598,985	193,894
Capital Replacement	67,125	67,125	67,125	-
Capital Outlay	28,000	33,340	38,116	(4,776)
Total Streets	2,204,253	2,204,253	1,777,128	427,125
Parks and Recreation: Parks:				
Salaries and Fringe Benefits	1,714,970	1,699,970	1,495,200	204,770
Supplies	220,616	220,616	253,990	(33,374)
Maintenance and Materials	971,348	1,173,848	1,203,687	(29,839)
Contractual Services	884,960	899,960	833,120	66,840
Capital Replacement	90,758	90,758	90,417	341
Capital Outlay		32,500	34,903	(2,403)
Total Parks	3,882,652	4,117,652	3,911,317	206,335
Recreation:				
Salaries and Fringe Benefits	997,472	997,472	936,968	60,504
Supplies	179,232	173,232	144,117	29,115
Maintenance and Materials	206,559	212,559	138,726	73,833
Contractual Services	418,523 61,582	418,523 61,582	328,193 61,582	90,330
Capital Replacement Total Recreation	1,863,368	1,863,368	1,609,586	253,782
Total Parks and Recreation	5,746,020	5,981,020	5,520,903	460,117
Total Faiks and Necleation	3,740,020	3,301,020	3,320,303	400,117
Total Expenditures	37,434,989	37,974,989	36,155,159	1,819,830
Excess (deficiency) of revenues	12,917	(222,083)	4,083,857	4,305,940
over expenditures	12,917	(222,003)	4,000,007	4,303,940
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES/(USES):	(4 100 415)	(4 474 504)	(4 471 504)	
Transfers Out Proceeds on Asset Sales	(4,108,415) 5,000	(4,471,504) 5,000	(4,471,504) 12,935	7,935
Tatal Other Financias Consequent	(4 400 445)	(4.400.504)	(4.450.500)	7.005
Total Other Financing Sources/(Uses)	(4,103,415)	(4,466,504)	(4,458,569)	7,935
Net Change in Fund Balance	(4,090,498)	(4,688,587)	(374,712)	4,313,875
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	20,962,956	20,962,956	20,962,956	<u> </u>
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$ 16,872,458	\$ 16,274,369	\$ 20,588,244	\$ 4,313,875

Hotel Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual Year Ended September 30, 2019

2019 Variance With Final Budget Actual GAAP **Budget** Positive Final (Negative) Original **Basis REVENUES:** Hotel/Motel Occupancy Taxes \$ 5,530,000 \$ 5,530,000 \$ 5,427,585 \$ (102,415)Proceeds from Special Events and Service Fees 2,647,700 2,647,700 1,206,764 (1,440,936)Earnings on Investments 17,000 17,000 94,058 77,058 Rental Charges 630,000 630,000 558,877 (71,123)Other 70,000 82,880 67,500 (15,380)8,907,580 8,894,700 7,354,784 (1,552,796)**Total Revenues EXPENDITURES:** 1,100,052 Conference Centre 1,100,052 956,507 143,545 121,361 Marketing 1,083,888 1,083,888 962,527 Special Events 5,043,519 5,043,519 3,482,551 1,560,968 Performing Arts 840,452 1,919,960 1,768,877 151,083 **General Hotel Operations** 161,470 161,470 142,764 18,706 **Total Expenditures** 8,229,381 9,308,889 7,313,226 1,995,663 Excess/(Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures 665.319 (401,309)41.558 442.867 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES/(USES): Transfer to Debt Service Fund (715,000)(715,000)(715,000)Net Change in Fund Balance 442,867 (49.681)(1,116,309)(673,442)Fund Balances at Beginning of Year 4,122,537 4,122,537 4,122,537 4,072,856 3,006,228 \$ 3,449,095 \$ 442,867 Fund Balances at End of Year

Proprietary Funds Statement of Net Position September 30, 2019

	Rusi	iness Tyne Activitio	es - Enterprise Fur	nds	Governmental Activities
	Airport	Utility	Stormwater	Total	Internal Service
ASSETS:					
Current Assets:					
Pooled Cash and Investments	\$ 14,248,789 \$	12,576,797	\$ 8,482,839	\$ 35,308,425	\$ 7,223,799
Interest Receivable	41,302	38,668	48,299	128,269	20,405
Accounts Receivable, Net	250,475	2,147,060	302,084	2,699,619	
Total Current Assets	14,540,566	14,762,525	8,833,222	38,136,313	7,244,204
Non-Current Assets:					
Capital Assets:	15,633,373	1 412 024		17.046.407	
Land Construction in Progress	15,633,373	1,413,034 4,955,579	1,631,646	17,046,407 7,706,752	-
Buildings	2,600,302	6,923,788	1,031,040	9,524,090	-
Improvements other than Buildings	56,595,270	47,302,072	1,520,299	105,417,641	-
Machinery and Equipment	1,658,285	2,915,876	21,035	4,595,196	15,337,454
Accumulated Depreciation	(31,555,281)	(30,968,262)	(113,485)	(62,637,028)	(9,636,322)
Total Capital Assets, Net of	(01,000,201)	(30,300,202)	(110,400)	(02,007,020)	(3,030,322)
Accumulated Depreciation	46,051,476	32,542,087	3,059,495	81,653,058	5,701,132
Investment in Joint Venture	-	6,474,399	-	6,474,399	-
Total Assets	60,592,042	53,779,011	11,892,717	126,263,770	12,945,336
					·
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:					
Deferred Charges on Refundings	2,405	366,679	-	369,084	-
Deferred Outflows on Pensions	_	627,498	-	627,498	-
Deferred Outflows on OPEB	3,933	16,703	1,823	22,459	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	6,338	1,010,880	1,823	1,019,041	
LIABILITIES: Current Liabilities:	205.050.0	0.40.000		4.070.700	0.45.000
Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities	\$ 365,050 \$				\$ 245,028
Accrued Interest Payable	45,023	86,047	31,527	162,597	-
Current Compensated Absences Payable Current Maturities of Long-Term Liabilities	518 562,500	9,897 840,000	295,000	10,415 1,697,500	-
Customer Deposits	330,117	1,093,663	295,000	1,423,780	-
Total Current Liabilities	1,303,208	2,375,970	688,846	4,368,024	245,028
Total Current Liabilities	1,303,200	2,313,310	000,040	4,300,024	245,020
Non-Current Liabilities:					
Long-Term Liabilities, Net of Current Portion	9,400,952	19,224,266	5,578,352	34,203,570	-
Total Liabilities	10,704,160	21,600,236	6,267,198	38,571,594	245,028
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:					
Deferred Inflows on Pensions	- 0.054	6,493	4 000	6,493	-
Deferred Inflows on OPEB	2,851	12,218	1,223	16,292	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	2,851	18,711	1,223	22,785	· — -
NET POSITION:					
Net Investment in Capital Assets	43,056,100	20,936,659	(567,840)	63,424,919	5,701,132
Unrestricted	6,835,269	12,234,285	6,193,959	25,263,513	6,999,176
Total Net Position	\$ 49,891,369 \$	33,170,944	\$ 5,626,119	\$ 88,688,432	\$ 12,700,308
	Reconciliation to busing Some amounts reported the Statement of Net F certain internal service with business type act.	ed for business-typ Position are differe balances are incl	ne activities in nt because	\$ 174.675	

See accompanying notes to basic financial statements.

174,675

88,863,107

with business-type activities.

Net Position of business type activities

Proprietary Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Year ended September 30, 2019

	E	Business Type Ac	tivities - Enterprise Fu	inds	Governmental Activities
	Airport	Utility	Stormwater	Total	Internal Service
OPERATING REVENUES:					
Water	\$ -	\$ 6,663,34	- 18	\$ 6,663,348	\$ -
Sewer	-	5,153,29	- 8	5,153,298	-
Drainage	-		- 2,235,566	2,235,566	-
Penalties Water and Sower Tana and Other Fees	-	107,59		107,593	-
Water and Sewer Taps and Other Fees Fuel Flowage Fees	- 1,019,452	9,43	38 2,387	11,825 1,019,452	-
Customs Agent Fees	103,306		-	103,306	-
Rental Charges	5,488,112			5,488,112	-
Other Income	178,523	5,45	55 -	183,978	4,700
Department Contributions		_	<u>-</u>		2,141,524
Total Operating Revenues	6,789,393	11,939,13	2,237,953	20,966,478	2,146,224
OPERATING EXPENSES: Salaries and Fringe Benefits	324.776	1,867,18	35 275,422	2,467,383	
Supplies	33,600	1,007,10		2,467,363	21.179
Maintenance and Materials	2,839,071	329,05		3,245,932	8,999
Contractual Services	930,680	909.60		2,598,222	33,147
Water Purchases	-	3,551,62	·	3,551,624	-
Wastewater Purchases		3,809,78		3,809,787	
Total Operating Expenses (Excluding Depreciation)	4,128,127	10,643,71			63,325
Depreciation	2,342,091	1,362,77	65,459	3,770,320	1,026,131
Total Operating Expenses	6,470,218	12,006,48	1,192,749	19,669,447	1,089,456
OPERATING INCOME/(LOSS)	319,175	(67,34	1,045,204	1,297,031	1,056,768
NON-OPERATING REVENUES/(EXPENSES):					
Investment Income	287,969	313,18	37 232,547	833,703	71,027
Gain/(Loss) on Disposal of Assets	68,473	2.2,		68,473	50,398
Gain/(Loss) on Joint Venture	_	(86,11	5) -	(86,115)	-
Interest Expense and Fiscal Charges	(336,097)	(674,72	(234,802)	(1,245,624)	<u> </u>
Total Non-Operating Revenues/(Expenses)	20,345	(447,65	(2,255)	(429,563)	121,425
NET INCOME/(LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS					
AND CAPITAL GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS	339,520	(515,00	1,042,949	867,468	1,178,193
Capital Grants and Contributions	-	457,42	- 26	457,426	-
Transfers In	27,864	381,51		409,382	-
Transfers Out			- (500,000)	(500,000)	(409,382)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	367,384	323,94	542,949	1,234,276	768,811
Net Position at Beginning of Year	49,523,985	32,847,00	5,083,170	87,454,156	11,931,497
Net Position at End of Year	\$ 49,891,369	\$ 33,170,94	14 \$ 5,626,119	\$ 88,688,432	\$ 12,700,308
	Reconciliation to bu Change in net po	siness-type activ	vities:	\$ 1,234,276	<u> </u>
		Net Position are ervice balances a tivities.		174,675 \$ 1,408,951	- -

Proprietary Funds Statement of Cash Flows Year Ended September 30, 2019

Yea	ar Ended Sept	ember 30, 201	9		Governmental
	Bu	siness-Type Activit	ties - Enterprise Fu	inds	Activities
	<u>Airport</u>	<u>Utility</u>	<u>Stormwater</u>	Total	Internal Service
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Cash Received from Customers	\$ 6,643,375	\$ 12,073,485	\$ 2,258,127	\$ 20,974,987	\$ 2,146,224
Payments to Suppliers	(3,739,996)	(8,703,957)	(662,311)	(13,106,264)	(156,742)
Payments to Employees for Services	(321,892)	(1,705,394)	(274,127)	(2,301,413)	
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	2,581,487	1,664,134	1,321,689	5,567,310	1,989,482
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:					
Transfers to Other Funds			(500,000)	(500,000)	
Net Cash Used by Noncapital and Related Financing Activities			(500,000)	(500,000)	
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:					
Acquisition and Construction of Capital Assets	(405,366)	(2,041,720)	(1,423,841)	(3,870,927)	(1,155,676)
Proceeds from Issuance of Long-Term Debt	7,058,568	6,549,642	-	13,608,210	-
Principal Paid on Long-Term Debt Interest and Fiscal Charges Paid on Long-Term Debt	(547,500) (321,115)	(595,000)	(290,000)	(1,432,500) (1,325,626)	-
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	(321,113)	(742,787)	(261,724)	68,473	72,436
Net Cash Provided/(Used) by Capital and Related					
Financing Activities	5,853,060	3,170,135	(1,975,565)	7,047,630	(1,083,240)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Interest on Cash and Investments	257,565	289,675	226,633	773,873	63,137
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	257,565	289,675	226,633	773,873	63,137
Net Increase/(Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	8,692,112	5,123,944	(927,243)	12,888,813	969,379
Cash and Cash Equivalents, October 1	5,556,677	7,452,853 \$ 12,576,797	9,410,082 \$ 8,482,839	\$ 35,308,425	6,254,420 \$ 7,223,799
Cash and Cash Equivalents, September 30	\$ 14,248,789	\$ 12,576,797	\$ 0,462,639	\$ 35,308,425	\$ 7,223,799
Reconciliation of Operating Income/(Loss) to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:					
Operating Income/(Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income/(Loss) to Net Cash Provided/(Used) by Operating Activities:	\$ 319,175	\$ (67,348)	\$ 1,045,204	\$ 1,297,031	\$ 1,056,768
Depreciation Change in Assets, Liabilities, and Deferred Items:	2,342,091	1,362,770	65,459	3,770,320	1,026,131
(Increase)/Decrease in Accounts Receivables (Increase)/Decrease in Prepaid Items	(150,018)	139,982	20,174	10,138	9,000
Increase/(Decrease) in Accounts Payable	63,218	70,667	189,557	323,442	(102,417)
Increase/(Decrease) in Customer Deposits	4,000	(5,629)	-	(1,629)	· -
(Increase)/Decrease in Deferred Outflows on Pensions (Increase)/Decrease in Deferred Outflows on OPEB	- 677	(483,122) 2,898	- 290	(483,122) 3,865	-
(Increase)/Decrease in Pension Asset	-	12,193	290	12,193	-
Increase/(Decrease) in Deferred Inflows on Pensions	-	(224,773)	-	(224,773)	-
Increase/(Decrease) in Deferred Inflows on OPEB Increase/(Decrease) in Net Pension Liability	2,795	11,980 846,448	1,198	15,973 846,448	-
Increase/(Decrease) in Total OPEB Liability	(451)	(1,932)	(193)	(2,576)	-
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$ 2,581,487	\$ 1,664,134	\$ 1,321,689	\$ 5,567,310	\$ 1,989,482
NONCASH CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:					
Capital Grants and Contributions	\$ -	\$ 457,426	\$ -	\$ 457,426	\$ -
Capital Assets in Accounts Payable	(134,674)	(576,340)	(199,888)	(910,902)	243,210
Transfers of Capital Assets Gain/(Loss) of Joint Venture	27,864	381,518 (86,115)	-	409,382 (86,115)	(409,382)
Net Noncash Items from Capital and Related		(00,113)		(00,113)	
Financing Activities	\$ (106,810)	\$ 176,489	\$ (199,888)	\$ (130,209)	\$ (166,172)



September 30, 2019

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting and reporting policies of the Town of Addison, Texas ("Town"), relating to the funds included in the accompanying financial statements, conform to the generally accepted accounting principles applicable to state and local governments. The following represent the more significant accounting and reporting policies and practices used by the Town.

A. Reporting Entity

The Town is a municipal corporation incorporated on June 15, 1953, under the Constitution of the State of Texas (Home Rule Amendment). The Town's charter was last amended in November 2010. The Town operates as a Council-Manager form of government and provides such services as are authorized by its charter to advance the welfare, health, comfort, safety, and convenience of the Town and its inhabitants.

The Town is a financial reporting entity as defined by GASB Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity," as amended by GASB Statement No. 61 "The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus: an amendment of GASB Standards No. 14 and No. 34." As required by generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the Town's financial statements include all required activities relating to the Town and its operations. In accordance with the standards, the Town does not have component units requiring inclusion.

B. <u>Basic Financial Statements</u>

The basic financial statements include both government-wide financial statements (based on the Town as a whole) and fund financial statements. Both sets of financial statements classify activities as either governmental activities, which are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, or business-type activities, which rely on fees and charges for support.

The government-wide Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. "Measurement focus" refers to what is being measured, and "basis of accounting" refers to the timing of revenue and expenditure recognition in financial statements. The government-wide financial statements and the proprietary funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are reported when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year in which they are levied.

The governmental funds are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual (i.e., both measurable and available). "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period.

September 30, 2019

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

The Town considers all revenues available if they are collected within thirty (30) days after year-end. Expenditures are recognized when the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, which are recorded when due, and compensated absences, which are recorded when payable from currently available financial resources.

Ad Valorem (property), sales, and hotel taxes, as well as franchise fees, recorded in the General Fund and Ad Valorem tax revenues recorded in the Economic Development Fund, General Obligation Debt Service Fund and Capital Project Fund are recognized under the susceptible to accrual concept. Licenses and permits, charges for services (except ambulance services), fines and forfeitures (except court warrants), and miscellaneous revenues (except earnings on investments) are recorded as revenues when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Ambulance services, court warrants and investment earnings are recorded as earned since they are measurable and available.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the Town's airport and utility functions and various other functions of the Town, and charges of the internal service funds to the Airport and Utility funds. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided; 2) operating grants and contributions; and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services or producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating expenses of the Town's enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

The Town reports the following major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> – The General Fund is used to account for all financial resources traditionally associated with government which are not required legally or by sound financial management to be accounted for in another fund. Revenues which are not allocated by law or contractual agreement to other funds are accounted for in this fund.

<u>Hotel Fund</u> – The Hotel Fund is used to account for tax revenues received from local hotels. Expenditures must fall within the guidelines set forth in the Texas Hotel Occupancy Tax Act (Article 1269: Vernon's Texas Civil Statutes).

<u>General Obligation Debt Service Fund</u> – The General Obligation Debt Service Fund accounts for the accumulation of resources to be used for the payment of principal and interest on the general obligation bonded debt of the Town.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u> – The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for financial resources related to the acquisition, construction, or improvements of major capital assets.

September 30, 2019

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Additionally, the Town reports the following non-major governmental funds:

<u>Municipal Court Fund</u> – The Municipal Court Fund accounts for the Town's court building security and technology fees that are generated from court citation fines. According to state law, the revenue generated from these fees may only be spent on the municipal court function.

<u>Public Safety Fund</u> – The Public Safety Fund accounts for awards of monies or property by the courts relating to cases that involve the Addison Police Department.

<u>Advanced Funding Grant Fund</u> – The Advanced Funding Grant Fund accounts for grant monies that are received prior to the related expenditure, and therefore the fund may carry a balance from year to year if the Town does not expend the monies within the fiscal year.

<u>Economic Development Fund</u> – The Economic Development Fund accumulates resources to support efforts that attract commercial enterprises to Addison and encourage existing businesses to remain in Addison.

Reimbursement Grant Fund – The Reimbursement Grant Fund accounts for expenditures for which the Town expects to be reimbursed. For any reimbursements not received prior to the fiscal year end, the Town will record a receivable. Amounts not received within 30 days of the fiscal year end are reported as deferred revenue.

<u>PEG Fees Fund</u> - The PEG Fees Fund was created to collect state restricted public, educational, and government access channels, or PEG, fees and account for their use.

The Town reports the following major proprietary funds:

<u>Airport Fund</u> – The Airport Fund accounts for all revenue generated by the Town's general aviation airport. The Town is required to spend this revenue on airport functions. The airport's operating, maintenance, and capital expenses are supported solely by airport income.

<u>Utility Fund</u> – The Utility Fund provides water and sewer services to the residents and businesses of the Town. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund including, but not limited to, administration, operations, maintenance, financing and related debt service, and billing.

<u>Stormwater Fund</u> - The Town's Stormwater Fund accounts for maintenance and improvements to Town stormwater infrastructure. It is financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where costs of providing the services to the public are financed primarily through user charges. All operating, maintenance, and capital expenses are supported solely by the approved user fees.

Additionally, the Town reports the following internal service funds:

<u>Capital Replacement Fund</u> – The Capital Replacement Fund is used to accumulate sufficient resources to replace existing capital equipment that have reached or exceeded their useful lives. Resources are acquired through charges to operating departments in the funds. The charges are calculated using a straight-line amortization of each piece of equipment based upon the item's expected life. The funds are used to finance replacement equipment when needed.

<u>Information Technology Replacement Fund</u> – The Information Technology Replacement Fund is used to accumulate sufficient resources to replace existing information technology systems. Resources are acquired through charges to operating departments in the funds. The charges are calculated using a straight-line amortization of each component of a system based upon the component's expected life. The funds are used to finance replacement equipment when needed.

September 30, 2019

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity

1) Cash and Investments

The Town's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. To maximize investment opportunities, all funds participate in a pooling of cash and investments.

