

# REGULAR MEETING & WORK SESSION OF THE CITY COUNCIL

March 6, 2018

### **ADDISON TOWN HALL**

### 5300 BELT LINE RD., DALLAS, TX 75254 5:00 PM EXECUTIVE SESSION & WORK SESSION 7:30 PM REGULAR MEETING

1. Closed (executive) session of the Addison City Council pursuant to:

Section 551.071, Tex. Gov. Code, to conduct a private consultation with its attorney on a matter in which the duty of the attorney to the governmental body under the Texas Disciplinary Rules of Professional Conduct of the State Bar of Texas clearly conflicts with Chapter 551, Tex. Gov. Code, pertaining to:

- Town of Addison v. Landmark Structures, L.P., Urban Green Energy, Freese and Nichols, Inc. v. SWG Energy, Inc. - Cause No. DC-15-07691 44th Judicial Court, Dallas County
- The ponds or lakes at Vitruvian Park located within the vicinity and east of the intersection of Vitruvian Way and Ponte Ave., and Farmers Branch Creek
- Budget Suites of America located at 15130 Marsh Lane, Addison, Texas, 75001
- Contract Dispute with Harris Corporation Public Safety Radios

Section 551.087, Texas Government Code, to discuss or deliberate regarding commercial or financial information that the City Council has received from a business prospect or business prospects that the City Council seeks to have locate, stay, or expand in or near the territory of the Town of Addison and with which the City Council is conducting economic development negotiations, and/or to deliberate the offer of a financial or other incentive to such business prospect or business prospects.

Project Skip

2. RECONVENE INTO REGULAR SESSION: In accordance with Texas Government Code, Chapter 551, the City Council will reconvene into Regular Session to consider action, if any, on matters discussed in Executive Session. WORK SESSION 3. Present and Discuss **Progress on the Town of Addison's Asset Management Plan.** 4. Present and Discuss the **Midway Road Tree Assessment**. 5. Present and Discuss the **Format for the Town Meeting on April 16, 2018.** REGULAR MEETING Pledge of Allegiance Announcements and Acknowledgements regarding Town and Council Events and Activities Discussion of Events/Meetings

Public Comment.

The City Council invites citizens to address the City Council on any topic not on this agenda. Please fill out a **City Council Appearance Card** and submit it to a city staff member prior to Public Participation. Speakers are allowed **up to three** (3) minutes per speaker with fifteen (15) total minutes on items of interest or concern and not on items that are on the current agenda. In accordance with the Texas Open Meetings Act, the City Council cannot take action on items not listed on the agenda. The Council may choose to place the item on a future agenda.

#### Consent Agenda:

All items listed under the Consent Agenda are considered routine by the City Council and will be enacted by one motion with no individual consideration. If individual consideration of an item is requested, it will be pulled from the Consent Agenda and discussed separately.

- 7. Consider Action to Approve a Resolution for Landscape Maintenance of Addison Circle District and Addison Circle Park to LawnScape of Dallas and Authorize the City Manager to Execute the Agreement in an Amount not to Exceed \$117,540.
- 8. Consider Action to Approve an Ordinance to Adopt a Tariff Authorizing an Annual Rate Review Mechanism (RRM) as a Substitution for the Annual Interim Rate Adjustment Process as Defined by Section 104.301 of the Texas Utilities Code As Negotiated Between Atmos Energy Corp Mid-Tex Division and the Steering Committee of Cities Serviced by Atmos Energy Corp., Mid-Tex Division.

### Regular Items

- 9. Present and Discuss the <u>Planning and Zoning Commission Annual Report</u> for 2017.
- 10. Hold a Public Hearing, Present, Discuss, and Consider Action to Approve an Ordinance Changing the Zoning on Property Located at 14555 Dallas
  Parkway, Which Property is Currently Zoned PD, Planned Development,
  Through Ordinances O16-028 and O17-05, by Approving a Special Use
  Permit for a Restaurant with the Sale of Alcoholic Beverages for
  On-Premise Consumption Only. Case 1772-SUP/Ascension.
- 11. Present, Discuss, and Consider Action on a <u>Resolution for Appointments to the Economic Development Strategic Plan Special Project Committee.</u>
- 12. Present, Discuss and Consider Action on <u>Acceptance of the Fiscal Year</u> 2017 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR).

### Adjourn Meeting

NOTE: The City Council reserves the right to meet in Executive Session closed to the public at any time in the course of this meeting to discuss matters listed on the agenda, as authorized by the Texas Open Meetings Act, Texas Government Code, Chapter 551, including §551.071 (private consultation with the attorney for the City); §551.072 (purchase, exchange, lease or value of real property); §551.074 (personnel or to hear complaints against personnel); §551.076 (deployment, or specific occasions for implementation of security personnel or devices); and §551.087 (economic development negotiations). Any decision held on such matters will be taken or conducted in Open Session following the conclusion of the Executive Session.

Posted:

Christie Wilson, 03/01/2018, by 6:00 p.m.

THE TOWN OF ADDISON IS ACCESSIBLE TO PERSONS WITH DISABILITIES. PLEASE CALL (972) 450-7090 AT LEAST
48 HOURS IN ADVANCE IF YOU NEED ASSISTANCE.

Al-2629 3.

Work Session and Regular Meeting

**Meeting Date:** 03/06/2018

**Department:** Infrastructure- Development Services **Pillars:** Excellence in Asset Management **Milestones:** Create an Asset Management Plan

### AGENDA CAPTION:

Present and Discuss **Progress on the Town of Addison's Asset Management Plan.** 

### **BACKGROUND:**

On May 23, 2017, the Council approved a contract with Kayuga Solution, Inc., for the development of a comprehensive Asset Management Plan (AMP) for the Town of Addison. Since that time, Kayuga has been working with staff members from various departments to gather information related to the inventory and condition of the Town's buildings, parks, utilities, streets, and fleet.

Significant progress has been made on the development of the plan.

- The Roadway management system: All GIS data has been gathered and reviewed. The asset inventory and assessment is underway. The asset registry is in development and the replacement cost estimation has begun. The prioritization methodology is in development. This system is 80% complete. The data collection, assessment and processing is estimated to be complete by March 30 and will be included in the draft plan that is estimated to be complete by April 27.
- The Park management system: All parks have been inventoried and missing assets have been identified. The asset register has been developed along with the initial prioritization methodology. The initial Infrastructure Reinvestment Intelligence System (IRIS) model has been created. The management strategies have been approved by the department. Remaining to do is the landscape area data collection and assessment and the asset prioritization methodology verification. Once these are done, the Parks asset management plan will be written and submitted for review. This system is 90% complete. The data collection, assessment and processing is estimated to be complete by March 30 and will be included in the draft plan that is estimated to be complete by April 27.
- The Fleet management system: The asset register is complete and the initial asset cost estimate has been developed. The initial risk management strategies have been developed. Remaining to do is to verify the management strategies. The Fleet asset management plan will then be written and submitted for review. This system is 95% complete and will be included in the draft plan that is estimated to be complete by April 27.
- The **Building management system:** The building data collection and assessment is done. The asset register is complete and the initial asset cost estimation has been developed. Next will be the verification of the asset replacement cost estimation and the management strategies. The Building asset management plan will then be written and submitted for review. This system is 95% complete and will be included in the draft plan that is estimated to be complete by April 27.
- The Water and Wastewater management system: The inventory of all the assets is complete and the asset registry is complete. The gap in the GIS data has been identified and analyzed. The cleanup of the data is in progress. The remaining items are the asset

replacement cost estimation, the development of the management strategies, the risk assessment methodology development, and the life-cycle cost modeling. This system is 90% complete and will be included in the draft plan that is estimated to be complete by April 27.

Town Staff and Kayuga Solutions will provide an update on the progress to date, discuss what is currently underway, and what is remaining to do. Also, they will preview the Infrastructure Reinvestment Information System (IRIS) that will be provided as a part of the Asset Management Plan.

### **RECOMMENDATION:**

Information only, no action required.

### **Attachments**

Presentation - Asset Management Plan Update





# **Town of Addison Infrastructure Asset Management Story**

Asset Management Project: Progress Update

March 6, 2018











### **Order of Presentation**

- Asset Management Objectives
- Project Approach
  - Data Collection Methodology
  - Asset Management Analytics
  - Level of Service Consideration in AMP
  - Asset Management Tool Demo
- Project Outcome / Deliverable
  - IRIS
  - Asset Management Plans
- Q&A





### **Project Objectives**

- Consolidate asset knowledge
- Develop an asset database foundation
- Understand current state and future asset needs
- Assess risk and prioritize needs based on risk
- Develop strategy to balance cost, service, and risk
- Transition from reactive to proactive state of practice
- Provide a logical, transparent, and defendable decision-making platform

Tell a Good Asset Management Story!





### **Work Process**

# Establish the Asset Database Foundation Uth

- Consolidate existing information
- Perform asset inventory
- Develop asset register

# Understand the State of the Assets

- Perform condition assessment
- Identify maintenance needs
- Identify replacement and rehabilitation needs



- Perform life cycle cost analyses
- Perform risk analyses
- Calculate cost of ownership





- •Risk assessment
- Funding impact
- •Risk impact



Document the Findings

- **Asset Types**
- Bridges
- Buildings
- Fleet
- Landscape
- Parks
- Trails
- Roadway
- Water
- Wastewater
- Stormwater
- Airport

- Strategize to create balance
- Develop asset management plan





# **Big Data is Coming!**

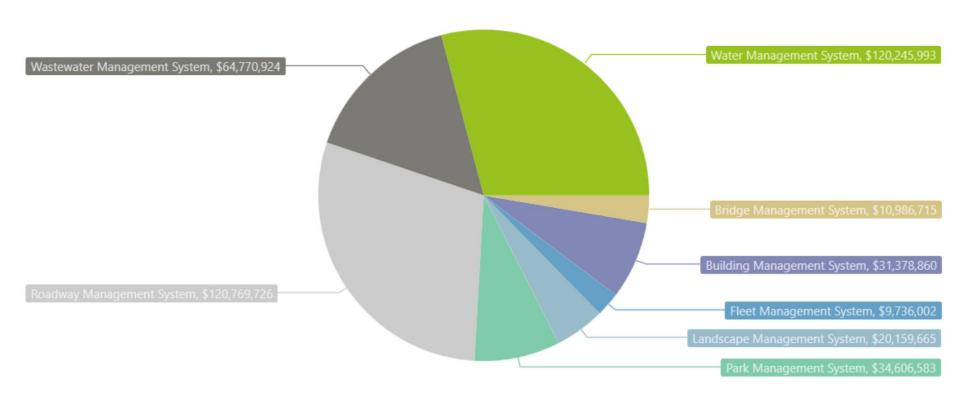
- Building the asset data foundation
  - To date: 37,529 assets
    - Bridges 419 assets
    - Buildings 7,379 assets
    - Fleet 182 assets
    - Landscape 2,421 assets
    - Park 3,993 assets
    - Roadway 7,488 assets
    - Wastewater 3,518 assets
    - Water 12,129 assets
  - Next Phase
    - Storm drains
    - Airport
    - CMMS





### **Summation of Replacement Costs**

• 37,529 assets → ~\$450 million







### **Park Assets**

• 3,993 assets

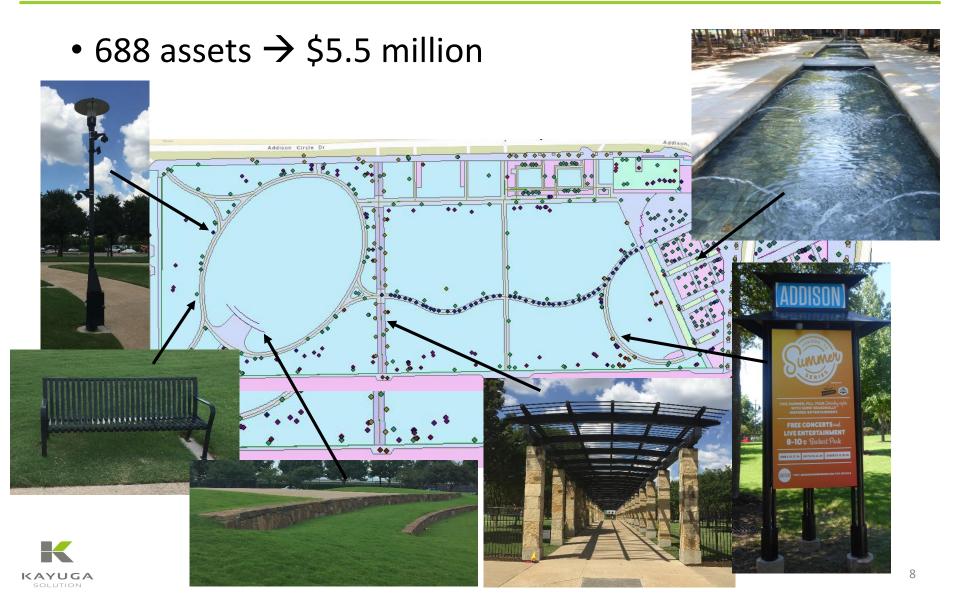








### **Addison Circle Park Assets**





# **Park Asset Inventory**

### • 3,993 park assets

Park	Assets	Park	Assets
Addison Circle	688	North Addison	144
Addison Town	109	Parkview	95
Arapaho	140	Quorum	197
Beckert	133	Redding Trail	565
Beltway Sam's	42	Redding Trail Dog Park	99
Blueprint	77	Spruill	168
Bosque	126	Vitruvian	553
Celestial	161	White Rock Creek Trail	100
Community Garden	85	Winnwood	100
Les Lac Linear	411		





# Signage





### **Celestial Pump Station Pump Assembly**



Suction Isolation Valve (In Vault)

Pump #3

Motor #3

**Vibration Switch** 

Discharge Air Release Valve

Discharge Air Release Isolation Valve

Discharge Air Release Check Valve

Motorized Discharge Isolation Valve



Motorized Discharge Isolation Valve Actuator

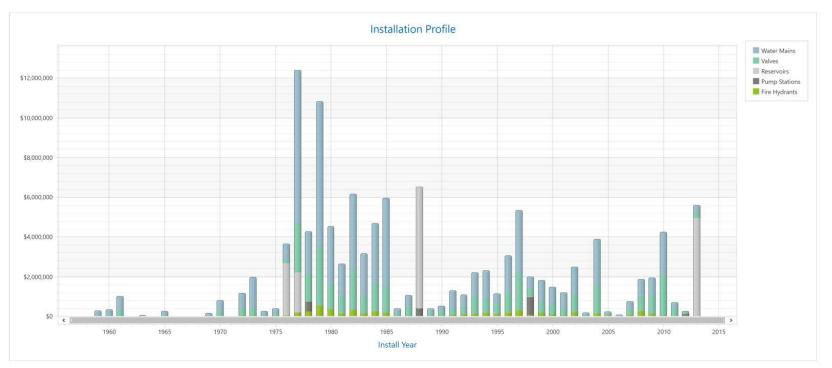




# **But Assets are Aging**

- We have assets that are over 50 years old
- We have assets in that are in need of replacement

### Water Management System

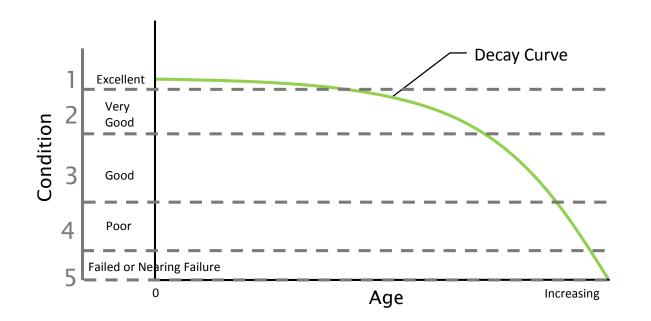




# **Using Condition as Indicator for Replacement Timing**



Scale	Description		
1	New or nearly new condition		
2	Very good condition or better than expected		
3	Good or as expected condition		
4	Poor or recommended replacement within 2 years		
5	Failed or nearing failure, need immediate attention		





# ADDISON

# **Signs in Poor Condition**





# **Poor Condition Assets - Buildings**











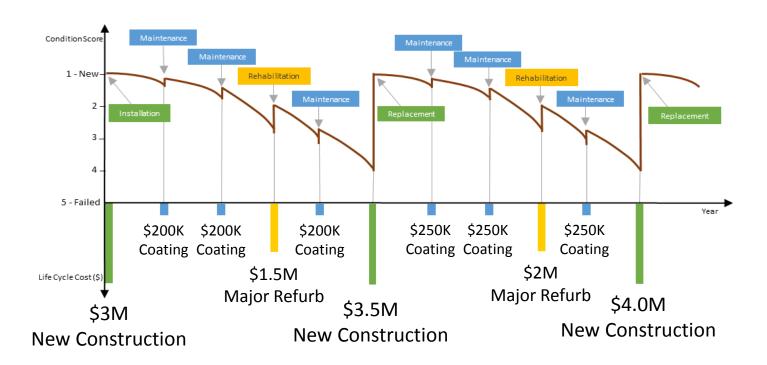






### **Calculating the Cost of Ownership**

Water Tower Life Cycle Cost Example

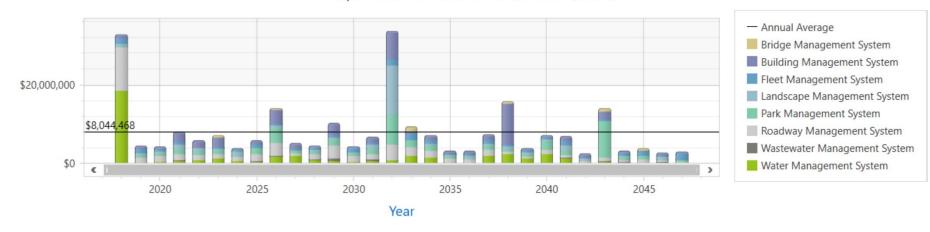








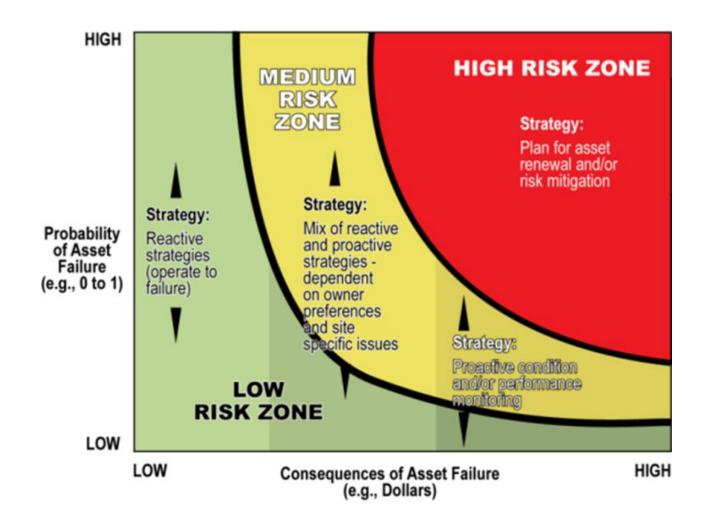
### Replacement & Rehabilitation (R&R)







### Use the Concept of Risk to Prioritize







# **Park/Trail Criticality**

Park Name	Usage	
Addison Circle Park	High	
Spruill Park	High	
Vitruvian Park	High	
Beckert Park	High	
Blueprints at Addison Circle	High	
Bosque Park	Medium	
Celestial Park	Medium	
Les Lacs Linear Park	Medium	
Parkview Park	Medium	
Quorum Park	Medium	
Winnwood Park	Medium	
Redding Trail	Medium	
Addison Town Park	Low	
Arapaho Park	Low	
North Addison Park	Low	
Beltway Sam's Park	Low	
Community Garden	Low	
Redding Trail Dog Park	Low	
White Rock Creek Trail	Low	





# **Asset Level Criticality**

Criticality – 5	Criticality - 4	Criticality - 3	Criticality - 2	Criticality - 1
Critical	<b>—</b>		<b></b>	Non-Essential
<ul> <li>Play Structure</li> <li>Playground     Surfacing</li> <li>Walkway</li> <li>Handrail</li> <li>Etc.</li> </ul>	<ul><li>Irrigation     Controller</li><li>Shelters</li><li>Stairways</li><li>Lighting</li><li>Etc.</li></ul>	<ul><li>Bench</li><li>Drinking Fountain</li><li>Picnic Table</li><li>Etc.</li></ul>	<ul><li>Fencing</li><li>Bike Rack</li><li>Trash Bin</li><li>Etc.</li></ul>	<ul><li>Information Board</li><li>Etc.</li></ul>





# **Park Management System Risk Profile**

Probability of Failure	1	\$14,750 1	\$15,750 20	\$14,500 27	\$54,250 67	\$5,500 2
	8.0	\$229,304 44	\$5,591,292 580	\$2,848,958 1083	\$4,577,648 788	\$8,441,942 454
	0.6	\$0 0	\$0 0	\$0 0	\$0 0	\$0 0
	0.4	\$3,000 1	\$290,488 85	\$1,013,798 269	\$1,064,555 238	\$9,826,133 241
	0.2	\$0 19	\$31,946 2	\$360,719 32	\$212,150 31	\$9,900 9
		1	2	3	4	5

Consequence of Failure





### Level of Service vs. Asset Management Plan

Achieving balance

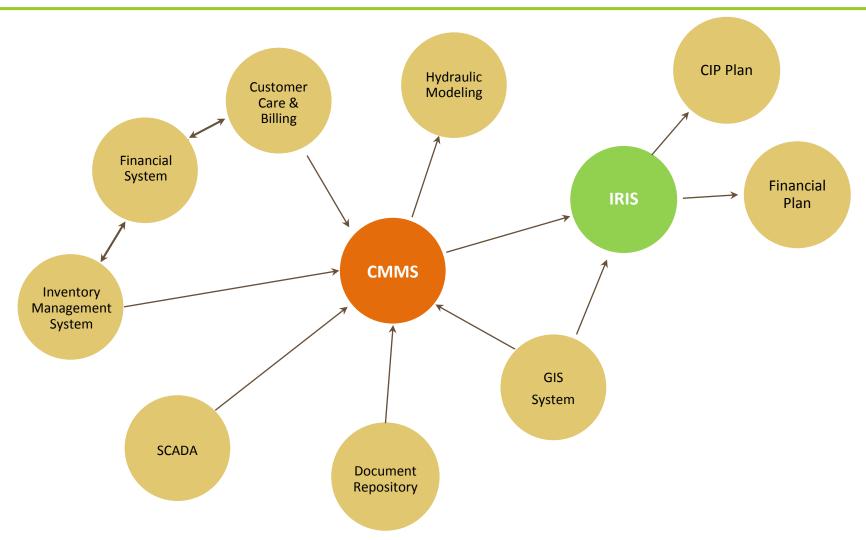








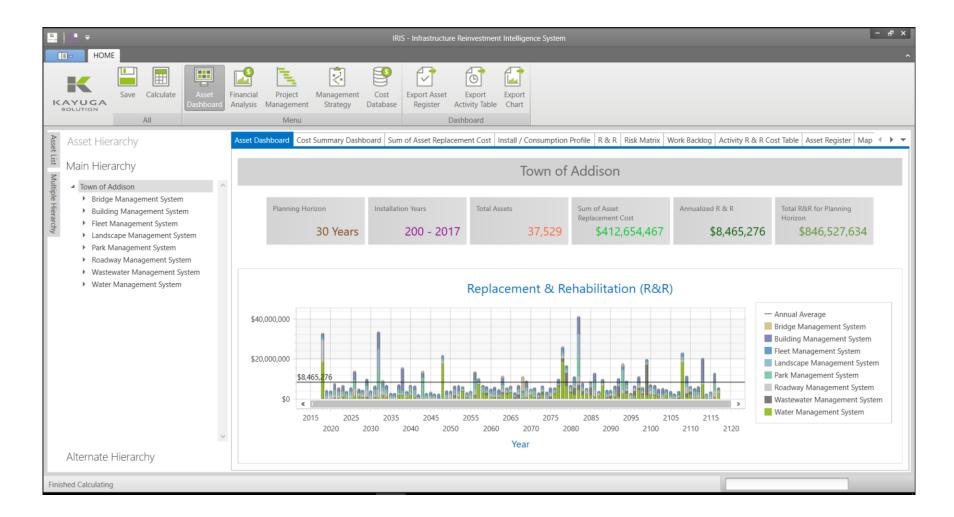
# **Asset Management Information System**







### **IRIS** Demonstration







# Thank you!



Al-2605 4.