Statutes authorize the Town to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, agencies and instrumentalities; obligations of the State of Texas and related agencies; obligations of state, agencies, counties, cities and other political subdivisions of any state rated A or above by Standard & Poor's Corporation or Moody's Investors Service; certificates of deposit issued by state or national banks and savings banks domiciled in Texas; fully collateralized direct repurchase agreements; prime domestic banker's acceptances (BA's); commercial paper with a stated maturity of 180 days or less and a rating of not less than A-1+ or its equivalent; and state or local government investment pools.

Investments in debt securities and money market mutual funds for the Town are reported at fair value. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The Town considers quoted market price at September 30, 2019 to be the fair value of investments. Investments in nonnegotiable certificates of deposit are carried at cost. The government investment pools, TexPool and TexSTAR, operate in accordance with state laws and regulations. Investments in external pools are carried at either net asset value or amortized cost, as determined by each pool's individual investment valuation method and whether there is a readily determinable fair value of the pool as of the Town's fiscal year end. In instances where pools transact at amortized cost, such as TexPool, no readily determinable fair value is deemed available.

2) Receivables and Payables

All receivables for the Town are reported net of an allowance for uncollectibles. The allowances are based on historical collections data and evaluated periodically.

The Town's property tax lien is levied each October 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real and business personal property located in the Town. Values are assessed at 100% of the estimated market value. Taxes are due by January 31 following the October 1 levy date and are considered delinquent after January 31 of each year. Taxes unpaid as of February 1 are subject to penalty and interest as the City Council provides by ordinance.

3) Inventories and Prepaid Items

In accordance with the consumption method of accounting, both inventories and prepaid items are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Inventories are stated at cost. Cost is determined for inventories of supplies and fuel using the moving-average method.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The prepaid items of the Town consist primarily of prepaid software maintenance agreements, the quarterly payment to support the operations of our joint venture North Texas Emergency Communications Center, Inc. (NTECC), the quarterly payment to Dallas Central Appraisal District for appraisal fees, and postage.

September 30, 2019

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

4) <u>Capital Assets</u>

Capital assets include land, buildings, equipment, and improvements. Improvements include upgrading facilities other than buildings such as streets or sewers and infrastructure, including pavement, storm sewers, and right-of-way contributed by developers. Capital expenditures are defined as purchases that meet specific guidelines as listed below:

- Expected useful life must be three years or more for equipment and ten years or more for improvements.
- Original unit cost of the equipment should be \$5,000 or greater and includes all costs enabling the item into operation, such as freight, installation, and accessories; capital improvements should be \$25,000 or greater.
- The item should not be consumed, unduly altered, or materially reduced in value immediately by use.

The Land and Improvements other than Buildings categories associated with governmental activities include amounts for infrastructure. Related accumulated depreciation of Improvements other than Buildings includes amounts associated with infrastructure. Subsequently, infrastructure is tracked and reported as a separate component of general capital assets associated with governmental activities.

The internal service funds may record assets that have an original cost of \$5,000 or less if assets are considered part of an overall system. Individual items may be retired and replaced as parts of the larger system.

Contributed assets are recorded at acquisition value as of the date donated. Depreciation of property, plant, and equipment by major classes is provided by the straight-line method based on the following estimated useful lives by major class of depreciable capital assets:

Buildings	50 years
Improvements other than Buildings	20-50 years
Equipment	3-50 years

Depreciation of current year additions and retirements is computed at one-half the straight-line rate.

5) Compensated Absences

Vacation, holiday, and sick pay costs are charged to operations when taken by the employees of the Town. In the event of termination, an employee is reimbursed for all accumulated vacation and holiday days not exceeding two years' accumulation. The amounts of such liabilities have been provided for in the government-wide financial statements. No reimbursements upon termination are made for accumulated sick leave; accordingly, no liability for unused sick leave has been provided. The liability is computed based on the reimbursable hours at the employees' rate of pay as of September 30, 2019. The Town's liability for compensated absences increased \$51,682 for a total liability of \$1,012,102.

6) Grants and Contributions

Included in capital grants and contributions in the government-wide financial statements is capital developer donations of \$457,426 for Utilities, donations of \$35,000 in public artwork, and a capital grant of \$95,000 for public safety equipment. Operating grants included \$100,904 of funding for public safety, \$19,241 for non-capital developer donations for the Airport, and a \$50,000 grant for Airport operations.

September 30, 2019

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

7) Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position and/or balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future reporting period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The Town has the following items that qualify for reporting in this category.

- Deferred charges on refundings A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.
- Pension and other postemployment benefit (OPEB) contributions after measurement date –
 These contributions are deferred and recognized in the following fiscal year.
- Changes in pension and OPEB assumptions These changes are deferred and recognized over the estimated average remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with pensions and OPEB through the pension and OPEB plans (active and inactive employees) determined as of the beginning of the measurement period.
- Difference in expected versus actual experience This difference is deferred and amortized over the estimated average remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with pensions and OPEB though the pension and OPEB plans (active and inactive employees) determined as of the beginning of the measurement period.
- Difference between projected and actual investment earnings on pension plan This difference is deferred and amortized over the estimated average remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with pensions the pension plan (active and inactive employees) determined as of the beginning of the measurement period.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position and/or balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future reporting period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The Town has three types of items that qualify for reporting in this category. The difference due to changes in OPEB assumptions is deferred and recognized over the estimated average remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with OPEB through the OPEB plans (active and inactive employees) determined as of the beginning of the measurement period. The difference in expected and actual pension and OPEB experience is deferred and recognized over the estimated average remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with pensions and OPEB though the pension and OPEB plans (active and inactive employees) determined as of the beginning of the measurement period. In the governmental funds, unavailable resources are revenues that are earned and measurable but not yet available, and are reported as deferred inflows of resources. In the full accrual government-wide statements, the unavailable resources are recognized as revenue and not deferred.

8) Fund Equity

The Town reports governmental fund balances per GASB 54 definitions as follows:

Nonspendable – Amounts that are not in spendable form or are required to be maintained intact, such as inventory or prepaid amounts or that are legally or contractually required to remain intact.

Restricted – Amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes stipulated by external parties, such as grants, court technology fees, and court building security fees or that are imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed – Amounts whose use is constrained by specific limitations that the Town imposes itself, as determined through an ordinance passed by the Town Council. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until another ordinance removes or revises the limitation.

September 30, 2019

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Assigned – Amounts intended to be used for specific purposes. Intent may be expressed by the governing body or by an official or body to which the governing body delegates the authority. The City Council has delegated the CFO or his designee as the official authorized to assign fund balance for a specific purpose as approved by the fund balance policy.

Unassigned – Amounts not contained in other classifications that can be used for any purpose. Only the General Fund reports a positive unassigned fund balance. In governmental funds other than the general fund, if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceed the amounts that are restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance in that fund.

Governmental fund balances classified as restricted are balances with constraints placed on the use of resources by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments. Fund balances classified as committed can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by the City Council through an ordinance or resolution. Assigned fund balances are constrained by intent to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. Assignments are made by Town management based on Council direction.

The Town will utilize funds for expenditures from the most restrictive fund balance first when more than one fund balance classification is available, with most restrictive being restricted, then committed, then assigned, and lastly unassigned.

9) Minimum Fund Balance Policy

It is the desire of the Town to maintain adequate fund balances to maintain liquidity and in anticipation of economic downturns or natural disasters. The City Council has adopted a financial standard to maintain a General Fund minimum fund balance of 30 percent of budgeted expenditures, and a minimum fund balance of 25 percent of budgeted expenditures for all other operating funds.

10) Net Position

Net Position represents the difference between assets plus deferred outflows of resources and liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balances of any borrowing spent for the acquisition, construction or improvements of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either though the enabling legislation adopted by the Town or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

II. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budgetary Information

<u>Budget Policy</u> – The City Council follows these procedures in establishing the budget reflected in the financial statements:

- 1) Prior to August 1 each year, the City Manager submits to the City Council a proposed budget for the fiscal year beginning on the following October 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means to finance them.
- 2) Public hearings are conducted where all interested persons' comments concerning the budget are heard.
- 3) The budget is legally enacted by the City Council through passage of an ordinance prior to the beginning of the fiscal year.

September 30, 2019

II. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY (CONTINUED)

4) The department level is the legal level of control enacted by the Town Charter. The Town has also adopted a budget amendment policy delineating responsibility and authority for the amendment process. Transfers between expenditure accounts in one department may occur with the approval of the Chief Financial Officer. Transfers between operating departments may occur with the approval of the City Manager and Chief Financial Officer provided a department's total budget is not changed by more than five percent. Transfers between funds or transfers between departments that change a department's total budget by more than five percent must be accomplished by budget amendment approved by the City Council. Budget amendments calling for new fund appropriations must also be approved by the City Council.

Budgetary control is maintained at the individual expenditure account level by the review of all requisitions of estimated purchase amounts prior to the release of purchase orders to vendors.

5) Budgets for the General, Special Revenue, and Debt Service funds are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). However, the Reimbursement Grant Fund does not have an adopted budget due to the uncertainty of revenues and expenditures, so no comparison of budget to actual is presented in the financial statements. Budgets for the Capital Project funds are normally established pursuant to the terms of the related bond indentures, that is, project basis. Accordingly, no comparison of budget to actual is presented in the financial statements.

<u>Budget Data</u> – The budget amounts presented in the statements reflect original and amended budget amounts. The FY2019 budget was amended two times, and the amendments were approved by City Council on April 25, 2019 and September 24, 2019. The April 25th amendment was to allocate additional funds to the Addison Athletic Club Air Conditioning and Heating System project and to the Addison Circle Park Fountains project, as well as roll over remaining FY18 unused allocations in the Capital Replacement fund to FY19. The September 24th budget amendment appropriated funds for the storm cleanup and sales tax audit fees, and to reflect the receipt of insurance proceeds for a claim at the Addison Theatre Centre.

<u>Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations</u> – For the year ended September 30, 2019, City Manager's department expenditures in the General Fund exceeded appropriations by \$37,141, mainly due to hiring a new Deputy City Manager. Also in the General Fund, the Fire department expenditures exceeded appropriations by \$17,649, mainly due to hiring a new Deputy Fire Chief. The excess of appropriations for expenditures in other departments in the General Fund were more than enough to cover these overages, so fund balance was not impacted.

Encumbrance accounting is employed in governmental funds, but all encumbrances are liquidated at year-end. No encumbrances roll forward to the next fiscal year or affect following year budgets.

September 30, 2019

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. Cash and Investments

The Town has six bank accounts: the Operating Account, Controlled Disbursement Account, Payroll Account, ACH/Wire Account, Benefits Account, and the Addison Airport Account. The Controlled Disbursements and Payroll accounts are zero-balance accounts. The ACH/Wire Account is used for all receipts and expenditures made by ACH or wire transfer. The Town uses the Operating Account as an operating pool available for all funds. Each fund type's portion of this pool is reported as "Cash and Investments." The other demand accounts are reported in the same manner. The Addison Airport account is a checking account used by the management companies at the Airport to cover operational expenses.

The investment policies of the Town are governed by state statutes and an Investment Policy Ordinance adopted by the City Council. Major provisions of the Town's investment policy include: responsibility for investments, authorized investments, bank and security dealer selection and qualifying procedures, safekeeping and custodial procedures, statement of investment objectives, and investment reporting procedures.

Cash

State statutes require that all deposits in financial institutions be fully collateralized by U.S. Government obligations or its agencies and instrumentalities or direct obligations of Texas or its agencies or instrumentalities that have a market value of not less than the principal amount of the deposits. The Town's deposits were fully insured or collateralized as required by the state statutes at September 30, 2019. Included in Cash and Investments is \$5,250 of petty cash. At year-end, the carrying amount of the Town's deposits, including certificates of deposit, was a debit balance of \$12,659,176. The respective bank balance totaled \$13,783,392. In addition, collateral with a market value of \$21,503,520 and unused letters of credit in the amount of \$10,369,360 were held by the pledging financial institution's account at the Federal Reserve Bank in the Town's name.

In order to maximize interest earnings, the Town utilizes a controlled disbursement account that allows the Town to deposit only as much money needed to fund checks presented for payment each day. The amount required is withdrawn from the operating pool.

External Investment Pools

The Town's pool investments as of September 30, 2019 were invested in TexPool and TexSTAR (Texas Short Term Asset Reserve program).

Federated Investors is the full service provider for the TexPool program. As the provider, the responsibilities include managing the assets, providing participant services, and arranging for all custody and other functions in support of the operations under a contract with the State Comptroller of Public Accounts. JPMorgan Fleming Asset Management, Inc. (JPMFAM) and First Southwest Asset Management, Inc. (FSAM) serve as co-administrators for TexSTAR under an agreement with the TexSTAR board of directors. JPMFAM provides investment management, fund accounting, transfer agency and services. The assets are safekept in a separate custodial account at the Federal Reserve Bank in the name of TexSTAR and FSAM provides administrative, marketing and participant services.

TexPool and TexSTAR are not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) as investment companies. TexPool and TexSTAR are investment pools that have been organized in conformity with the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code, and the Public Funds Investment Act, Chapter 2256 of the Texas Government Code.

The government investment pool, TexPool, is carried at amortized cost. TexSTAR is carried at net asset value.

September 30, 2019

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

Investments

As of September 30, 2019, the Town held the following investments:

	<u>C</u>	arrying Value	Average Maturity (Days)
Certificates of Deposit Commercial Paper Agency Securities Total Investment in Securities	\$	10,246,941 14,928,666 48,586,437 73,762,044	128 83 173 145
TexStar TexPool Total Investment in Pools		8,786,502 4,839,136 13,625,638	1 1
Total Investments	\$	87,387,682	135

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 72, "Fair Value Measurement and Application," the Town records investments at fair value. However, for participating interest-earning investment contracts with maturities of one year or less at time of purchase, the Town reports these investments at amortized cost. Investments in debt securities are carried at fair value. Fair value for debt securities is determined using a multi-dimensional relational model using standard inputs including TRACE reported trades. Investments in nonnegotiable certificates of deposits are carried at cost.

Interest Rate Risk – In accordance with its investment policy, the Town manages its exposure to declines in fair market values by limiting the weighted average days to maturity of its investment portfolio to 18 months (540 days). This means investing operating funds primarily in short-term securities, money market mutual funds or similar investment pools.

Credit Risk – The reported investments meet the criteria specified in the Town's investment policy related to the specific types of instruments presented.

- 1. Debt obligations with a maturity not to exceed five years from the date of purchase issued by, guaranteed by, or for which the credit of any of the following Federal Agencies and Instrumentalities is pledged for payment: Federal National Mortgage Association (FNMA), Federal Home Loan Bank (FHLB), Federal Farm Credit Bank (FFCB), and Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (FHLMC). The Town's investments in bonds of U.S. Agencies were rated Aaa by Moody's Investors Service and AAA by Standard and Poor's. Mortgage-backed securities may be held as collateral although principal-only and interest-only mortgage-backed securities as well as all types of collateralized mortgage obligations (CMO) and real estate mortgage investment conduits (REMICs) are expressly prohibited.
- 2. Time Certificates of Deposit with a maturity not to exceed three years from the date of purchase, insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or its successor, in depository institutions that have a main office or a branch in the state of Texas which have been approved by the Town in accordance with its Investment Policy. In addition, separate CDs issued by depositories wherever located, bundled together into a single investment with the full amount of principal and interest of each CD federally insured may be purchased through a selected depository institution with its main office or branch office in Texas. This depository shall act as the custodian for the various certificates on behalf of the Town.

September 30, 2019

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

- 3. Prime commercial paper with an original maturity of one hundred eighty (180) days or less which, at the time of purchase, is rated at least A-1 by Standard and Poor's, P-1 by Moodys or F1 by Fitch.
 - At the time of the purchase, the commercial paper must be rated by at least two of the above stated ratings agencies at the above stated minimum credit rating.
 - If more than two of the above rated agencies rates an issuer, all the rating agencies must rate the issuer in accordance with the above stated minimum credit criteria.
 - If the commercial paper issuer has senior debt* outstanding, the senior debt must be rated by each service that publishes a rating of the issue at least: A-1 by Moodys, A+ by Standard and Poor's, and A+ by Fitch. (*Senior Debt is defined as the most senior secured or unsecured debt of an issuer with an original maturity exceeding one year)
 - If the commercial paper issuer is given a "plus (+) rating," the maximum maturity of two hundred seventy (270) days or less will be allowed.
- 4. State and Local Investment Pools organized under the Interlocal Cooperation Act that meet the requirements of Chapter 2256 Texas Government Code and have been specifically approved by the CFO and authorized by the City Council. TexPool and TexSTAR are both currently rated AAA by Standard and Poor's.

Concentration of Credit Risk – It is the Town's policy to avoid a concentration of assets in a specific maturity, a specific issue, or a specific class of securities. The applicable limits on the Town's investments as of September 30, 2019, are Instrumentality Securities (70%) of which the Town's portfolio is currently at 56%, Certificates of Deposit (50%) of which the Town's portfolio is currently at 12%, Commercial Paper (30%) of which the Town's portfolio is currently at 17%, and Local Government Investment Pools (40%) of which the Town's portfolio is currently at 16%.

Fair Value of Assets

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Fair value measurements must maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. There is a hierarchy of three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair value:

- **Level 1** Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 Observable inputs other than Level 1 prices, such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities; quoted prices in markets that are not active; or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities
- **Level 3** Unobservable inputs supported by little or no market activity and are significant to the fair value of the assets or liabilities

September 30, 2019

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

Recurring Measurements

The following table presents the fair value measurements of assets recognized in the accompanying financial statements measured at fair value on a recurring basis and the level within the fair hierarchy in which the fair value measurements fall at September 30, 2019:

	 Fair Value	Α	oted Prices in ctive Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	nificant Other servable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Observable Inputs (Level 3)
Investments by fair value level Commercial Paper U.S. Agency Securities Total Investment by fair value level	\$ 14,928,666 48,586,437 63,515,103	\$	-	\$ 14,928,666 48,586,437 63,515,103	\$ - - -
Investments measured at net asset value - TexSTAR Investments measured at amortized cost - TexPool Non-negotiable certificates of deposit Total Investments	\$ 8,786,502 4,839,136 10,246,941 87,387,682				

Certain investments that are measured using the net asset value per share (or its equivalent) practical expedient have not been classified in the fair value hierarchy. The fair value amounts included above approximate net asset value for all related external investment pool balances.

Investments

Where quoted market prices are available in an active market, securities are classified within Level 1 of the valuation hierarchy. If quoted market prices are not available, then fair values are estimated by using quoted prices of securities with similar characteristics or independent asset pricing services and pricing models, the inputs of which are market-based or independently sourced market parameters, including, but not limited to, yield curves, interest rates, volatilities, prepayments, defaults, cumulative loss projections and cash flows. Such securities are classified in Level 2 of the valuation hierarchy. In certain cases where Level 1 or Level 2 inputs are not available, securities are classified within Level 3 of the hierarchy. At September 30, 2019, no investments are held by the Town meeting the Level 3 hierarchy classification.

Investment in State Investment Pools

During the year, the Town invested in multiple public fund investment pools, including TexSTAR and TexPool. The fair value of the position of TexSTAR is measured at net asset value, and the fair value of the position of TexPool is measured at amortized cost. Each pool's governing body is comprised of individuals who are employees, officers, or elected officials of participants in the funds or who do not have a business relationship with the fund and are qualified to advise. Investment objective and strategies of the pools are to seek preservation of principal, liquidity and current income through investment in a diversified portfolio of short-term marketable securities. Pools offer same day access to investment funds.

B. Ad Valorem (Property) Taxes

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. The Town's property tax is levied on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real and business personal property located in the Town. Assessed values are established by Dallas Central Appraisal District at 100% of the estimated market value and certified by the Appraisal Review Board. The assessed taxable value for the roll of January 1, 2018, upon which the fiscal year 2019 levy is based, was \$4,725,759,169.

September 30, 2019

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

The Town is permitted by Article XI, Section 5 of the State of Texas Constitution to levy taxes up to \$2.50 per \$100 of assessed valuation for general governmental services including the payment of principal and interest on general obligation long-term debt. The tax rate for the year ended September 30, 2019 was \$.5500 per \$100, of which \$.4074 was allocated for general government and \$.1426 was allocated for the payment of principal and interest on general obligation and certificates of obligation long-term debt.

Taxes are due by January 31 following the October 1 levy date and are considered delinquent after January 31 of each year. Taxes unpaid as of February 1 are subject to penalty and interest as the City Council provides by ordinance. Current tax collections for the year ended September 30, 2019, were 96.50% of the original tax levy. In Texas, countywide central appraisal districts are required to assess all property within the appraisal district on the basis of 100% of its appraised value and are prohibited from applying any assessment ratios. The value of property within the appraisal district must be reviewed every three years; however, the Town may, at its own expense, require annual reviews of appraised values. The Town may challenge appraised values established by the appraisal district through various appeals and, if necessary, legal action. Under this arrangement, the Town continues to set tax rates on Town property.