**Work Session and Regular Meeting** 

**Meeting Date:** 03/06/2018

**Department:** Parks & Recreation

### **AGENDA CAPTION:**

Present and Discuss the **Midway Road Tree Assessment**.

#### **BACKGROUND:**

In 2012, Addison voters approved \$16 million in General Obligation bonds for the revitalization of Midway Road from Spring Valley Road to Keller Springs Road. The roadway is failing due to age, heavy truck traffic, and a sub-grade soil issues.

Design for the project began in October 2014. The original project scope included a concrete roadway reconstruction, median reconstruction, Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) compliance improvements, and an Oncor lighting package. As design progressed, the replacement of the water, sanitary sewer, and stormwater lines was added to the scope due to the age of the utility lines and the likely need for replacement in the near future. Preliminary cost estimates for the project are \$38 million (in 2016 dollars). Design has been placed on hold pending the outcome of a discussion concerning funding for the project.

While the design was on hold, the Town adopted a new Master Transportation Plan (MTP). The MTP updated the requirements for the width of streets, as well as the width and location of the pedestrian amenities along those streets. The plan also identified Midway Road as a corridor for an off-street trail.

Staff and Council met on-site along Midway Road on November 3, 2017. The purpose of this meeting and site visit was to provide Council a better understanding of the overall project and to discuss the impact of implementing the MTP improvements. The site visit started in the parking lot adjacent to the Office in the Park development, then traveled south to the Crowne Plaza area, then north to the Wheeler Bridge. Following this site visit, staff commissioned a consulting arborist to study the Midway Road trees. Staff and the consulting arborist will present the findings from the study.

### **RECOMMENDATION:**

Staff requests direction from Council.

### **Attachments**

Presentation - Midway Road Tree Assessment

# Midway Road Trees

Council Work Session March 6, 2018



# Midway Road



- On November 3, 2017, Staff and Council walked Midway Road to look at the impacts of the Master Transportation Plan on the corridor.
- During the site visit, Council requested more information on the Master Transportation Plan's impact on the existing trees.
- Staff hired a consulting arborist to study the current health and structure of the existing trees.

# Midway Road Tree Study



- Trees were inspected to determine:
  - Species
  - Size
  - Location
  - Overall Health
  - Overall Structure
  - Remaining Life Expectancy
  - Feasibility of Transplantation
- For trees more than 8' from existing curb, a suggested critical-root-zone (CRZ) radius and prognosis for survival has been added.

# Midway Road Tree Study – Rating Factors



### Health:

- Age relative to average lifespan
- Canopy fullness / density
- Leaf size & color
- Twig elongation rates (average annual growth)
- Deadwood / evidence of dieback or loss-of-vigor
- Borers or life-threatening disease
- Vascular issues (cankers/ basal wounds / irreparable girdling)

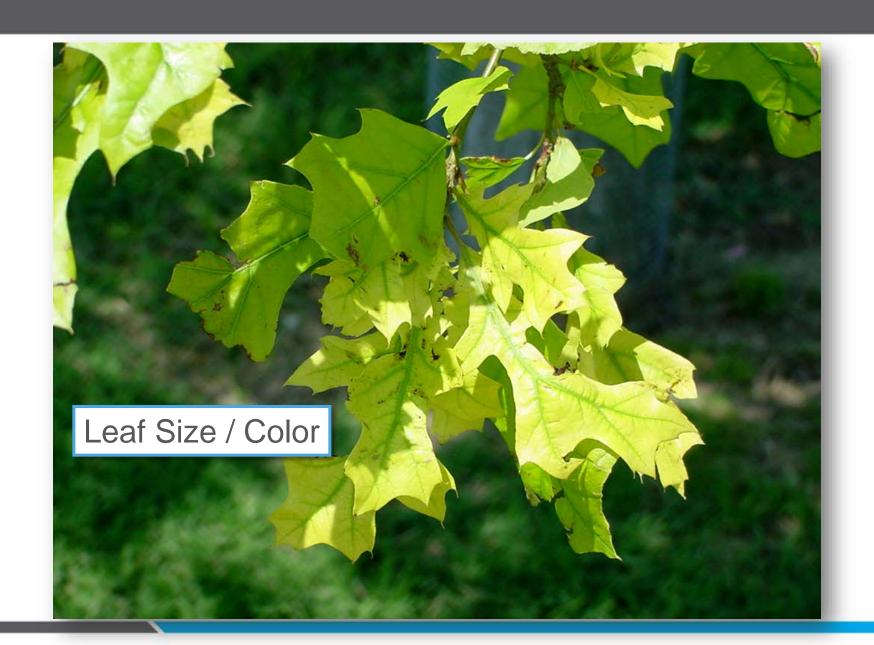
### Structure:

- Root or root-flare issues
- Weak trunks ("codominant" with included bark)
- Poor weight distribution / branch and trunk taper factors
- Internal decay likelihood of failure





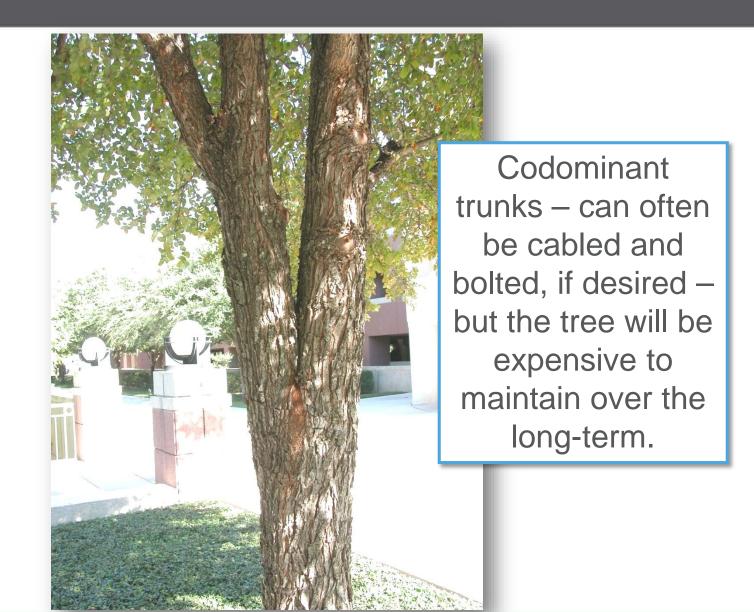












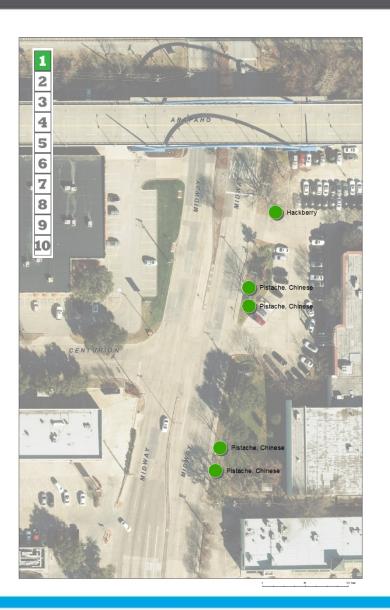


- Trees to consider preserving should meet all of these criteria:
  - 'Shade' Tree
  - 'Good' Health
  - 'Good' Structure
  - 'Good' Prognosis of Survivability

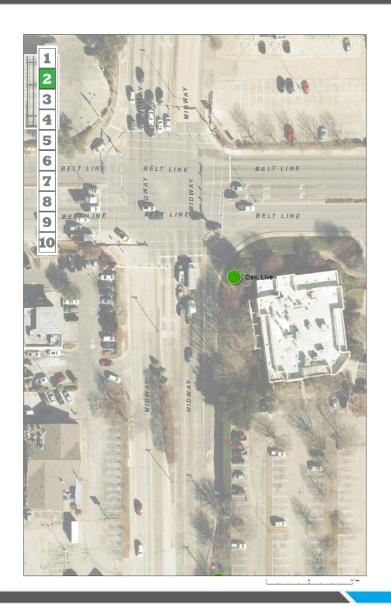
ecembe	er 19, 2017									**TreeConsult 940.759.2528   www.treeconsult.com
FID#	Species	Size - DBH or Height'	Location	Health	Structure	Remaining Life Expectancy	Transplantation Possible?	Recommended Tree Protection Zone Radius	Preliminary Prognosis for Survival After Construction	16 ammente
103	Live Oak	15	Midway - west side - 14675	Fair	Fair	20	No	Extra large	Poor	Stubby, poor twig elongation, weak, poor root space
104	Live Oak	31	Midway - west side - 14675	Good	Good	50	No	Standard	Poor	3' from wall
105	Cedar Elm	20	Midway - west side - 14675	Poor	Fair	10	No	Extra large	Poor	Large unrepairable girdling roots, 4' from wall
106	Cedar Elm	23	Midway - west side - 14675	Fair	Fair	20	No	Standard	Poor	3' from 4' grade change / retaining wall
107	Cedar Elm	20" MT	Midway - west side - 14675	Good	Fair	40	No	Standard	Fair	Codominant trunks, structurally weak, 7' from parking
108	Live Oak	21	Midwav - west side - 14675	Good	Good	50	No	Standard	Good	Nice tree. Situated in a 15'x15' planting bed.
109	Live Oak	19	Midway - west side - Securonix	Poor	Fair	20	No	Standard	Poor	Stubby, poor twig elongation, weak, no rootflare. Grade change.
110	Crape Myrtle	16'	Midway - west side - Securonix	Fair	Fair	20	Possible	Standard	Good	3' from parking
111	Crape Myrtle	16'	Midway - west side - Securonix	Fair	Fair	20	Possible	Standard	Good	3' from parking
112	Live Oak	25	Midway - west side - Securonix	Good	Good	50	No	Standard	Fair	Poorly pruned, Lion's-tailed, but usable. 8' from 24" grade drop/wall.
113	Crape Myrtle	20'	Midway - west side - Securonix	Fair	Fair	20	Possible	Standard	Fair	Tall and spindly



- Based on the preservation criteria, only 24 trees of 238 would be considered 'good' health, 'good' structure, and 'good' prognosis of survivability.
- 10 of the 24 trees are adjacent to Green Hill School where the sidewalks have already been moved away from the back of curb.
- Depending on the scope of construction, whether the Master Transportation Plan, ADA improvements, or in-kind replacement, the remaining trees would likely be impacted by construction.













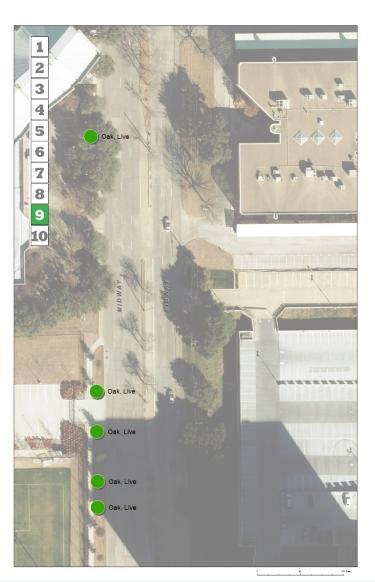














# Midway Road Design Decisions



- 1. Proceed with the Master Transportation Plan as adopted.
- 2. Proceed with the Master Transportation Plan as adopted but take steps to preserve as many of the 24 trees as possible.

3. Keep the existing road layout and sidewalk configuration. Make the necessary ADA improvements and preserve as many trees as possible.



# **Questions?**

Al-2630 5.

**Work Session and Regular Meeting** 

Meeting Date: 03/06/2018

Department: City Manager

# **AGENDA CAPTION:**

Present and Discuss the **Format for the Town Meeting on April 16, 2018.** 

### **BACKGROUND:**

Town Meetings are held twice a year in the spring and fall at the Addison Conference Centre. This year, the spring meeting will be held on April 16, 2018 at 7:00 pm at the Addison Conference Centre.

At the February 27, 2018 Council Meeting, Council discussed using the format of the last Town Meeting where each Councilmember presented on certain topics. Director of Marketing & Communications Mary Rosenbleeth provided Councilmembers a list of topics to consider for their individual presentations. Mayor Joe Chow asked the Councilmembers to review the list and requested this item be placed on the March 6, 2018 meeting for Council to give direction to staff.

# **RECOMMENDATION:**

Staff requests direction from Council.

Al-2593 7.

**Work Session and Regular Meeting** 

**Meeting Date:** 03/06/2018

**Department:** Parks & Recreation

**Pillars:** Optimize the Addison Brand

### **AGENDA CAPTION:**

Consider Action to Approve a Resolution for Landscape Maintenance of Addison Circle

District and Addison Circle Park to LawnScape of Dallas and Authorize the City Manager
to Execute the Agreement in an Amount not to Exceed \$117,540.

## **BACKGROUND:**

The Parks department manages the contract for landscape maintenance for the Addison Circle district and Addison Circle Park. The scope of work involved under this contract includes turnkey maintenance of all planted trees, shrubs, turf, groundcover, annuals, perennials, irrigation, mulch and decomposed granite within the Addison Circle District and Addison Circle Park. The current contract with American Landscape Systems, Inc. expired on March 1, 2018.

A bid was posted to Bidsync on January 15, 2018 and was closed on February 6, 2018. Six (6) vendors submitted bids:

Vendor	Bid Amount
Lawnscape of Dallas	\$117,540
Carruthers Landscape Management, Inc.	\$117,600
Greener Pastures Landscape, LLC.	\$199,800
Keane Landscaping, Inc.	\$246,180
American Landscape Systems, Inc.	\$343,320
Garden Design Landscaping	\$384,480

LawnScape of Dallas is the lowest responsible bidder. LawnScape of Dallas has successfully maintained properties for MAA (formerly Post Properties, one of the apartment complexes located within the Addison Circle district) for 14 years. This bid amount is \$3,775 less than the current contract.

This is an annual renewable contract that can be extended for five (5) twelve-month periods under the same terms and conditions as the original contract.

The budgeted amount for this item is \$72,765 in the Parks Department Budget (General Fund) and \$48,510 in the Special Events Budget (Hotel Fund), for a total budget of \$121,275. The total cost will not exceed \$117,540.

## **RECOMMENDATION:**

Administration recommends approval.

# **Attachments**

Resolution - Landscape Maintenance of Addison Circle District and Addison Circle Park

Bid Tab - Landscape Maintenance of Addison Circle District and Addison Circle Park

# **TOWN OF ADDISON, TEXAS**

A RESOLUTION OF THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE TOWN OF ADDISON, TEXAS APPROVING A CONTRACT AGREEMENT BETWEEN THE TOWN OF ADDISON AND LOD, LTD. DBA LAWNSCAPE OF DALLAS, FOR LANDSCAPE MAINTENANCE AT ADDISON CIRCLE DISTRICT AND ADDISON CIRCLE PARK IN AN AMOUNT NOT TO EXCEED \$117,540.00, AUTHORIZING THE CITY MANAGER TO EXECUTE THE AGREEMENT, AND PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE.

BE IT RESOLVED BY THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE TOWN OF ADDISON, TEXAS:

Section 1. The Contract Agreement between the Town of Addison and LOD, Ltd. dba Lawnscape of Dallas, for Landscape Maintenance at Addison Circle District and Addison Circle Park in an amount not to exceed \$117,540.00, a copy of which is attached to this Resolution as Exhibit A and which incorporates the Town of Addison's General and Specific Conditions for construction contracts, and the Advertisement for Bids, Instruction to Bidders, General Provisions, Special Provisions, Plans and other bid documents, is hereby approved. The City Manager is hereby authorized to execute the agreement.

**Section 2.** This Resolution shall take effect from and after its date of adoption.

**PASSED AND APPROVED** by the City Council of the Town of Addison, Texas this the 6<sup>th</sup> day of March 2018.

	Joe Chow, Mayor
ATTEST:	
By: Christie Wilson, Interim City Secretary	
APPROVED AS TO FORM:	
By:  Pronds N. McDaneld, City, Attorney	
Brenda N. McDonald, City Attorney	

# **EXHIBIT A**

#### CONTRACT AGREEMENT

STATE OF TEXAS

COUNTY OF DALLAS

THIS AGREEMENT is made and entered into this 6th day of March, 2018, by and between the Town of Addison, of the County of Dallas and State of Texas, acting through its City Manager, thereunto duly authorized so to do, Party of the First Part, hereinafter termed the OWNER, and LOD, Ltd., dba Lawnscape of Dallas, of the City of Dallas, County of Dallas, State of Texas, Party of the Second Part, hereinafter termed CONTRACTOR.

WITNESSETH: That for and in consideration of the payment and agreement hereinafter mentioned, to be made and performed by the OWNER, the said CONTRACTOR hereby agrees with the said OWNER to commence and complete the services of your response to our bid:

#### Addison Circle Maintenance Bid #1712-001

and all extra work in connection therewith, under the terms as stated in the General and Specific Provisions of the AGREEMENT; and at his own proper cost and expense to furnish all the materials, supplies, machinery, equipment, tools, superintendence, labor, insurance and other accessories and services necessary to complete the said service, in accordance with the conditions and prices stated in the Bid attached hereto and in accordance with the Advertisement for Bids, Instructions to Bidders printed or written explanatory matter thereof, and the Technical Specifications and Addenda thereto, as prepared by the OWNER, each of which has been identified by the endorsement of the CONTRACTOR and the OWNER thereon, together with the CONTRACTOR's written Bid and the General Provisions, all of which are made a part hereof and collectively evidence and constitute the entire AGREEMENT.

The OWNER agrees to pay the CONTRACTOR \$117,540.00 in current funds for the performance of the AGREEMENT in accordance with the Bid submitted thereof, subject to additions and deductions, as provided in the General Provisions, and to make payments of account thereof as provided therein.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties of these presents have executed this AGREEMENT in the year and day first above written.

TOWN OF ADDISON (OWNER)	ATTEST:		
By: Wesley S. Pierson, City Manager	City Secretary		

Contract Agreement - LOD, Ltd.

1

# **EXHIBIT A**

	LOD, Ltd., dba Lawnscape of Dallas (CONTRACTOR)
	By: 1le_ 1lyle
	Name: Keurn Kanzler
	Title: President
(	PATEST: By: GABRIELA SANCHEL
	The following to be executed if the CONTRACTOR is a corporation:
	I, Kenzu Kanzler, certify that I am the secretary of the corporation named as CONTRACTOR
	herein; that herei
	corporation by authority of its governing body, and is within the scope of its corporate powers.
	Signed: 12 lbf
	Corporate Seal
	Corporate Seal

# Bid# 1712-001

# Addison Circle Maintenance

Vendor	Final Procurement Verified Annual Total	
Lawnscape of Dallas	\$ 117,540.00	
Carruthers Landscape Mgmt, Inc.	\$ 117,600.00	
Greener Pastures Landscape LLC	\$ 199,800.00	
Keane Landscaping, Inc.	\$ 246,180.00	
American Landscape Systems, Inc.	\$ 343,320.00	
Garden Design Landscaping	\$ 384,480.00	

AI-2606 8.

**Work Session and Regular Meeting** 

Meeting Date: 03/06/2018

Department: City Manager

**Pillars:** Gold Standard for Financial Health

Milestones: Review town ordinances and regulations with a focus on modernization in order to facilitate

redevelopment

### **AGENDA CAPTION:**

Consider Action to Approve an Ordinance to Adopt a Tariff Authorizing an Annual Rate
Review Mechanism (RRM) as a Substitution for the Annual Interim Rate Adjustment
Process as Defined by Section 104.301 of the Texas Utilities Code As Negotiated
Between Atmos Energy Corp Mid-Tex Division and the Steering Committee of Cities
Serviced by Atmos Energy Corp., Mid-Tex Division.

# **BACKGROUND:**

The purpose of this ordinance is to adopt a new Rate Review Mechanism ("RRM") tariff to govern future annual rate filings by Atmos Energy Corp, Mid-Tex division ("Atmos Mid-Tex"). The ordinance and the tariff are recommended for adoption by the Steering Committee of Cities Served by Atmos Mid-Tex.

The Town, along with 171 other cities served by Atmos Mid-Tex (see attached listing of participating cities), is a member of the Steering Committee of Cities Served by Atmos Mid-Tex ("Cities"). In 2007, the Cities and Atmos Mid-Tex settled a rate application filed by the Company pursuant to Section 104.301 of the Texas Utilities Code for an interim rate adjustment commonly referred to as a GRIP filing (arising out of the Gas Reliability Infrastructure Program legislation). That settlement created a substitute rate review process, referred to as Rate Review Mechanism ("RRM"), as a substitute for future filings under the GRIP statute. The Ordinance that resolved the Company's application under the RRM Tariff in 2017 also terminated the existing RRM Tariff and required a renegotiation of the terms of that tariff.

This ordinance does not make any changes to current rates charged to customers. Its purpose is to outline the new calculation of the RRM as agreed to by Atmos Mid-Tex and the Steering Committee of Cities Served by Atmos Mid-Tex. Negotiations have taken place over the past several months and have resulted in a revised RRM Tariff. The new negotiated RRM Tariff contains improvements over the prior version in that it reduces the rate of return on equity, reduces federal income tax rates, and expands the time period for processing tariff applications. New RRM Tariff applications filed by the Atmos Mid-Tex should be made on or about April 1 of each year, with new rates effective October 1 of each year.

Atmos Mid-Tex will file the first RRM filing with new proposed rates on April 1, 2018. At that point, staff will bring back these proposed rates to Council for adoption. Rates will go into effect on October 1, 2018.

This ordinance must be approved by Council by April 1, 2018.

### **RECOMMENDATION:**

Administration recommends approval.

# TOWN OF ADDISON, TEXAS

## ORDINANCE NO.

AN ORDINANCE OF THE TOWN OF ADDISON, TEXAS, APPROVING A TARIFF AUTHORIZING AN ANNUAL RATE REVIEW MECHANISM ("RRM") AS A SUBSTITUTION FOR THE ANNUAL INTERIM RATE ADJUSTMENT PROCESS DEFINED BY SECTION 104.301 OF THE TEXAS UTILITIES CODE, AND AS NEGOTIATED BETWEEN ATMOS ENERGY CORP.. MID-TEX DIVISION ("ATMOS MID-TEX" "COMPANY") AND THE STEERING COMMITTEE OF CITIES SERVED BY ATMOS; REQUIRING THE COMPANY TO REIMBURSE CITIES' REASONABLE RATEMAKING EXPENSES: ADOPTING A SAVINGS CLAUSE: DETERMINING THAT THIS ORDINANCE WAS PASSED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE OPEN MEETINGS ACT; **DECLARING AN EFFECTIVE DATE**; **AND** REQUIRING DELIVERY OF THIS ORDINANCE TO THE COMPANY AND LEGAL COUNSEL FOR THE STEERING COMMITTEE.

WHEREAS, the Town of Addison, Texas ("City") is a gas utility customer of Atmos Energy Corp., Mid-Tex Division ("Atmos Mid-Tex" or "Company"), and a regulatory authority with an interest in the rates and charges of Atmos Mid-Tex; and

WHEREAS, the City and similarly-situated Mid-Tex municipalities created the Steering Committee of Cities Served by Atmos to efficiently address all rate and service matters associated with delivery of natural gas; and

WHEREAS, the Steering Committee formed an Executive Committee to direct legal counsel and to recommend certain specific actions to all aligned Mid-Tex Cities through resolution or ordinance; and

WHEREAS, pursuant to the terms of a November 2007 agreement between the Steering Committee and Atmos Mid-Tex that settled the Company's interim rate filing under Section 104.301 of the Texas Utilities Code (a "GRIP" rate case), the Steering Committee and the

Company collaboratively developed a Rate Review Mechanism ("RRM") Tariff, ultimately authorized by the City in 2008, that allows for an expedited rate review process as a substitute for the GRIP process; and

WHEREAS, the City has kept some form of a RRM Tariff in place until 2017 when it adopted an ordinance approving an RRM Tariff filing settlement and specifically calling for termination of the existing RRM Tariff and negotiation of a replacement RRM Tariff following the Railroad Commission's decision in a then-pending Atmos Texas Pipeline case (GUD No. 10580); and

WHEREAS, the Steering Committee's Executive Committee has recently approved a settlement with the Company on the attached RRM Tariff that contains certain notable improvements, from a consumer perspective, over the prior RRM Tariff, including a reduced rate of return on equity, acceptance of certain expense adjustments made by the Railroad Commission in the Order in GUD No. 10580, and the addition of two months to the time for processing a RRM Tariff application; and

WHEREAS, the RRM Tariff contemplates reimbursement of Cities' reasonable expenses associated with RRM Tariff applications; and

WHEREAS, the Steering Committee's Executive Committee recommends that all Steering Committee member cities adopt this ordinance and the attached RRM Tariff; and

WHEREAS, the attached RRM Tariff is just, reasonable and in the public interest,

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT ORDAINED BY THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE TOWN OF ADDISON, TEXAS:

**Section 1.** That the recitals and findings set forth above are hereby found to be true and correct and incorporated as if fully set forth herein.