However, if the effective tax rate, excluding tax rates for retirement of bonds and other contractual obligations, adjusted for new improvements, exceeds the rate for the previous year by more than 8%, qualified voters of the Town may petition for an election to determine whether to limit the tax rate to no more than 8% above the tax rate of the previous year. This legislation also provides that, if approved by the qualified voters in the Town, both the appraisal and collection functions may be placed with the appraisal district.

In the governmental funds financial statements, taxes are recognized as revenue beginning on the date of levy when they become available. "Available" means collected within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay current liabilities. Taxes not expected to be collected within thirty (30) days of the fiscal year ending are recorded as deferred inflows of resources and recognized as they become available. Taxes collected prior to the levy date to which they apply are recorded as unearned revenues and recognized as revenue of the period to which they apply.

An allowance for uncollectible taxes is provided based on an analysis of historical trends. The allowance for uncollectible taxes at September 30, 2019, was \$422,040.

C. Receivables

As of September 30, 2019, receivables for the Town's individual major governmental funds, non-major governmental funds, and internal service funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowance for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

						l	Hotel					I	nternal		
					Debt		Debt		Capital	No	on-Major		Service		
	 General		Hotel		Service	S	ervice	F	Projects		Funds		Funds		Total
Taxes:															
Ad Valorem	\$ 403,267	\$	-	\$	196,965	\$	-	\$	6,039	\$	25,297	\$	-	\$	631,568
Non-Property	2,815,218		442,227		-		-		-		-		-		3,257,445
Franchise Fees	304,561		-		-		-		-		-		-		304,561
Service Fees	972,101		-		-		-		-		-		-		972,101
Ambulance	740,614		-		-		-		-		-		-		740,614
Interest	62,702		10,421		-		-		36,849		7,205		20,405		137,582
Other	85,486		307,557				_		-		5,692		-		398,735
Gross Receivables	\$ 5,383,949	\$	760,205	\$	196,965	\$	-	\$	42,888	\$	38,194	\$	20,405	\$	6,442,606
Less: Allowance for															
Uncollectibles	1,582,681		-		140,105		-		3,732		16,364		-		1,742,882
Net Receivables	\$ 3,801,268	\$	760,205	\$	56,860	\$	-	\$	39,156	\$	21,830	\$	20,405	\$	4,699,724
		_		_				_						=	

The above allowance for uncollectible accounts represents reserves for ambulance (\$499,196), court warrants (\$775,109), sales tax (\$46,537), and property taxes (\$422,040).

September 30, 2019

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

In the proprietary funds at September 30, 2019 the Airport fund has \$200,475 rent receivable and \$50,000 grant receivable with no associated allowance accounts. The Utility fund has \$2,247,930 in water and sewer sales receivable, net of an allowance of \$100,870. The stormwater fund has stormwater fees receivable of \$308,991 net of an allowance of \$6,907.

D. Capital Assets

Capital Asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2019 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Transfers	Ending Balance
Governmental Activities:					
Capital Assets, not Depreciable: Land Intangible Assets Construction in Progress Total Capital Assets, not Depreciable	\$ 66,249,935 554,471 27,501,381 94,305,787	\$ - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ - - -	\$ - 117,605 (20,801,409) (20,683,804)	\$ 66,249,935 672,076 13,899,390 80,821,401
Capital Assets, Depreciable: Buildings Improvements other than Buildings Machinery and Equipment Total Capital Assets, Depreciable	22,084,774 176,497,474 21,928,202 220,510,450	1,433,447	(1,139,684) (1,139,684)	1,193,555 18,001,256 1,203,005 20,397,816	23,297,688 194,563,671 23,424,970 241,286,329
Less Accumulated Depreciation for: Buildings Improvements other than Buildings Machinery and Equipment Total Accumulated Depreciation Total Capital Assets, Depreciable, net	(13,758,490) (111,454,208) (12,853,628) (138,066,326) 82,444,124	(6,412,811) (1,675,543) (8,676,773) (7,159,026)	1,139,684 1,139,684	4,985 (4,985) - 20,397,816	(14,346,909) (117,862,034) (13,394,472) (145,603,415) 95,682,914
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, net	\$ 176,749,911	\$ 40,392	\$ -	\$ (285,988)	\$ 176,504,315
Business-type Activities:					
Capital Assets, not Depreciable: Land Construction in Progress Total Capital Assets, not Depreciable	\$ 16,945,437 5,735,583 22,681,020		\$ - -	\$ - (791,902) (791,902)	\$ 17,046,407 7,706,752 24,753,159
Capital Assets, Depreciable: Buildings Improvements other than Buildings Machinery and Equipment Total Capital Assets, Depreciable	9,524,090 104,168,312 4,192,105 117,884,507	219,378	(102,275) (102,275)	791,902 285,988 1,077,890	9,524,090 105,417,641 4,595,196 119,536,927
Less Accumulated Depreciation for: Buildings Improvements other than Buildings Machinery and Equipment Total Accumulated Depreciation Total Capital Assets, Depreciable, net	(2,748,890) (53,594,316) (2,625,777) (58,968,983) 58,915,524	(3,323,295) (256,538) (3,770,320) (3,093,515)	102,275 102,275	1,077,890	(2,939,377) (56,917,611) (2,780,040) (62,637,028) 56,899,899
Business-type Activities Capital Assets, net	\$ 81,596,544	\$ (229,474)	\$ -	\$ 285,988	\$ 81,653,058

September 30, 2019

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

Depreciation expense was charged to departments of the Town as follows:

	G	overnmental Activities	Business-type Activities
General Government	\$	338,613	\$ -
Public Safety		466,622	-
Development Services		2,495	-
Streets		5,397,366	-
Parks and Recreation		880,318	-
Visitor Services		565,228	-
IT Replacement		341,298	-
Capital Replacement		684,833	-
Airport Fund		-	2,342,091
Utility Fund		-	1,362,770
Stormwater Fund			65,459
	\$	8,676,773	\$ 3,770,320

The following tabulation presents the estimated significant commitments under unfinished capital construction and equipment contracts that are fully funded as of September 30, 2019:

Project	Estimated Commitments		Ex	Less penditures to Date	_	Total ommitment Remaining
Governmental Activities Vitruvian Public Infrastructure	\$	10,021,107	\$	9,138,063	\$	883,044
Midway Road Rehabilitation		3,000,000		2,835,177		164,823
	\$	13,021,107	\$	11,973,240	\$	1,047,867
Business-type Activities Sherlock Basin Improvements	\$	1,868,191	\$	1,567,437	\$	300,754
Customs Facility Construction		7,283,257		905,700		6,377,557
Airport Facility Improvements		1,290,287		213,828		1,076,459
Water Line Replacement		1,181,798		1,029,518		152,280
Basin I Sanitary Sewer Reroute		2,301,000		399,846		1,901,154
Kellway Lift Station Rehab & Repair	\$	1,510,000 15,434,533	\$	419,537 4,535,866	\$	1,090,463 10,898,667

September 30, 2019

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

E. Interlocal Sanitary Sewer Interceptor Agreement

The Town is party to an interlocal agreement, which established a non-profit water supply corporation (North Dallas County Water Supply Corporation) for the purpose of constructing, maintaining, and operating a joint sanitary sewer interceptor with the City of Farmers Branch. The non-profit water supply corporation is governed by a six-member board composed of three appointees from each entity. The Town was obligated for construction costs of the project in proportion to its percentage of allocated flows for each specific portion of the project as set forth in the agreement. The Town is also obligated to pay 55% of all general overhead costs. Operating and maintenance costs since the project became operational shall be paid in accordance with respective percentages of allocated flows as set forth in the agreement.

The Town's net investment and its share of general overhead expenses are reported in the Town's Utility Fund (an enterprise fund). The Town's equity interest in the North Dallas County Water Supply Corporation of \$6,474,399, net of related debt, is included in Unrestricted Net Position. This joint venture provides audited financial statements bi-annually. The most recent audit report available is for the year ended September 30, 2019. Complete financial statements for the North Dallas County Water Supply Corporation can be obtained from Charles Cox, Secretary/Treasurer, North Dallas County Water Supply Corporation, 13000 William Dodson Parkway, Farmers Branch, Texas.

F. Long-Term Debt

The long-term debt of the Town consisted of the following as of September 30, 2019:

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities
Combination Tax and Revenue Certificates of Obligation Series of 2012		
A series of 2,967 bonds at \$5,000 each dated August 15, 2012. The bonds were issued for the purpose of (i) acquiring and installing radio and telecommunication equipment for Town public safety operations, (ii) designing, acquiring, improving, constructing, and renovating water, wastewater and street infrastructure improvements, including drainage infrastructure, within the Vitruvian Park area of the Town; and (iii) paying professional services of attorneys, financial advisors and other professionals in connection with the Project and the issuance of the certificates. The bonds mature serially through 2032 with interest rates ranging from 1.5% to 4%. The bonds are callable at par value plus accrued interest on or after February 15, 2022 in whole or in part in principal amounts of \$5,000. Bonds and interest are payable from a combination of Ad Valorem taxes and a limited pledge (not to exceed		
\$1,000) of surplus net revenues of the Town's Utility Fund. Ratings: Moody's "Aa1"; Standard & Poor's "AAA"	\$ 11,685,000	\$ -

September 30, 2019

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)	Governmental	Business-type
General Obligation Refunding and Improvement Bonds	Activities	Activities
Series of 2012		
A series of 4,518 bonds at \$5,000 each dated August 15, 2012. The bonds were issued to fund various public improvement projects up to \$19,830,000 to include construction, engineering, and other professional services; refund the Town's outstanding General Obligation Bonds, Series 2004, and General Obligation Refunding and Improvement Bonds, Series 2005; and pay the costs of issuance associated with the sale of the bonds. The bonds mature serially through 2032 with interest rates ranging from 2% to 5%. The bonds are callable at par plus accrued interest on or after February 15, 2022 in whole or in part in principal amounts of \$5,000. Bonds and interest are payable from Ad Valorem taxes. Ratings: Moody's "Aa1"; Standard & Poor's "AAA"; AMBAC Insured	\$ 14,160,000	\$ -
General Obligation Bonds, Tax-Exempt Series of 2013		
A series of 933 bonds at \$5,000 each dated July 15, 2013. The bonds were issued to provide funds to (i) engineer, construct, improve, repair, develop, extend and expand streets, thoroughfares, bridges, interchanges, intersections, grade separations, sidewalks and other public ways of the Town, including related streetscape improvements, public utility improvements, storm drainage facilities and improvements, signalization and other traffic controls, street lighting and the acquisition of land therefore; (ii) acquire and improve land and interest in land to provide improvements, additions and access to the Addison Municipal Airport, and (iii) pay the costs of issuing the Tax-Exempt Bonds. The bonds mature serially through 2033 with interest rates ranging from 2% to 5%. The bonds are callable at par plus accrued interest on or after February 15, 2023 in whole or in part in principal amounts of \$5,000. Ratings: Moody's "Aa1"; Standard & Poor's "AAA"	\$ 3,675,000	\$
General Obligation Bonds Series 2013A (AMT)		
A series of 375 bonds at \$5,000 each dated July 15, 2013. The bonds were issued to provide funds to: (i) acquire and improve of land and interests in land to provide improvements, additions and access to the Addison Municipal Airport, and (ii) pay the costs of issuing the AMT.		

Addison Municipal Airport, and (ii) pay the costs of issuing the AMT bonds. The bonds mature serially through 2018 with interest rates

ranging from 2% to 2.25%. The bonds are not callable.

Ratings: Moody's "Aa1"; Standard & Poor's "AAA"

1,460,000

September 30, 2019

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

General	Obligation Bonds	
Taxable	Series of 2013B	

A series of 250 bonds at \$5,000 each dated July 15, 2013. The bonds, used together with other available Town funds, were issued to provide funds to: (i) acquire and improve land and interests in land to provide improvements, additions and access to the Addison Municipal Airport, and (ii) pay the costs of issuing the Taxable Bonds. The bonds mature serially through 2033 with interest rates ranging from 3.75% to 5%. The bonds are callable at par plus accrued interest on or after February 15, 2023 in whole or in part in principal amounts of \$5,000.

Ratings: Moody's "Aa1"; Standard & Poor's "AAA"

Combination Tax and Revenue Certificates of Obligation Series of 2013

A series of 2,037 bonds at \$5,000 each dated July 15, 2013. The Certificates were issued for (i) (a) designing, acquiring, improving, constructing and renovating facilities and infrastructure at the Addison Municipal Airport and the acquisition and improvement of land and interests in land to provide improvements, additions and access to the airport, (b) designing, acquiring, improving, constructing, and renovating City drainage and stormwater infrastructure and facilities ((a) and (b) together, the "Project") and (ii) paying professional services of attorneys, financial advisors and other professionals in connection with the Project and the issuance of the Certificates. The bonds mature serially through 2033 with interest rates ranging from 2% to 5%. The bonds are callable at par plus accrued interest on or after February 15, 2023 in whole or in part in principal amounts of \$5,000.

Ratings: Moody's "Aa1"; Standard & Poor's "AAA"

General Obligation Bonds, Tax-Exempt Series 2014

A series of 2,400 bonds at \$5,000 each dated February 15, 2014. The bonds were issued to provide funds for: (i) engineering, constructing, reconstructing, improving, repairing, developing, extending and expanding streets, thoroughfares, bridges, interchanges, intersections, grade separations, sidewalks and other public ways of the Town, including related streetscape improvements, public utility improvements, storm drainage facilities and improvements, signalization and other traffic controls, street lighting, and the acquisition of land therefor; relocating utilities currently located in or adjacent to the Belt Line Road right-of-way and acquiring, constructing, and developing Belt Line Road roadway and streetscape improvements and the acquisition of land therefor; and (iii) for the payment of the costs of issuing the Tax-Exempt Bonds. The bonds mature serially through 2032 with interest rates ranging from 3% to 3.625%. The bonds are callable at par plus accrued interest on or after February 15, 2024 in whole or in part in principal amounts of \$5,000.

Ratings: Moody's "Aa1"; Standard & Poor's "AAA"

Governmental Business-type Activities Activities

\$ 980,000 \$

\$ - \$ 7,925,000

\$ 10,295,000 \$

September 30, 2019

Ratings: Moody's "Aa1"; Standard & Poor's "AAA"

	Go	overnmental Activities	siness-type Activities
Certificates of Obligation Series 2014			
A series of 1,513 bonds at \$5,000 each dated February 15, 2014. The Certificates were issued for (i) designing, constructing, installing, acquiring and equipping additions, extensions and improvements to the Town's water and wastewater system, and the acquisition of land and interests in land for such projects, (the "Project") and (ii) paying professional services of attorneys, financial advisors and other professionals in connection with the Project and the issuance of the Certificates. The bonds mature serially through 2034 with interest rates ranging from 1% to 4%. The bonds are callable at par plus accrued interest on or after February 15, 2024 in whole or in part in principal amounts of \$5,000. Ratings: Moody's "Aa1"; Standard & Poor's "AAA"	\$	-	\$ 6,320,000
General Obligation Refunding Bonds Series 2014 (AMT)			
A series of 429 bonds at \$5,000 each dated February 15, 2014. The bonds were issued to: (i) refund a portion of the Town's outstanding Combination Tax and Revenue Certificates of Obligation, Series 2004 for debt service savings, and (ii) to pay the costs of issuing the AMT Bonds. The bonds mature serially through 2020 with interest rates ranging from 1% to 2%. The bonds are not callable. Ratings: Moody's "Aa1"; Standard & Poor's "AAA"	\$	-	\$ 380,000
General Obligation Refunding Bonds Series 2016			
A series of 4,712 bonds at \$5,000 each dated May 13, 2016. The bonds were issued to refund a portion of the Town's outstanding debt for debt service savings and to pay the costs associated with the issuance of the bonds. The bonds mature serially through 2033 with interest rates ranging from 3% to 5%. The bonds are callable at par plus accrued interest on or after February 15, 2026 in whole or in part in principal amounts of \$5,000.	\$	17,035,000	\$ 5,275,000

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III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities
Combination Tax and Revenue Certificates of Obligation Series 2018		
A series of 2,623 bonds at \$5,000 each dated December 11, 2018. The bonds were issued for the purpose of (i) designing, constructing, installing, acquiring and equipping additions, extensions and improvements to the Town's water and wastewater system, and the acquisition of land and interests in land for such projects, (ii) designing, acquiring, improving, constructing, and renovating facilities and infrastructure at the Addison Municipal Airport related to constructing and equipping a new customs and airport administration facility, and (iii) to pay for professional services of attorneys, financial advisors and other professionals in connection with the Project and the issuance of the certificates. The bonds mature serially through 2039 with interest rates ranging from 3% to 5%. The bonds are callable at par value plus accrued interest on or after February 15, 2028 in whole or in part in principal amounts of \$5,000. Bonds and interest are payable from a combination of Ad Valorem taxes and a limited pledge (not to exceed \$1,000) of surplus net revenues of the Town's Utility Fund. Ratings: Moody's "Aaa"; Standard & Poor's "AAA"	\$ -	\$ 13,115,000
TOTAL LONG-TERM DEBT OUTSTANDING	\$ 59,290,000	\$ 33,015,000

September 30, 2019

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

A summary of long-term liability activity for the year ended September 30, 2019 was as follows (in thousands of dollars):

Governmental Activities:		eginning salance	A	dditions	Ret	<u>irements</u>		Ending Balance		e Within le Year
General Obligation Bonds	\$	51,175	\$		\$	(3,570)	\$	47,605	\$	2,705
Premium on General Obligation Bonds	φ	4.954	φ	-	φ	(631)	φ	4.323	φ	2,703
		,		-		(631)		,		-
Discount on General Obligation Bonds Certificates of Obligation		(43) 12,395		-		ە (710)		(40) 11,685		720
				_		(710)		,		720
Discount on Certificates of Obligation		(85)		14 100		-		(80)		-
Net Pension Liability Compensated Absences		865		14,108 204		(3,202) (151)		10,906 918		116
						` ,				110
Total OPEB Liability	_	3,745	•	100	•	(129)	_	3,716	_	0.544
Long-Term Liabilities – Governmental Activities	\$	73,006	\$	14,412	\$	(8,385)	\$	79,033	\$	3,541
Business-type Activities:										
General Obligation Refunding Bonds	\$	6,320	\$	-	\$	(665)	\$	5,655	\$	690
(Payable from airport and utility system revenues)										
Premium on General Obligation Refunding Bonds		867		-		(112)		755		-
Combination Tax and Revenue Certificates of Obligation		2,380		6,800		(115)		9,065		120
(Payable from airport revenues)										
Premium on Combination Tax and Revenue C.O.		85		259		(21)		323		-
Combination Tax and Revenue Certificates of Obligation		6,620		6,315		(300)		12,635		530
(Payable from utility system revenues)										
Premium on Combination Tax and Revenue C.O.		26		235		(13)		248		-
Combination Tax and Revenue Certificates of Obligation		5,950		-		(290)		5,660		295
(Payable from storm water system revenues)										
Premium on Combination Tax and Revenue C.O.		214		-		(26)		188		-
Note Payable		182		-		(63)		119		62
Net Pension Liability		-		1,095		(248)		847		
Compensated Absences		95		15		(16)		94		11
Total OPEB Liability		325		9		(11)		323		-
Long-Term Liabilities – Business-type Activities	\$	23,064	\$	14,728	\$	(1,880)	\$	35,912	\$	1,708

The Town intends to retire all of its general obligation bonds (other than those recorded in the enterprise funds), plus interest, from future Ad Valorem tax levies, interest income, and transfers from other funds. The Town is required by ordinance to create from such tax revenues a sinking fund sufficient to pay the current interest due thereon and each installment of principal as it becomes due. There is \$17,993 available in the General Obligation Debt Service Fund to service the general obligation bonds.

Proprietary fund-type debt is to be repaid from net revenues of the enterprise funds and is, accordingly, recorded as enterprise fund debt. The Note Payable referenced above in the Business-type Activities was created in July 2015 as part of a ground lease early termination agreement at the Addison Airport. The Town of Addison will pay \$375,000 in 72 equal payments of \$5,208 each month, accruing no interest, beginning August 1, 2015. This creates a remaining annual principal only payment of \$62,500 for years 2019 and 2020, and an annual payment of \$54,000 in 2021.