**Section 2.** That the attached RRM Tariff ("Exhibit 1") re-establishing a form of Rate Review Mechanism is just and reasonable and in the public interest, and is hereby adopted.

**Section 3.** That Atmos Mid-Tex shall reimburse the Cities' reasonable expenses associated with adoption of this Ordinance and the attached RRM Tariff and in processing future RRM Tariff applications filed pursuant to the attached tariff.

**Section 4.** That to the extent any resolution or ordinance previously adopted by the City is inconsistent with this Ordinance, it is hereby repealed.

**Section 5.** That the meeting at which this Ordinance was approved was in all things conducted in strict compliance with the Texas Open Meetings Act, Texas Government Code, Chapter 551.

**Section 6.** That if any one or more sections or clauses of this Ordinance is adjudged to be unconstitutional or invalid, such judgment shall not affect, impair or invalidate the remaining provisions of this Ordinance, and the remaining provisions of this Ordinance shall be interpreted as if the offending section or clause never existed.

**Section 7.** That this Ordinance shall become effective from and after its passage.

**Section 8.** That a copy of this Ordinance shall be sent to Atmos Mid-Tex, care of Chris Felan, Vice President of Rates and Regulatory Affairs, Atmos Energy Corporation, Mid-Tex Division, 5420 LBJ Freeway, Suite 1862, Dallas, Texas 75240, and to Geoffrey Gay, General Counsel to Mid-Tex Cities, at Lloyd Gosselink Rochelle & Townsend, P.C., 816 Congress Avenue, Suite 1900, Austin, Texas 78701.

PASSED AND APPROVED BY THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE TOWN OF ADDISON, TEXAS on this 6<sup>th</sup> day of March, 2018.

	Joe Chow, Mayor
ATTEST:	APPROVED AS TO FORM:
Christie Wilson, Interim City Secretary	Brenda N. McDonald, City Attorney

#### **EXHIBIT 1**

# ATMOS ENERGY CORPORATION MID-TEX DIVISION

RATE SCHEDULE: RRM – Rate Review Mechanism			
APPLICABLE TO:	ALL CITIES IN THE MID-TEX DIVISION AS IDENTIFIED IN EXHIBIT A TO THIS RATE SCHEDULE		
EFFECTIVE DATE:	Bills Rendered on and after 04/01/2018	PAGE: 1	

## I. Applicability

Applicable to Residential, Commercial, Industrial, and Transportation tariff customers within the city limits of cities identified in Exhibit A that receive service from the Mid-Tex Division of Atmos Energy Corporation ("Company"). This Rate Review Mechanism ("RRM") provides for an annual adjustment to the Company's Rate Schedules R, C, I and T ("Applicable Rate Schedules"). Rate calculations and adjustments required by this tariff shall be determined on a System-Wide cost basis.

#### II. Definitions

"Test Period" is defined as the twelve months ending December 31 of each preceding calendar year.

The "Effective Date" is the date that adjustments required by this tariff are applied to customer bills. The annual Effective Date is October 1.

Unless otherwise provided in this tariff the term Final Order refers to the final order issued by the Railroad Commission of Texas in GUD No. 10170 and elements of GUD No. 10580 as specified in Section III below.

The term "System-Wide" means all incorporated and unincorporated areas served by the Company.

"Review Period" is defined as the period from the Filing Date until the Effective Date.

The "Filing Date" is as early as practicable, but no later than April 1 of each year.

#### III. Calculation

The RRM shall calculate an annual, System-Wide cost of service ("COS") that will be used to adjust applicable rate schedules prospectively as of the Effective Date. The Company may request recovery of its total cost of service but will include schedules showing the computation of any adjustments. The annual cost of service will be calculated according to the following formula:

Where:

OM = all reasonable and necessary operation and maintenance expenses from the Test Period adjusted for known and measurable items and prepared

RATE SCHEDULE:	RRM – Rate Review Mechanism			
APPLICABLE TO:	ALL CITIES IN THE MID-TEX DIVISION AS IDENTIFIED IN EXHIBIT A TITIES RATE SCHEDULE			
EFFECTIVE DATE:	Bills Rendered on and after 04/01/2018	PAGE: 2		

consistent with the rate making treatments approved in the Final Order. Incentive compensation (Management Incentive Plan, Variable Pay Plan and Long Term Incentive Plan) related to Atmos' Shared Services Unit will be applied consistent with treatment approved in GUD 10580. Additionally, O&M adjustments will be incorporated and applied as modified by a final order, not subject to appeal, issued by the Railroad Commission of Texas in subsequent rate cases involving the Atmos Mid-Tex or West Texas divisions. Known and measurable adjustments shall be limited to those changes that have occurred prior to the Filing Date. OM may be adjusted for atypical and non-recurring items. Shared Services allocation factors shall be recalculated each year based on the latest component factors used during the Test Period, but the methodology used will be that approved in the Final Order in GUD 10580.

- DEP = depreciation expense calculated at depreciation rates approved by the Final Order. Additionally, if depreciation rates are approved in a subsequent final order, not subject to appeal, issued by the Railroad Commission of Texas for the Mid-Tex division those rates would be applicable for subsequent RRM filings.
- RI return on prudently incurred investment calculated as the Company's pretax return multiplied by rate base at Test Period end. Rate base is prepared consistent with the rate making treatments approved in the Final Order, and as in GUD 10580 as specifically related to capitalized incentive compensation (Management Incentive Plan, Variable Pay Plan and Long Term Incentive Plan) for Atmos' Shared Services Unit. However, no post Test Period adjustments will be permitted. Additionally, adjustments will be incorporated and applied as modified by a final order, not subject to appeal, issued by the Railroad Commission of Texas in subsequent rate cases involving the Atmos Mid-Tex or West Texas divisions. Pretax return is the Company's weighted average cost of capital before income taxes. The Company's weighted average cost of capital is calculated using the methodology from the Final Order including the Company's actual capital structure and long term cost of debt as of the Test Period end (adjusted for any known and measurable changes that have occurred prior to the filing date) and the return on equity of 9.8%. However, in no event will the percentage of equity exceed 58%. Regulatory adjustments due to prior regulatory rate base adjustment disallowances will be maintained. Cash working capital will be calculated using the lead/lag days approved in the Final Order. With respect to pension and other postemployment benefits, the Company will record a regulatory asset or liability for these costs until the amounts are included in the next annual rate adjustment implemented under this tariff. Each year, the Company's filing under this Rider RRM will clearly state the level of pension

RATE SCHEDULE:	RRM – Rate Review Mechanism		
APPLICABLE TO:	ALL CITIES IN THE MID-TEX DIVISION AS IDENTIFIED IN EXHIBIT A TO THIS RATE SCHEDULE		
EFFECTIVE DATE:	Bills Rendered on and after 04/01/2018	PAGE: 3	

and other postemployment benefits recovered in rates.

TAX = income tax and taxes other than income tax from the Test Period adjusted for known and measurable changes occurring after the Test Period and before the Filing Date, and prepared consistent with the rate making treatments approved in the Final Order. Atmos Energy shall comprehensively account for, including establishing a regulatory liability to account for, any statutory change in tax expense that is applicable to months during the Test Period in the calculation to ensure recovery of tax expense under new and old income tax rates.

CD = interest on customer deposits.

### IV. Annual Rate Adjustment

The Company shall provide schedules and work papers supporting the Filing's revenue deficiency/sufficiency calculations using the methodology accepted in the Final Order. The result shall be reflected in the proposed new rates to be established for the effective period. The Revenue Requirement will be apportioned to customer classes in the same manner that Company's Revenue Requirement was apportioned in the Final Order. For the Residential Class, 50% of the increase may be recovered in the customer charge. However, the increase to the Residential customer charge shall not exceed \$0.60 per month in the initial filing and \$0.70 per month in any subsequent year. The remainder of the Residential Class increase not collected in the customer charge will be recovered in the usage charge. For all other classes, the change in rates will be apportioned between the customer charge and the usage charge, consistent with the Final Order. Test Period billing determinants shall be adjusted and normalized according to the methodology utilized in the Final Order.

## V. Filing

The Company shall file schedules annually with the regulatory authority having original jurisdiction over the Company's rates on or before the Filing Date that support the proposed rate adjustments. The schedules shall be in the same general format as the cost of service model and relied-upon files upon which the Final Order was based. A proof of rates and a copy of current and proposed tariffs shall also be included with the filing. The filing shall be made in electronic form where practical. The Company's filing shall conform to Minimum Filing Requirements (to be agreed upon by the parties), which will contain a minimum amount of information that will assist the regulatory authority in its review and analysis of the filing. The Company and regulatory authority will endeavor to hold a technical conference regarding the filing within twenty (20) calendar days after the Filing Date.

RATE SCHEDULE: RRM – Rate Review Mechanism				
APPLICABLE TO:	ALL CITIES IN THE MID-TEX DIVISION AS IDENTIFIED IN EXHIBIT A TO THIS RATE SCHEDULE			
EFFECTIVE DATE:	Bills Rendered on and after 04/01/2018	PAGE: 4		

A sworn statement shall be filed by an Officer of the Company affirming that the filed schedules are in compliance with the provisions of this Rate Review Mechanism and are true and correct to the best of his/her knowledge, information, and belief. No testimony shall be filed, but a brief narrative explanation shall be provided of any changes to corporate structure, accounting methodologies, allocation of common costs, or atypical or non- recurring items included in the filing.

#### VI. Evaluation Procedures

The regulatory authority having original jurisdiction over the Company's rates shall review and render a decision on the Company's proposed rate adjustment prior to the Effective Date. The Company shall provide all supplemental information requested to ensure an opportunity for adequate review by the relevant regulatory authority. The Company shall not unilaterally impose any limits upon the provision of supplemental information and such information shall be provided within seven (7) working days of the original request. The regulatory authority may propose any adjustments it determines to be required to bring the proposed rate adjustment into compliance with the provisions of this tariff.

The regulatory authority may disallow any net plant investment that is not shown to be prudently incurred. Approval by the regulatory authority of net plant investment pursuant to the provisions of this tariff shall constitute a finding that such net plant investment was prudently incurred. Such finding of prudence shall not be subject to further review in a subsequent RRM or Statement of Intent filling.

During the Review Period, the Company and the regulatory authority will work collaboratively and seek agreement on the level of rate adjustments. If, at the end of the Review Period, the Company and the regulatory authority have not reached agreement, the regulatory authority shall take action to modify or deny the proposed rate adjustments. The Company shall have the right to appeal the regulatory authority's action to the Railroad Commission of Texas. Upon the filing of an appeal of the regulatory authority's order relating to an annual RRM filing with the Railroad Commission of Texas, the regulatory authority having original jurisdiction over the Company's rates shall not oppose the implementation of the Company's proposed rates subject to refund, nor will the regulatory authority advocate for the imposition of a third party surety bond by the Company. Any refund shall be limited to and determined based on the resolution of the disputed adjustment(s) in a final, non-appealable order issued in the appeal filed by the Company at the Railroad Commission of Texas.

RATE SCHEDULE:	RRM – Rate Review Mechanism		
APPLICABLE TO:	ALL CITIES IN THE MID-TEX DIVISION AS IDENTIFIED IN EXHIBIT A TO THIS RATE SCHEDULE		
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In the event that the regulatory authority and Company agree to a rate adjustment(s) that is different from the adjustment(s) requested in the Company's filing, the Company shall file compliance tariffs consistent with the agreement. No action on the part of the regulatory authority shall be required to allow the rate adjustment(s) to become effective on October 1. To the extent that the regulatory authority does not take action on the Company's RRM filing by September 30, the rates proposed in the Company's filing shall be deemed approved effective October 1. Notwithstanding the preceding sentence, a regulatory authority may choose to take affirmative action to approve a rate adjustment under this tariff. In those instances where such approval cannot reasonably occur by September 30, the rates finally approved by the regulatory authority shall be deemed effective as of October 1.

To defray the cost, if any, of regulatory authorities conducting a review of the Company's annual RRM filing, the Company shall reimburse the regulatory authorities on a monthly basis for their reasonable expenses incurred upon submission of invoices for such review. Any reimbursement contemplated hereunder shall be deemed a reasonable and necessary operating expense of the Company in the year in which the reimbursement is made. A regulatory authority seeking reimbursement under this provision shall submit its request for reimbursement to the Company no later than December 1 of the year in which the RRM filing is made and the Company shall reimburse regulatory authorities in accordance with this provision on or before December 31 of the year the RRM filing is made.

To the extent possible, the provisions of the Final Order shall be applied by the regulatory authority in determining whether to approve or disapprove of Company's proposed rate adjustment.

This Rider RRM does not limit the legal rights and duties of a regulatory authority. Nothing herein shall abrogate the jurisdiction of the regulatory authority to initiate a rate proceeding at any time to review whether rates charged are just and reasonable. Similarly, the Company retains its right to utilize the provisions of Texas Utilities Code, Chapter 104, Subchapter C to request a change in rates. The provisions of this Rider RRM are implemented in harmony with the Gas Utility Regulatory Act (Texas Utilities Code, Chapters 101-105).

The annual rate adjustment process set forth in this tariff shall remain in effect during the pendency of any Statement of Intent rate filing.

RATE SCHEDULE:	RRM – Rate Review Mechanism		
APPLICABLE TO:	ALL CITIES IN THE MID-TEX DIVISION AS IDENTIFIED IN EXHIBIT A TO THIS RATE SCHEDULE		
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### VII. Reconsideration, Appeal and Unresolved Items

Orders issued pursuant to this mechanism are ratemaking orders and shall be subject to appeal under Sections 102.001(b) and 103.021, et seq., of the Texas Utilities Code (Vernon 2007).

#### VIII. Notice

Notice of each annual RRM filing shall be provided by including the notice, in conspicuous form, in the bill of each directly affected customer no later than forty-five (45) days after the Company makes its annual filing pursuant to this tariff. The notice to customers shall include the following information:

- a) a description of the proposed revision of rates and schedules;
- b) the effect the proposed revision of rates is expected to have on the rates applicable to each customer class and on an average bill for each affected customer;
- c) the service area or areas in which the proposed rates would apply;
- d) the date the annual RRM filing was made with the regulatory authority; and
- e) the Company's address, telephone number and website where information concerning the proposed rate adjustment can be obtained.

RATE SCHEDULE:	RRM – Rate Review Mechanism		
APPLICABLE TO:	ALL CITIES IN THE MID-TEX DIVISION AS IDENTIFIED IN EXHIBIT A TO THIS RATE SCHEDULE		
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# **Exhibit A**

# **ACSC Cities**

Abilene	Cleburne	Frost	Lincoln Park
Addison	Clyde	Gainesville	Little Elm
Albany	College Station	Garland	Lorena
Allen	Colleyville	Garrett	Madisonville
Alvarado	Colorado City	Grand Prairie	Malakoff
Angus	Comanche	Grapevine	Mansfield
Anna	Commerce	Groesbeck	Mckinney
Argyle	Coolidge	Gunter	Melissa
Arlington	Coppell	Haltom City	Mesquite
Aubrey	Copperas Cove	Harker Heights	Midlothian
Azle	Corinth	Haskell	Murphy
Bedford	Crandall	Haslet	Newark
Bellmead	Crowley	Hewitt	Nocona
Benbrook	Dalworthington Gardens	Highland Park	North Richland Hills
Beverly Hills	Denison	Highland Village	Northlake
Blossom	Denton	Honey Grove	Oak Leaf
Blue Ridge	Desoto	Hurst	Ovilla
Bowie	Draper	Hutto	Palestine
Boyd	Duncanville	Iowa Park	Pantego
Bridgeport	Eastland	Irving	Paris
Brownwood	Edgecliff Village	Justin	Parker
Buffalo	Emory	Kaufman	Pecan Hill
Burkburnett	Ennis	Keene	Petrolia
Burleson	Euless	Keller	Plano
Caddo Mills	Everman	Kemp	Ponder
Canton	Fairview	Kennedale	Pottsboro
Carrollton	Farmers Branch	Kerens	Prosper
Cedar Hill	Farmersville	Kerrville	Quitman
Celeste	Fate	Killeen	Red Oak
Celina	Flower Mound	Krum	Reno (Parker County)
Centerville	Forest Hill	Lake Worth	Rhome
Cisco	Forney	Lakeside	Richardson
Clarksville	Fort Worth	Lancaster	Richland
	Frisco	Lewisville	Richland Hills

RATE SCHEDULE:	RRM – Rate Review Mechanism		
APPLICABLE TO:	ALL CITIES IN THE MID-TEX DIVISION AS IDENTIFIED IN EXHIBIT A TO THIS RATE SCHEDULE		
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River Oaks Temple
Roanoke Terrell
Robinson The Colony
Rockwall Trophy Club
Roscoe Tyler

Rowlett University Park

Venus Royse City Sachse Vernon Saginaw Waco Sansom Park Watauga Seagoville Waxahachie Sherman Westlake Snyder Westover Hills Southlake Westworth Village White Settlement Springtown Stamford Whitesboro

Stamford Whitesboro
Stephenville Wichita Falls
Sulphur Springs Woodway
Sweetwater Wylie

Al-2448 9.

**Work Session and Regular Meeting** 

**Meeting Date:** 03/06/2018

**Department:** Infrastructure- Development Services

# **AGENDA CAPTION:**

Present and Discuss the **Planning and Zoning Commission Annual Report for 2017.** 

### **BACKGROUND:**

In accordance with the Code of Ordinances - Appendix A - Zoning - Article XXIX - Section 19, the Planning and Zoning Commission must submit an annual progress report to the City Council. Commission Chair Kathryn Wheeler prepared the attached report for 2017, which was approved by the Commission unanimously at their meeting on February 20, 2018. Kathryn Wheeler will present the report to the City Council at the meeting.

# **RECOMMENDATION:**

Information only, no action required.

## **Attachments**

Report - 2017 Addison P&Z Annual Report



February 20, 2018

TO: Members of the Addison City Council

FROM: Kathryn Wheeler, Chair, Addison Planning and Zoning Commission

COPY: Planning and Zoning Commissioners

Wes Pierson, City Manager

Charles Goff, Assistant Director of Development Services and Planning

SUBJECT: 2017 Planning and Zoning Progress Report

ATTACHMENT: 2017 Attendance Statistics

The Planning and Zoning Commission is governed by the Rules, Regulations, and Procedures of the Town of Addison. These Rules stipulate under Article III, DUTIES OF THE COMMISSION, Paragraph (j) that the Commission shall:

"Submit each year a progress report to the City Council summarizing its activities, major accomplishments for the past year, and a proposed work program for the coming year. The report shall contain for the year the attendance record of all members and the identity of Commission officers."

Please let this document serve as the Commission's progress report, and the attendance record of all members is also attached for your review and use.

# <u>Overview</u>

In 2017, a total of 4 new members served on the Planning and Zoning Commission. Tom Braun, John Meleky and I joined the Commission at the start of the year. Upon Mr. Braun's resignation, Linda Groce was appointed to complete his term. Debra Morgan served as Chair and I served as Vice Chair for the year. Charles Goff, staff liaison, continues to shepherd the overall P&Z process.

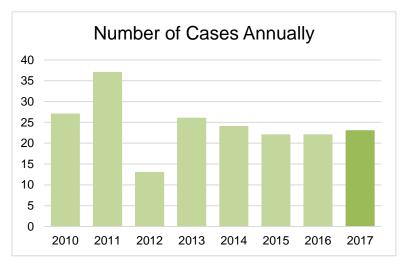
The Commission met for seven regular meetings. Commissioners attended these meetings an average of 88% of the time. Three Commissioners had perfect attendance during their tenure on the Commission in 2017 – Tom Braun, Linda Groce, and Tom Schaeffer. See Attachment 1 for detailed attendance information for each commissioner.

## **2017 Case Statistics**

During 2017, the Planning and Zoning Commission reviewed 23 cases:

- 10 Zoning Changes
- 7 Special Use Permits
- 5 Plats
- 1 Comprehensive Plan Amendment

As shown in the chart to the right, this is fairly consistent with the case load heard by the Commission over the past 7 years.



## **Notable Zoning Cases**

Several cases stood out during the year:

- 1752-Z/14555 Dallas Parkway (Jan) the Commission reviewed a request by Cawley Partners to amend a Planned Development district to construct a two-phase office project consisting of two 245,000 square foot six-story office buildings with an amenity building located at the southern end of Addison fronting Dallas Parkway. This case was subsequently approved by the City Council, and Phase I is currently under construction.
- 1753-Z/AMLI (Jan) AMLI presented plans for a 349-unit multifamily development at
  the southeast corner of Quorum Drive and Edwin Lewis Drive and requested to rezone
  the property to a Planned Development district. This development will extend the
  Addison Circle development pattern further south towards Belt Line and includes
  several pedestrian enhancements contemplated in the Master Transportation Plan as
  well as sanitary sewer upgrades that will facilitate further development. This project is
  also under construction
- 1767-Z/Elan Addison Grove (Nov) the Commission reviewed development plans for the multi-family component of the Addison Grove redevelopment of the former Sam's Club site at Midway Road and Belt Line Road. The plans included 321 units with over 21,000 square feet of retail, restaurant and amenity space fronting Belt Line Road. The developer is currently finalizing construction drawings and intends to start construction in the Spring of 2018.

These three developments will collectively add over 500,000 square feet of office space and 670 new housing units, which will provide a significant increase to the Town's tax base. Furthermore,

each of these projects advance aspects of the Town's recently adopted Master Transportation Plan and improve pedestrian connectivity.

# **Notable Planning Activities**

In 2017, the Commission also reviewed the findings of the Inwood Road Corridor Special Area Study and recommended adoption of a Comprehensive Plan amendment that formalizes goals and establishes the framework for future development standards for redevelopment along Inwood Road and properties to the west.

## **Suggestions for Improvement**

I would suggest that the Council revisit the Town's current policy as it pertains to the use of terms or graphic depictions relating to alcoholic beverages on exterior signage. The P&Z Commission needs a clear direction, since it seems to be a trend lately with SUP cases.

I believe that the P&Z needs to review its Rules and Procedures, they have not been updated since 2004.

## **Conclusion**

I would like to thank our Commissioners who termed out in December – Chair Debra Morgan, Jim Robinson, Stacey Griggs and Tom Schaeffer. Each of these Commissioners took their responsibilities seriously, were thoughtful in their decisions and added value to this Board.

I welcome our new Commissioners – Eileen Resnik, Tom Souers, Denise Quintanilla and Jerry Dougan. They have already jumped in to discussions and made insightful comments in our work session and our January Hearing. I look forward to a very productive year ahead.

As I was lucky enough to serve on P&Z during Carmen Moran's time as Development Director and then with Charles Goff's tenure, I just wanted to express my thanks to Charles – he has grown in this job and really made it his own!

And finally, I would like to thank you all for allowing me to serve on the Planning and Zoning Commission once again.

#### Planning and Zoning Commissioner Attendance Record - 2017 Commissioner Present Absent Eligible %Attend 17-Jan 21-Feb 21-Mar 18-Apr 16-May 20-Jun 18-Jul 15-Aug 19-Sep 17-Oct 21-Nov 19-Dec Braun, Tom 100% Р 0 1 Groce, Linda Р 6 0 6 100% Ρ Ρ Ρ Ρ Ρ Р Р Griggs, Stacey 6 1 7 86% Ρ Р Α Р Р Meleky, John 86% Ρ Р Ρ 6 Р Α Р Р No No No No No Р Ρ Morgan, Debra 5 Ρ Р 2 7 71% Α Р Α Meeting Meeting Meeting Meeting Meeting Robinson, Jim 7 71% Р Р 5 2 Α Р 100% Р Р Р Р Р Schaeffer, Tom 0 7 Р Р Wheeler, Kathryn 7 86% Р 6 1 Р Α 100% 100% 86% 71% **Averages** 88% 71% 71% 100%

Al-2607 10.

**Work Session and Regular Meeting** 

**Meeting Date:** 03/06/2018

**Department:** Infrastructure- Development Services

#### **AGENDA CAPTION:**

Hold a Public Hearing, Present, Discuss, and Consider Action to Approve an <u>Ordinance Changing</u> the Zoning on Property Located at 14555 Dallas Parkway, Which Property is Currently Zoned PD, Planned Development, Through Ordinances O16-028 and O17-05, by Approving a Special Use Permit for a Restaurant with the Sale of Alcoholic Beverages for <u>On-Premise Consumption Only.</u> Case 1772-SUP/Ascension.

#### **BACKGROUND:**

**COMMISSION FINDINGS:** 

The Addison Planning and Zoning Commission, meeting in regular session on February 20, 2018, voted to recommend approval of an ordinance changing the zoning on property located at 14555 Dallas Parkway, which property is currently zoned PD, Planned Development, through Ordinances O16-028 and O17-05, by approving a Special Use Permit for a restaurant with the sale of alcoholic beverages for on-premise consumption only, subject to the following condition:

• The applicant shall not use any terms or graphic depictions that relate to alcoholic beverages in any exterior signage.

Voting Aye: Dougan, Groce, Meleky, Quintanilla, Resnik, Souers, Wheeler

Voting Nay: none Absent: none

SPEAKERS AT THE PUBLIC HEARING: none

Please refer to the attached staff report for additional information on this case.

#### RECOMMENDATION:

Administration recommends approval.

#### **Attachments**

Ordinance - 1772-SUP Staff Report - 1772-SUP

Plans - 1772-SUP

#### TOWN OF ADDISON, TEXAS

ORDINANCE NO.	

AN ORDINANCE OF THE TOWN OF ADDISON, TEXAS, AMENDING THE COMPREHENSIVE ZONING ORDINANCE TO GRANT A SPECIAL USE PERMIT FOR A RESTAURANT WITH THE SALE OF ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES FOR ON-PREMISE CONSUMPTION FOR PROPERTY LOCATED AT 14555 DALLAS PARKWAY; PROVIDING A PENALTY NOT TO EXCEED TWO THOUSAND AND NO/100 DOLLARS (\$2,000.00) FOR EACH OFFENSE AND A SEPARATE OFFENSE SHALL BE DEEMED COMMITTED EACH DAY DURING OR ON WHICH A VIOLATION OCCURS OR CONTINUES; SAVINGS, NO SEVERABILITY AND AN EFFECTIVE DATE.

**WHEREAS**, the property located at 14555 Dallas Parkway, is zoned PD, Planned Development, through Ordinance Numbers O16-028 and O17-05; and

**WHEREAS**, at its regular meeting held on February 20, 2018, the Planning & Zoning Commission considered and made recommendations on a request for a Special Use Permit for a restaurant with the sale of alcoholic beverages for on-premises consumption (Case No.1772-SUP); and

**WHEREAS**, this change of zoning is in accordance with the adopted Comprehensive Plan of the Town of Addison, as amended; and

**WHEREAS**, after due deliberations and consideration of the recommendation of the Planning and Zoning Commission, the information received at a public hearing, and other relevant information and materials, the City Council of the Town of Addison, Texas finds that this amendment promotes the general welfare and safety of this community.

## NOW THEREFORE, BE IT ORDAINED BY THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE TOWN OF ADDISON, TEXAS:

- **Section 1.** That the recitals and findings set forth above are hereby found to be true and correct and incorporated as if fully set forth herein.
- <u>Section 2</u>. That a Special Use Permit authorizing a restaurant with the sale of alcoholic beverages for on-premises consumption only, on the property located at 14555 Dallas Parkway, is hereby granted subject to the following conditions:
  - (a) Prior to the issuance of a Certificate of Occupancy, said Property shall be improved in accordance with the site plan, floor plan, and building elevations, which are attached hereto as **Exhibit A** and made a part hereof for all purposes.

OFFICE OF THE CITY SECRETA	RY
ORDINANCE NO.	

- (b) The Special Use Permit granted herein for a restaurant with the sale of alcoholic beverages for on-premises consumption only shall be limited to that particular area designated on the final site plan as encompassing a total area not to exceed 5,388 square feet.
- (c) No signs advertising sale of alcoholic beverages shall be permitted other than those authorized under the Liquor Control Act of the State of Texas, and any sign ordinance of the Town of Addison, Texas.
- (d) The sale of alcoholic beverages under this Special Use Permit shall be permitted in restaurants. Restaurants are hereby defined as establishments which receive at least sixty percent (60%) of their gross revenues from the sale of food.
- (e) Said establishment shall make available to the city or its agents, during reasonable hours its bookkeeping records for inspection, if required, by the city to insure that the conditions of subparagraph (d) above are being met.
- (f) Any use of property considered as a nonconforming use under the Comprehensive Zoning Ordinance of the Town of Addison shall not be permitted to receive a license or permit for the sale of alcoholic beverages.
- (g) If the property for which this Special Use Permit is granted is not used for the purposes for which said permits were granted within one (1) year after the adoption of this ordinance, the City Council may authorize hearings to be held for the purpose of considering a change of zoning and repeal of the Special Use Permit granted herein.
- (h) If a license or permit to sell alcoholic beverages on property covered by this Special Use Permit is revoked, terminated or cancelled by proper authorities, the City Council may authorize hearings to be held for the purpose of considering a change of zoning repeal of the Special Use Permits granted herein.
- (i) The establishment shall not use the term "bar", "tavern", or any other terms or graphic depictions that relate to the sale of alcoholic beverages on any signs visible from the exterior of the premises.

<u>Section 3</u>. That any person, firm, or corporation violating any of the provisions or terms of this ordinance shall be subject to the same penalty as provided for in the Comprehensive Zoning Ordinance of the city, as heretofore amended, and upon conviction shall be punished by a fine set in accordance with Chapter 1, General Provisions, Section 1.10, General penalty for violations of Code; continuing violations, of the Code of Ordinances for the Town of Addison.

Section 4. That it is the intention of the City Council that this ordinance be considered in its entirety, as one ordinance, and should any portion of this ordinance be held to be void or unconstitutional, then said ordinance shall be void in its entirety, and the City Council would not have adopted said ordinance if any part or portion of said ordinance should be held to be unconstitutional or void.

OFFICE OF THE CITY SECRETARY
ORDINANCE NO.

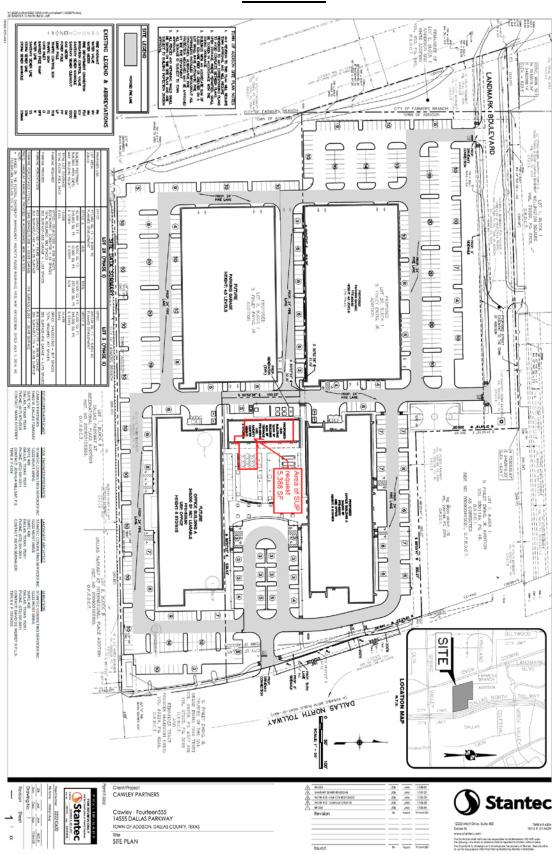
Case No. 1772-SUP/Ascension

<u>Section 5</u>. That all ordinances of the City in conflict with the provisions of this ordinance be, and the same are hereby repealed and all other ordinances of the City not in conflict with the provisions of this ordinance shall remain in full force and effect.

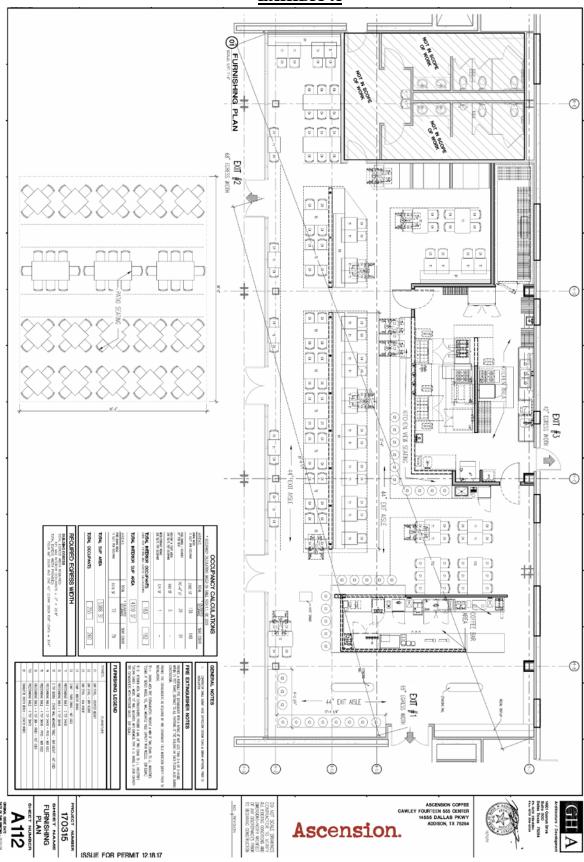
**Section 6**. That this Ordinance shall become effective from and after its passage and approval and after publication as may be required by law or by the City Charter or ordinance.

**PASSED AND APPROVED** BY THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE TOWN OF ADDISON, TEXAS, on this the 6th day of March, 2018.

ATTEST:	Joe Chow, Mayor
Christie Wilson, Interim City Secretary	
CASE NO: 1772-SUP/Ascension	
APPROVED AS TO FORM:	
Brenda N. McDonald, City Attorney	
PUBLISHED ON:	

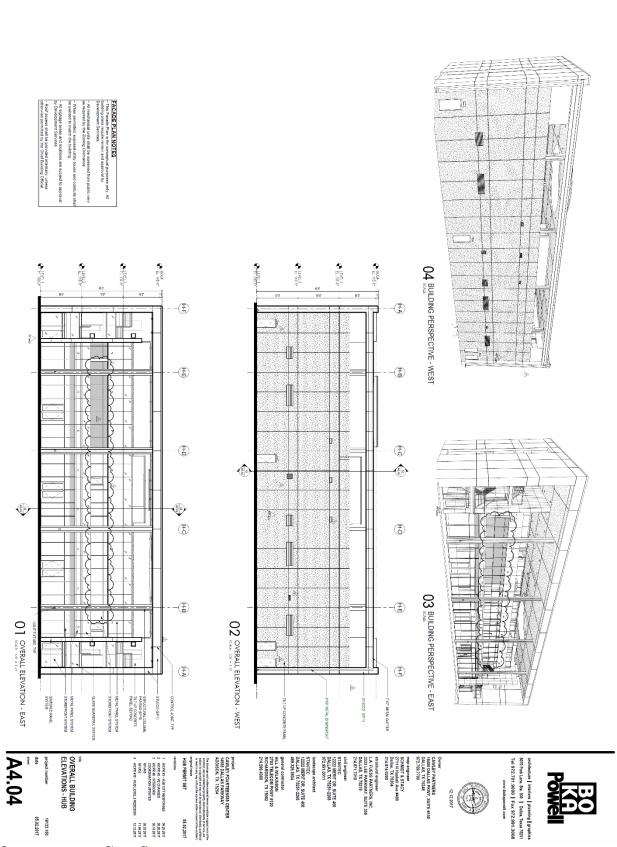


OFFICE OF THE CITY SECRETARY ORDINANCE NO. \_\_\_\_\_



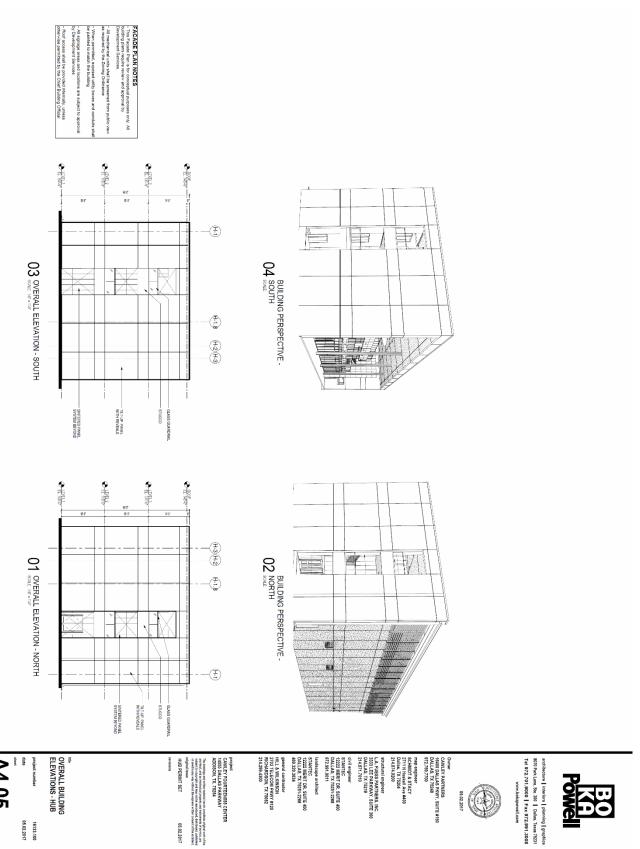
OFFICE OF THE CITY SECRETARY ORDINANCE NO.

**PAGE 5 OF 7** 



OFFICE OF THE CITY SECRETARY ORDINANCE NO. \_\_\_\_\_

**PAGE 6 OF 7** 



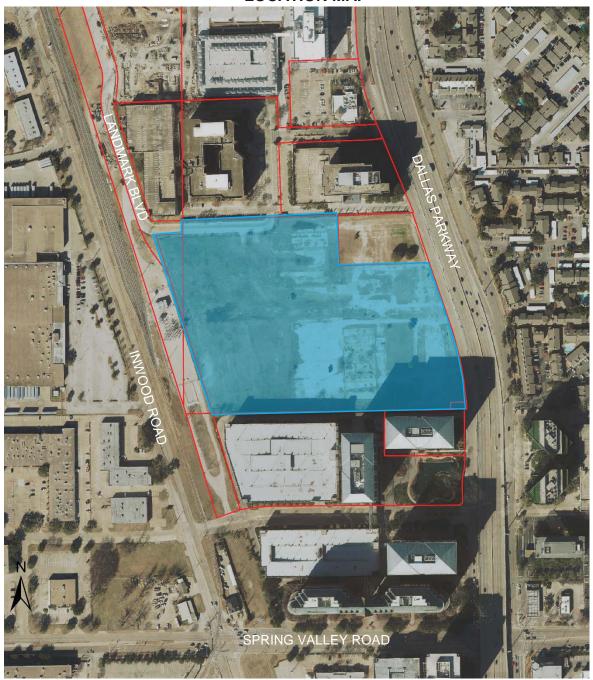
OFFICE OF THE CITY SECRETARY ORDINANCE NO. \_\_\_\_\_

**PAGE 7 OF 7** 

# 1772-SUP

**PUBLIC HEARING** Case 1772-SUP/Ascension. Public hearing, discussion, and take action on a recommendation regarding an ordinance changing the zoning on property located at 14555 Dallas Parkway, which property is currently zoned PD, Planned Development, through Ordinances O16-028 and O17-05, by approving a Special Use Permit for a restaurant with the sale of alcoholic beverages for on-premise consumption only.

#### **LOCATION MAP**





February 15, 2018

#### STAFF REPORT

RE: Case 1772-SUP/Ascension Coffee

LOCATION: 14555 Dallas Parkway

REQUEST: Approval of a Special Use Permit for a

restaurant with the sale of alcoholic beverages for on-premise consumption only

APPLICANT: Stantec Consulting, represented by Josh

Millsap

#### **DISCUSSION:**

<u>Background</u>: This application is part of the larger Cawley Fourteen555 Dallas Parkway office development consisting of two 245,000 square-foot, six-story office towers and a three-story amenity building known as "The Hub." The property was zoned as Planned Development through Ordinances O16-028 and amended through O17-05. The PD allows all uses permitted in the C-1 (Commercial-1) district, as well as hotel, restaurant, and sale of alcoholic beverages for onpremises consumption only through a Special Use Permit.

The proposed restaurant/coffee shop space, associated with the Ascension Coffee brand, is located on the ground floor of "The Hub" building. Ascension Coffee has three locations in downtown Dallas, and a location in Addison, under the name of 84 Point Coffee, which was approved through the Special Use Permit process at Greenhill Office Towers.

<u>Proposed Plan</u>: The floor plan shows a total square footage of 5,388 square feet, including a patio of 1,080 square feet. The plan includes a large kitchen and a coffee bar area, which will also be used to serve alcoholic beverages. The floor plan shows interior seating for 182 and patio seating for 78.

<u>Parking</u>: This office development requires parking at a ratio of 1 space per 300 square feet for office use, which equates to 839 parking spaces, and 1 space per 100 square feet for restaurant use, which equates to 54 parking spaces. The property provides a total of 1,193 parking spaces, through surface and garage parking, which meets the parking requirement.

RECOMMENDATION: APPROVAL

The proposed restaurant and coffee shop offers a valuable amenity to the tenants of this large office development, as well as other office developments at the southernmost edge of the Town.

Staff recommends approval of the request, subject to the following condition:

• The applicant shall not use any terms or graphic depictions that relate to alcoholic beverages in any exterior signage.

ADDISONTEXAS.NET



Case 1772-SUP/Ascension February 20, 2018

#### **COMMISSION FINDINGS:**

The Addison Planning and Zoning Commission, meeting in regular session on February 20, 2018, voted to recommend approval of an ordinance changing the zoning on property located at 14555 Dallas Parkway, which property is currently zoned PD, Planned Development, through Ordinances O16-028 and O17-05, by approving a Special Use Permit for a restaurant with the sale of alcoholic beverages for on-premise consumption only subject to the following condition:

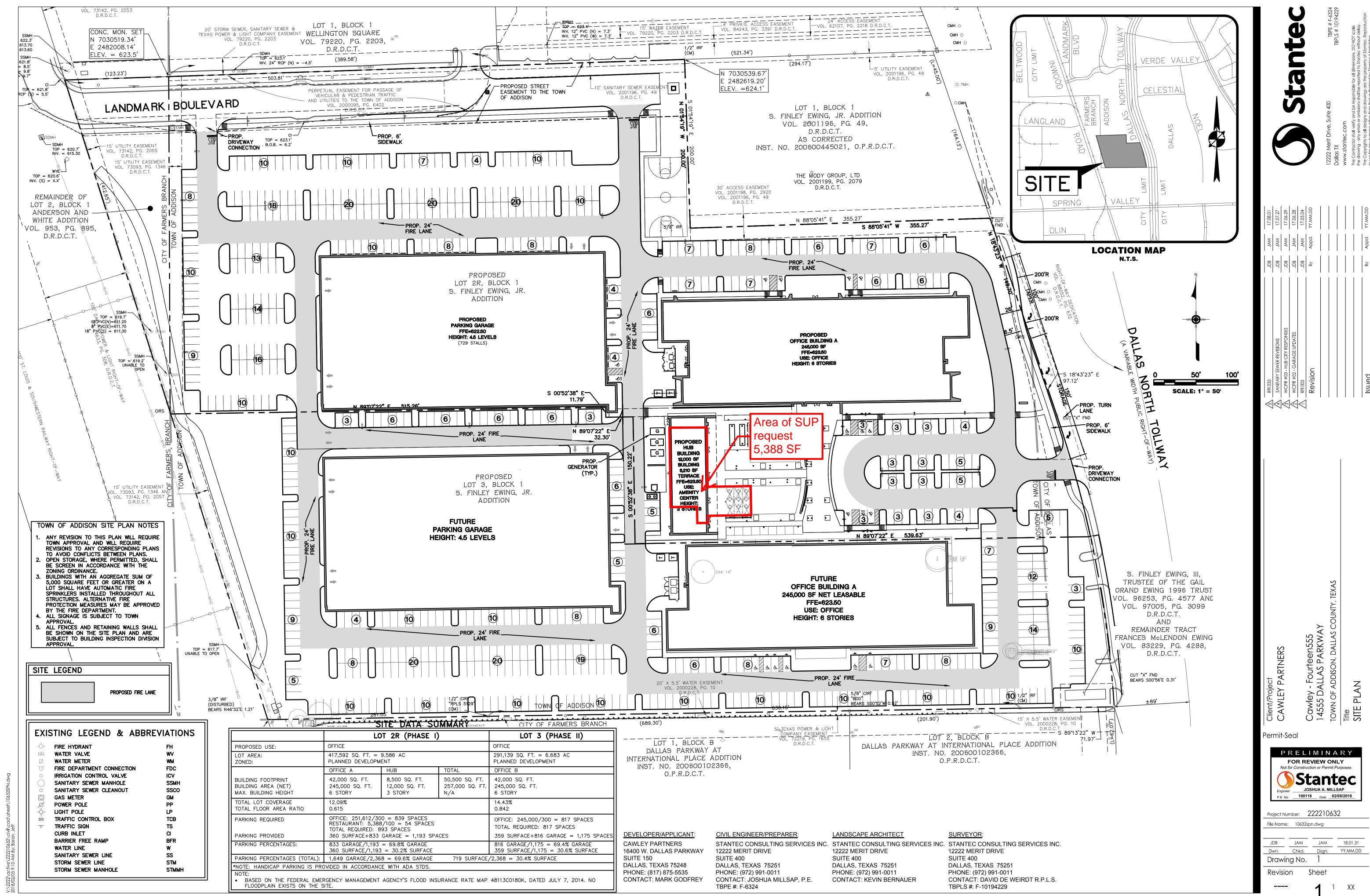
 The applicant shall not use any terms or graphic depictions that relate to alcoholic beverages in any exterior signage.