Bonded debt is direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the government for both governmental and business-type activities. There are a number of limitations and restrictions contained in the various general obligations, certificates of obligation, and revenue bond indentures. The Town is in compliance with all significant limitations and restrictions at September 30, 2019.

For the governmental activities, compensated absences are generally liquidated in the General Fund, Economic Development Fund and Hotel Fund.

September 30, 2019

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

The debt service requirements on the aforementioned bonded debt are as follows:

	Governmer	ital A	ctivities	Business-type Activities			ctivities
	<u>Principal</u>		<u>Interest</u>		<u>Principal</u>		<u>Interest</u>
General Obligation Bonds:							
2020	\$ 2,705,000	\$	1,986,748	\$	690,000	\$	240,650
2021	2,820,000		1,880,507		320,000		224,250
2022	2,865,000		1,767,492		340,000		211,050
2023	2,995,000		1,646,526		355,000		197,150
2024	3,120,000		1,518,133		365,000		182,750
2025-2029	17,630,000		5,332,758		1,990,000		644,600
2030-2034	15,470,000		1,326,095		1,595,000		164,375
	\$ 47,605,000	\$	15,458,259	\$	5,655,000	\$	1,864,825
Certificates of Obligation:							
2020	\$ 720,000	\$	354,713	\$	945,000	\$	1,036,458
2021	735,000		340,162		1,230,000		1,002,182
2022	755,000		321,488		1,280,000		957,683
2023	780,000		294,562		1,335,000		909,057
2024	815,000		262,663		1,385,000		858,658
2025-2029	3,535,000		932,037		7,880,000		3,397,745
2030-2034	2,580,000		508,578		8,975,000		1,597,844
2035-2039	 1,765,000		90,703		4,330,000		389,681
	\$ 11,685,000	\$	3,104,906	\$	27,360,000	\$	10,149,308

At September 30, 2019, the Town had \$26,000,000 authorized but unissued general obligation bonds.

G. Interfund Transfers

Transfers between funds during the year ended September 30, 2019 were comprised of the following:

<u>Fund</u>	Transfers In	Transfers Out	Purpose of Transfer
General Fund	\$ -	\$ 1,000,000	For capital projects
General Fund	-	700,000	For capital projects
General Fund	-	2,771,504	For capital projects
Stormwater Fund	-	500,000	For capital projects
Capital Project Fund	1,000,000	-	For capital projects
Capital Project Fund	700,000	-	For capital projects
Capital Project Fund	2,771,504	-	For capital projects
Capital Project Fund	500,000	-	For capital projects
Hotel Fund	-	715,000	For economic development
Economic Development Fund	715,000	-	For economic development
Internal Service Fund	-	27,864	For purchase of assets in Internal Svc Fund
Internal Service Fund	-	46,608	For purchase of assets in Internal Svc Fund
Internal Service Fund	-	334,910	For purchase of assets in Internal Svc Fund
Airport Fund	27,864	-	For purchase of assets in Internal Svc Fund
Utility Fund	46,608	-	For purchase of assets in Internal Svc Fund
Utility Fund	334,910		For purchase of assets in Internal Svc Fund
Total Transfers	\$ 6,095,886	\$ 6,095,886	

September 30, 2019

IV. OTHER INFORMATION

A. Risk Management

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2019, the Town maintained workers compensation, general liability and property coverage through the Texas Municipal League Intergovernmental Risk Pool (TMLIRP). The Town pays an annual premium to TMLIRP for such coverage. TMLIRP purchases reinsurance and the Town does not retain risks of loss exceeding deductibles. The Town's general liability coverage is \$5,000,000 and \$10,000,000 in the aggregate. Settled claims have not exceeded insurance coverage in each of the past five years.

Prior to the 2001 fiscal year, the Town participated in a retained-risk program with TMLIRP under which the Town assumed the risk of paying for all individual claims with a specific stop-loss of \$175,000 and an annual aggregate stop-loss of \$525,000. Outstanding claims associated with the risk retention program are accounted for in the General Fund and are recorded as Accounts Payable.

For the period of October 2018 to September 2019, the Town offered health benefits through one of two plans operated by Blue Cross Blue Shield. Employees were able to choose either an HSA (health savings account) plan or a PPO (preferred provider organization) plan. The Town also offers a dental plan through Delta Dental and a vision plan through Blue Cross Blue Shield of Texas Vision. The HSA, PPO, and dental plans are funded by joint contributions from the employees and the Town and are accounted for in the respective operating funds. The vision plan is solely from employee contributions.

Blue Cross and Delta Dental plans are fully insured contracts. Monthly premiums paid to Blue Cross and Delta Dental were based upon fixed employee and dependent rates that are established each year.

B. Employee's Retirement System

1) Pension Plan

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, pension related deferred outflows and inflows of resources, and pension expense, Town specific information about its fiduciary net position in the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS) and additions to/deductions from the Town's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TMRS. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized in the period that compensation is reported for the employee, which is when contributions are legally due. Benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. Information regarding the Town's net pension liability is obtained from TMRS through a report prepared for the Town by TMRS consulting actuary, Gabriel Roeder Smith & Company, in compliance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27.

Plan Description

The Town provides pension benefits for all of its full-time employees through a nontraditional, joint contributory, hybrid defined benefit plan in the state-wide Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS), one of over 887 administered by TMRS, an agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system. Each of the municipalities has an annual individual actuarial valuation performed. TMRS is an agency created by the State of Texas and administered in accordance with the TMRS Act, Subtitle G, Title 8, Texas Government Code (the TMRS Act) as an agent multiple-employer retirement system for municipal employees in the State of Texas. The TMRS Act places the general administration and management of the System with a six-member Board of Trustees. Although the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate, appoints the Board, TMRS is not fiscally dependent on the State of Texas. TMRS' defined benefit pension plan is a tax-qualified plan under Section 401 (a) of the

September 30, 2019

IV. OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

Internal Revenue Code. TMRS issues a publicly available Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, a copy of which may be obtained by writing to P.O. Box 149153, Austin, Texas 78714-9153. The report is also available on the System's web site at: http://www.tmrs.com/publications.php.

Benefits Provided

TMRS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Benefit provisions are adopted by the governing body of the Town, within the options available in the state statutes governing TMRS.

Benefits depend upon the sum of the employee's contributions to the plan and the Town-financed monetary credits, with interest. At the date the plan began, the Town granted monetary credits for services rendered before the plan began based on an amount equal to two times what would have been contributed by the employee plus interest. Monetary credits for service since the plan began are 200 percent of the employee's accumulated contributions. Beginning in 1994, the Town adopted an annually repeating type of monetary credit referred to as an updated service credit which when added to the employee's accumulated contributions and the monetary credits for service since the plan began would be the total monetary credits and employee contributions accumulated with interest, if the current employee contribution rate and Town matching percent had always been in existence. The calculation included a three-year exponential average of the actual salaries paid during the prior fiscal years.

At retirement, the benefit is calculated as if the sum of the employee's accumulated contributions with interest and the employer-financed monetary credits plus interest were used to purchase an annuity. Also, in 1994, the Town adopted annually repeating annuity increases for its retirees equal to 70% of the change in the consumer price index.

The plan provisions are adopted by the governing body of the Town, within the options available in the state statutes governing TMRS and within the actuarial constraints also in the statutes. Members can retire at certain ages, based on the years of service with the Town. The service retirement eligibilities for the Town are: 5 years/age 60, 20 years/any age. Plan provisions for the Town are as follows:

Deposit Rate: 7%
Matching Ratio (Town to Employee): 2 to 1
A member is vested after: 5 years

Employees covered by benefit terms

At the December 31, 2018 valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	208
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	227
Active employees	<u> 263</u>
Total	<u>698</u>

September 30, 2019

IV. OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

Contributions

The contribution rates for employees in TMRS are either 5%, 6%, or 7% of employee gross earnings, and the Town matching percentages are either 100%, 150%, or 200%, both as adopted by the governing body of the Town. Under the state law governing TMRS, the contribution rate for the Town is determined annually by the actuary, using the Entry Age Normal (EAN) actuarial cost method. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the cost of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Since the Town needs to know its contribution rates in advance for budgetary purposes, there is a one-year delay between the actuarial valuation that serves as the basis for the rate and the calendar year when the rate goes into effect.

Employees for the Town were required to contribute 7% of their annual gross earnings during the fiscal year. The Town elected to contribute at the full rates for calendar year 2018 of 10.68%. Accordingly, contributions to TMRS for the year ended September 30, 2019 were \$2,172,375 and were equal to the required contribution.

Net Pension Liability/(Asset)

The Town's Net Pension Liability/(Asset) was measured as of December 31, 2018, and the Total Pension Liability (TPL) used to calculate the Net Pension Liability/(Asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial assumptions

The Total Pension Liability in the December 31, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation 2.5% per year

Overall payroll growth 3.5% to 10.5% including inflation

Investment rate of return 6.75%, net of pension plan investment expense including inflation.

Salary increases were based on service-related tables. Mortality rates for active members and retirees were multiplied by 109% for males and by 103% for females. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by scale BB to account for future mortality improvements. For disabled annuitants, the gender-distinct RP2000 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table is used, with slight adjustments.

Actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2018, valuation were based on the results of actuarial experience studies. This experience study was for the period December 31, 2010 through December 31, 2014. Healthy post-retirement mortality rates and annuity purchase rates were updated based on a Mortality Experience Investigation Study covering 2009 through 2011 and dated December 31, 2013.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 6.75%. The pension plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the TMRS Board of Trustees. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with an emphasis on both capital appreciation as well as the production of income, in order to satisfy the short-term and long-term funding needs of TMRS.

September 30, 2019

IV. OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
		Expected Real
Asset	Target	Rate of Return
<u>Class</u>	<u>Location</u>	(Arithmetic)
Domestic Equity	17.5%	4.30%
International Equity	17.5%	6.10%
Core Fixed Income	10.0%	1.00%
Non-Core Fixed Income	20.0%	3.39%
Real Return	10.0%	3.78%
Real Estate	10.0%	4.44%
Absolute Return	10.0%	3.56%
Private Equity	5.0%	7.75%
Total	100.0%	

Single Discount Rate

Projected benefit payments are required to be discounted to their actuarial present values using a single discount rate that reflects (1) a long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (to the extent that the plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits) and (2) tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating as of the measurement date (to the extent that the plan's projected fiduciary net position is not sufficient to pay benefits).

For the purpose of this valuation, the expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 6.75%. A single discount rate of 6.75% was used to measure the total pension liability as of December 31, 2018. This single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 6.75%. Based on the stated assumptions and the projection of cash flows, the Town's fiduciary net position and future contributions were sufficient to finance the future benefit payments of the current plan members for all projection years. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of the projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability for the Town. The projection of cash flows used to determine the single discount rate for the Town assumed that the funding policy adopted by the TMRS Board will remain in effect for all future years. Under this funding policy, the Town will finance the unfunded actuarial accrued liability over the years remaining for the closed period existing for each base in addition to the employer portion of all future benefit accruals (i.e. the employer normal cost).

September 30, 2019

IV. OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

Changes in the Net Pension Liability/(Asset)

	Increase (Decrease)				
	Total Pension Liability	Plan Fiduciary Net Position	Net Pension Liability		
	(a)	(b)	(Asset) (a) - (b)		
Balance at 10/1/2018	\$ 126,145,081	\$ 126,349,361	\$ (204,280)		
Changes for the year:					
Service cost	3,028,227	-	3,028,227		
Interest	8,365,372	-	8,365,372		
Changes of benefit terms	-	-	-		
Difference between expected and actual experience	154,569	-	154,569		
Changes of assumptions	-	-	-		
Contributions - employer	-	2,066,662	(2,066,662)		
Contributions - employee	-	1,382,710	(1,382,710)		
Net investment income	-	(3,781,614)	3,781,614		
Benefit payments, including refunds of					
employee contributions	(7,455,524)	, ,	-		
Administrative expense	-	(73,147)	73,147		
Other		(3,821)	3,821		
Net changes	4,092,644	(7,864,734)	11,957,378		
Balance at 9/30/2019	\$ 130,237,725	\$ 118,484,627	\$ 11,753,098		

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability/(Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability/(asset) of the Town, calculated using the discount rate of 6.75% as well as what the Town's net pension liability/(asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.75%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease 5.75%	Current Discount Rate 6.75%	1% Increase 7.75%
Town's net pension liability(asset) \$	28,659,453	\$ 11,753,098 \$	(2,223,893)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in a separately-issued TMRS financial report. That report may be obtained on the Internet at www.tmrs.com.

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

For the year ended September 30, 2019, the Town recognized pension expense of \$4,156,642. At September 30, 2019, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

September 30, 2019

IV. OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected & actual economic experience	\$ 538,567	\$ (90,433)
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	1,709,081	-
Change of assumptions	29,533	-
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings	6,538,442	-
Total	\$ 8,815,623	\$ (90,433)

Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date but before the end of the Town's reporting period of \$1,709,081 will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability for the year ending September 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Net deferred	
Year ended	outflows (inflows)	
September 30	of resources	
2020	\$ 2,559,440	_
2021	1,086,833	,
2022	904,029	i
2023	2,465,807	
Total	\$ 7,016,109	_
		_

Allocation of Pension Items

The City allocates pension items between governmental activities and business-type activities on the basis of employee payroll.

2) Other Postemployment Benefits

A summary of OPEB related items as of and for the year ended September 30, 2019, is presented below (in thousands).

Plan	Т	otal OPEB Liability	•	Deferred Dutflows of Resources	ı	Deferred Inflows of Resources	OPEB Expense
Retiree Health Care Plan Governmental Activities Business-Type Activities	\$	2,907,608 252,550	\$	206,444 17,925	\$	(118,265) \$ (10,282)	259,648 22,578
Supplemental Death Benefits Governmental Activities Business-Type Activities		808,223 70,200		52,203 4,534		(69,131) (6,010)	50,002 4,348
Total	\$	4,038,581	\$	281,106	\$	(203,688) \$	336,576

September 30, 2019

IV. OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

Retiree Health Care Plan Description

In addition to the pension benefits described above, as required by state law and defined by Town Policy, the Town makes available health care benefits to all employees who retire from the Town and who are receiving benefits from a Town-sponsored retirement program (Texas Municipal Retirement System and/or a Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plan) through a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan. This healthcare plan provides lifetime insurance, or until age 65 if eligible for Medicare, to eligible retirees, their spouses and dependents through the Town's group health insurance plan, which covers both active and retired members. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75.

Benefits Provided

Current retirees in the health plan and active employees with 20 years or more of service or at age 60 or more with five years or more of service at retirement are eligible to remain in the health plan at the total blended contribution rate for active and retiree participants. Since an irrevocable trust has not been established, the plan is not accounted for as a trust fund. The plan does not issue a separate financial report. Benefit provisions for retirees are not mandated by any form of employment agreement. The continued provision of these benefits is based entirely on the discretion of the Town of Addison City Council.

A measurement date of December 31, 2018 was used for the September 30, 2019 liability and expense. The information that follows was determined as of a valuation date of December 31, 2018.

Employees covered by benefit terms

At the December 31, 2018 measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Retirees and Beneficiaries	44
Active Members	<u>262</u>
Total	<u>306</u>

Contributions

Before age 65, the Town will pay a \$150 monthly stipend toward the retiree's healthcare premium if the retiring employee meets the eligibility criteria at the time of termination and elects coverage in the health plan. For members who retire after 65 or were eligible for the \$150 stipend before age 65, the Town will pay a \$75 monthly stipend directly to the retiree. Current retirees contribute to the health plan the total blended premium for active and retired participants, less the \$150 stipend provided by the Town. The Town contribution to the health plan consists of total premiums in excess of retiree contributions.

Retirees receiving medical benefits during fiscal year 2019 contribute \$499 to \$1,600 per month depending on coverage levels selected. In fiscal year 2019, total retiree contributions were \$150,654.

Total OPEB Liability for Retiree Health Care Plan

The Town of Addison utilized the actuarial services of Gabriel, Roeder, Smith & Company (GRS), a company who has been providing actuarial consulting services since 1938, under the shared services arrangement provided by GRS and North Central Texas Council of Governments. The Town's total OPEB liability for healthcare benefits of \$3,160,158 was measured as of December 31, 2018.

September 30, 2019

IV. OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

Actuarial assumptions

The Town's total OPEB Liability in the December 31, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement date, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	·2.5% per year
Overall payroll growth	·3.5% to 10.50%, including inflation
Discount rate	··3.71 percent (3.31% in prior year)
Healthcare cost trend rates	-7.2 percent for 2020 decreasing to 4.25 after 15 years
Participation rates	50 percent of employees who retire before age 65 and 100 percent
	of employees who retire at age 65 or older

For plans that do not have a formal trust that meets the GASB's requirements, the discount rate is equal to the tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on a 20-year general obligation AA bond rating as of the measurement date. The rate of 3.71 percent is based on the daily rate closest to but not later than the measurement date using the Fidelity 20-Year Municipal G.O. AA Index.

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table with Blue Collar Adjustment with male rates multiplied by 109% and female rates multiplied by 103% and projected on a fully generational basis with scale BB.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability for Retiree Health Care Plan

	Т	otal OPEB Liability
Balance as of 10/1/18	\$	3,152,539
Changes for the year:		
Service cost		176,485
Interest on OPEB Liability		105,055
Effect of difference in expected & actual experience		(45,102)
Effect of assumptions (change in discount rate)		(94,984)
Benefit payments		(133,836)
Change in total OPEB Liability		7,618
Balance as of 9/30/19	\$	3,160,157

Sensitivity of Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the plan's total OPEB liability of the Town, calculated using a discount rate of 3.71% as well as what the plan's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.71%) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.71%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	Current Discount Rate	1% Increase	
	 2.71%	3.71%	4.71%	
Total OPEB liability	\$ 3,501,594 \$	3,160,157	\$ 2,863,196	

September 30, 2019

IV. OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

Sensitivity of Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the plan's total OPEB liability of the Town, calculated using the assumed trend rates as well as what the plan's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a trend rates that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rates:

	Current Health Care					
		1% Decrease		Cost Trend Rates		1% Increase
Total OPEB liability	\$	2,910,449	\$	3,160,157	\$	3,459,049

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

For the year ended September 30, 2019, the Town recognized OPEB expense of \$282,226. At September 30, 2019, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows	Deferred Inflows
	of Resources	of Resources
Differences between expected & actual economic experience	\$ -	\$ 43,778
Change of assumptions	120,581	84,769
Benefit payments made subsequent to measurement date	103,788	
Total	\$ 224,369	\$ 128,547

Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from benefit payments subsequent to the measurement date but before the end of the Town's reporting period of \$103,788 will be recognized as a decrease to the total OPEB liability during the year ended September 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

		Net deferred
Year ended	0	utflows (inflows)
September 30		of resources
2020	\$	686
2021		686
2022		686
2023		686
2024		686
Thereafter		(11,396)
Total	\$	(7,966)

September 30, 2019

IV. OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

Supplemental Death Benefits Fund Description

Texas Municipal Retirement System ("TMRS") administers a defined benefit group-term life insurance plan known as the Supplemental Death Benefits Fund ("SDBF"). This is a voluntary program in which participating member cities may elect, by ordinance, to provide group-term life insurance coverage for their active members, including or not including retirees. The death benefit for active employees provides a lump-sum payment approximately equal to the employee's annual salary (calculated based on the employee's actual earnings, for the 12-month period preceding the month of death). The death benefit for retirees is considered an other postemployment benefit ("OPEB") and is a fixed amount of \$7,500. As the SDBF covers both active and retiree participants, with no segregation of assets, the SDBF is considered to be an unfunded OPEB plan. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75.

Benefits Provided

The Town contributes to the SDBF at a contractually required rate as determined by an annual actuarial valuation. The rate is equal to the cost of providing one-year term life insurance. The funding policy for the SDBF program is to assure that adequate resources are available to meet all death benefit payments for the upcoming year. The intent is not to pre-fund retiree term life insurance during employees' entire careers.

A measurement date of December 31, 2018 was used for the September 30, 2019 liability and expense. The information that follows was determined as of a valuation date of December 31, 2018.

Employees covered by benefit terms

At the December 31, 2018 measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees currently receiving benefits	153
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	59
Active employees	<u> 263</u>
Total	<u>475</u>

Contributions

Due to the SDBF being considered an unfunded OPEB plan, benefit payments are treated as being equal to the employer's yearly contribution for retirees. The Town's Supplemental Death Benefit Plan contributions for 2019 were \$5.918.

Total OPEB Liability for Supplemental Death Benefits

The Town's total OPEB liability for supplemental death benefits of \$878,423 was measured as of December 31, 2018.