Voting Aye: Dougan, Groce, Meleky, Quintanilla, Resnik, Souers, Wheeler

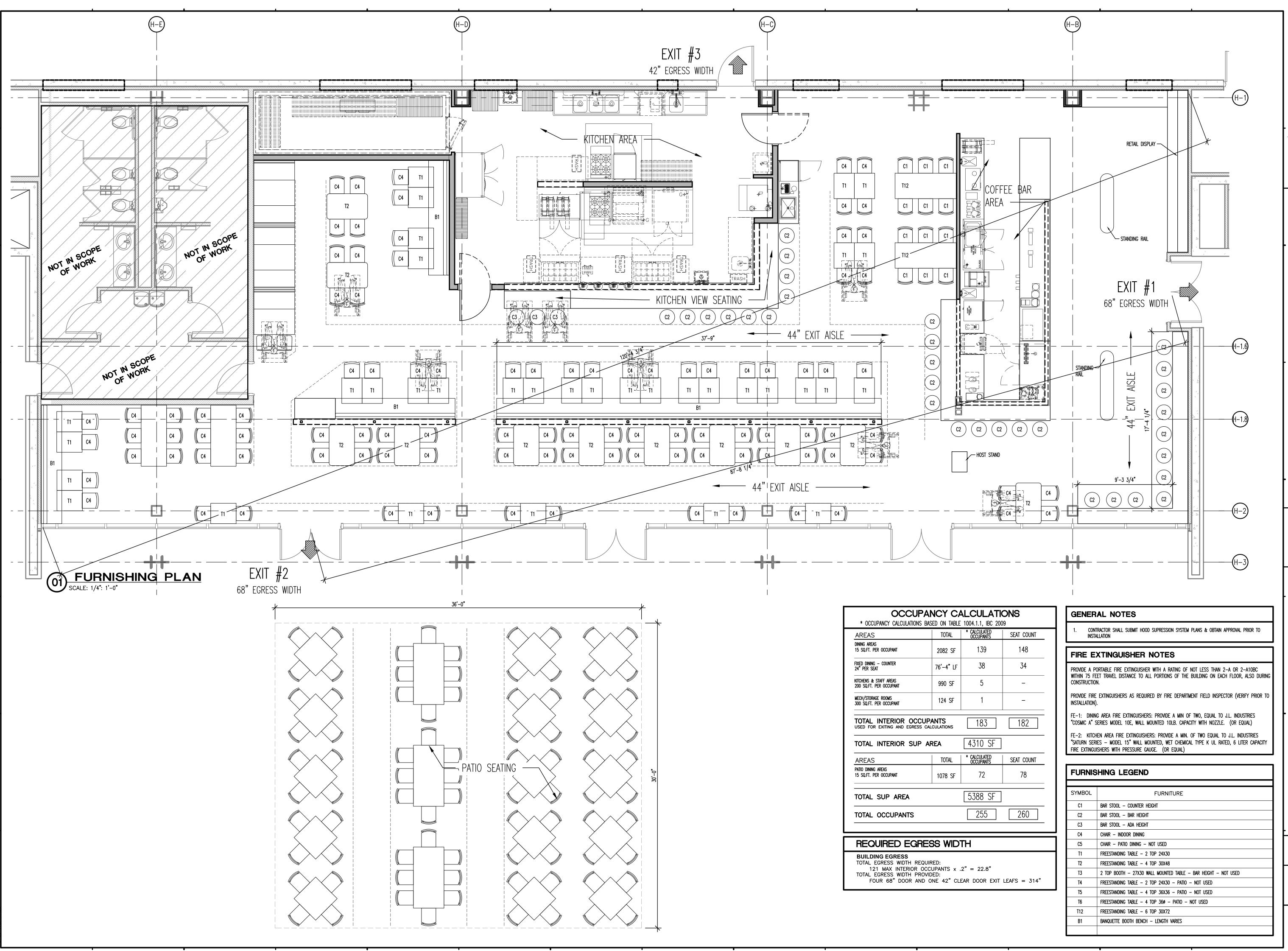
Voting Nay: none Absent: none

#### SPEAKERS AT THE PUBLIC HEARING:

For: none On: none Against: none



ORIGINAL SHEET - ANSI D



**Architecture / Development** 

14901 Quorum Drive Suite 300 Dallas Texas 75254 Phi (972) 239-8884 Faxi (972) 239-5054



DO NOT SCALE DRAWINGS CONTRACTOR TO VERIFY ALL EXISTING CONDITIONS AND DIMENSIONS-NOTIFY ARCHITECT OF ANY DISCREPANCIES PRIOR TO BEGINNING CONSTRUCTION

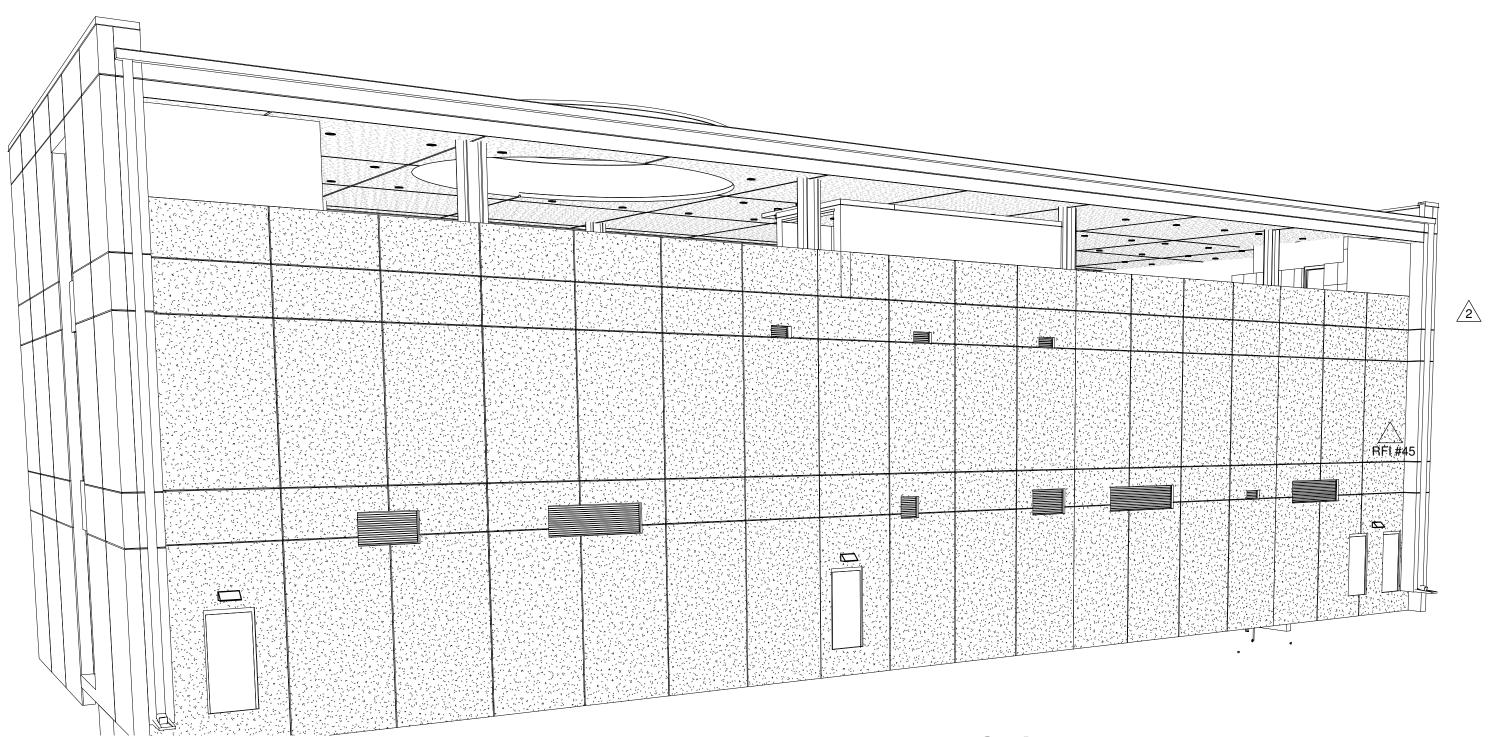
NO REVISION

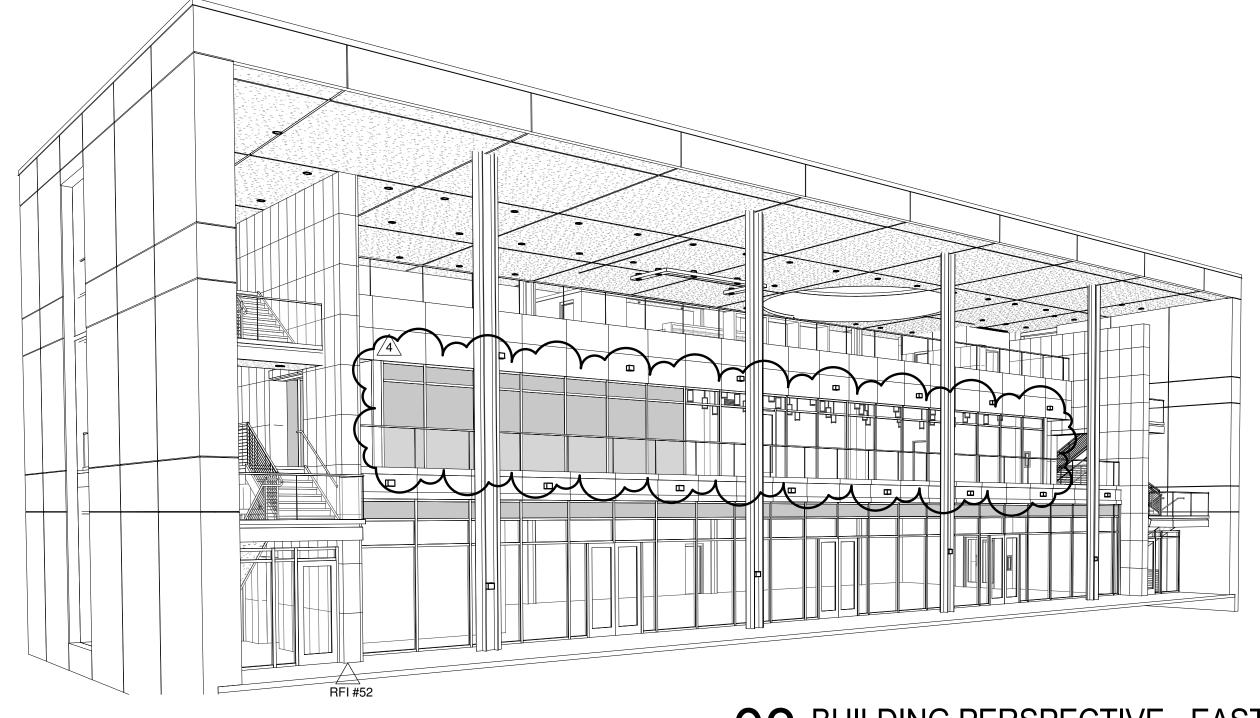
PROJECT NUMBER 170315

SHEET NAME **FURNISHING PLAN** 

SHEET NUMBER

ORIGINAL ISSUE DATE -DATE OF THIS PRINTING - 02/02/18

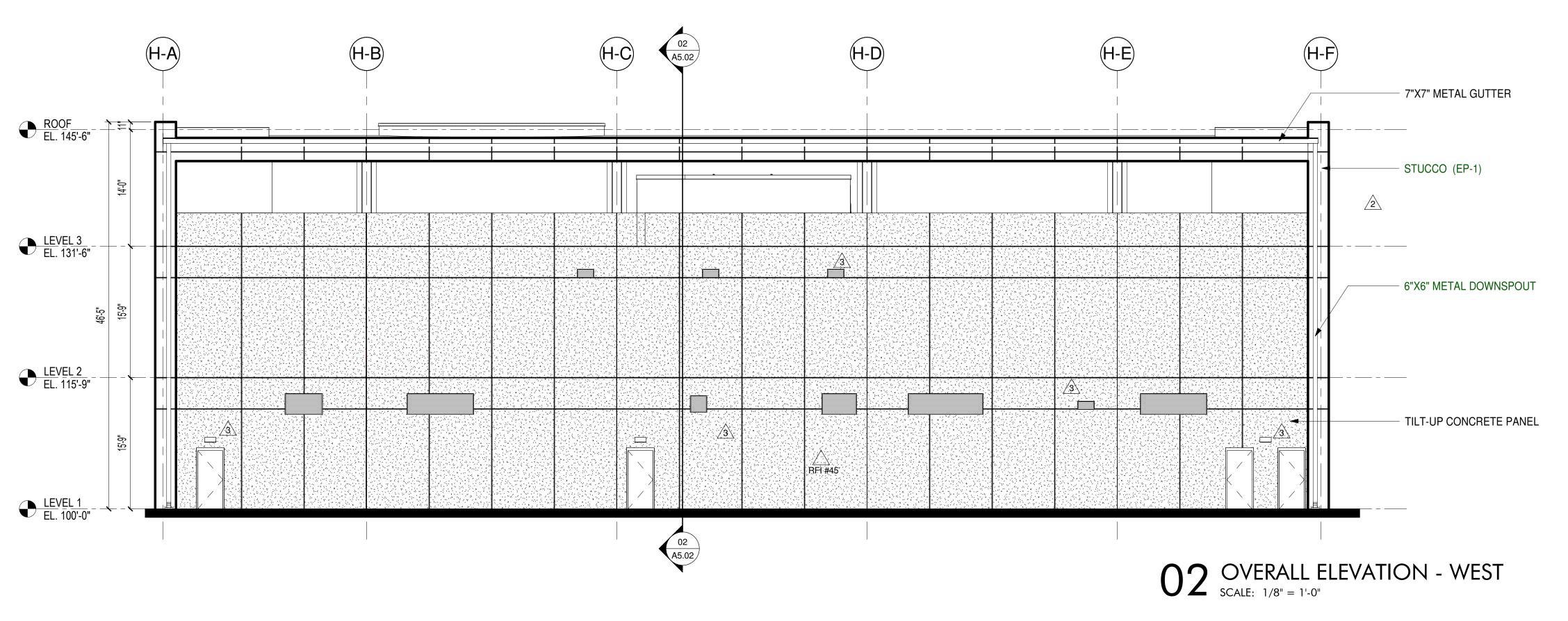




04 BUILDING PERSPECTIVE - WEST SCALE:

\_\_\_\_ RFI #52 03 BUILDING PERSPECTIVE - EAST SCALE:

O 1 OVERALL ELEVATION - EAST SCALE: 1/8" = 1'-0"



# (H-E) CONTROL JOINT, TYP STUCCO (EP-1) STRUCTURAL COLUMN, PAINTED (EP-6) TILT-UP CONCRETE PANEL BEYOND LEVEL 3\_ EL. 131'-6" METAL PANEL SYSTEM - STOREFRONT SYSTEM - GLASS GUARDRAIL SYSTEM LEVEL 2 EL. 115'-9" METAL PANEL SYSTEM STOREFRONT SYSTEM - SINTERED PANEL SYSTEM LEVEL 1\_ EL. 100'-0" LIGHT FIXTURE, TYP

02 A5.02

## FACADE PLAN NOTES

- This Facade Plan is for conceptual purposes only. All building plans require review and approval by Development Services.

- All mechanical units shall be screened from public view as required by the Zoning Ordinance

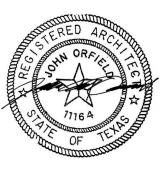
- When permitted, exposed utility boxes and conduits shall be painted to match the building

All signage areas and locations are subject to approval by Development Services
Roof access shall be provided internally, unless

otherwise permitted by the Chief Building Official

BG KG Powel

architecture | interiors | planning | graphics 8070 Park Lane, Ste. 300 | Dallas, Texas 75231 Tel 972.701.9000 | Fax 972.991.3008 www.bokapowell.com



12.12.2017

Owner
CAWLEY PARTNERS
16400 DALLAS PKWY, SUITE #150
DALLAS, TX 75248
972.759.7700

mep engineer SCHMIDT & STACY 2711 N Haskell Ave #400 Dallas, TX 75204 214.874.0200

structural engineer
L.A. FUESS PARTNERS, INC.
3333 LEE PARKWAY, SUITE 300
DALLAS, TX 75219
214.871.7010

civil engineer STANTEC 12222 MERIT DR. SUITE 400 DALLAS, TX 75251-2268 972.991.0011

landscape architect STANTEC 12222 MERIT DR. SUITE 400 DALLAS, TX 75251-2268 469.329.3634

general contractor
HILL & WILKINSON
2703 TELECOM PKWY #120
RICHARDSON, TX 75082
214.299.4300

project CAWLEY FOURTEEN555 CENTER 14555 DALLAS PARKWAY

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original issue

05.02.2017

06.29.2017

08.02.2017

08.16.2017

09.25.2017

11.06.2017

16133.100

HUB PERMIT SET

**ADDISON, TX. 75254** 

/isions

WCPR #3 - HUB CITY RESPONSES
 WCPR #5 - VE CHANGES
 WCPR #6 - INTERIORS/

COORDINATION UPDATES
RFI #45
RFI #52

4 WCPR #10 - HUB LEVEL 2 REDESIGN 12.12.2017

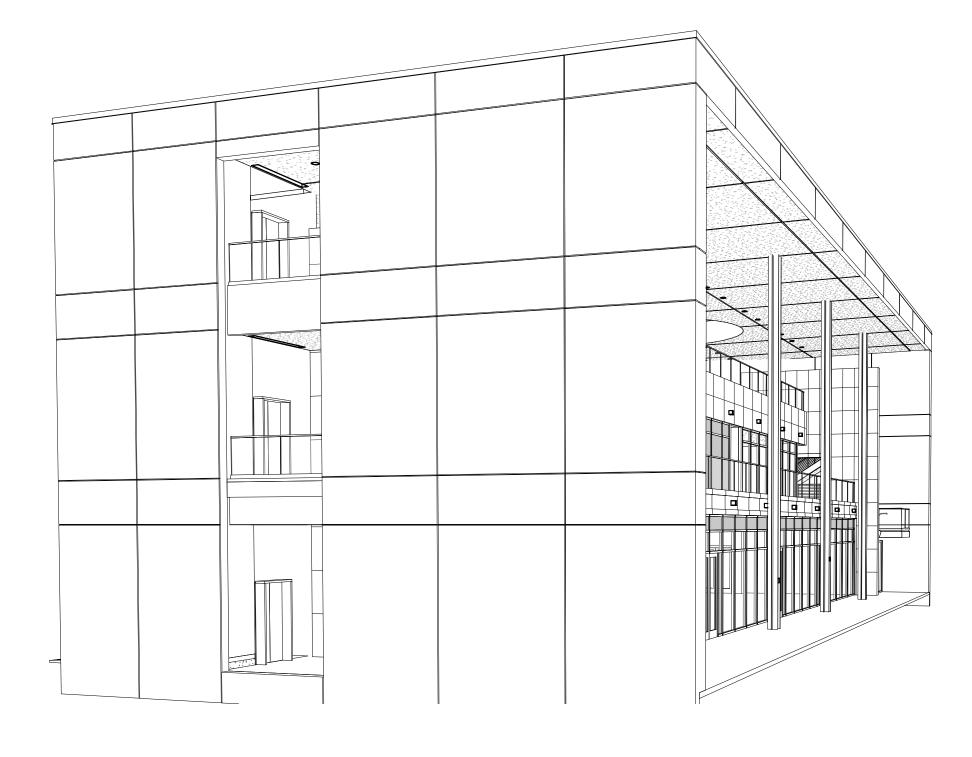
overall Building

ELEVATIONS - HUB

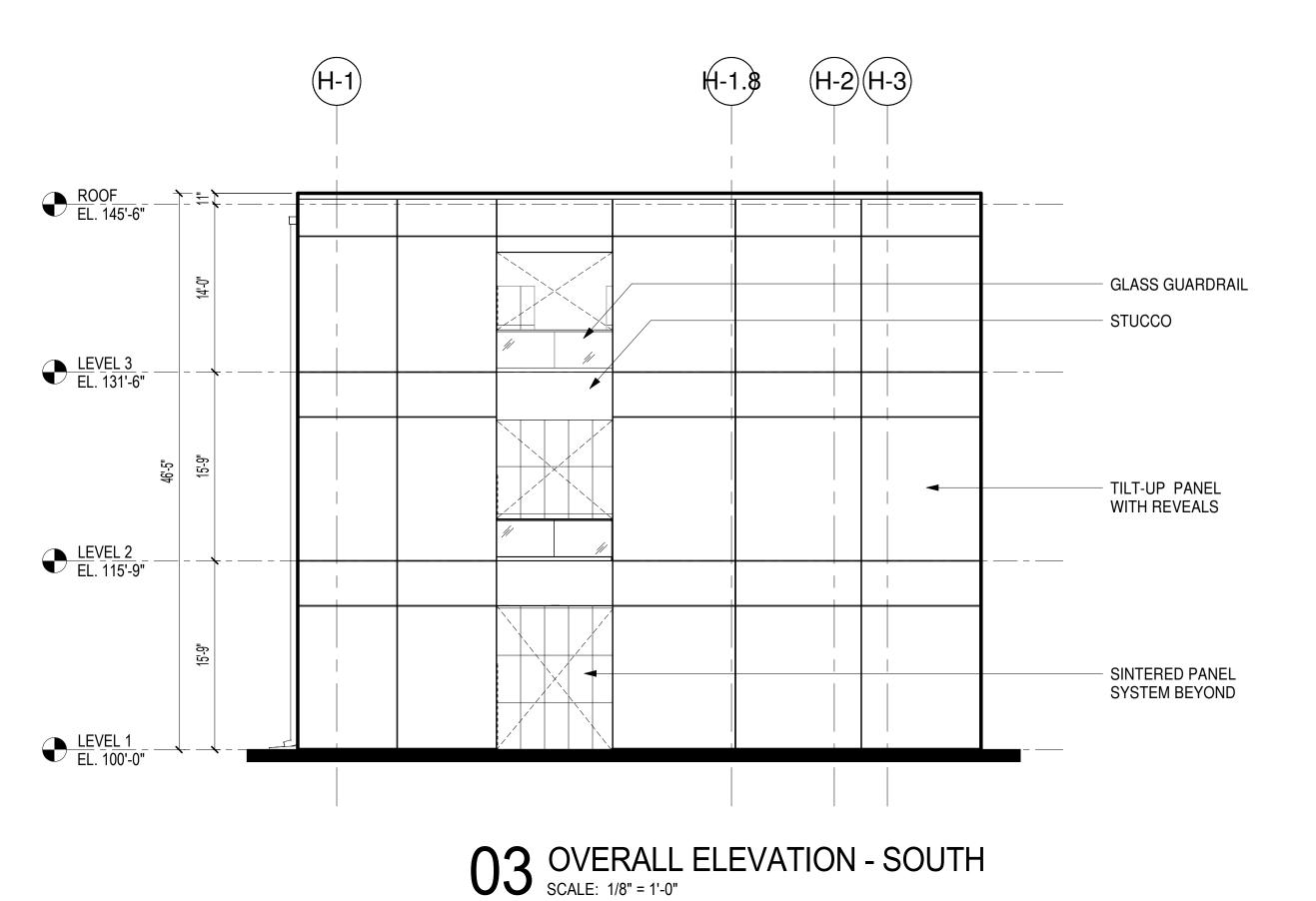
project number

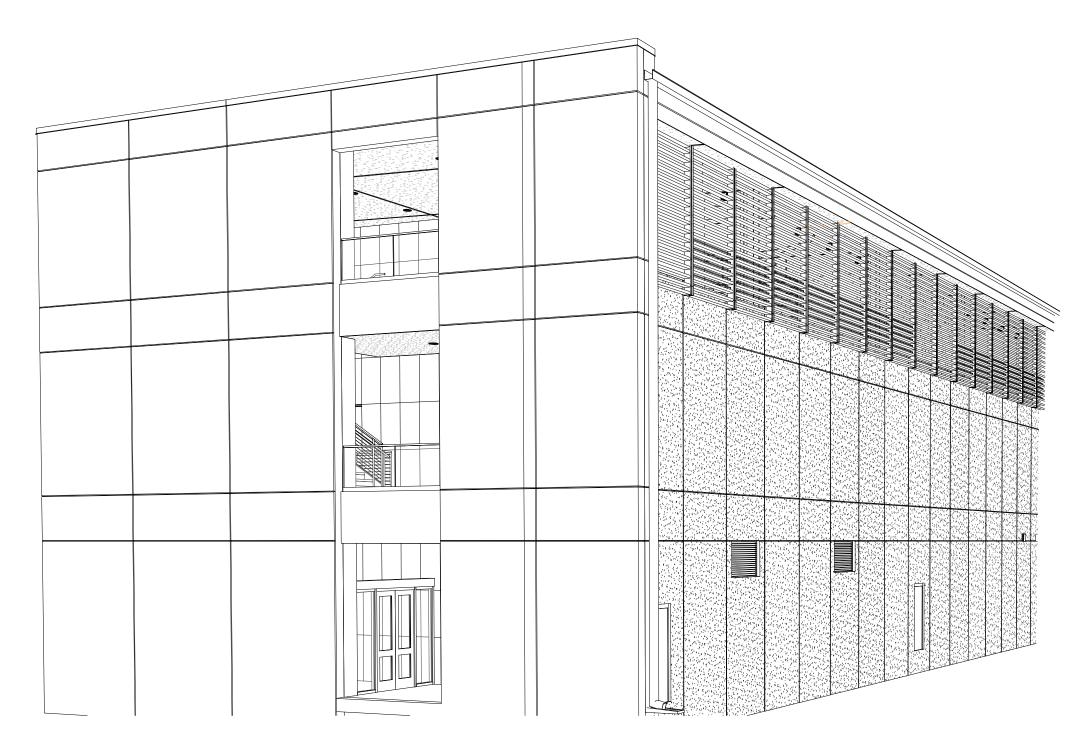
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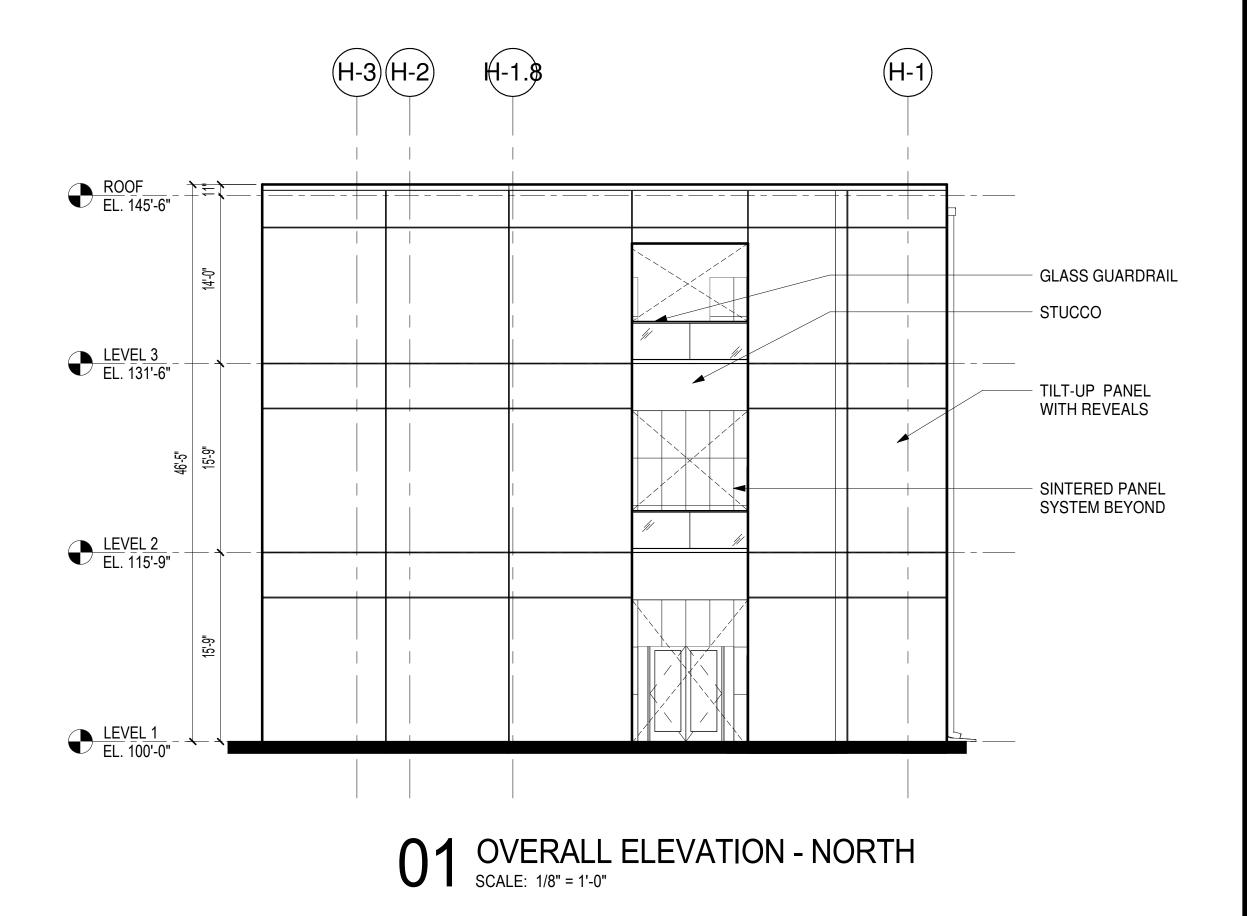


BUILDING PERSPECTIVE - 04 SOUTH SCALE:





BUILDING PERSPECTIVE - NORTH SCALE:



BG KG Powel

architecture | interiors | planning | graphics 8070 Park Lane, Ste. 300 | Dallas, Texas 75231 Tel 972.701.9000 | Fax 972.991.3008 www.bokapowell.com



05.02.201

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project CAWLEY FOURTEEN555 CENTER 14555 DALLAS PARKWAY

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05.02.2017

original issue
HUB PERMIT SET

**ADDISON, TX. 75254** 

revisions

tle

OVERALL BUILDING ELEVATIONS - HUB

project number

16133.100 05.02.2017

**A4**<sub>-</sub>05

FACADE PLAN NOTES

- This Facade Plan is for conceptual purposes only. All building plans require review and approval by Development Services.

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 Roof access shall be provided internally, unless otherwise permitted by the Chief Building Official Al-2615 11.

**Work Session and Regular Meeting** 

**Meeting Date:** 03/06/2018

**Department:** Economic Development

**Pillars:** Entrepreneurship and Business Hub

Milestones: Focus on economic development activities which attract and retain entrepreneurship and

high-tech conferences

#### **AGENDA CAPTION:**

Present, Discuss, and Consider Action on a <u>Resolution for Appointments to the Economic Development Strategic Plan Special Project Committee.</u>

#### **BACKGROUND:**

A contract for the development of an Economic Development Strategic Plan was approved by Council at the January 23, 2018 Council meeting. Staff is bringing this item to Council to appoint members to the Economic Development Strategic Plan Special Project Committee.

At the January 9, 2018, Council meeting, Staff reviewed the current appointment process for the Planning and Zoning Commission and the Board of Zoning Adjustment, as well as the prior process for appointing members to various committees. The Council discussed various public committee processes and procedures, and ultimately directed staff to provide a summary of the scope of work for the following planning and visioning processes. Staff has attached the summaries for the following projects:

- Addison Circle/Cotton Belt Special Area Study (Appointments made January 23, 2018)
- Economic Development Strategic Plan
- Parks Master Plan (Appointments made January 23, 2018)
- Belt Line Road Landscape Master Plan (Appointments made February 13, 2018)

Council also discussed that these committees could consist of up to a maximum of two (2) appointees per Councilmember, for a total of 14 members.

Staff accepted applications from individuals who were interested in being appointed to these special project committees from December 18, 2017 until January 2, 2018. Attached is the list of applicants who submitted an application that indicated that they would like to be considered for appointment to the Economic Development Strategic Plan Committee. This list also identifies applicants who have been appointed to the Addison Circle/Cotton Belt, Parks Master Plan, or Belt Line Streetscape Special Project Committees. Council can also appoint individuals who did not submit an application.

Should Council desire to take action, the attached resolution allows for Council to appoint members to the Economic Development Strategic Plan Special Project Committee during this meeting.

#### **RECOMMENDATION:**

Administration recommends approval.

#### **Attachments**

Resolution - Economic Development Strategic Plan Special Project Committee Appointments
Applicants - Economic Development Strategic Plan Special Project Committee

#### TOWN OF ADDISON, TEXAS

RESOL	TITION	NO	
KESUL	/UTTUN	NU.	

A RESOLUTION OF THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE TOWN OF ADDISON, TEXAS CREATING THE ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT STRATEGIC PLAN SPECIAL PROJECT COMMITTEE AND APPOINTING MEMBERS.

**WHEREAS,** in January 2018, the City Council Town of Addison approved a contract to update the Town's Economic Development Strategic Plan; and

**WHEREAS**, in an effort to stimulate public participation, the City Council desires to create a committee to provide input to the consultants retained to update the Economic Development Strategic Plan.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED BY THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE TOWN OF ADDISON, TEXAS:

<u>Section 1</u>. The City Council hereby creates the Economic Development Strategic Plan Special Project Committee to provide input regarding the Economic Development Strategic Plan. The committee will be comprised of the following individuals:

<u>Section 2</u>. The Committee shall be advisory in nature and shall be dissolved upon adoption of the Economic Development Strategic Plan.

**Section 3.** This resolution shall be effective from and after the date of passage.

**DULY PASSED BY THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE TOWN OF ADDISON, TEXAS,** this the 6<sup>th</sup> day of March, 2018.

	Joe Chow, Mayor
ATTEST:	APPROVED AS TO FORM:
Christie Wilson, Interim City Secretary	Brenda N. McDonald, City Attorney

OFFICE OF THE CITY SECRETARY Page 1 of 1

RESOLUTION NO.

Name	Resident or Business	Economic Development Strategic Plan	Appointed to another Special Project Committee
Al Cioffi	Resident	Х	
Alan Wood	Resident	Х	Х
Allan Wood	Resident	Х	
Charles Tholen	Business	Х	
Chris DeFrancisco	Resident	Х	Х
David Collins	Resident	Х	
David Kean	Resident	Х	
David Pells	Resident	Х	Х
Elaine Manley	Resident	Х	
Elizabeth Beddow	Business	Х	Х
Elliot Moore	Resident	Х	
Jane Lenz	Resident	Х	Х
Janis Roberson	Resident	Х	Х
Jason Ennis	Resident	Х	
Jim Ellison	Business	Х	
Jimmy Homan	Business	Х	Х
Joshi Pothuri	Resident	Х	
Judy Lembke	Business	Х	Х
Juli Branson	Resident	Х	Х
Kevin Gardner	Business	Х	
Lauren Bonfield	Resident	Х	Х
Marlin Willesen	Resident	Х	
Mary Anne Mayer Redmond	Resident	Х	Х
Matt Horine	Resident	Х	Х
Pamela Boyd	Resident	Х	
Richard Fitzpatrick	Resident	Х	Х
Robert Weeks	Resident	Х	
Ronna Schmoker	Resident	Х	Х
Russell Graham	Business	Х	Х
Sai Nori	Resident	Х	
Sheila Barkofske	Resident	Х	
Taylor Bowen	Business	Х	Х



# Special Project Committee Overview

**JANUARY 16, 2018** 

#### ADDISON CIRCLE/COTTON BELT SPECIAL AREA STUDY

On November 28, 2017, the City Council approved a professional services agreement with Kimley-Horn and Associates, Inc. to complete the Special Area Study for the Addison Circle Area including the properties along the Cotton Belt Corridor.

The project would consist of five phases:

**Phase I - Project Management / Stakeholder and Public Engagement -** This anticipates general project management as well as community engagement through property owner interviews, two community meetings and three meetings with an advisory committee.

**Phase II - Strategic Assessment -** In this phase, the consultant team would gather and review pertinent data, research existing conditions and conduct a market analysis.

**Phase III - Development Alternatives -** This task involves working with the project committee to develop and analyze two alternatives for the study area.

**Phase IV - Preferred Development Plan -** This task involves forming a preferred development plan based on input received about the alternatives and preparing an implementation strategy. **Phase V - Study Completion -** This phase includes development of a final report for adoption by the Town.

Since execution of the contract, staff has been working with the consultant to finalize a project schedule, conduct site visits, and to begin reviewing pertinent background information regarding the study area as anticipated in Phases I and II. The next step of the process will be to seek public input in various forms to help develop the plan. Once the next phases begin, it is anticipated to take approximately five months to complete the process. The public input process for this study will consist of three elements:

#### Stakeholder Interviews

Staff will identify stakeholders within the study area for the consultant to meet with in small groups. These stakeholders will include business and property owners within the study area as well as Addison Circle resident representatives pulled from the various HOAs and neighborhood associations. The scope anticipates four small group meetings. These would be conducted early in the process to gain initial thoughts, opinions and concerns before any plan is crafted.

#### **Special Project Committee**

The scope anticipates three meetings with a Special Project Committee. This committee would work with staff and the consultant team to:

- Review pertinent background information
- Consider comments gathered from other public input opportunities
- Craft high level goals for the study area
- Discuss appropriate uses
- Identify how to tie the study area into Addison Circle
- Review development alternatives
- Decide on a preferred conceptual plan for future development

#### **Community Meetings**

As part of Phase I, there would be two community meetings that would be advertised to all businesses and residents in Addison. The first community meeting would be held at the beginning of the process to share initial findings and gather ideas to be considered through the study process. A second meeting would be held later in the process to review the study findings before they are presented to Council for adoption.

#### **Project Committee Composition**

Town staff would like to include representation from the following groups on the project committee: a mixture of members with development experience such as engineering, architecture and real estate, property owners and business owners from within and around the study area, as well as representatives from the residential community.

#### **ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT STRATEGIC PLAN**

On January 23 Town staff will recommend to City Council the hiring of Ady Advantage/Gateway Planning to prepare the community's new Economic Development Strategic Plan. Once the agreement is approved, staff will begin working with the consulting group on the development of the plan. Critical to its success will be input from City Council, key stakeholders, local businesses and residents. The plan's 13-step process will take approximately six months to complete.

The development of the plan will include a three-phase approach highlighted as follows:

- 1) **Phase I**: Discover (7-step process taking 12 weeks to complete): This phase includes project initiation and information gathering to assess the local market. This phase will involve the major portion of public input which will include the following:
  - a. One on one interviews will be conducted with key stakeholders including City Council, the Special Project Committee, local educational institutions, chamber representatives, tourism representatives, community development representatives and business associations to better understand key opportunities/challenges for Addison and the region and to gain input on key topics and priorities.
  - b. Key Business Interviews: Large and representative employers in Addison will be interviewed to understand the current strengths and weaknesses of the Addison talent market and to gauge their input on the local business environment overall. This will assist the consultant with their talent-led cluster analysis, and assess the community's image and reputation in the region.
  - c. Residents and employees (young professionals who live or work in Addison) will be surveyed to gain their input on Addison as a place to live, work and recreate to determine their priorities for quality of place. The goal of this survey will be to understand current perceptions of the town/region, uncover challenges and get a sense of the strongest assets from both an economic development and placemaking perspective that Addison offers.

In addition to the interviews and online survey, large poster boards and markers with key questions noted will be placed in public gathering areas such as the athletic club so residents can share their thoughts. These would be placed right after the project initiation and stay open

- through Week 8. This will allow the consultant to gather further input and analyze the information provided.
- 2) Phase II: Distill (4-step process taking 7 weeks to complete): During this process the consulting team will evaluate the information gathered in Phase I to determine the most important costs/conditions for each recommended industry cluster as well as the region's competitive set for each industry. Stakeholders, the public and the Special Project Committee will be lead through a workshop where asset maps and case studies will be presented to create several viable futures. The work session will be a visioning and goal-setting process for the community related to economic development, but will also take into account workforce development, community development, and tourism, as they relate to economic development. Based on input received after the visioning and goals work session, the consultant will determine what is needed to get Addison best positioned to attract the end users, and talent and diversity of business sectors.
- 3) **Phase III**: Do (2-step process taking 6 weeks to complete): This step begins the culmination of the project completion. During this phase, the consultant will develop a framework and strategic recommendations for the community based on research findings that will best accomplish the community's goals and visions. The framework will build off the 2010 strategic plan and adjust and evolve based on the findings from this project. High level strategic recommendations will be made in the following areas:
  - a. **Organizational**: Recommended beneficial initiatives and partnerships to help meet goals.
  - b. **Business Retention/Expansion and Recruitment**: Recommended strategies to attract and retain businesses, especially those within the identified target clusters.
  - c. **Talent**: Recommended strategies to attract talent and a strong labor force for companies.
  - d. **Placemaking**: Strategies to create the types of neighborhoods and communities that attract employees and employers. This piece will include recommendations on growing Addison's restaurant sector. It will also include recommended strategies to align current and future infrastructure needs with the placemaking strategy, bridging both physical design to promote vibrant, walkable and connected places in addition to potential financing mechanisms by which to implement such efforts.

The final plan will be presented to the public, the Special Project Committee, and the City Council.

#### **Stakeholder Interviews**

In conjunction with the consultant, staff will identify stakeholders in the community for the consultant to meet with in small groups. These stakeholders will include representative businesses, residents, and economic development allies. The number of meetings and scope of the interviews will be identified once the consultant is formally put under contract and the process is refined. This will be one of the initial items to be addressed during the launch of the study. Stakeholder interviews would be conducted during the initial phase of the study as part of the Discovery Phase.

#### **Special Project Committee**

The scope anticipates three meetings with a Special Project Committee during each of the phases of the study. This committee would work with staff and the consultant team to:

- Review pertinent background information.
- Consider comments gathered from other public input opportunities.

- Discuss visions and goals identified by the consulting firm.
- Provide qualitative input to the consultants.
- Review preliminary plans developed.
- Make recommendations prior to the study's final delivery.

#### **Community Meetings**

There would be one community meeting during the second phase of the study following the local market assessment to present the findings of the Discovery Phase. Input will be sought by the public to refine the visioning and goals-setting of the study by the consultants during the community meeting. In addition to the public meeting, large poster boards and markers with key questions noted will be placed in public gathering areas such as the athletic club so people can share their thoughts and ideas. The final meeting to present the study to the city council will also be open to the public.

#### **Project Committee Composition**

Town staff would like to include representation from the following groups on the project committee: volunteers who represent the City Council, large and small local businesses, and residents from the community who have a strong business background. An emphasis should be placed on seeking a diverse group of individuals and young professionals who may be entrepreneurs or creative-type individuals.

#### PARKS MASTER PLAN OVERVIEW

#### **Project Collaboration and Guidance**

A strong, implementable Master Plan requires teamwork and collaboration to help shape the process and ensure the plan reflects community priorities and needs. MIG will work with two key advisory groups to ensure that technical expertise and community knowledge are integrated throughout the planning process:

- The Project Leadership Team (PLT) will be comprised of key City staff who will kick off the project and meet during each phase to provide internal direction and guidance. This will include key leaders from the Parks & Recreation Department, plus staff from Marketing & Communications, Events, Economic Development & Tourism, Conference & Theater Center, Infrastructure & Development Services, Finance and Fire as needed. These four meetings are anticipated to be 1-to 2-hour work sessions typically held on the same day as PAC meetings.
- The Project Committee will provide overarching direction for the project and review documents to ensure accuracy and consistency with community and city needs. MIG will facilitate four project committee meetings, with the first beginning a few weeks after the group is appointed. The project committee is anticipated to include primarily Council appointed business and community leaders, as well as representatives of the community and a variety of interest groups.

Project Committee Meeting #1: Orientation and SWOT

MIG will facilitate a discussion with the Project Advisory Committee on the unique identity of Addison and the strengths, weaknesses, opportunities, and threats (SWOT) for Addison's park and recreation system. MIG will create an agenda, define committee

roles and responsibilities and, following the meeting, prepare a brief summary of the discussion.

Project Committee Meeting #2: Plan Development Work Session

MIG will facilitate a special 2.5- to 3-hour workshop with the PAC to discuss strategies and alternatives for addressing the community's vision and needs using available resources. MIG will create an agenda, design a meeting activity, and following the meeting, prepare a brief summary of the discussion.

Project Committee Meeting #3 & Community Prioritization Workshop
Recognizing the costs associate with capital projects, MIG will host a large community
workshop for 60-75 people to involve residents in making decisions about priority
projects, programs and service, funding sources to consider, and the level of service to
provide based on supported financial investments. The community workshop will
involve PAC members in hosting and facilitating small group discussions. It may take
advantage of high tech tools, such as Turning Point meeting polling equipment. MIG will
facilitate the workshop, and develop materials, an online forum and data input tool so
that City staff can involve more residents in identifying priorities for the Master Plan. As
an optional task (OPT 1), this workshop could include a companion online prioritization
exercise to broaden feedback and solicit comments from people who cannot attend the
workshop.

<u>Project Committee Meeting #4: Draft Plan Review</u>
<u>MIG will present the Public Draft Plan at a PAC Meeting #4 for review, discussion and potentially a recommendation to Council for adoption.</u>

#### **Council Involvement**

One-on-one interviews will be held early in the planning process with key decision makers to identify opportunities and issues for the Master Plan to address. Six to eight 45-minute interviews may include key City Council members, the City Manager, key business partners or other decision makers that have substantial influence in Addison. MIG will provide an interview tool, allow one day of time for back-to-back interviews and summarize key themes to provide direction for the planning process.

#### **Public Engagement Opportunities**

Throughout the project, there will be multiple opportunities for public engagement:

#### Mapita Digital Questionnaire

MIG will collect place-based data through Mapita, an online questionnaire and interactive mapping forum that allows Addison residents, employees and visitors to provide specific input regarding their recreation preferences and needs.

#### **Intercept Activities**

MIG will design 3-4 interactive display boards (bilingual if desired) that can be set up at existing community festivals and events, at recreation facilities, and in high-traffic locations to collect feedback about park and recreation priorities and preferences. As a "pop-up activity" that can show up anywhere, the display boards collect information while also serving as small, attractive billboards for Mapita strategically placed around the community. As an added value, MIG will

reduce the display board content to a distributable, downloadable 8.5" x 11" meeting/coffee klatch packet that can be self-administered by local service groups, neighborhood associations, clubs and interest groups who would like to be involved in the planning process.

#### Community Prioritization Workshop

Recognizing the costs associate with capital projects, MIG will host a large community workshop for 60-75 people to involve residents in making decisions about priority projects, programs and service, funding sources to consider, and the level of service to provide based on supported financial investments. The community workshop will involve project committee members in hosting and assisting in small group discussions. It may take advantage of high tech tools, such as Turning Point meeting polling equipment. MIG will facilitate the workshop, and develop materials, an online forum and data input tool so that City staff can involve more residents in identifying priorities for the Master Plan.

#### **Project Committee Composition**

Town staff would like to include representation from the following groups on the project committee: an Addison Circle business; an ownership group from the Quorum Business District; an Addison based corporate business; a resident with a focus on Fitness/Recreation; a resident with an Environmental focus; an active adults; a resident with a young family; a resident from Vitruvian District; a resident from Addison Circle; and, an individual with a focus on social events.

#### BELT LINE ROAD LANDSCAPE MASTER PLAN

#### **Project Collaboration and Guidance**

Pacheco Koch will work with a project committee to ensure that stakeholders are informed and have had opportunity to share concerns and direct the consultants in what items are important to them.

**Project Committee** is anticipated to be involved in the following ways:

- Meet three times over the coming three months to provide direction and advise on the development of landscape improvement options that can be shown to the public.
  - Project Committee Meeting 1, Establishing Project Parameters: The project committee
    will meet with the consultant team to review the opportunities and constraints of the
    corridor and give advice on priorities, key considerations and other issues related to the
    project.
    - Following this meeting, the Consultants will prepare data that can be presented at a **public meeting #1** showing the public these same opportunities and constraints, gathering input and priorities from the public.
  - Project Committee Meeting 2, Concept Alternatives: The project committee will meet
    with the consultant team to review a series of images, sketches, and diagrams that will
    guide the direction of the design options produced. The project committee will give
    direction on preferred options shown that they feel best represents the community and
    accomplishes the project goals.
    - Following this meeting, the Consultants will prepare data that can be presented at a public meeting #2 showing the direction the design is moving and gather feedback.

- Project Committee Meeting 3, Multiple Options: The project committee will meet with the consultant team to see basic, enhanced, and long-range vision options for the design taken from their input in the first two project committee meetings. Any final input will be incorporated.
  - Following this meeting, the Consultants will prepare data that can be presented at a public meeting #3 showing the results of the design effort. This same data produced can be used in a web-based survey, flyer, presentation boards or other forms of Public Notification.

#### **Public Engagement Opportunities**

- In addition to the proposed three public meetings described above, we anticipate up to three other ad-hoc meetings where the Project Committee, City Staff and Consultants may meet with key business owners or land owners that heavily impact or are impacted by the proposed design solutions.
- The Consultants will prepare the graphics and cost estimates that are to be used in Project Committee and Public Meeting #3 in such a way that they can be installed into an interactive web-based comment and preference interface for the public.

#### **Project Committee Composition**

Town staff would like to include representation from the following groups on the project committee: an ADA representative; a regular DART user; a representative of Asbury Circle; 2 property owners/managers; and, 5 residents.

Al-2578 12.

**Work Session and Regular Meeting** 

Meeting Date: 03/06/2018

Department: Finance

**Pillars:** Gold Standard for Financial Health

Milestones: Review town ordinances and regulations with a focus on modernization in order to facilitate

redevelopment

#### AGENDA CAPTION:

Present, Discuss and Consider Action on <u>Acceptance of the Fiscal Year 2017 Comprehensive</u> <u>Annual Financial Report (CAFR)</u>.