Actuarial assumptions

The Total OPEB Liability in the December 31, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement date, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	·2.5% per year
Overall payroll growth	3.5% to 10.50%, including inflation
Discount rate	·3.71 percent (3.31% in prior year)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2019

IV. OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

For plans that do not have a formal trust that meets the GASB's requirements, the discount rate is equal to the tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on a 20-year general obligation AA bond rating as of the measurement date. The rate of 3.71 percent is based on the daily rate closest to but not later than the measurement date using the Fidelity 20-Year Municipal G.O. AA Index.

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table with Blue Collar Adjustment with male rates multiplied by 109% and female rates multiplied by 103% and projected on a fully generational basis with scale BB.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period December 31, 2010 to December 31, 2014.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability for supplemental death benefits

	Total OPEB			
		Liability		
Balances as of 10/1/18	\$	918,237		
Changes for the year:				
Service cost		25,646		
Interest on OPEB Liability		30,719		
Effect of difference in expected & actual experience		(21,647)		
Effect of assumptions (change in discount rate)		(68,614)		
Benefit payments		(5,918)		
Change in OPEB Liability		(39,814)		
Balances as of 9/30/19	\$	878,423		

Sensitivity of Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the plan's total OPEB liability of the Town, calculated using a discount rate of 3.71% as well as what the plan's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.71%) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.71%) than the current rate:

1% Decrea (2.71)%			Current Discount Rate (3.71)%	1% Increase (4.71)%		
Total OPEB liability	\$	1,064,548	\$ 878,424	\$ 735,521		

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

For the year ended September 30, 2019, the Town recognized OPEB expense of \$54,350. At September 30, 2019, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

D	eferred Outflows	De	eferred Inflows
	of Resources		of Resources
\$	-	\$	18,021
	52,016		57,120
	4,721		
\$	56,737	\$	75,141
		\$ - 52,016 4,721	of Resources 52,016 4,721

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2019

IV. OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from benefit payments subsequent to the measurement date but before the end of the Town's reporting period of \$4,721 will be recognized as a decrease to the total OPEB liability during the year ended September 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended		Net deferred outflows (inflows) of
September 30	,	resources
2020	\$	(2,016)
2021		(2,016)
2022		(2,016)
2023		(2,412)
2024		(14,665)
Total	\$	(23,125)

C. Contingencies

The Town is party to various legal actions arising in the ordinary course of business, none of which is believed by the Town's management to have a material impact on the financial condition of the Town. Accordingly, no provision for losses has been recorded in the accompanying financial statements for such contingencies.

D. <u>Tax Incentive Rebates</u>

The Town of Addison has two active Commercial Development and Job Related Incentive Rebates that develop or redevelop a particular property attracting businesses that generate incremental tax revenues. In addition to GASB 77, the agreements are subject to Chapter 380 of the Texas Local Government Code that promotes local economic development, commercial activity and business stimulation. City Council approves the agreements via resolution. As part of the agreements, the Town agrees to rebate a portion of the ad valorem or sales tax after confirmation of payment. If the businesses do not meet the obligations as set forth in the agreements in a particular year, the businesses forego the rebates in that year.

The agreement with one entity, executed March 4, 2016, provides a rebate for 50% of business personal property (ad valorem) tax for ten years and a total amount of \$50,000 for waiver of permit fees. The entity did not meet the eligibility criteria to receive the incentive in the year ended September 30, 2019, and the amount forgone was \$34,041. Over the life of the contract, the entity has forgone \$102,123.

The agreement with the other entity provides a rebate for 75% of sales tax over a threshold amount, of which the calculation is outlined in the contract. The Town paid \$338,976 during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019, and has paid \$972,744 over the life of the contract. Also, the contract allows for the Town of Addison to commission an independent traffic study regarding an area specified in the contract, and if warranted, the Town will pay for capital expenses related to potential signalization or other needed improvements in the specified area.

No traffic study has been warranted or commissioned as of September 30, 2019. Also, the contract requires a tree mitigation amount of \$424,385 to be paid in five installments starting the 10th anniversary of the contract execution date, which was in August 2012.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2019

IV. OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

E. New Accounting Pronouncements

The Town has adopted and implemented the following statements during the fiscal year 2019.

Statement No. 85, *Omnibus 2017* – This statement aims to improve consistency in accounting and financial reporting by addressing practice issues related to blending component units, goodwill, fair value measurement, and postemployment benefits. This statement had no impact on the Town's net position.

Statement No. 88, Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, Including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements – This statement aims to improve the information that is disclosed in notes to government financial statements related to debt. It also clarifies which liabilities governments should include when disclosing information related to debt. This statement had no impact on the Town's net position.

The GASB has issued the following statements which will become effective in a future year.

Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities* – This statement improves guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for financial and accounting reporting purposes and how these activities should be reported. This statement will be effective for the Town in fiscal year 2020. The Town will evaluate the potential impact on the Town's net position.

Statement No. 87, *Leases* – This statement establishes a single approach to accounting for and reporting leases by state and local governments. This statement will be effective for the Town in fiscal year 2021. The Town will evaluate the potential impact on the Town's net position.

Statement No. 90, *Majority Equity Interests* – This statement aims to improve the consistency and comparability of reporting a government's majority equity interest in a legally separate organization and to improve the relevance of financial statement information for certain component units. This statement will become effective for the Town in fiscal year 2020. The Town will evaluate the potential impact on the Town's net position.

F. Subsequent Events

On October 7, 2019, the Town issued \$16,900,000 Combination Tax and Revenue Certificates of Obligation, Series 2019, to provide funding for improvements to the Town's roadways, sidewalks, bridges, streetscapes, and storm drainage system as well as improvements to a groundwater well to supply water to the Town's Vitruvian Park.





Texas Municipal Retirement System
Schedule of the Town's Changes in Net Pension Liability/(Asset) and Related Ratios (Unaudited)
Last Five Measurement Years (Previous years are not available)

	Meas	Measurement Year 2014		leasurement Year 2015	Me	easurement Year 2016	Measurement Year 2017			asurement Year 2018
Total pension liability:										
Service cost	\$	2,819,937	\$	3,120,695	\$	2,740,122	\$	2,862,674	\$	3,028,227
Interest (on the Total Pension Liability)		8,660,470		9,031,058		7,721,380		8,023,052		8,365,372
Changes in benefit terms including substantively										
automatic status		-		-		(20,027,692)		-		-
Difference between expected and actual experience		(987,858)		(1,253,581)		(37,547)		827,177		154,569
Change in assumptions		-		467,077		-		-		-
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee										
contributions		(5,193,445)		(5,504,175)		(6,038,979)		(5,993,041)		(7,455,524)
Net change in total pension liability		5,299,104		5,861,074		(15,642,716)		5,719,862		4,092,644
Total pension liability - beginning		124,907,757		130,206,861		136,067,935		120,425,219		126,145,081
Total pension liability - ending (a)		130,206,861		136,067,935		120,425,219		126,145,081		130,237,725
Plan fiduciary net position:										
Contributions - employer		1,789,255		1,824,122		1,743,443		1,942,088		2,066,662
Contributions - employee		1,224,976		1,257,382		1,266,899		1,323,808		1,382,710
Net investment income		6,157,338		164,587		7,376,667		15,717,180		(3,781,614)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee										
contributions		(5,193,445)		(5,504,175)		(6,038,979)		(5,993,041)		(7,455,524)
Administrative expense		(64,289)		(100,255)		(83,336)		(81,484)		(73,147)
Other		(5,286)		(4,952)		(4,490)		(4,130)		(3,822)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		3,908,549		(2,363,291)		4,260,204		12,904,421		(7,864,734)
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		107,639,477		111,548,026		109,184,735		113,444,939		126,349,361
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)		111,548,026		109,184,735		113,444,939		126,349,360		118,484,627
Net pension liability/(asset) - ending (a) - (b)	\$	18,658,835	\$	26,883,200	\$	6,980,280	\$	(204,279)	\$	11,753,098
Di Ci i i i i i i										
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage		05.070/		00.040/		04.000/		400.400/		00.000/
of total pension liability		85.67%	•	80.24%	•	94.20%	•	100.16%	•	90.98%
Covered payroll	\$	17,479,153	\$	17,945,341	\$	18,098,559	\$	18,895,541	\$	19,727,861
Net pension liability/(asset) as a percentage of covered payroll		106.75%		149.81%		38.57%		-1.08%		59.58%

Changes in assumptions: In the 2015 valuation the investment rate of return decreased from 7.0% to 6.75%; the inflation rate was lowered from 3.0% to 2.5%; the experience study for retirement age was updated.

The information in this schedule has been determined as of the measurement date (December 31) of the Town's net pension liability/(asset) and is intended to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled in accordance with the provisions of GASB 68, only periods of which such information is available are presented.

Texas Municipal Retirement System Schedule of Town Contributions (Unaudited) September 30, 2019

	(1)	(2)	(3) = (2) - (1)	(4)	(5) = (1) / (4)	(6) = (2) / (4)
Fiscal Year	Actuarially determined contribution	Contribution in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	Contribution excess (deficiency)	Covered payroll	Actuarially determined contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll
2015	1,874,383	1,874,383	_	18,804,927	9.97%	9.97%
2016	1,786,827	1,786,827	-	18,465,892	9.68%	9.68%
2017	1,893,931	1,893,931	_	18,796,558	10.08%	10.08%
2018	2,136,195	2,136,195	-	19,933,808	10.72%	10.72%
2019	2,172,375	2,172,375	-	21,064,448	10.31%	10.31%

Notes to Schedule:

Valuation Date:

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31 and become effective in January 13 months later.

Methods and Assumption Used to Determine Contribution Rate for 2019:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

Amortization Method Level Percentage of Payroll, Closed

Remaining Amortization Period 27 years

Asset Valuation Method 10 year smoothed market; 15% soft corridor

Inflation 2.5%

Salary Increases 3.5% to 10.5% including inflation

Investment Rate of Return 6.75%

Retirement Age Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the City's plan of

benefits. Last updated for the 2015 valuation pursuant to an experience

study of the period 2010 - 2014

Mortality RP2000 Combined Mortality Table with Blue Collar Adjustment with male

rates multiplied by 109% and female rates multiplied by 103% and

projected on a fully generational basis with scale BB

Other Information:

Notes There were no benefit changes during the year.

The information in this schedule has been determined as of the Town's fiscal year-end and is intended to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled in accordance with the provisions of GASB 68, only periods for which such information is available are presented.

Retiree Healthcare Plan

Schedule of Changes in the Town's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios (Unaudited)
Last Two Measurement Years (Previous years are not available)

Total OPEB liability:	Measur	ement Year 2017	Measure	ment Year 2018
Total OPEB liability - beginning	\$	2,881,200	\$	3,152,539
Service cost		135,826		176,485
Interest on the total OPEB liability		110,017		105,055
Difference between expected and actual experience				
of the total OPEB liability		(4,477)		(45,102)
Changes of assumptions		153,032		(94,984)
Benefit payments		(123,059)		(133,836)
Net change in total OPEB liability		271,339		7,618
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	3,152,539	\$	3,160,157
Covered-employee payroll	\$	18,897,760	\$	20,042,555
Total OPEB liability as a percentage				
of covered-employee payroll		16.68%		15.77%

Changes of assumptions reflect a change in the discount rate from 3.31% as of December 31, 2017 to 3.71% as of December 31, 2018.

The information in the schedule has been determined as of the measurement date (December 31) of the Town's total OPEB liability and is intended to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled in accordance with the provisions of GASB 75, only periods of which such information is available are presented.

TMRS Supplemental Death Benefits Fund (SDBF)
Schedule of Changes in the Town's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios (Unaudited)
Last Two Measurement Years (Previous years are not available)

Total OPEB liability:	Measure	ment Year 2017	Measur	ement Year 2018
Total OPEB liability - beginning	\$	794,578	\$	918,237
Service cost		20,785		25,646
Interest on the total OPEB liability		30,321		30,720
Differences between expected and actual experience		-		(21,647)
Changes of assumptions		78,222		(68,614)
Benefit payments		(5,669)		(5,918)
Net change in total OPEB liability		123,659		(39,813)
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	918,237	\$	878,424
Covered-employee payroll	\$	18,895,541	\$	19,727,861
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		4.86%		4.45%

Changes of assumptions reflect a change in the discount rate from 3.31% as of December 31, 2017 to 3.71% as of December 31, 2018.

The information in the schedule has been determined as of the measurement date (December 31) of the Town's total OPEB liability and is intended to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled in accordance with the provisions of GASB 75, only periods of which such information is available are presented.

DEBT SERVICE FUND

The **General Obligation Debt Service Fund** accounts for the accumulation of resources to be used for payment of principal and interest on the general obligation bonded debt of the Town.

General Obligation Debt Service
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances
Budget and Actual
Year Ended September 30, 2019

	2019										
		Bı Original	udg	et Final		Actual GAAP Basis		Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)			
REVENUES:											
Current Property Taxes	\$	6,751,908	\$	6,751,908	\$	6,606,889	\$	(145,019)			
Delinquent Property Taxes		-		-		(38,217)		(38,217)			
Penalties and Interest		18,000		18,000		16,755		(1,245)			
Earnings on Investments		13,600		13,600		23,219		9,619			
Total Revenues		6,783,508		6,783,508		6,608,646		(174,862)			
EXPENDITURES:											
Contractual Services		2,000		2,000		3,909		(1,909)			
Principal Retirement		4,280,000		4,280,000		4,280,000		-			
Interest and Fiscal Charges		2,480,208		2,480,208		2,475,279		4,929			
Total Expenditures		6,762,208	_	6,762,208		6,759,188		3,020			
Net Change in Fund Balance		21,300		21,300		(150,542)		(171,842)			
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year		168,535		168,535		168,535					
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$	189,835	\$	189,835	\$	17,993	\$	(171,842)			



NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

The **Municipal Court Fund** accounts for the Town's court building security and technology fees that are generated from court citation fines. According to state law, the revenue generated from these fees may only be spent on the municipal court.

The **Public Safety Fund** accounts for awards of monies or property by the courts relating to cases that involve the Addison Police Department.

The **Advanced Funding Grant Fund** was created during fiscal year 2010. The fund accounts for grant monies that are received prior to the related expenditure, and therefore, the fund may carry a balance from year to year if the Town does not expend the monies within the fiscal year.

The **Economic Development Fund** accumulates resources to support efforts that attract commercial enterprises to Addison and encourage existing businesses to remain in Addison.

The **Reimbursement Grant Fund** accounts for expenditures for which the Town expects to be reimbursed.

The **PEG Fees Fund** accounts for state restricted fees collected and the expenditures using these monies.

Non-Major Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet September 30, 2019

Pooled Cash and Investments		Mu	unicipal Court Fund	F	Public Safety Fund		Advanced Inding Grant Fund		Economic Development Fund	R 	eimbursement Grant Fund		PEG Fees Fund		Total Nonmajor Sovernmental Funds
Receivables:		œ.	240.007	e	E4 400	ф.	24.024	•	4 000 400	•	2.644	œ.	202 270	e	2 502 420
A Valorem Taxes, Including Interest and Penalties, Net Interest		Ф	240,807	Ф	54,492	Ф	34,821	Ф	1,808,420	Ф	2,011	Ф	302,279	Ф	2,503,430
Intergovernmental 1,4510 1,882,782 1,182 1,982 1,5692			-		-		-		8,933		-		-		8,933
Total Assets \$241,486 \$59,135 \$34,917 \$1,882,782 \$3,793 \$303,147 \$2,525,260			679				96		5,429		-		868		
Liabilities Septembre Se			-	_		•		_	4 000 700	_		•		_	
Count Coun	Total Assets	\$	241,486	\$	59,135	\$	34,917	\$	1,882,782	\$	3,793	\$	303,147	\$	2,525,260
Total Liabilities 61,613 2,248 - 76,830 125 - 140,816 Deferred Inflows of Resources: Unavailable Resources - - - 8,933 153 - 9,086 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources - - - 8,933 153 - 9,086 Fund Balances: - - - 8,933 153 - 9,086 Fund Balances: - - - 8,933 153 - 9,086 Fund Balances: - - - 8,933 153 - 9,086 Total Balances: Nonspendable Restricted Restricted Child Safety 90,718 - - - - 90,718 Court Technology 23,829 - - - - - - 27,831 Court Security 37,495 - - - -	AND FUND BALANCE:														
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Unavailable Resources	Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities	\$	61,613	\$	2,248	\$	-	\$	76,830	\$		\$	<u>-</u> _	\$	140,816
Unavailable Resources - - 8,933 153 - 9,086 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources - - - 8,933 153 - 9,086 Fund Balances: Nonspendable - - - - - - - 90,718 - - - - 90,718 - - - - - 90,718 - - - - - 90,718 - - - - - - - 90,718 - - - - - - - 90,718 - - - - - - - - 90,718 - <	Total Liabilities		61,613		2,248		-		76,830		125				140,816
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources									0.022		450				0.000
Fund Balances: Nonspendable Restricted Child Safety 90,718 90,718 Justice Administration 23,829 23,829 Court Technology 27,831 27,831 Court Security 37,495 37,495 Public Safety 37,495 3,515 - 39,519 Governmental Public Education - 56,887 34,917 - 3,515 - 303,147 Committed: Economic Development 1,797,019 1,797,019 Total Fund Balance 179,873 56,887 34,917 1,797,019 3,515 303,147 2,375,358			-	_	-	-						-			
Nonspendable Restricted Child Safety 90,718 90,718 Justice Administration 23,829 23,829 Court Technology 27,831 27,831 Court Security 37,495 37,495 Public Safety - 56,887 34,917 - 3,515 - 95,319 Governmental Public Education 303,147 Committed: Economic Development 1,797,019 1,797,019 Total Fund Balance 179,873 56,887 34,917 1,797,019 3,515 303,147 2,375,358 Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources,	Total Deletted Illilows of Resources			_			<u>-</u>	-	6,933		100				9,000
Justice Administration 23,829 - - - - - 23,829 Court Technology 27,831 - - - - 27,831 Court Security 37,495 - - - - - 37,495 Public Safety - 56,887 34,917 - 3,515 - 95,319 Governmental Public Education - - - - - - 303,147 Committed: - - - - - - 303,147 Economic Development - - - - 1,797,019 - - 1,797,019 Total Fund Balance 179,873 56,887 34,917 1,797,019 3,515 303,147 2,375,358 Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources,	Nonspendable														
Court Technology 27,831 - - - - - 27,831 Court Security 37,495 - - - - 37,495 Public Safety - 56,887 34,917 - 3,515 - 95,319 Governmental Public Education - - - - - - 303,147 303,147 203,147					-		-		-		-		-		
Court Security 37,495 - - - - 37,495 Public Safety 56,887 34,917 - 3,515 - 95,319 Governmental Public Education - - - - - - 303,147 Committed: - - - - 1,797,019 - - 1,797,019 Total Fund Balance 179,873 56,887 34,917 1,797,019 3,515 303,147 2,375,358 Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, - - - 1,797,019 3,515 303,147 2,375,358					-		-		-		-		-		
Public Safety - 56,887 34,917 - 3,515 - 95,319 Governmental Public Education Committed: - - - - - - 303,147 303,147 303,147 303,147 200,000 - - - 1,797,019 - - - 1,797,019 - - 1,797,019 - - 1,797,019 - - 1,797,019 - - 1,797,019 - - 2,375,358 - <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td>					-		-		-		-		-		
Governmental Public Education Committed: Economic Development - - - - - - 303,147 303,1			37,495		- 56 887		- 34 017		-		- 3 515		-		
Economic Development - - - 1,797,019 - - 1,797,019 Total Fund Balance 179,873 56,887 34,917 1,797,019 3,515 303,147 2,375,358 Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, - - - 1,797,019 3,515 303,147 2,375,358	Governmental Public Education				-		-		-		-		303,147		
Total Fund Balance 179,873 56,887 34,917 1,797,019 3,515 303,147 2,375,358 Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, 179,873 1,797,019			_		-		-		1,797,019		-		-		1,797,019
	·		179,873		56,887		34,917		1,797,019		3,515		303,147		
		\$	241,486	\$	59,135	\$	34,917	\$	1,882,782	\$	3,793	\$	303,147	\$	2,525,260

Non-Major Governmental Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Year Ended September 30, 2019