#### **BACKGROUND:**

The Addison Town Charter requires that Town Staff prepare a Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) that shows the status of the Town's finances. The CAFR is required to be prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting and financial reporting principles. The charter also requires that the Town's financial statements be audited annually by an independent external auditing firm. The results of the independent external audit are included in the CAFR.

The Town of Addison Finance Department has prepared the CAFR for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2017. The CAFR is a report of the Town's overall financial results. The Town's financial statements have been audited by BDK, LLP, an independent firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit is to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the Town are free of material misstatement.

In addition to providing an overview of the Town of Addison CAFR for Fiscal Year 2017, BKD will present their audit report and opinion on the Town's financial statements.

BKD has issued an *unmodified option*, which means that financial statements are presented, in all material respects, in accordance with applicable financial reporting framework. Simply stated, an *unmodified opinion* is a clean opinion.

#### **RECOMMENDATION:**

Administration recommends approval.

#### **Attachments**

Report - Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR)

#### **Town of Addison, Texas**

### **Comprehensive Annual Financial Report**

For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

#### **City Council**

**Expiration of Term** 

Joe Chow, Mayor	May 2019
Ivan Hughes, Mayor Pro Tempore	May 2019
Jim Duffy, Deputy Mayor Pro Tempore	May 2018
Al Angell, Council Member	May 2018
Tom Braun, Council Member	May 2019
Paul Walden, Council Member	May 2018
Lori Ward, Council Member	May 2019

#### **City Manager**



# Prepared by the Department of Finance

Olivia Riley, CPA, CGMA, CFO Amanda Turner, CPA, Controller Charles Williams, Accounting Manager Ashley Boatright, Accounting Supervisor Lauren Arnold, Senior Accountant Karen Hollingsworth, Senior Accountant Terri Doby, Budget Manager



# Town of Addison, Texas Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2017

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# DRAFT COPY



February 15, 2018

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council Town of Addison, Texas

I am pleased to submit the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the Town of Addison, Texas for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2017. The purpose of the report is to provide the City Council, management, staff, the public, and other interested parties with detailed information reflecting the Town's financial condition.

#### THE REPORT

This report satisfies §103.001 of the Texas Local Government Code requiring annual audits of all municipalities and was conducted in accordance with Section 2.15 of the Charter of the Town of Addison. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the presented data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the Town. We believe the data is accurate in all material respects and is presented in a manner that fairly sets forth the financial position of the Town. We also believe all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the Town's financial affairs have been included. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the Town of Addison has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the Town of Addison's financial statements in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the Town of Addison's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) is organized into major *Introductory, Financial, and Statistical Sections*. The *Introductory Section* provides general information on the government's structure and personnel as well as information useful in assessing the government's financial condition.

The *Financial Section* contains the opinion of the Town's independent auditor. The Town of Addison's financial statements have been audited by **BKD**, **LLP**, a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the Town of Addison for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2017 are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the Town of Addison's financial statements for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2017 are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

Also included in the *Financial Section* is management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) that provides users of the basic financial statements a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of those statements. The basic financial statements, including the accompanying notes, represent the core of the financial section. These financial statements present the financial condition of the Town of Addison as a single entity, as well as the individual funds that account for the Town's various governmental and business-type activities.

The report concludes with the *Statistical Section*, which, through the use of tables, presents comparative economic and financial data to give users of the report a perspective of the Town's performance over a number of years.

#### THE REPORTING ENTITY

The Town of Addison is located in the Dallas North Parkway area, which has been referred to as the "platinum corridor" of the Dallas Metroplex. The area, which developed rapidly over the past three decades, is home to affluent neighborhoods, hundreds of million-dollar companies, scores of quality restaurants, and two spacious malls. At 4.4 square miles, Addison is the smallest, yet most densely developed, of the various suburbs located in the area. Although it has just over 16,000 residents, the Town has developed into a cosmopolitan center which serves well over 125,000 business persons, shoppers, and visitors daily.



The Town was incorporated in 1953 and is operating under a Charter adopted in 1978 and last amended November 2010. Under the amended Charter, the Council is comprised of a mayor and six council members who enact local legislation, determine policies, and adopt the Town's budget. The mayor and council members are elected for two-year terms with the mayor and three council members being elected each odd-numbered year and the remaining three council members elected each even-numbered year. The City Manager is appointed by the City Council and is responsible to them for the proper administration of the affairs of the Town.

The Town provides a full range of municipal services including general government, public safety (police and fire), streets, parks and recreation, planning and zoning, code enforcement, stormwater and water and sewer utilities. Sanitation collection services are provided through private contractors; non-residential customers contract with the collection firm of their choice while single-family residential customers contract through the Town with sanitation fees added to their municipal utility bills.

The annual budget of the Town of Addison serves as the foundation for the Town's financial planning and control. The budget is prepared by the City Manager and adopted by the City Council in accordance with policies and procedures established by the Town Charter and council ordinances. The appropriated budget is prepared and presented by fund, department (e.g. police) or function (e.g. debt service), and major cost category (e.g. personal services). All expenses of the Town are made in accordance with the adopted annual budget. The department level is the legal level of control enacted by the Town Charter. Budgetary control is maintained at the individual expenditure account level by the review of all requisitions of estimated purchase amounts prior to the release of purchase orders to vendors. Transfers between expenditure accounts in one department may occur with the approval of the Chief Financial Officer. Transfers between operating departments may occur with the approval of the City Manager and Chief Financial Officer provided that a department's total budget is not changed by more than five percent. Transfers between funds or transfers between departments that change a department's total budget by more than five percent must be accomplished by budget amendment approved by the City Council. Budget amendments calling for new fund appropriations must also be approved by the City Council.

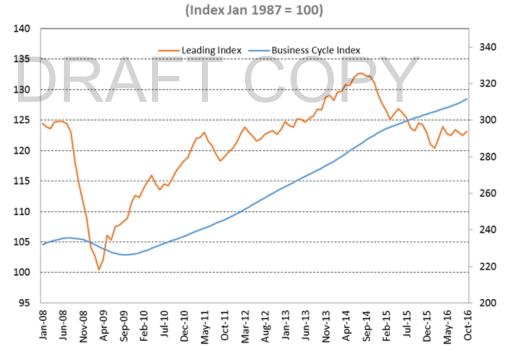
Budget-to-actual comparisons are provided in this report for each major fund for which an appropriated annual budget has been adopted. For the non-major governmental funds with appropriated annual budgets, this comparison is presented in the combining and individual fund financial statements section of this report.

#### **FACTORS AFFECTING FINANCIAL CONDITION**

#### **Status of Local Economy**

With its concentration of commercial and retail development, the Town of Addison's economy is strongly influenced by the region's economic climate. According to reports issued by the Federal Reserve Bank of Dallas, the Leading Index indicators are declining however the Business Cycle Index remains strong. This trend bodes well for the continued economic strength of the Town.

#### Texas Business Cycle Index and Leading Index



The United States unemployment rate continues to decline, with Texas faring better than the nation as a whole. Texas began fiscal year 2017 at 4.6% unemployment, reached as low as 3.5%, and ended the year at 4.0%, just below the U.S. rate of 4.7%.

Addison is densely developed with nearly 11 million square feet of office space distributed among 115 office buildings, much attention is given to the occupancy rates of buildings in Addison. At the end of September 2017, Addison's occupancy rate stood at 85.8 percent compared with the 86.4 percent recorded a year earlier. Addison's occupancy rate is 0.3 percent lower than the 86.1 percent average for all of the Dallas/Ft. Worth Area. (Source: CoStar Group)

The Town experienced a 6.5 percent increase in taxable property values for the 2017 certified levy compared to a 6.5 percent increase for the 2016 certified levy.

For the 2017 fiscal year, General Fund revenues of \$39.8 million represented an increase from \$34.2 million in fiscal year 2016. The property tax levy produced 37% of the total revenue available to the Town's General Fund for this year, while the sales tax revenue category produced 35%. The Town's sales tax receipts increased 9.4 percent from fiscal year 2016. General Fund expenditures and transfers for the 2017 fiscal year totaled \$36.3 million. The General Fund ending fund balance increased by \$3 million to \$16.4 million, with an ending fund balance of 50% of General Fund operating expenditures. The primary reason for the increase was due to an increased property tax levy.

#### **Long-Term Financial Planning**

Users of this document as well as others interested in the programs and services offered by the Town of Addison are encouraged to read the Town's 2016-17 Annual Budget. The document details the Town's long-term goals and financial policies, describes program accomplishments and initiatives, and outlines the Town's capital improvement program. The Town's Annual Budget also includes long-term financial plans for the major operating funds that forecast revenues and expenditures over a five-year horizon. The plans are driven by financial policies adopted by the City Council that are designed to protect the Town's financial integrity. The policies include establishing significant fund balances, or reserves, to protect the Town from the boom/bust economic cycle common to the state and the region. The budget document can be obtained from the Town of Addison's Financial and Strategic Services Department by calling (972) 450-7051. The Annual Budget can also be accessed through the department's web site at:

http://addisontexas.net/index.php?section=finance-department Addison-budget

#### **AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGMENTS**

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the Town of Addison, Texas for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2016. The Certificate, which is reproduced herein, is the highest form of recognition for excellence in state and local government financial reporting. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR whose contents conform to program standards. The document must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements. A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. The Town of Addison has received a Certificate for the last 41 consecutive years. We believe our current report continues to conform to the Certificate of Achievement program requirements, and we are submitting it to GFOA for consideration.

In addition to the *Certificate*, the Town received GFOA's *Award for Distinguished Budget Presentation* for its fiscal year 2017 annual budget document. In order to qualify for the *Award*, the Town's budget document was judged to be proficient or exceptional in several categories including policy documentation, financial planning, and operations guide. The Town has received the *Award* for 30 consecutive years. Together, the *Award* and the *Certificate* are evidence of the Finance Department's dedication to producing documents that effectively communicate the Town's financial condition to elected officials, city administrators, and the general public.

I wish to thank all members of the Finance Department who assisted in preparing and assembling the information presented in this report. I also acknowledge our auditors, **BKD**, **LLP**, and the assistance they provided in meeting the deadlines established for publication of the document. I am grateful for the support provided by the City Council, and affirm our pledge to be a resource to help them achieve the goals they have established for the Addison community.

Respectfully submitted,

Wesley S. Pierson City Manager







#### Government Finance Officers Association

# Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

**Town of Addison** 

DRAF Texas OPY

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

**September 30, 2016** 

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO









### MAYOR &

City Attorney

City Prosecutor

City Judge

City Secretary

Board/Commissions

Fire

Police

Human Resources

#### **DEPUTY CITY** MANAGER

Infrastructure & Development Services

Airport

Parks & Recreation

Economic Development & Tourism

Volunteer Services

#### **DEPUTY CITY** MANAGER

Finance

Municipal Court

General Services & Events

Marketing & Communication

#### EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR OF

**BUSINESS PERFORMANCE & INNOVATION** 

Information Technology

## STAFF ORGANIZATION



#### Town of Addison LIST OF PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS September 30, 2017

Town Hall (972) 450-7000 Fax (972) 450-7043

#### **Elected Officials**

Mayor	Joe Chow	(972) 450-7000
Mayor Pro Tempore	Ivan Hughes	(972) 450-7000
Deputy Mayor Pro Tempore	Jim Duffy	(972) 450-7000
Council Member	Al Angell	(972) 450-7000
Council Member	Tom Braun	(972) 450-7000
Council Member	Paul Walden	(972) 450-7000
Council Member	Lori Ward	(972) 450-7000

#### **Town Management**

City Manager	Wesley Pierson	(972) 450-7037
Deputy City Manager	Cheryl Delaney	(972) 450-7036
Deputy City Manager	Ashley Mitchell	(972) 450-7010
Interim City Secretary	Christie Wilson	(972) 450-7017
Director of Airport Administration	Joel Jenkinson	(972) 392-4855
Director of Economic Development & Tourism	Orlando Campos	(972) 450-7034
Chief Financial Officer	Olivia Riley	(972) 450-7050
Fire Chief	David Jones	(972) 450-7206
Director of General Services & Events	Mark Acevedo	(972) 450-2848
Director of Human Resources	Passion Hayes	(972) 450-2819
Director of Information Technology	Hamid Khaleghipour	(972) 450-2868
Director of Infrastructure and Development Svcs	Lisa Pyles	(972) 450-2878
Director of Parks and Recreation	Michael Kashuba	(972) 450-2831
Police Chief	Paul Spencer	(972) 450-7167
Director of Public Communications	Mary Rosenbleeth	(972) 450-7032





#### **Independent Auditor's Report**

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the Town Council Town of Addison, Texas

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Addison, Texas, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the North Dallas County Water Supply Corporation, a joint venture between the Town of Addison and the City of Farmers Branch, which statements reflect total net position of \$12,081,428 of which 55% (6,644,785) is recorded in the statement of net position and represents 5.8% of the business-type activities total assets. The financial statements of the North Dallas County Water Supply Corporation were audited by other auditors, whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included as equity in joint venture, is based solely on the report of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.



The Honorable Mayor and Members of the Town Council Town of Addison, Texas Page 10

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of the other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Addison, Texas, as of September 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position and where applicable, cash flows, thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Other Matters

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, pension and other post-employment benefits information listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules and introductory and statistical sections as listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the Town Council Town of Addison, Texas Page 11

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

BKD,LLP

Dallas, Texas February 15, 2018

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#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A)

As management of the Town of Addison, we offer readers of these financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Town of Addison for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2017. Readers are encouraged to read this narrative in conjunction with the transmittal letter at the front of this report and the Town's financial statements, which follow this section. *All amounts reported in this MD&A, unless otherwise indicated, are expressed in thousands of dollars (000's).* 

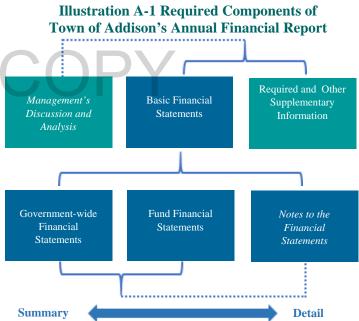
#### **Financial Highlights**

- The Town's assets and deferred outflows exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the 2017 fiscal year by \$247,410. This amount represents an increase over the previous year of \$25,643. The increase is primarily the result of payments of debt principal and prepaid expenses that will be recognized in future periods.
- As of September 30, 2017, the Town's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$52,395, an increase of \$255. The majority of the increase is due to the net excess from proceeds received from the sale of property and additional capital project expenditures.
- At the end of the 2017 fiscal year, the fund balance for the General Fund was \$16,368, or 49.7 percent of total fund expenditures. Fund balance increased \$3,477 during the year.
- At year-end, the Town of Addison's outstanding long-term liabilities totals \$106,748, a decrease of \$28,184
  from the previous year, which is attributed to the decrease in net pension liability and the scheduled
  retirement of existing debt during the year.

#### **Overview of Financial Statements**

This annual report is comprised of four segments as dictated by generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP): management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, required supplementary information, and other supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the Town.

- The government-wide financial statements provide both long-term and short-term information about the Town's <u>overall</u> financial status.
- The fund financial statements focus on individual parts of Addison's government, reporting the Town's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.
  - The governmental funds statements explain how general government services such as public safety were financed in the short-term, as well as what remains for future spending.
  - Proprietary fund statements offer shortterm and long-term financial information about the activities the government operates as <u>business-like</u>, such as the airport.



The financial statements also include *notes*, which elaborate on some of the information in the financial statements, providing more detailed data. These financial statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. Illustration A-1 shows how the required parts of this annual report are arranged and relate to one another. In addition to these required elements, we have included other information such as the Town's statistical section, which, through the use of tables, presents comparative economic and financial data to give users of this report a perspective of the Town's financial performance over a number of years.

Illustration A-2 summarizes the major features of the Town's financial statements. The remainder of this overview section of the management's discussion and analysis explains the structure and contents of each of the statements.

Major Features o	Illustration A-2 Major Features of Town of Addison's Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements												
		Fund Stat	ements										
	Government-wide Statements	Governmental Funds	Proprietary Funds										
Scope	Entire Town government	Activities of the Town that are not proprietary, such as police, fire, and parks	Activities the Town operates similar to a private-sector business: airport, water/sewer utility, and storm water										
Required financial statements	* Statement of net position * Statement of activities	* Balance Sheet  * Statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances  * Budget and actual	* Statement of net position * Statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position * Statement of cash flows										
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus										
Type of asset/ liability information	Type of asset/ All assets and liabilities,		All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term										
Type of inflow/outflow information	All Revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and payment is due during the year or soon thereafter	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid										

#### **Government-wide Financial Statements**

The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Town of Addison's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business. These statements can be located on pages 21-22 of this document.

- The statement of net position presents information on all of the Town's asset, liabilities, and deferred inflows and outflows, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may indicate the improvement or deterioration of the Town's financial position.
- The statement of activities presents information showing the Town's change in net position during the concluded fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

The government-wide financial statements of the Town are divided into two categories:

- Governmental activities These are functions such as fire, police, and other services that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenue.
- Business-type activities These functions are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges. The Town's airport, utility system and storm water system fall within this category.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts used to maintain control over resources which have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town of Addison, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Town can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental Funds – Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on **short-term** inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's short-term financing requirements.

The focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the **long-term impact** of the government's **short-term financing** decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental *funds* and governmental *activities*.

The Town of Addison maintains 11 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for all these funds, with the exception of the Economic Development Fund, Municipal Court Fund, Public Safety Fund, Advanced Funding Grant Fund, Reimbursement Grant Fund and PEG Fees Fund, which are considered non-major funds and are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The Town adopts an annual appropriated budget for almost all its governmental funds. A budgetary comparison statement is provided for each fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget except for the Capital Projects and Reimbursement Grant Funds.

*Proprietary Funds* – Services for which the Town charges customers a fee are generally reported in the proprietary funds. Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide statements, only in more detail. The Town of Addison maintains two different types of proprietary funds.

- Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The Town uses enterprise funds to account for its general aviation airport, storm water (drainage), and its utility (water and sewer) system.
- Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the
  Town's various functions. The Town uses internal service funds to account for its fleet of vehicles and its
  technological information systems. Both of these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than
  business-type functions hence they have been included within governmental activities in the governmentwide financial statements.

The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for Addison's airport, utility system, and storm drainage system, all of which are considered to be major funds of the Town of Addison. Conversely, both internal service funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

#### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data presented in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages <u>35</u>-66 of this report.

#### Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the Town of Addison's funding of its obligations to provide pension benefits to Town employees through the Texas Municipal Retirement System(TMRS) and to provide other postemployment benefits to Town employees upon retirement.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds and internal service funds are presented on pages 70-81.

#### **Government-wide Financial Analysis**

As of the close of the 2017 fiscal year, the Town's net position (assets and deferred outflows exceeding liabilities and deferred inflows) totaled \$247,410 (see Table A-1). Of this amount \$190,286, or 77 percent, represents the Town's investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, machinery, and equipment), less any related outstanding debt used to acquire those assets. The Town of Addison uses these capital assets to provide services to the community, these assets are not available for future spending. A portion of net position has been restricted for the Town's long-term general obligation debt (\$500), promotion of tourism and hotel industry (\$4,334) and other restrictions (\$509). The remaining amount of net position is labeled as unrestricted and totals \$51,781. This amount is available to meet the Town's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Town of Addison is able to report positive balances in these three categories of net position, both for the government as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities.

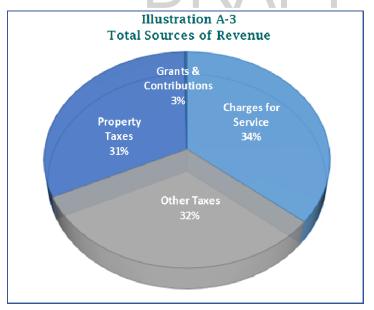
Table A-1
Town of Addison's Net Position (000's)

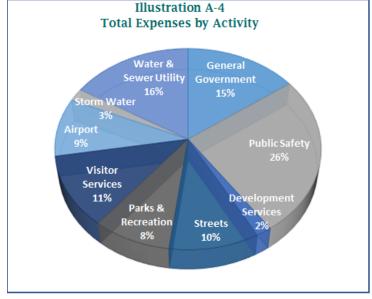
	Governmental Activities			Business-type Activities				Total			
		2017	2016		2017	2016		2017	2016		
Assets:											
Current and Other Assets	\$	64,631 \$	65,772	\$	33,059 \$	33,823	\$	97,690\$	99,595		
Capital Assets		174,367	172,235		80,557	83,263		254,924	255,498		
Total Assets		238,998	238,007		113,616	117,086		352,614	355,093		
Deferred Outflows of Resources:											
Deferred Charges		1,583	1,714		435	469		2,018	2,183		
Def Outflows of Pensions-Contributions		1,539	1,376		97	85		1,636	1,461		
Def Outflows of Pensions-Difference in Earnings		4,849	6,537		283	404		5,132	6,941		
Def Outflows of Pensions-Assumption Changes		235	337		14	21		249	358		
<b>Total Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>		8,206	9,964		829	979		9,035	10,943		
Liabilities:											
Long-Term Liabilities Outstanding		82,270	107,613		24,478	27,318		106,748	134,931		
Other Liabilities		4,140	4,628		2,332	3,204		6,472	7,832		
Total Liabilities		86,410	112,241		26,810	30,522		113,220	142,763		
Deferred Inflows of Resources:											
Deferred Inflows of Pensions		966	1,420		53	86		1,019	1,506		
<b>Total Deferred Inflows of Pensions</b>		966	1,420		53	86		1,019	1,506		
Net Position:											
Net Investment in Capital Assets		124,923	122,080		65,363	62,547		190,286	184,627		
Restricted:											
Debt Service		500	661		-	-		500	661		
Tourism/Hotel		4,334	3,870		-	-		4,334	3,870		
Child Safety		87	98		-	-		87	98		
Justice Administration		22	31		-			22	31		
Court Technology		75	86		7 (7)	-		75	86		
Building Security		54	64			-		54	64		
Public Safety		33	34					33	34		
Court Security		47	28		-	-		47	28		
Other Purposes		191	327		_			191	327		
Unrestricted	Φ.	29,562	7,031	•	22,219	24,910	•	51,781	31,941		
Total Net Position	\$	159,828 \$	134,310	\$	87,582 \$	87,457	\$	247,410\$	221,767		

As reflected in Table A-2, the Town's net position increased \$25,643 during the 2017 fiscal year.

Table A-2
Town of Addison's Changes in Net Position (000's)

	Governmental Activities			В	susiness-type A	Activities	Total			
		2017	2016		2017	2016		2017	2016	
Revenues:										
Program Revenues:										
Charges for Services	\$	6,878 \$	6,581	\$	18,497 \$	17,848	\$	25,375 \$	24,429	
Capital Grants & Contributions		-	149		148	2,131		148	2,280	
Operating Grants & Contributions		51	27		50	129		101	156	
General Revenues:										
Property Taxes		23,572	22,593		-	-		23,572	22,593	
Other Taxes		23,788	23,054		-	-		23,788	23,054	
Other		4,211	898		228	288		4,439	1,186	
Total Revenues		58,500	53,302	-	18,923	20,396		77,423	73,698	
Expenses:										
General Government		7,184	10,015		-	-		7,184	10,015	
Public Safety		7,022	17,529		-	-		7,022	17,529	
Development Services		101	1,278		-	-		101	1,278	
Streets		6,661	6,568		-	-		6,661	6,568	
Parks & Recreation		4,260	5,796		-	-		4,260	5,796	
Visitor Services		6,839	7,537		-	-		6,839	7,537	
Interest and Fiscal Charges										
on Long-Term Debt		1,714	2,417		-	-		1,714	2,417	
Airport		-	-		6,509	6,455		6,509	6,455	
Storm water		-	-		1,408	2,092		1,408	2,092	
Water & Sewer Utility		-	<u> </u>		10,081	10,822		10,081	10,822	
Total Expenses		33,781	51,140		17,998	19,369		51,779	70,509	
Increase (decrease) in net										
position		24,718	2,162		925	1,027		25,643	3,189	
Transfers		800	-		(800)	-		-	_	
Change in Net Position		25,518	2,162		125	1,027		25,643	3,189	
Net Position - Beginning		134,310	132,148		87,457	86,430		221,767	218,578	
Net Position - Ending	\$	159,828\$	134,310	\$	87,582\$	87,457	\$	247,410 \$	221,767	





#### **Governmental Activities**

Governmental activities increased the Town of Addison's net position by \$25,518 primarily due to a \$3.2 million sale of town property and a \$20.0 million decrease to pension expense as a result of a change in actuarial assumptions related to the treatment of Ad Hoc COLA which are no longer considered recurring for future pension obligations.