	Mu	nicipal Court Fund	Public Safety Fund	Advanced Funding Grant Fund	Economic Development Fund	Reimbursement Grant Fund	PEG Fees Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
REVENUES:								
Ad Valorem Taxes	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,086,365	\$ -	\$ - 3	, ,
Franchise Fees		-	- 7 15 1	5,064	-	100 722	54,160	54,160 121,941
Intergovernmental Service Fees		-	7,154	5,064	64,026	109,723	-	64,026
Fines and Forfeitures		39,359	_		04,020	-	-	39,359
Earnings on Investments		5,890	1,209	876	48,416	570	6,945	63,906
Other		-	-,	7,500	-	1,654	-	9,154
Total Revenues		45,249	8,363	13,440	1,198,807	111,947	61,105	1,438,911
EXPENDITURES:								
General Government		_	_		_	1,654	_	1,654
Public Safety		_	_	9,592	_	109,876	_	119,468
Municipal Court		53,096	-	-	-	-	-	53,096
Economic Development		<u> </u>	-	-	1,553,813	=	<u> </u>	1,553,813
Total Expenditures		53,096	-	9,592	1,553,813	111,530	-	1,728,031
Excess/(Deficiency) of Revenues								
over Expenditures		(7,847)	8,363	3,848	(355,006)	417	61,105	(289,120)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES/(USES):								
Transfers In		_	_	_	715,000	_	_	715,000
Total Other Financing Sources/(Uses)		-			715,000			715,000
Net Change in Fund Balance		(7,847)	8,363	3,848	359,994	417	61,105	425,880
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year		187,720	48,524	31,069	1,437,025	3,098	242,042	1,949,478
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$	179,873	\$ 56,887	\$ 34,917	\$ 1,797,019	\$ 3,515	\$ 303,147	\$ 2,375,358

Municipal Court Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual Year Ended September 30, 2019

	2019											
		Bı Original	udge	et Final		Actual GAAP Basis		Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)				
REVENUES: Fines and Forfeitures Earnings on Investments Total Revenues		19,800 2,100 21,900	\$	19,800 2,100 21,900	\$	39,359 5,890 45,249	\$	19,559 3,790 23,349				
EXPENDITURES: Salaries and Fringe Benefits Supplies Maintenance and Materials Contractual Services Total Expenditures		23,163 49,000 1,000 - 73,163	_	23,163 49,000 1,000 - 73,163	Ξ	20,331 30,200 1,506 1,059 53,096		2,832 18,800 (506) (1,059) 20,067				
Net Change in Fund Balance		(51,263)		(51,263)		(7,847)		43,416				
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		187,720	7	187,720	_	187,720		<u> </u>				
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	136,457	\$	136.457	\$	179.873	\$	43.416				

Public Safety Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual Year Ended September 30, 2019

			2	019)		
	 Bu Original	ıdge	t Final		Actual GAAP Basis		Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)
	 Original		ГШа		Dasis		(Negative)
REVENUES: Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$	-	\$	7,154	\$	7,154
Earnings on Investments Total Revenues	 200 200		200 200	_	1,209 8,363	_	1,009 8,163
EXPENDITURES: General Government Public Safety							
Supplies	 25,000		25,000		-		25,000
Total Expenditures	 25,000		25,000	_	-		25,000
Net Change in Fund Balance	(24,800)		(24,800)		8,363		33,163
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	 48,524	8	48,524	_	48,524	-	<u>-</u>
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 23,724	\$	23,724	\$	56,887	\$	33,163

Advanced Funding Grant Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual Year Ended September 30, 2019

				2	019)		
		Bu Original	ıdge	et Final		Actual GAAP Basis		Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)
	-	Original		ı ınaı	_	Baolo		(Hogalivo)
REVENUES: Intergovernmental Earnings on Investments Other	\$	14,000 200	\$	14,000 200	\$	5,064 876 7,500	\$	(8,936) 676 7,500
Total Revenues		14,200		14,200		13,440		(760)
EXPENDITURES: Supplies		-		_		5,114		(5,114)
Contractual Services		13,700		13,700		4,478		9,222
Total Expenditures		13,700		13,700	_	9,592	_	4,108
Net Change in Fund Balance		500		500		3,848		3,348
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		31,069	Z	31,069		31,069		
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	31,569	\$	31,569	\$	34,917	\$	3,348

Fund Balance at End of Year

Economic Development Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual Year Ended September 30, 2019

2019 Variance With Final Budget Budget **Actual GAAP** Positive Original Final (Negative) Basis **REVENUES:** Ad Valorem Taxes 1,080,834 1,080,834 1,086,365 \$ 5,531 Service Fees 60,500 60,500 64,026 3,526 7,000 7,000 48,416 41,416 Earnings on Investments Total Revenues 1,148,334 1,148,334 1,198,807 50,473 **EXPENDITURES:** Salaries and Fringe Benefits 463,125 463,125 453,009 10,116 Supplies 23,604 23,604 18,457 5,147 Maintenance and Materials 22,866 22,866 17,806 5,060 **Contractual Services** 1,329,252 1,329,252 1,042,520 286,732 Capital Replacement 22,021 22,021 22,021 1,860,868 307,055 **Total Expenditures** 1,860,868 1,553,813 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over/(Under) Expenditures (712,534)(712,534)(355,006)357,528 Other financing sources (uses) Transfers In 715,000 715,000 715,000 Total other financing sources (uses) 715,000 715,000 715,000 Net Change in Fund Balance 2,466 2,466 359,994 357,528 Fund Balance at Beginning of Year 1,437,025 1,437,025 1,437,025

1,439,491 \$

1,439,491 \$

1,797,019 \$

357,528

PEG Fees Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual Year Ended September 30, 2019

				2	019)	
	Budget Final					Actual GAAP	Variance With Final Budget Positive
		Original		Final		Basis	 (Negative)
REVENUES:							
Franchise Fees	\$	60,000	\$	60,000	\$	54,160	\$ (5,840)
Earnings on Investments		1,000		1,000		6,945	5,945
Total Revenues		61,000		61,000		61,105	105
Net Change in Fund Balance		61,000		61,000		61,105	105
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		242,042		242,042	_	242,042	
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	303,042	\$	303,042	\$	303,147	\$ 105

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Internal Service Funds:

Internal Service funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the government and to other government units on a cost reimbursement basis.

The **Capital Replacement Fund** is used to account for financial resources set aside annually to replace equipment as its useful life is consumed.

The **Information Technology Replacement Fund** is used to account for financial resources set aside annually to replace technology as its useful life is consumed.

Internal Service Funds Combining Statement of Net Position September 30, 2019

		Information	
	Capital	Technology	
	Replacement	Replacement	Total
ASSETS:			
Current Assets:			
Pooled Cash and Investments	\$ 3,545,096	\$ 3,678,703	\$ 7,223,799
Interest Receivable	10,136	10,269	20,405
Total Current Assets	3,555,232	3,688,972	7,244,204
Non-Current Assets:			
Capital Assets:			
Machinery and Equipment	8,599,522	6,737,932	15,337,454
Accumulated Depreciation	(4,605,565)	(5,030,757)	(9,636,322)
Total Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated	(4,000,000)	(0,000,101)	(0,000,022)
Depreciation	3,993,957	1,707,175	5,701,132
Total Assets	7,549,189	5,396,147	12,945,336
LIABILITIES:			
Current Liabilities:			
Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities	117,663	127,365	245,028
NET POSITION:			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	3,993,957	1,707,175	5,701,132
Unrestricted	3,437,569	3,561,607	6,999,176
Total Net Position	\$ 7,431,526	\$ 5,268,782	\$ 12,700,308

Internal Service Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Year Ended September 30, 2019

	Capital Replacement	Information Technology Replacement	Total Internal		
OPERATING REVENUES: Other Income Department Contributions Total Operating Revenues	\$ 4,700 1,288,000 1,292,700	\$ - 853,524 853,524	\$ 4,700 2,141,524 2,146,224		
OPERATING EXPENSES: Supplies Maintenance and Materials Contractual Services Total Operating Expenses (Excluding Depreciation) Depreciation Total Operating Expenses	4,189 4,189 684,833 689,022	21,179 8,999 28,958 59,136 341,298 400,434	21,179 8,999 33,147 63,325 1,026,131 1,089,456		
NON-OPERATING REVENUES/(EXPENSES): Investment Income Gain/(Loss) on Disposal of Assets	66,078 50,398 116,476	4,949 	71,027 50,398 121,425		
Total Non-Operating Revenues/(Expenses) NET INCOME/(LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS AND CAPITAL GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS Transfers Out	720,154 (74,472)	458,039 (334,910)	1,178,193 (409,382)		
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	645,682	123,129	768,811		
Net Position at Beginning of Year	6,785,844	5,145,653	11,931,497		
Net Position at End of Year	\$ 7,431,526	\$ 5,268,782	\$ 12,700,308		

Internal Service Funds Combining Statement of Cash Flows Year Ended September 30, 2019

	Re	Capital eplacement	T	nformation echnology eplacement	otal Internal ervice Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Department Contributions Payments to Suppliers	\$	1,292,700 (4,140)	\$	853,524 (152,602)	\$ 2,146,224 (156,742)
Net Cash Provided/(Used) by Operating Activities		1,288,560		700,922	 1,989,482
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Acquisition and Construction of Capital Assets		(961,414)		(194,262)	(1,155,676)
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets Net Cash Provided/(Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities		72,436 (888,978)		(194,262)	72,436 (1,083,240)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Interest on Cash and Investments		62,092		1,045	 63,137
Net Cash Provided/(Used) by Investing Activities		62,092		1,045	 63,137
Net Increase/(Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash and Cash Equivalents, October 1 Cash and Cash Equivalents, September 30	\$	461,674 3,083,422 3,545,096	\$	507,705 3,170,998 3,678,703	\$ 969,379 6,254,420 7,223,799
Reconciliation of Operating Income/(Loss) to Net Cash Provided/(Used) by Operating Activities:					
Operating Income/(Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Income/(Loss) from Operations to Net Cash Provided/(Used) by Operating Activities:	\$	603,678	\$	453,090	\$ 1,056,768
Depreciation Change in Assets and Liabilities:		684,833		341,298	1,026,131
(Increase)/Decrease in Prepaid Items Increase/(Decrease) in Accounts Payable Net Cash Provided/(Used) by Operating Activities	\$	49 1,288,560	\$	9,000 (102,466) 700,922	\$ 9,000 (102,417) 1,989,482
NON-CASH CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING					
ACTIVITIES: Capital Assets in Accounts Payable Transfers of Capital Assets	\$	116,613 (74,472)	\$	126,597 (334,910)	\$ 243,210 (409,382)
Net Non-Cash Items from Capital and Related Financing Activities		42,141	\$	(208,313)	\$ (166,172)

STATISTICAL SECTION

(Unaudited)

The Statistical Section presents detailed information to assist in understanding the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information. It includes five categories of information:

Financial Trends (tables 1-6) – contain trend information to help the reader understand how the government's financial position has changed over time.

Revenue Capacity (tables 7-10) — contain information to help the reader assess the government's ability to generate its own revenues.

Debt Capacity (tables 11-15) – present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the government's current levels of outstanding debt and the government's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Demographic and Economic Information (tables 16-18) – offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the socioeconomic environment within which the government's financial activities take place.

Operating Information (tables 19-21) — contain employee and capital asset data to help the reader understand how the information in the government's financial report relates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs.

Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting) (Unaudited)

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Governmental Activities										
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 123,041,354	\$ 129,261,976	\$ 129,471,095	\$ 135,260,723	\$ 120,034,622	\$ 121,444,364	\$ 122,079,968	\$ 124,922,785	\$ 125,983,819	\$ 125,521,642
Restricted for:	ψ .120,0 · · ·,00 ·	Ψ .20,20.,0.0	Ų 120, 11 1,000	ψσσ,2σσ,2σ	ψ .20,00 .,022	v .=.,,	Ų :==,0:0,000	ψ .12.,022,.00	Ų	Ų 120,021,012
Debt Service	_	1,007,330	1,698,555	904.422	606,471	555,279	660,955	500,094	310,619	83,524
Promotion of Tourism and Hotel Industry	-	· · · -	1,993,040	1,942,378	1,682,165	2,529,271	3,869,581	4,334,037	4,167,549	3,449,095
Child Safety	-	-	30,635	30,635	101,664	190,635	98,540	86,906	84,284	90,718
Justice Administration	-	-	93,472	93,472	31,898	63,638	30,952	21,851	23,222	52,722
Court Technology	-	-	77,179	74,895	79,591	91,942	86,147	74,667	33,370	27,831
Building Security	-	-	66,716	64,742	65,782	176,512	63,655	53,584	-	-
Court Security	-	-	-	-	19,185	19,190	28,125	46,900	46,844	37,495
Public Safety	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	33,238	84,870	101,240
Other purposes	-	-	32,449	22,235	-	25,484	33,694	191,575	242,042	303,147
Unrestricted	23,381,754	21,729,168	20,945,903	13,969,454	25,658,883	7,051,958	7,031,223	29,561,964	31,164,711	33,180,155
Total Net Position - Governmental Activities	\$ 146,423,108	\$ 151,998,474	\$ 154,409,044	\$ 152,362,956	\$ 148,280,261	\$ 132,148,273	\$ 133,982,840	\$ 159,827,601	\$ 162,141,330	\$ 162,847,569
Business-type Activities										
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 36,299,788	\$ 51,113,892	\$ 49,639,925	\$ 57,425,620	\$ 69,948,582	\$ 63,308,088	\$ 62,547,252	\$ 65,363,662	\$ 64,971,096	\$ 63,424,919
Unrestricted	12,740,025	9,834,613	14,194,945	17,372,627	16,460,850	23,121,874	24,910,364	22,218,951	22,483,060	25,438,188
	\$ 49,039,813	\$ 60,948,505	\$ 63,834,870	\$ 74,798,247	\$ 86,409,432	\$ 86,429,962	\$ 87,457,616	\$ 87,582,613	\$ 87,454,156	\$ 88,863,107
					·					
Primary Government										
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 159,341,142	\$ 180,375,868	\$ 179,111,020	\$ 192,686,343	\$ 189,983,204	\$ 184,752,452	\$ 184,627,220	\$ 190,286,447	\$ 190,954,915	\$ 188,946,561
Restricted for:										
Debt Service	-	1,007,330	1,698,555	904,422	606,471	555,279	660,955	500,094	310,619	83,524
Promotion of Tourism and Hotel Industry	-	-	1,993,040	1,942,378	1,682,165	2,529,271	3,869,581	4,334,037	4,167,549	3,449,095
Child Safety	-	-	30,635	30,635	101,664	190,635	98,540	86,906	84,284	90,718
Justice Administration	-	-	93,472	93,472	31,898	63,638	30,952	21,851	23,222	52,722
Court Technology	-	-	77,179	74,895	79,591	91,942	86,147	74,667	33,370	27,831
Building Security	-	-	66,716	64,742	65,782	176,512	63,655	53,584	-	-
Court Security	-	-	-	-	19,185	19,190	28,125	46,900	46,844	37,495
Public Safety	-	-	-		-			33,238	84,870	101,240
Other Purposes			32,449	22,235		25,484	33,694	191,575	242,042	303,147
Unrestricted	36,121,779	31,563,781	35,140,848	31,342,081	42,119,733	30,173,832	31,941,587	51,780,915	53,647,771	58,618,343
Total Net Position - Primary Government	\$ 195,462,921	\$ 212,946,979	\$ 218,243,914	\$ 227,161,203	\$ 234,689,693	\$ 218,578,235	\$ 221,440,456	\$ 247,410,214	\$ 249,595,486	\$ 251 710 676
. Stat. 1.5t. i Coldon i illinary Covornillont	ψ 100, 102,021	Ţ _12,010,010	\$ 210,210,01 1	Ç 227,101,200	+ 201,000,000	\$ Z10,010,200	+	¥ 211,110,214	¥ 210,000, f00	+ -01,710,070

SOURCE: Town of Addison Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports

Note: 2015 and prior Public Safety included in Other Purposes. Starting in 2017, Public Safety is separate from Other Purposes.

Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting) (Unaudited)

	2010		2011		2012			2013
Expenses Governmental Activities:	_		_		_		_	-
General Government Public Safety	\$	6,876,385 14,550,333	\$	6,709,095 14,914,759	\$	6,485,716 15,130,157	\$	7,021,312 15,229,474
Development Services		938,059		866,023		879,253		925,830
Streets		5,277,938		4,913,524		5,028,071		8,387,857
Parks and Recreation Visitor Services		4,502,295 6,027,442		4,742,946 6,431,136		4,963,327 6,852,198		5,062,784 7,239,033
Interest on Long-Term Debt		2,423,732		2,261,571		2,548,945		3,054,940
Total Governmental Activities		40,596,184		40,839,054		41,887,667		46,921,230
Business-type Activities:		4 404 056		4 207 204		4 506 200		F 100 221
Airport Utilities		4,181,256 8,529,681		4,387,384 8,633,217		4,526,398 9,178,844		5,188,321 9,459,791
Storm Water		-		-		-		234,257
Total Business-type Activities		12,710,937	-	13,020,601	-	13,705,242		14,882,369
Total Expenses - Primary Government	\$	53,307,121	\$	53,859,655	\$	55,592,909	\$	61,803,599
Program Revenues Governmental Activities:								
Charges for Services:								
General Government	\$	266,954	\$	143,529	\$	208,734	\$	225,731
Public Safety		2,094,280		1,899,711		2,225,165		1,611,320
Development Services Streets		835,808		1,213,741		956,089		888,908
Parks and Recreation		332,330 108,113		2,299,731 107,387		378,982 114,164		384,303 114,866
Visitor Services		2,183,247		2,007,821		2,429,686		2,379,812
Operating Grants and Contributions		230,290		223,792		164,749		73,578
Capital Grants and Contributions		1,348,141		3,429,804		568,285		
Total Governmental Activities		7,399,163		11,325,516	-	7,045,854		5,678,518
Business-type Activities: Charges for Services:								
Airport		4,289,225		4,526,593		4,255,547		4,505,430
Utilities		8,806,069		10,740,568		11,128,700		10,802,692
Storm Water		-		-		-		1,307,573
Operating Grants and Contributions		-		-		-		-
Capital Grants and Contributions		1,102,850		9,668,165		1,258,798		9,331,840
Total Business-type Activities		14,198,144		24,935,326		16,643,045		25,947,535
Total Program Revenues - Primary Government	\$	21,597,307	\$	36,260,842	\$	23,688,899	\$	31,626,053
Not (Fun ages)/Parague			-	_	-	_		
Net (Expense)/Revenue Governmental Activities	\$	(33,197,021)	\$	(29,513,538)	\$	(34,841,813)	\$	(41,242,712)
Business-Type Activities	,	1,487,207	*	11,914,725	*	2,937,803	*	11,065,166
Total Net Expense - Primary Government	\$	(31,709,814)	\$	(17,598,813)	\$	(31,904,010)	\$	(30,177,546)
General Revenues Taxes:								
Property Taxes, Levied for General Purposes	\$	15,900,631	\$	15,772,858	\$	17,400,696	\$	17,975,149
Sales Taxes		9,987,439		10,604,803		11,988,116		13,029,712
Franchise Taxes Hotel/Motel Taxes		2,578,154 3,666,781		2,792,601 4,000,786		2,699,520 4,295,149		3,021,899 4,575,083
Interest on Investments		339,986		148,966		99,065		133,140
Gain/(Loss) on Disposal of Capital Assets Miscellaneous		2,474,485		- 772,276		769,837		- 461,641
Transfers Total General Revenues and Transfers		34,947,476		34,092,290		37,252,383		39,196,624
		04,047,470		04,002,200		01,202,000		00,100,024
Business-type Activities Interest on Investments		11,065		(16,178)		(51,843)		(71,264)
Gain/(Loss) on Disposal of Capital Assets		-		(10,170)		(01,040)		(11,204)
Miscellaneous Transfers		18,732		10,145		405		(30,525)
Total Business-type Activities		29,797		(6,033)		(51,438)		(101,789)
Change in Net Position								
Governmental Activities		1,750,455		4,578,752		2,410,570		(2,046,088)
Business-type Activities		1,517,004		11,908,692		2,886,365		10,963,377
Total Change in Net Position - Primary Government	\$	3,267,459	\$	16,487,444	\$	5,296,935	\$	8,917,289

SOURCE: Town o f Addison Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports

 2014	 2015		2016	 2017	 2018	2019
\$ 7,938,875 15,765,099 932,247 6,450,628 5,597,254 7,358,141 3,037,574 47,079,818	\$ 8,730,944 16,820,899 1,032,105 8,105,373 5,517,049 6,106,103 3,018,672 49,331,145	\$	10,015,214 17,528,619 1,278,232 6,567,732 5,796,136 7,537,477 2,417,435 51,140,845	\$ 7,184,325 7,021,636 100,924 6,660,591 4,259,992 6,839,484 1,713,819 33,780,771	\$ 10,218,620 17,814,777 1,379,071 7,249,140 6,068,682 7,118,492 2,038,203 51,886,985	\$ 10,149,540 19,855,190 3,137,715 7,677,651 6,840,345 6,884,597 1,938,010 56,483,048
6,027,300 10,317,160 768,016	5,893,611 10,748,886 848,354		6,454,693 10,821,202 2,092,187	6,509,127 10,081,401 1,408,133	6,996,377 12,708,842 820,337	6,574,351 12,329,112 1,427,551
17,112,476	17,490,851		19,368,082	17,998,661	20,525,556	20,331,014
\$ 64,192,294	\$ 66,821,996	\$	70,508,927	\$ 51,779,432	\$ 72,412,541	\$ 76,814,062
\$ 235,233 1,506,770 904,895 390,453 102,288 2,195,803 19,093	\$ 688,005 945,217 1,015,053 400,561 82,681 1,890,522 25,806 158,253	\$	753,062 1,070,517 774,364 375,564 74,719 3,532,634 27,472 148,518	\$ 961,336 947,071 1,242,223 391,126 86,595 3,249,506 51,063	\$ 407,531 848,523 1,414,425 414,493 82,122 2,206,293 106,322 121,578	\$ 763,244 916,430 1,379,721 403,676 64,453 1,834,700 100,904 130,000
 5,354,535	5,206,098		6,756,850	6,928,920	5,601,287	5,593,128
4,857,759 9,953,099 1,640,615	5,138,479 9,877,262 1,726,526		5,387,660 10,576,707 1,883,841 129,093	5,479,786 10,983,136 2,034,484 50,000	6,197,849 12,178,231 2,140,112 121,226	6,725,125 11,847,562 2,237,953 69,241
 7,660,647	 1,025,835		2,130,601	 148,158	 395,372	 457,426
 24,112,120	 17,768,102	_	20,107,902	 18,695,564	 21,032,790	 21,337,307
\$ 29,466,655	\$ 22,974,200	\$	26,864,752	\$ 25,624,484	\$ 26,634,077	\$ 26,930,435
\$ (41,725,283) 6,999,644	\$ (44,125,047) 277,251	\$	(44,383,995) 739,820	\$ (26,851,851) 696,903	\$ (46,285,698) 507,234	\$ (50,889,920) 1,006,293
\$ (34,725,639)	\$ (43,847,796)	\$	(43,644,175)	\$ (26,154,948)	\$ (45,778,464)	\$ (49,883,627)
\$ 19,484,538 14,222,194 2,806,656 5,011,671 130,419	\$ 20,385,225 14,104,584 2,828,420 5,510,406 181,811	\$	22,593,188 13,847,507 3,074,519 6,132,432 316,288	\$ 23,572,225 15,126,354 2,664,422 5,996,924 472,896	\$ 23,600,531 17,734,689 2,624,458 5,507,072 831,714	\$ 25,180,507 16,258,669 2,513,414 5,436,211 1,365,659
613,432	590,619		581,628	3,736,791	27,311 292,272	12,935 328,764
(4,626,322) 37,642,588	43,601,065		46,545,562	 800,000 52,369,612	500,000 51,118,047	 500,000 51,596,159
(22,013)	100,928		151,937	185,046	335,367 (242,744)	833,703
7,232 4,626,322	512,888		135,897	43,048 (800,000)	22,102 (500,000)	68,955 (500,000)
 4,611,541	613,816		287,834	 (571,906)	(385,275)	402,658
(4,082,695) 11,611,185	(523,982) 891,067		2,161,567 1,027,654	25,517,761 124,997	4,832,349 121,959	706,239 1,408,951
\$ 7,528,490	\$ 367,085	\$	3,189,221	\$ 25,642,758	\$ 4,954,308	\$ 2,115,190

Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting) (Unaudited)

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016 2017		2018	2019
Conoral Fund										
General Fund	\$ 188 035	œ.	œ	œ	œ.	\$ -	œ.	œ.	œ.	œ.
Reserved	\$ 188,035	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	э -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Nonspendable: Inventories		87,835	114,733	44.406	66,933	63,176	41,001	39,550	54,843	34,155
Prepaid Items	-	67,135	57,054	44,486 291,424	272,713	267,357	84,681	39,550 449,442		
	-	61,193		291,424	2/2,/13	207,357	04,001	449,442	442,875	470,103
Assigned for Other Purposes	40.000.740		23,061	40.040.400	15,166,365	11,271,328	12,765,117	45 070 040	20,465,238	20,083,986
Unassigned	10,668,716	10,150,531	12,178,216	13,643,488				15,879,046		
Total General Fund	10,856,751	10,366,694	12,373,064	13,979,398	15,506,011	11,601,861	12,890,799	16,368,038	20,962,956	20,588,244
All Other Governmental Funds										
Reserved	1,302,623	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Unreserved, Reported in:	.,002,020									
Special Revenue Funds	51.469	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Capital Project Funds	20,334,339	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Debt Service Funds	863.925	_	_	_		_	_	_	_	_
Hotel Fund	4,423,339	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Nonspendable:	.,,									
Prepaid Items	_	_	36,974	_	_	_	50,836	38,669	_	_
Restricted for:			,-:				,	,		
Debt Service	-	1,945,104	1,840,901	1,234,727	1,020,159	831,366	541,074	370,527	168,535	17.993
Promotion of Tourism & Hotel Industry	-	-	1,993,040	1,942,378	1,682,165	2,529,271	3,861,008	4,331,245	4,122,537	3,449,095
Capital Projects	_	9,851,762	39,654,624	41,716,425	45,239,484	40,901,630	33,162,293	21,834,283	13,687,452	11,067,329
Child Safety	_	-	-	93,472	101,664	88,479	98,540	86,906	84,284	90,718
Justice Administration	-	_	-	30,635	31,898	28,893	30,952	21,851	23,222	23,829
Court Technology	_	83,827	201,286	74,895	79,591	77,831	86,147	74,667	33,370	27,831
Building Security	-	72,462	66,716	64,742	65,782	63,789	63,655	53,584	-	-
Court Security	-	-	_		19,185	19,190	28,125	46,900	46,844	37,495
Public Safety	-	_	-		, -	, <u>-</u>	30,521	31,059	82,691	95,319
Other Purposes	-	45,500	36,793	22,235	_	25,484	327,000	191,575	242,042	303,147
Committed for:				,		,	,	,	,	,
Capital Projects	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,688,169	8,120,427	8,951,963
Economic Development	-	358,676	516,823	664,401	477,233	752,819	968,178	1,257,093	1,437,025	1,797,019
Assigned for:										
Other Purposes	-	27,603	_	-	_	_	-	-	_	-
Unassigned	-	115,223	(3,883)	(6,364)	3,115	_	-	-	-	-
Total All Other Governmental Funds	26,975,695	12,500,157	44,343,274	45,837,546	48,720,276	45,318,752	39,248,329	36,026,528	28,048,429	25,861,738
										-,, ,
Total Governmental Funds	\$ 37,832,446	\$ 22,866,851	\$ 56,716,338	\$ 59,816,944	\$ 64,226,287	\$ 56,920,613	\$ 52,139,128	\$ 52,394,566	\$ 49,011,385	\$ 46,449,982

SOURCE: Town of Addison Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports

Notes: The Town implemented GASB Statement No. 54 "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions" in fiscal year 2011.

2015 and prior Public Safety included in Other Purposes. Starting in 2016, Public Safety is separate from Other Purposes.

Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting) (Unaudited)

(Unaudited)	2010	2011	2012	2013
REVENUES: Ad Valorem Taxes Non-Property Taxes Franchise Fees Licenses and Permits Intergovernmental Service Fees Fines and Forfeitures Earnings on Investments Rental Charges Recycling Proceeds Other Total Revenues	\$ 15,900,747 13,744,620 2,578,154 833,178 1,323,831 3,135,434 1,215,414 298,634 700,207 21,126 2,277,342 42,028,687	\$ 15,803,400 14,564,185 2,760,188 1,210,058 3,543,357 2,840,317 1,104,477 122,128 733,957 22,608 531,149 43,235,824	\$ 17,471,642 16,183,779 2,727,370 953,709 2,676,792 3,104,592 1,208,773 75,972 931,619 26,414 483,009 45,843,671	\$ 18,047,998 17,604,795 2,695,073 886,423 73,578 2,939,606 1,082,115 122,169 1,119,737 25,539 105,803
EXPENDITURES: Current: General Government Public Safety Development Services Streets Parks and Recreation Visitor Services Municipal Court Economic Development Debt Service: Principal Retirement Interest and Fiscal Charges Debt Issuance Costs Capital Projects: Salaries and Fringe Benefits Supplies Maintenance and Materials Other Engineering and Contractual Services Construction and Equipment	6,323,891 13,812,617 887,132 1,672,375 3,698,831 5,445,391 - 4,369,520 2,444,875 - 937 231,367 - 2,585,480 9,431,214	6,353,784 14,857,023 885,218 1,612,011 4,061,666 7,655,939 - 342,200 3,873,610 2,284,774 - 9,870 - 1,846,919 14,375,210	6,135,191 15,075,757 886,705 1,612,699 4,269,381 6,171,479 54,370 469,679 4,738,040 1,918,640 141,666	6,371,055 14,945,841 927,684 1,750,500 4,316,689 7,116,334 53,112 624,014 4,701,161 2,747,654 - 80,660 3,946 138,236 2,165,061 3,742,776
Total Expenditures	50,903,630		45,326,701	49,684,723
Excess/(Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	(8,874,943)	(14,922,400)	516,970	(4,981,887)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES/(USES): Proceeds from Refunding Bonds Issued Payment to Refunded Bond Escrow Agent Issuance of Debt Discount on issuance of bonds Bond Issuance Costs	:	- - -	46,315,000 (14,834,842) - (632,482)	7,790,000 -
Premium on Issuance of Bonds Transfers In Transfers Out Proceeds on Asset Sales Total Other Financing Sources/(Uses)	2,133,827 (2,133,827)	1,384,156 (1,384,156)	4,133,956 1,258,263 (3,074,679) - 33,165,216	292,493 578,501 (578,501)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (8,874,943)	\$ (14,922,400)	\$ 33,682,186	\$ 3,100,606
Debt Service as a Percentage of Non-Capital Expenditures	17.63%	15.40%	16.32%	17.27%

SOURCE: Town of Addison Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports

2014		2015		2016	2017		 2018	2019	
\$ 19,274,720 19,444,668 2,818,866 901,645 19,093 2,758,456 988,574 143,299 1,119,551 13,296 206,157 47,688,329		20,560,124 19,728,511 2,828,420 1,011,223 180,612 2,543,707 764,144 277,680 1,201,389 10,403 199,880 49,306,093	\$	22,559,004 20,181,697 3,074,519 768,964 160,619 4,463,789 603,282 372,088 949,956 2,426 377,608	\$	23,521,642 21,217,028 2,664,422 1,225,373 15,565 4,520,358 468,734 472,896 704,701 3,258 391,883	\$ 23,783,670 23,148,710 2,624,458 1,404,035 16,228 3,620,748 358,737 831,714 635,165 11,407 324,961	\$	25,196,771 21,595,724 2,513,414 1,366,941 193,904 2,997,653 415,721 1,365,659 566,257 616 254,100
6,646,587 15,876,424 962,584 1,727,405 4,874,394 6,730,501 30,876 1,029,585 5,086,153 3,110,704		7,657,465 16,699,726 1,090,973 1,803,139 4,755,341 5,454,910 60,426 1,281,649 5,473,152 3,417,820		7,598,584 16,301,539 1,207,871 1,791,257 4,912,455 7,077,371 17,610 1,349,920 5,800,151 3,089,643		8,057,632 16,945,126 1,158,967 1,942,584 5,020,975 7,595,136 66,616 1,747,750 5,618,331 2,810,607	8,381,216 17,919,259 1,374,246 1,895,171 5,054,566 6,780,909 75,904 1,475,201 4,909,148 2,631,422		8,923,060 18,708,501 1,350,598 1,777,128 5,520,903 7,313,226 53,096 1,553,813 4,280,000 2,475,279
3,110,702 12,458	• •	5,417,620 - - -		3,069,043		2,010,007	2,031,422 - - -		2,473,279 - - -
422,982 8,241,546 54,752,200	! <u></u>	5,076,254 3,840,912 56,611,767	=	62,647 9,086,389 58,295,437		416,179 7,583,129 58,963,032	 758,687 9,414,596 60,670,325		1,469,752 6,115,742 59,541,098
(7,063,871	<u>) </u>	(7,305,674)		(4,781,485)		(3,757,172)	 (3,910,492)		(3,074,338)
12,000,000 97,299 570,000)	- - - 5,226,082		- - - 2,349,124		- - - - 7,624,205	- - - - 3,618,152		- - - - 5,686,504
(570,000) 	(5,226,082)		(2,349,124)		(6,824,205) 3,212,610 4,012,610	 (3,118,152) 27,311 527,311		(5,186,504) 12,935 512,935
\$ 5,033,428	\$ \$	(7,305,674)	\$	(4,781,485)	\$	255,438	\$ (3,383,181)	\$	(2,561,403)
16.119	6	18.38%		18.07%		16.41%	14.71%		12.98%

GENERAL GOVERNMENTAL REVENUES BY SELECTED SOURCES

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Taxes	Franchise Fees	Licenses and Permits	Inter- governmental	Service Fees	Fines and Forfeitures	Interest	Rental Charges	Other (1)	Total
2010	29,645,367	2,578,154	833,178	1,323,831	3,135,434	1,215,414	298,634	700,207	21,126	39,751,345
2011	30,367,585	2,760,188	1,210,058	3,543,357	2,840,317	1,104,477	122,128	733,957	22,608	42,704,675
2012	33,655,421	2,727,370	953,709	2,676,792	3,104,592	1,208,773	75,972	931,619	26,414	45,360,662
2013	35,652,793	2,695,073	886,423	73,578	2,939,606	1,082,115	122,169	1,119,737	25,539	44,597,033
2014	38,719,388	2,818,869	901,645	19,093	2,758,458	988,574	143,299	1,119,551	13,295	47,482,172
2015	40,288,635	2,828,420	1,011,223	180,612	2,543,707	764,144	277,680	1,201,389	10,403	49,106,213
2016	42,740,701	3,074,519	768,964	160,619	4,463,789	603,282	372,088	949,956	2,426	53,136,344
2017	44,738,670	2,664,422	1,225,373	15,565	4,520,358	468,734	472,896	704,701	3,258	54,813,977
2018	46,932,380	2,624,458	1,404,035	16,228	3,620,748	358,737	831,714	635,165	336,368	56,759,833
2019	46,792,495	2,513,414	1,366,941	193,904	2,997,653	415,721	1,365,659	566,257	254,716	56,466,760

Table includes General, Special Revenue, Capital Project, and Debt Service Funds

Notes: (1) Includes recycling fees and contributions.

GENERAL GOVERNMENTAL EXPENDITURES BY FUNCTION

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	General Government ³	Public Safety	Development Services	Streets	Parks and Recreation ¹	Visitor Services ²	Economic Development	Debt Service	Total
2010	6,323,891	13,812,617	887,132	1,672,375	3,698,831	5,445,391	-	6,814,395	38,654,632
2011	6,353,784	14,857,023	885,218	1,612,011	4,061,666	7,655,939	342,200	6,158,384	41,926,225
2012	6,135,191	15,130,127	886,705	1,612,699	4,269,381	6,171,479	469,679	6,798,346	41,473,607
2013	6,371,055	14,998,953	927,684	1,750,500	4,316,689	7,116,334	624,014	7,448,815	43,554,044
2014	6,646,587	15,907,302	962,584	1,727,403	4,874,394	6,730,501	1,029,585	8,196,857	46,075,213
2015	7,657,465	16,760,152	1,090,973	1,803,139	4,755,341	5,454,910	1,281,649	8,890,972	47,694,601
2016	7,598,584	16,319,149	1,207,871	1,791,257	4,912,455	7,077,371	1,349,920	8,889,794	49,146,401
2017	8,057,632	17,011,742	1,158,967	1,942,584	5,020,975	7,595,136	1,747,750	8,428,938	50,963,724
2018	8,457,120	17,919,259	1,374,246	1,895,171	5,054,566	6,780,909	1,475,201	6,755,279	49,711,751
2019	8,976,156	18,708,501	1,350,598	1,777,128	5,520,903	7,313,226	1,553,813	6,755,279	51,955,604

Table includes General, Special Revenue, and Debt Service funds.

- (1) The Arbor Fund was created in fiscal year 1996 to account for the activities of the Addison Parks Foundation, a Texas non-profit corporation, and is included in the Parks and Recreation category through fiscal year 2009. As of October 1, 2009, the bylaws of the foundation were amended to remove the direct involvement of the Town in the foundation's affairs.
- (2) Hotel Fund.
- (3) Includes Municipal Court

SUMMARY OF TAX REVENUES AND FRANCHISE FEES

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal	Property	1% Town	Mixed Beverage	Franchise	Hotel Occupancy	
Year	Taxes ¹	Sales Tax	Taxes	Fees	Tax	Total
2010	15,900,747	9,155,849	921,990	2,578,154	3,666,781	32,223,521
2011	15,803,400	9,632,640	930,759	2,760,188	4,000,786	33,127,773
2012	17,471,642	11,089,866	798,764	2,727,370	4,295,149	36,382,791
2013	18,047,998	12,217,439	812,273	2,695,073	4,575,083	38,347,866
2014	19,274,720	13,440,938	994,609	2,818,869	5,009,121	41,538,257
2015	20,560,124	13,038,912	1,176,643	2,828,420	5,512,956	43,117,055
2016	22,559,004	12,831,723	1,211,761	3,074,519	6,138,213	45,815,220
2017	23,521,642	14,032,616	1,229,708	2,664,422	5,954,703	47,403,091
2018	23,783,670	16,449,993	1,146,633	2,624,458	5,552,084	49,556,838
2019	25,196,771	15,017,082	1,151,057	2,513,414	5,427,585	49,305,909

Table includes General, Special Revenue, Capital Project, and Debt Service funds.

⁽¹⁾ Includes penalty and interest.

ASSESSED AND ESTIMATED MARKET VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Actual Levy Year	Real Property Assessed Value ¹	Personal Property Assessed Value	Less Tax-Exempt Property Assessed Value	Total Taxable Value	Total Direct Tax Rate ²
2010	2009	3,095,240,320	633,330,780	(417,521,300)	3,311,049,800	0.4960
2011	2010	2,872,659,100	601,788,640	(415,674,023)	3,058,773,717	0.5300
2012	2011	2,864,186,430	586,674,080	(422,817,942)	3,028,042,568	0.5800
2013	2012	2,955,211,640	580,038,950	(400,355,712)	3,134,894,878	0.5800
2014	2013	3,270,235,970	621,418,790	(401,647,062)	3,490,007,698	0.5718
2015	2014	3,538,702,310	685,963,840	(419,085,309)	3,805,580,841	0.5618
2016	2015	3,742,314,940	722,808,570	(428,399,743)	4,036,723,767	0.5792
2017	2016	3,996,508,870	757,661,770	(453,899,085)	4,300,271,555	0.5605
2018	2017	4,179,274,260	730,791,690	(459,532,446)	4,450,533,504	0.5500
2019	2018	4,477,513,780	729,708,210	(481,462,821)	4,725,759,169	0.5500

SOURCE: Dallas Central Appraisal District

⁽¹⁾ Assessed value is 100% of estimated market value.

⁽²⁾ Per \$100 of valuation.

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES (PER \$100 OF ASSESSED VALUE)

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	(City Direct Rate	es ¹	Overlapping Rates ²					
Fiscal Year	Operating General Rates	General Obligation Debt Service	Total Direct Ad Valorem Rate	Dallas County	Community College District	Dallas ISD	Carrollton/ Farmers Branch ISD	Dallas County Hospital District	Total Ad Valorem Rate
2010	0.3360	0.1600	0.4960	0.2333	0.0949	1.2713	1.3422	0.2740	2.3696
2011	0.3479	0.1821	0.5300	0.2531	0.0992	1.2378	1.3469	0.2710	2.3911
2012	0.3819	0.1981	0.5800	0.2531	0.0997	1.2903	1.3568	0.2710	2.4941
2013	0.3593	0.2207	0.5800	0.2530	0.1194	1.2903	1.3306	0.2710	2.5138
2014	0.3588	0.2130	0.5718	0.2531	0.1247	1.2820	1.3235	0.2760	2.5076
2015	0.3437	0.2181	0.5618	0.2531	0.1248	1.2820	1.3033	0.2860	2.5077
2016	0.3767	0.2024	0.5792	0.2531	0.1237	1.2821	1.2817	0.2860	2.5240
2017	0.3812	0.1793	0.5605	0.2524	0.1229	1.2821	1.3917	0.2794	2.4973
2018	0.3970	0.1530	0.5500	0.2531	0.1242	1.2821	1.3810	0.2794	2.4888
2019	0.4073	0.1427	0.5500	0.2531	0.1240	1.4120	1.3700	0.2794	2.6185

SOURCE: Dallas County Tax Office

⁽¹⁾ The Town's operating tax rate may be increased only by a majority vote of the City Council up to the limit prescribed by State law, after which the Town's residents may petition for a vote. Rates for debt service are set based on each year's requirements.

⁽²⁾ Overlapping rates are those of local and county governments that apply to property owners within the Town of Addison. The Carrollton/Farmers Branch ISD tax rate is excluded from the total Ad Valorem rate because most of the property owners in Addison are within the Dallas ISD geographic boundaries.

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Actual	Taxes Levied	Collection the Fiscal Yea		Collections	Total Collecti	ions to Date
Fiscal Year	Levy Year	for the Fiscal Year	Current Tax Collections	Percentage of Levy	in Subsequent Years (1)	Total Tax Collections	Percentage of Levy
2010	2009	16,475,365	15,867,761	96.3%	3,531	15,871,292	96.3%
2011	2010	16,249,988	15,678,212	96.5%	52,882	15,731,094	96.8%
2012	2011	17,612,952	17,280,758	98.1%	119,185	17,399,943	98.8%
2013	2012	18,227,706	17,940,483	98.4%	32,002	17,972,485	98.6%
2014	2013	20,000,565	19,246,998	96.2%	(11,276)	19,235,722	96.2%
2015	2014	21,430,622	20,641,789	96.3%	(125,202)	20,516,587	95.7%
2016	2015	23,445,994	22,584,093	96.3%	(77,086)	22,507,007	96.0%
2017	2016	24,175,503	23,458,172	97.0%	(6,535)	23,451,637	97.0%
2018	2017	24,531,963	23,833,997	97.2%	(115,949)	23,718,048	96.7%
2019	2018	26,050,652	25,281,036	97.0%	(152,247)	25,128,789	96.5%

SOURCE: Dallas County Tax Office

⁽¹⁾ Negative amounts represent refunds of taxes to property owners who appealed their values for the current year (or previous years) to the Dallas Central Appraisal District and received lower valuations as a result of the appeal.

RATIO OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE

Last Ten Fiscal Years

-	Governmental Activities		Business-type	e Activities			
Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds	Certificates of Obligation	General Obligation Bonds	Certificates of Obligation	Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income (%)	Per Capita
2010	22,775,000	33,117,380	7,740,152	9,467,620	73,100,152	13.09	5,599
2011	19,575,000	32,443,770	5,245,003	9,176,230	66,440,003	11.14	5,087
2012	40,587,307	40,779,773	2,656,792	10,580,639	94,604,511	15.50	6,916
2013	44,865,727	39,564,153	-	20,668,963	105,098,843	16.11	7,594
2014	52,868,244	38,578,326	2,145,000	25,322,281	118,913,851	15.71	7,834
2015	48,157,452	37,513,716	1,805,000	24,545,293	112,021,461	14.93	7,213
2016	65,165,138	15,642,986	8,122,465	17,312,599	106,243,188	14.10	6,810
2017	59,974,766	14,009,287	7,663,243	16,305,591	97,952,887	12.89	6,227
2018	56,085,819	12,309,771	7,186,019	15,274,984	90,856,593	10.65	5,765
2019	51,888,184	11,604,403	6,410,005	28,118,950	98,021,542	11.31	6,123

SOURCE: Town of Addison Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports. See Table 16 for personal income and population data.

RATIO OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds ¹	Certificates of Obligation ¹	Less: Amounts Available in Debt Service Fund ²	Total Outstanding Debt	Percentage of Actual Taxable Value (%)	Per Capita
2010	30,515,152	42,585,000	1,126,069	71,974,083	2.17	5,512.72
2011	24,820,003	41,620,000	1,127,831	65,312,172	2.14	5,000.93
2012	43,244,099	51,360,412	1,079,254	93,525,257	3.09	6,836.64
2013	44,865,727	60,233,116	1,234,727	103,864,116	3.31	7,504.63
2014	55,013,244	63,900,607	1,020,159	117,893,692	3.38	7,766.38
2015	49,962,452	62,059,009	831,367	111,190,094	2.92	7,159.70
2016	73,287,603	32,955,585	541,075	105,702,113	2.62	6,775.78
2017	67,638,009	30,314,878	370,527	97,582,360	2.27	6,203.58
2018	63,271,838	27,584,755	168,535	90,688,058	2.04	5,754.32
2019	57,654,198	39,023,647	17,993	96,659,852	2.05	6,121.59

NOTES:

SOURCE:

Town of Addison Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports See Table 8 for taxable values and Table 16 for population data.

⁽¹⁾ The schedule of general bonded debt includes general obligation debt of both governmental activities and business-type activities.

⁽²⁾ This is the amount restricted for debt service principal payments at the fund level.

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING DEBT

Year Ended September 30, 2019

Taxing Jurisdiction		Bonded Debt	Percent Applicable ¹	Ove	Estimated Share of erlapping Debt
Carrollton-Farmers Branch ISD Dallas County Dallas County Community College District Dallas County Hospital District Dallas County Schools Dallas ISD	\$	230,980,000 151,495,000 182,800,000 671,290,000 36,801,240 2,676,385,000	1.42% 1.69% 1.69% 1.69% 2.08% 3.38%	\$	3,279,916 2,560,266 3,089,320 11,344,801 765,466 90,461,813
Total Overlapping Debt					111,501,582
Town of Addison (Direct Debt)	\$	59,290,000 (2)	100%		59,290,000
Total Direct and Overlapping Debt				\$	170,791,582
Ratio of Overlapping Bonded Debt to 2017 Taxal	ble Asse	essed Valuation			3.61%
Per Capita Overlapping Bonded Debt				\$	10,816

SOURCE: Municipal Advisory Council of Texas

See Table 8 for taxable values and Table 16 for population data.

⁽¹⁾ The percentage of overlapping debt is estimated using taxable assessed property values. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the assessed valuation of taxable property within both the overlapping taxing body and the Town's boundaries and dividing that shared value by the total taxable assessed value within the overlapping taxing body.

⁽²⁾ Total bonded debt shown for the Town of Addison excludes self-supporting debt and amount available for repayment in the Debt Service funds. It includes all bonded debt that is secured by ad valorem taxes.

SCHEDULE OF REVENUE BOND COVERAGE WATER AND SEWER FUND

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Net Revenu	e Available for De	bt Service	Debt S			
Fiscal Year	Gross Revenue	Expense ¹	Net Revenue	Principal	Interest	Total	Revenue Bond Coverage ³
2010	8,803,804	6,811,662	1,992,142	-	-	-	N/A
2011	10,726,977	7,024,544	3,702,433	-	-	-	N/A
2012	11,068,924	7,529,490	3,539,434	-	-	-	N/A
2013	10,743,714	8,052,963	2,690,751	-	-	-	N/A
2014	9,894,247	8,449,185	1,445,062	_^	-	-	N/A
2015	10,241,191	9,017,932	1,223,259	-	-	-	N/A
2016	10,688,878	9,116,360	1,572,518	-	-	-	N/A
2017	11,087,788	8,988,724	2,099,064	-	-	-	N/A
2018	12,211,566	11,121,149	1,090,417	_	-	-	N/A
2019	11,939,132	10,729,825	1,209,307	-	-	-	N/A

⁽¹⁾ Includes "operating expenses excluding depreciation" and "non-operating expenses excluding interest expense".

⁽²⁾ Includes principal and interest of revenue bonds only. It does not include the general obligation bonds reported in the enterprise fund.

Revenue bond coverage is equal to net revenue available for debt service divided by total principal and interest. Revenue bonds were retired in fiscal year 2002. Current year debt associated with the Town's Utility (Water and Sewer) Fund is limited to general obligation bonds and certificates of obligation. This debt is secured by the Town's property taxes but is supported by Utility Fund revenues.

SCHEDULE OF COMBINATION TAX AND REVENUE CERTIFICATES OF OBLIGATION COVERAGE HOTEL FUND

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Net Revenu	ue Available for De	ebt Service	Debt S			
Fiscal Year	Gross Revenue	Expenditure ¹	Net Revenue	Principal	Interest	Total	Bond Coverage ²
2010	5,900,022	963,908	4,936,114	535,000	181,037	716,037	6.9
2011	6,026,377	1,007,162	5,019,215	555,000	164,988	719,988	7.0
2012	6,740,112	1,080,980	5,659,132	620,000	108,143	728,143	7.8
2013	6,970,189	1,626,644	5,343,545	600,000	104,623	704,623	7.6
2014	7,181,306	1,063,116	6,118,190	625,000	86,650	711,650	8.6
2015	7,512,047	959,140	6,552,907	640,000	70,800	710,800	9.2
2016	9,680,180	1,156,760	8,523,420	660,001	52,050	712,051	12.0
2017	9,307,410	1,211,193	8,096,217	680,000	31,200	711,200	11.4
2018	7,889,706	1,027,977	6,861,729	700,000	10,500	710,500	9.7
2019	7,354,784	956,507	6,398,277	-	-	-	N/A

⁽¹⁾ Combination Tax and Revenue Certificates of Obligation bond covenants require only Conference Centre expenditures be considered when calculating bond coverage.

⁽²⁾ Bond coverage is equal to net revenue available for debt service divided by total principal and interest.

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS AS OF SEPTEMBER 30

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Estimated Population ¹	Assessed Valuations ²	Personal Income (Thousands)	Per Capita Personal Income ³	Labor Force ⁴	Unemployment Rate ⁵
2010	13,056	3,311,049,800	558,248	42,758	3,300,761	7.9%
2011	13,060	3,058,773,717	596,254	45,655	3,374,414	7.6%
2012	13,680	3,028,042,568	610,333	44,615	3,420,186	6.4%
2013	13,840	3,134,894,878	652,418	47,140	3,474,226	5.9%
2014	15,180	3,490,007,698	756,981	49,867	3,539,326	4.8%
2015	15,530	3,805,580,841	750,379	48,318	3,585,279	3.9%
2016	15,600	4,036,723,767	753,761	48,318	3,703,339	3.9%
2017	15,730	4,300,271,555	760,042	48,318	3,810,780	3.3%
2018	15,760	4,450,533,504	852,821	54,113	3,900,458	3.4%
2019	15,790	4,819,907,442	854,444	54,113	4,014,600	3.2%

SOURCES:

- (1) North Central Texas Council of Governments estimates
- (2) Dallas Central Appraisal District
- (3) United States Census American Community Survey; figures are based on the most current data available.
- (4) Texas Workforce Commission Effective January 2005, data for cities of less than 25,000 was no longer provided. The information presented represents the Dallas, Plano, Irving Metro Area.
- (5) Texas Workforce Commission Effective January 2005, data for cities of less than 25,000 was no longer provided. The information presented represents the City of Farmer's Branch, a neighboring city.

PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS

Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		 20)19		 20	10	
Name of Taxpayer	Nature of Property	Taxable Assessed Valuation	Rank	Percent of Total Taxable Assessed Valuation	Taxable Assessed Valuation	Rank	Percent of Total Taxable Assessed Valuation
FPG Colonnade LP Post Apartment Homes SAYOYE2 LLC 5100 Belt Line Investors LLC Mary Kay INC COP Spectrum Center LLC Gaedeke Holdings IX LLC Fiori LLC DCO Realty Inc GS Addison Circle LLC Colonnade Realty Holdings Post Addison Circle Richmont Properties Ltd G&I V VOP LP DCO Savoye LLC MBNA Texas Properties Spectrum Center Partners KBS Millennium LLC Fairfield Addison Circle FSP Addison Circle LP	Land, Office Buildings Mixed Development Apartments Insurance Office Buildings Office Buildings Office Buildings Land, Hotel Land, Office Buildings Office Buildings Land, Office Buildings Mixed Development Land, Office Buildings Land, Office Buildings Land, Office Buildings Apartments Land, Office Buildings Office Buildings Office Buildings Office Buildings Office Buildings Apartments Land, Office Buildings Apartments Land, Office Buildings	\$ 225,004,500 185,000,000 121,841,700 99,250,000 92,730,890 86,000,000 78,015,630 78,000,000 77,877,520 74,221,380	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	4.76% 3.91% 2.58% 2.10% 1.96% 1.65% 1.65% 1.57%	\$ 117,997,180 115,000,000 63,318,740 50,000,000 48,690,430 44,318,610 43,431,250 40,298,490 33,800,000 31,566,000	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	3.86% 3.76% 2.07% 1.63% 1.59% 1.45% 1.42% 1.32% 1.11% 1.03%
		\$ 1,117,941,620	_	23.66%	\$ 588,420,700		19.24%

SOURCE: Dallas County Tax Office (2019); Town of Addison CAFR (2010)

MAJOR EMPLOYERSCurrent Year and Nine Years Ago

		20	19	201	0
		Estimated	Percent	Estimated	Percent
		Number of	of Total	Number of	of Total
Company	Type of Business	Employees	Employees	Employees	Employees
Mary Kay Cosmetics	Cosmetics	1,200	1.80%	1,183	2.59%
Bank of America	Finance	1,200	1.80%	837	1.83%
Homeward Residential Inc	Finance	750	1.13%	N/A	N/A
Regus Texas	Real Estate	590	0.89%	250	0.55%
Barrett Daffin Frappier Turner	Attorney Firm	550	0.83%	N/A	N/A
Expense Reduction Analysts	Consulting Service	501	0.75%	N/A	N/A
Maxim Integrated Products	Manufacturing	500	0.75%	N/A	N/A
Intercontinental Hotel Dallas	Hospitality	450	0.68%	N/A	N/A
National Bankruptcy Services	Bankruptcy Service	450	0.68%	N/A	N/A
Zurich American Insurance Co.	Insurance	400	0.60%	N/A	N/A
	Elementary & High				
Greenhill School	School	370	0.56%	258	0.57%
Pizza Hut Corporate Office	Food Specialties	N/A		620	1.36%
Concentra Health Services	Medical	N/A		432	0.95%
Glazers Wholesale	Beer, Wine and Spirits	N/A		300	0.66%
United Surgical Partners	Medical	N/A		275	0.60%
National Business Research	Surveying and Research	N/A		267	0.58%
Palm Harbor Homes LP	Manufactured Homes	N/A		240	0.53%

SOURCE: North Central Texas Council of Governments (2019); Town of Addison CAFR (2010)

BUDGETED FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function/Program	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
General Government										
City Manager's Office	8.5	8.0	7.5	6.0	7.0	8.0	7.5	6.5	6.5	7.5
Financial and Strategic Services	9.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	7.5	9.7	13.0	13.0	13.0	13.0
Municipal Court	5.7	5.4	5.4	5.4	5.7	5.7	5.8	5.8	5.8	5.0
General Services	10.0	9.0	8.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	4.8	4.8	5.5
Human Resources	5.2	4.2	5.2	4.2	4.2	3.5	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0
Information Technology	6.0	6.0	6.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0
Total General Government	44.4	40.6	40.1	35.6	36.4	38.9	42.3	41.1	41.1	42.0
Public Safety										
Police	73.3	72.3	73.8	73.8	75.3	79.8	79.8	71.0	71.0	72.0
Emergency Communications	13.5	13.5	13.5	13.5	13.5	13.5	14.5	-	-	-
Fire	54.0	53.0	52.0	52.0	55.3	55.3	55.3	56.0	57.0	57.0
Total Public Safety	140.8	138.8	139.3	139.3	144.1	148.6	149.6	127.0	128.0	129.0
Development Services	7.0	7.0	7.2	7.2	7.2	7.2	7.2	11.0	11.0	12.0
Economic Development	-	-	1.0	2.0	3.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0
Public Works										
Streets	7.0	7.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.4	5.4	6.4	6.4	7.4
Stormwater					1.4	1.7	1.7	2.0	2.0	4.0
Utilities	17.0	17.0	16.0	18.0	18.3	16.6	17.6	19.2	19.2	22.2
Total Public Works	24.0	24.0	21.0	23.0	24.7	23.7	24.7	27.6	27.6	33.6
Parks and Recreation										
Parks	20.0	20.0	20.0	21.0	21.0	21.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	21.0
Recreation	15.6	15.6	14.6	14.6	14.6	15.1	15.1	15.7	15.7	15.7
Total Parks and Recreation	35.6	35.6	34.6	35.6	35.6	36.1	37.1	37.7	37.7	36.7
Visitor Services										
Visitor Services	2.5	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	-	-	-	_	-
Conference Centre	7.5	7.5	8.0	7.0	8.7	8.5	9.5	9.5	9.5	9.5
Special Events	4.0	3.0	3.0	3.5	4.0	4.3	4.3	4.2	4.2	4.5
Marketing	-	-	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
General Hotel Operations Performing Arts	-	-	-	-	-	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
Total Visitor Services	14.0	13.5	15.0	14.5	16.7	14.8	15.8	16.7	16.7	17.0
Airport Fund	2.0	2.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.4	3.4	4.4
Airport Fund		2.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.4	<u> </u>	4.4
TOTAL	267.8	261.5	261.2	260.2	270.7	276.3	283.7	268.5	269.5	278.7

SOURCE: Town of Addison Finance Department

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function/Program	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Police										
Crimes Against Property	968	1,056	933	942	768	728	835	804	866	846
Crimes Against Persons	381	388	435	393	358	55	97	106	61	91
Arrests	2,775	2,876	2,924	2,548	2,006	1,712	1,679	1,702	1,706	1,567
Calls for Service	15,453	17,989	17,390	16,463	16,624	17,181	20,700	17,163	17,092	17,298
Fire										
Number of Fires	44	51	45	61	63	51	39	42	60	45
Dollar Loss	\$ 2,212,000	\$ 3,027,173	\$ 2,484,545	\$ 1,166,345	\$ 1,268,010	\$ 608,900	\$ 686,920	\$ 1,394,390	\$ 3,324,215	\$ 3,422,870
Calls for Service - Fire	834	866	837	896	989	996	865	652	823	802
Calls for Service - EMS	1,518	1,463	1,676	1,696	1,598	1,730	1,765	1,683	1,608	1,726
Streets										
Tons of Recycling Collected	328	330	334	360	387	323	390	419	463	418
Parks										
Acres Maintained	139	163	163	163	163	163	163	163	163	163
Recreation										
Recreation Event Participants	14,947	14,874	22,496	22,632	21,392	21,392	22,462	26,401	24,640	26,561
Number of Users	125,339	123,794	131,730	128,722	122,656	122.656	122,111	126,287	123.961	126,228
Active Athletic Club Members	3,300	3,428	3,637	3,669	3,942	3,942	3,665	3,815	3,949	4,135
Active Athletic Club Members	3,300	3,420	3,037	3,009	3,942	3,342	3,003	3,013	3,949	4,133
Utilities										
Water Usage - Peak1	8,895	9,402	8,871	8,979	10,042	11,093	8,846	7,652	8,803	8,073
Water Usage - Average ¹	4,334	5,014	5,021	4,829	4,577	4,682	4,628	4,672	4,895	4,478
Service Line Breaks	11	7	10	11	16	8	4	10	12	6
Water Main Breaks	1	1	2	5	7	4	2	7	4	4

SOURCE: Town of Addison Department Data

Notes: (1) In thousands of gallons

CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function/Program	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Dublic Cofety										
Public Safety	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Police Stations	2	2	1 2	1 2	2	1 2	2	2	2	2
Fire Stations	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Public Works										
Streets - Paved (miles)	41	41	41	41	41	41	43	43	43	43
Lane Miles	164	164	164	164	164	164	167	167	167	167
Traffic Signals	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	37	37
Traine Oighais	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	37	37
Parks and Recreation										
Acres Maintained	139	163	163	163	163	163	163	163	163	163
Parks	13	15	15	15	15	15	14	14	14	14
Playgrounds	3	5	5	5	5	5	3	3	3	3
Soccer/Football Fields	-	1	1	1	1	1	-	_	-	_
Community Centers	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Community Comorc	•	•	•	•			·	•	•	•
Water										
Water Mains (Miles)	96	80	80	80	80	80	80	96	96	96
Fire Hydrants	1,013	1,052	1,052	1,038	1,038	1,038	1,052	1,052	1,052	1,076
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Wastewater										
Miles of Sanitary Sewers	82	66	66	66	66	66	66	75	75	72
Miles of Storm Sewers	22	57	57	60	60	60	76	76	76	76

SOURCE: Town of Addison Department Data