#### **Business-Type Activities**

The Town's business-type activities experienced a \$125 increase in net position with the Airport Fund recording a decrease of \$920, while the Utility Fund posted an increase of \$292, and the Storm Water Fund an increase of \$754.

#### **Financial Analysis of the Government Funds**

Governmental funds – The focus of the Town of Addison's governmental funds is to provide information on short-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending following the end of the fiscal year.

As of September 30, 2017, the Town's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$52,395, an increase of \$255 compared to balances a year earlier. Of the ending balance, \$15,879 or 30 percent is unassigned and is available to the Town for future spending. Most of the remaining fund balance is restricted for future capital projects (\$21,834), promotion of tourism and hotel industry (\$4,331), debt service (\$371) or committed for Economic Development (\$1,257) and Capital Projects (\$7,688). Components of the net increase of total fund balance are:

- In the General Fund, expenditures and transfers out totaled \$36,347 compared to revenues of \$36,612. Revenues increased \$2,454 from the previous year. The increase was mainly due to receiving higher ad valorem taxes as a result of higher appraised value of property in Addison. Expenditures increased \$1,128 from the 2016 fiscal year. This increase is primarily due to public safety (\$651) and general government expenditures (\$260).
- In the Hotel Fund, expenditures and transfers out to other funds totaled \$8,855 compared to revenues of \$9,307. Fund revenues decreased \$373 from the previous year, due to a decrease in non-property taxes. Expenditures increased \$518 from fiscal year 2016 due in large part to the change in reporting revenues and expenditures for special events as separate line items instead of revenues net of expenses, as previously reported.
- Capital project funds recorded a net decrease in fund balance of \$3,640, primarily due to ongoing
  expenditures for capital projects. Included in these funds is the Infrastructure Investment Fund with an
  ending fund balance of \$3,722 as of September 30, 2017. Other balances included are for capital projects
  funded with bond proceeds such as the 2012 and 2014 G.O. Bonds issued as well as savings from general
  operations transferred to the Self-Funded Project fund for future capital projected.

*Proprietary funds* - The Town of Addison's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements. Unrestricted net position of the Airport Fund at the end of the fiscal year amounted to \$5,115; the Utility Fund reported an unrestricted net position of \$12,664, while the Stormwater Fund reported an unrestricted net position of \$4,440.

#### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

Major differences between the original budget and the final amended budget are described below, *not expressed in thousands of dollars (000's)*:

 Other Financing Sources were amended to recognize increases in sale of city property by \$3,212,000 and an increase of \$1,297,000 in other financing uses for transfers out to self-funded capital projects. Other allocations for merit pay to various departments were made that did not result in a net change to appropriations.

The adjustments resulted in increasing budgeted revenue 9.0 percent and increasing expenditures by 3.5 percent. \$1,297,000 was transferred to the Self-Funded Project Fund for future capital needs.

The final actuals resulted in revenues of 2.6 percent higher than the revised budget, and expenditures 6.7 percent lower than the revised budget. The savings in expenditures resulted from lower than expected salary expenses due to vacancies, lower than expected expenses for the implementation of new software systems, and lower expenses than expected resulting from the outsourcing of public safety emergency communications.

#### **Capital Asset and Debt Administration**

Capital assets – As detailed in Table A-3 below, the Town of Addison's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of September 30, 2017, totals \$254,924 (net of accumulated depreciation). This amount represents a \$574 decrease from the previous year and is attributed to disposal of obsolete assets and depreciation of existing assets. Projects that are in progress include the Belt Line Road Utility Undergrounding, Pedestrian Connectivity, Midway Road Revitalization, and Addison Road Rehabilitation. More information related to the Town's capital assets can be found in Sections; I, D, 4 and III, D of the Notes to Financial Statements.

Table A-3
Town of Addison's Capital Assets
(Net of Depreciation) (000's)

	Governmental Activities			Business-type /	Activities	Total				
	20	)17	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016			
Land	\$ 66	5,250 \$	66,313	\$ 16,945 \$	16,945	\$ 83,195 \$	83,258			
Intangible Assets	$\Delta \setminus I$	377	168	( ) <del> </del>	/ Y-	377	168			
Buildings	8	3,902	9,419	8,008	8,222	16,910	17,641			
Improvements other than Buildings	68	3,530	72,005	52,715	55,917	121,245	127,922			
Machinery and Equipment	6	5,552	5,072	1,238	1,225	7,790	6,297			
Construction in Progress	23	3,756	19,258	 1,651	954	 25,407	20,212			
Total Capital Assets	\$ 174	1,367 \$	172,235	\$ 80,557 \$	83,263	\$ 254,924 \$	255,498			

Long-term debt – At the end of the 2017 fiscal year, the Town of Addison had total bonded debt outstanding of \$97,953 as detailed in Table A-4. The Town of Addison maintains an underlying bond rating of "AAA" from Standard & Poor's and "Aa1" from Moody's. Several of the Town's outstanding debt issuances are insured. More information related to the Town's long-term debt can be found in Section III, F of the Notes to Financial Statements.

Table A-4
Town of Addison's Outstanding Debt (000's)

	Governmental Activities			Bu	siness-type A	Activities	Total				
		2017 2016			2017	2016		2017	2016		
General Obligation Bonds	\$	59,975 \$	65,165	\$	7,663 \$	8,122	\$	67,638 \$	73,287		
Certificates of Obligation		14,009	15,643		16,306	17,311		30,315	32,954		
<b>Total Debt Outstanding</b>	\$	73,984 \$	80,808	\$	23,969 \$	25,433	\$	97,953 \$	106,241		

#### **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget and Rates**

The development of the Town's budget is guided by several factors including the Town's strategic plan and prevailing economic conditions. The fiscal year 2018 budget plan adopted by the City Council adheres to the Town's financial policies and preserves the Town's strong financial position while providing excellent levels of service. The annual budget is adopted within context of five-year financial plans for the General, Hotel, Airport, and Utility funds. The long-term financial plans project major operating revenues and categories of expenses. Changes in fund balances are monitored to ensure that the Town is in compliance with adopted fund balance policy.

Major programs in the General Fund continue to focus on public safety, community development and parks to ensure the high quality of life enjoyed by Addison citizens and visitors.

Revenue assumptions in the General Fund are expected to take into consideration current economic indicators. Revenues, such as property tax revenue and sales tax revenue, are forecasted using both historical results and current trends. Certified taxable property values in Addison totaled \$4,450,533,504 for fiscal year 2018 which represented a 3.5 percent increase from the previous year. The property tax rate was decreased from \$0.560472 to \$0.550000 per \$100 appraised value. Of the 2018 budget tax rate, \$0.397000 was levied for operation/maintenance and \$0.1530000 for debt service.

Sales tax collections for the Town were conservatively budgeted from the amount collected in 2017. Sales tax collections were projected to remain the same in fiscal year 2018 compared to the 2017 budget.

Hotel occupancy tax collections were budgeted to decrease slightly by approximately 4.0% between fiscal year 2017 and fiscal year 2018.

#### **Requests for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the Town of Addison's finances and to show the Town's accountability for the funds it receives. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the following:

Town of Addison Finance Department P.O. Box 9010 Addison, TX 75001

Telephone: (972) 450-7050 Email: oriley@addisontx.gov

#### TOWN OF ADDISON STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

	Primary Government							
	(	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total		
ASSETS								
Cash and Investments	\$	58,446,841	\$	23,865,720	\$	82,312,561		
Receivables, Net of Allowances for Uncollectibles		4,906,551		2,485,513		7,392,064		
Prepaid Items		488,111		63,139		551,250		
Inventories, at Cost		39,550		-		39,550		
Investment in Joint Venture		749,908		6,644,785		7,394,693		
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation								
Land		66,249,935		16,945,437		83,195,372		
Intangible Assets		377,379		-		377,379		
Buildings		8,902,380		8,008,432		16,910,812		
Improvements other than Buildings		68,529,874		52,715,106		121,244,980		
Machinery and Equipment		6,551,649		1,237,610		7,789,259		
Construction in Progress		23,755,983		1,650,555		25,406,538		
Total Assets	-	238,998,161		113,616,297		352,614,458		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Deferred Charges on Refundings		1,582,902		435,836		2,018,738		
Deferred Outflows on Pensions-Contributions		1,539,279		97,074		1,636,353		
Deferred Outflows on Pensions-Difference in Earnings		4,848,936		282,941		5,131,877		
Deferred Outflows on Pensions-Assumption Changes	-	234,582		13,723		248,305		
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	-	8,205,699		829,574		9,035,273		
LIABILITIES								
Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities		4,138,005		855,989		4,993,994		
Customer Deposits		2,169		1,475,993		1,478,162		
Long-Term Liabilities								
Due within One Year		5,007,671		1,413,352		6,421,023		
Due in More Than One Year		77,261,956		23,064,917		100,326,873		
Total Liabilities		86,409,801		26,810,251		113,220,052		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Deferred Inflows on Pensions		966,458		53,007		1,019,465		
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		966,458		53,007		1,019,465		
NET POSITION								
Net Investment in Capital Assets		124,922,785		65,363,662		190,286,447		
Restricted for:								
Debt Service		500,094		-		500,094		
Promotion of Tourism and Hotel Industry		4,334,037		-		4,334,037		
Child Safety		86,906		-		86,906		
Justice Administration		21,851		-		21,851		
Court Technology		74,667		-		74,667		
Building Security		53,584		-		53,584		
Court Security		46,900		-		46,900		
Public Safety		33,238		-		33,238		
Other Purposes		191,575		_		191,575		
Unrestricted		29,561,964		22,218,951		51,780,915		
Total Net Position	\$	159,827,601	\$	87,582,613	\$	247,410,214		

See accompanying notes to basic financial statements

#### TOWN OF ADDISON STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

			Program Revenues	<u> </u>	Net (Expense)/Revenue and Changes in Net Position Primary Government				
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total		
Primary Government: Governmental Activities: General Government Public Safety Development Services Streets Parks and Recreation Visitor Services Interest on Long-Term Debt	\$ 7,184,325 7,021,636 100,924 6,660,591 4,259,992 6,839,484 1,713,819	\$ 961,336 947,071 1,242,223 391,126 86,595 3,249,506	\$ - 9,497 - 816 40,750 -	\$ - - - - - - -	\$ (6,222,989) (6,065,068) 1,141,299 (6,268,649) (4,132,647) (3,589,978) (1,713,819)	\$ - \$ - - - - - -	(6,222,989) (6,065,068) 1,141,299 (6,268,649) (4,132,647) (3,589,978) (1,713,819)		
Total Governmental Activities Business-Type Activities: Airport Utilities Stormwater Total Business-Type Activities	33,780,771 6,509,127 10,081,401 1,408,133 17,998,661	5,479,786 10,983,136 2,034,484 18,497,406	51,063 50,000 - - 50,000	85,362 62,796 148,158	(26,851,851)	(979,341) 987,097 689,147 696,903	(26,851,851) (979,341) 987,097 689,147 696,903		
Total Primary Government	\$ 51,779,432		-		(26,851,851)	696,903	(26,154,948)		
	Taxes Property Taxes, I Sales Taxes Franchise Taxes Hotel/Motel Taxe Interest on Investm Miscellaneous Transfers Total General Revel	Levied for General	<b>REVENUES</b> Purposes	OF	23,572,225 15,126,354 2,664,422 5,996,924 472,896 3,736,791 800,000 52,369,612	185,046 43,048 (800,000) (571,906)	23,572,225 15,126,354 2,664,422 5,996,924 657,942 3,779,839 		
	Change in Net Positi				25,517,761 134,309,840	124,997 87,457,616	25,642,758 221,767,456		
	NET POSITION, End	l of Year			\$ 159,827,601	\$ 87,582,613 \$	247,410,214		

#### Governmental Funds Balance Sheet September 30, 2017

	Ger	neral Fund		Hotel	Ob	General ligation Debt Service		Hotel Debt Service		Capital Project Fund		Non-Major Sovernmental Funds	(	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS:														
Cash and Investments Receivables:	\$ 1	6,594,073	\$	3,565,994	\$	370,437	\$	483,748	\$	30,202,338	\$	1,815,072	\$	53,031,662
Ad Valorem Taxes, Including Interest and Penaltic	es Net	247,743		_		142,084		_		3,170		15,933		408,930
Non-Property Taxes		2,435,472		566,956		- 12,00		_		-		-		3,002,428
Franchise Fees		299,391		-		-		-		-		-		299,391
Service Fees, Net		596,618		-		-		-		-		-		596,618
Ambulance, Net		397,233		-		-		-		-		-		397,233
Interest		35,870		6,981		558		8,309		48,608		12,131		112,457
Other		25,738		54,998		-		-		-				80,736
Prepaid Items		449,442		-		-		-		-		38,669		488,111
Inventories, At Cost	<u> </u>	39,550	_	- 4 40 4 000	•	-	•	-	•	-	_		•	39,550
Total Assets	\$ 2	1,121,130	\$	4,194,929	\$	513,079	\$	492,057	\$	30,254,116	\$	1,881,805	\$	58,457,116
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCE AND FUND BALANCE: Liabilities:	CES,													
Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities	\$	2,481,668	\$	310,729	\$	468	\$	_	\$	728,494	\$	61,388	\$	3,582,747
Intergovernmental Payable	<b>*</b>	5,340	Ψ	-	*	-	*	_	Ψ.		Ψ	-	*	5,340
Customer Deposits		2,169		-		-		-		-		-		2,169
Total Liabilities		2,489,177		310,729		468		-		728,494	-	61,388		3,590,256
Deferred Inflows of Resources:														
Unavailable Resources		2,263,915		45,012		142,084		_		3,170		18,113		2,472,294
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		2,263,915	-	45,012		142,084				3,170		18,113		2,472,294
				- , -					_		-			
Fund Balances: Nonspendable														
Inventories		39,550		- 1		-		- Y		-		-		39,550
Prepaid Items Restricted		449,442		- 1		_		-		-		38,669		488,111
Debt Service						370,527								370,527
Promotion of Tourism and Hotel Industry				3,839,188		370,327		492,057		_		-		4,331,245
Capital Projects		_		5,055,100		_		-32,037		21,834,283		_		21,834,283
Child Safety		_		_		_		_		-		86,906		86,906
Justice Administration		_		-		-		_		_		21,851		21,851
Court Technology		-		-		-		-		-		74,667		74,667
Building Security		-		-		-		-		_		53,584		53,584
Court Security		-		-		-		-		-		46,900		46,900
Public Safety		-		-		-		-		-		31,059		31,059
Other Purposes		-		-		-		-		-		191,575		191,575
Committed														
Capital Projects		-		-		-		-		7,688,169		-		7,688,169
Economic Development		- 070 040		-		-		-		-		1,257,093		1,257,093
Unassigned		5,879,046		<u> </u>					_			<u> </u>		15,879,046
Total Fund Balance	1	6,368,038		3,839,188		370,527		492,057	_	29,522,452		1,802,304		52,394,566
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balance	\$ 2	1,121,130	\$	4,194,929	\$	513,079	\$	492,057	\$	30,254,116	\$	1,881,805	\$	58,457,116

See accompanying notes to basic financial statements

## TOWN OF ADDISON RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

The Town uses internal service funds to charge the costs of certain activities such as replacement of capital assets and information technology to appropriate functions in other funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the government-wide statement of net position. The effect of this consolidation is to increase net position.	11,365,501
Capital assets used in governmental activities, including infrastructure and developer contributions, are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in fund financial statements. Capital assets of \$168,214,720, net of accumulated depreciation of \$121,438,124, exclusive of the capital assets of internal service funds with a net carrying value of \$6,152,480, included above, increased net position in the government-wide financial statements.	168,214,720
Investments in Joint Venture are not financial resources and are not reported in the fund financial statements. Investments in Joint Venture of \$749,908 increased net position in the government-wide financial statements.	749,908
Deferred losses on refundings of debt have been reflected net of amortization in the government-wide financial statements.	1,582,902
Bonds payable, contractual obligations, and related premium and discount amounts have not been included in the fund financial statements.	(73,984,053)
Accrued liabilities for compensated absences have not been reflected in the fund financial statements.	(737,696)
Net OPEB obligation is not reflected in the fund financial statements.	(747,371)
Deferred outflows on pension costs, net of amortization, are not reflected in fund financial statements.	6,622,797
Deferred inflows on pension costs, net of amortization, are not reflected in fund financial statements.	(966,458)
Net pension liability is not reflected in fund financial statements.	(6,800,507)
Interest payable on outstanding debt is accrued in the government-wide financial statements, whereas in the fund financial statements an interest expenditure is reported when due. The effect of recording accrued interest is to decrease net position.	(339,002)
Revenue from property taxes, sales taxes, franchise fees, court bonds, ambulance billing, and intergovernmental grants is a deferred inflow in the fund financial statements until it is considered available to finance current expenditures, but such revenues are recognized when assessed, net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts, in the government-wide statements.	2,472,294
Net Position of Governmental Activities \$	159,827,601

## Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Year Ended September 30, 2017

	General Fund	Hotel	General Obligation Debt Service	Hotel Debt Service	Capital Project Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES: Ad Valorem Taxes Non-Property Taxes	\$ 14,742,517 15.262.324	\$ - 5,954,704	\$ 7,524,590	\$ -	\$ 260,037	\$ 994,498 S	\$ 23,521,642 21,217,028
Franchise Fees Licenses and Permits	2,601,529 1,225,373	-	-	-	-	62,893	2,664,422 1,225,373
Intergovernmental	· · -	<u>-</u>	-	-	- -	15,565	15,565
Service Fees Fines and Forfeitures	1,802,346 426,144	2,617,265	-	-	40,000	60,747 22,334	4,520,358 448,478
Court Awards	, -	-	-	1.662	-	20,256	20,256
Earnings on Investments Rental Charges Recycling Proceeds	168,959 77,330 3,258	32,811 627,371	12,401 -	1,663 -	241,696 -	15,366 -	472,896 704,701 3,258
Other	301,732	75,259	13,934	-	58	900	391,883
Total Revenues	36,611,512	9,307,410	7,550,925	1,663	541,791	1,192,559	55,205,860
EXPENDITURES: Current:							
General Government	7,854,030 16,927,651	-	3,734	-	-	199,868	8,057,632
Public Safety Development Services	1,158,967	-	-	-	-	17,476 -	16,945,127 1,158,967
Streets Parks and Recreation	1,942,584 5,020,975	-	-	-	-	-	1,942,584 5,020,975
Visitor Services	-	7,595,136	-	-	-	-	7,595,136
Municipal Court Economic Development Debt Service:			-		-	66,616 1,747,749	66,616 1,747,749
Principal Retirement Interest and Fiscal Charges Capital Projects:	R	_ :	4,938,331 2,779,407	680,000 31,200	-	<del>-</del> -	5,618,331 2,810,607
Engineering and Contractual Services Construction and Equipment			-		416,179 7,583,129	- -	416,179 7,583,129
Total Expenditures	32,904,207	7,595,136	7,721,472	711,200	7,999,308	2,031,709	58,963,032
Excess/(Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	3,707,305	1,712,274	(170,547)	(709,537)	(7,457,517)	(839,150)	(3,757,172)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES/(USES): Transfers In	_	_	_	711,500	5,939,705	973,000	7,624,205
Transfers Out Proceeds on Asset Sales	(3,442,676) 3,212,610	(1,259,500)	-	-	(2,122,029)	- -	(6,824,205) 3,212,610
Total Other Financing Sources/(Uses)	(230,066)	(1,259,500)		711,500	3,817,676	973,000	4,012,610
Net Change in Fund Balance	3,477,239	452,774	(170,547)	1,963	(3,639,841)	133,850	255,438
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	12,890,799	3,386,414	541,074	490,094	33,162,293	1,668,454	52,139,128
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$ 16,368,038	\$ 3,839,188	\$ 370,527	\$ 492,057	\$ 29,522,452	\$ 1,802,304	\$ 52,394,566

#### **TOWN OF ADDISON** RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

Total Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$	255,438
The Town uses internal service funds to charge the costs of certain activities such as replacement of capital assets and information technology to appropriate functions in other funds. The revenues and expenses of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the government-wide statement of activities. The effect of this consolidation is to increase net position.		149,951
Current year capital outlays are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but they are shown as increases in capital assets in the government-wide financial statements. The effect of removing the capital outlays is to increase net position.		8,157,801
Depreciation is not recognized as an expense in governmental funds since it does not require the use of current financial resources. The effect of recording the current year's depreciation is to decrease net position.		(6,742,471)
Losses on capital asset disposals are not recognized in fund financial statements.		(409,414)
•		
The Town's share of net loss from Investment in Joint Venture is not reflected in fund financials.		(34,376)
The issuance of long term debt increases the current financial resources of governmental funds while the repayment of the principal of long term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds, but both have no effect on net position. The amortization of prepaid insurance associated with the issuance of long-term debt, bond premiums, bond discounts, and deferred gain/loss on refunding of long term debts is reported in the statement of activities but does not require the use of current financial resources. Therefore the effect of the amortization of these various items are not reported in the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance. This amount represents the increase(decrease) in net position of the following:	5 G10 221	
Bond repayments Amortization	5,618,331 1,074,219	6,692,550
The change in compensated absences liability is not shown in the fund financial statements. The net		
effect of the current year's decrease in liability is to increase net position.		211,987
The change in the net OPEB obligation is not shown in the fund financial statements. The effect of recording the increase in liability is to decrease net position.		(261,218)
Interest is accrued on outstanding debt in the government-wide financial statements, whereas in the fund financial statements an interest expenditure is reported when due. The effect of recording the		
decrease in accrued interest is to increase net position.		22,569
Decrease in pension liability of \$18,568,805 and amortization of pension costs in the amount of (\$1,173,927) increase net position by reducing the pension expense in each function.		17,394,878
Revenue from property taxes, sales taxes, franchise fees, court bonds, ambulance billing, and		
intergovernmental grants not recognized in fund financial statements on the modified accrual basis is		
recognized on the accrual basis in the government-wide financial statements.		80,066
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	<u>\$</u>	25,517, 761

## General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Year Ended September 30, 2017

	D	sudget	Actual GAAP	Variance With Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Basis	(Negative)
				(regularo)
REVENUES				
Taxes:				
Ad Valorem Taxes: Current	\$ 14.826.545	¢ 14 006 545	¢ 14702022	¢ (124.522)
Delinquent	\$ 14,826,545 3,096	\$ 14,826,545 3,096	\$ 14,702,022 (4,428)	\$ (124,523) (7,524)
Penalties and Interest	15,483	15,483	44,923	(7,524) 29,440
Total Ad Valorem	14,845,124	14,845,124	14,742,517	(102,607)
Total Ad Valoretti	14,045,124	14,040,124	14,142,011	(102,007)
Non-Property Taxes:				
	13,400,00			
Sales Tax	0	13,400,000	14,032,616	632,616
Alcoholic Beverage Tax	1,260,000	1,260,000	1,229,708	(30,292)
Total Non-Property Taxes	14,660,000	14,660,000	15,262,324	602,324
Total Taxes	29,505,124	29,505,124	30,004,841	499,717
Franchise Fees:				
Electric Franchise	1,575,000	1,575,000	1,536,852	(38,148)
Gas Franchise	217,400	217,400	203,779	(13,621)
Telephone Franchise	636,500	636,500	545,932	(90,568)
Cable Franchise	316,400	316,400	314,966	(1,434)
Street Rental Franchise	5,000	5,000	-	(5,000)
Total Franchise Fees	2,750,300	2,750,300	2,601,529	(148,771)
			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
Licenses and Permits:				
Business Licenses and Permits	247,800	247,800	201,141	(46,659)
Building and Construction Permits	598,000	598,000	1,024,232	426,232
Total Licenses and Permits	845,800	845,800	1,225,373	379,573
0.md-1   1   1   1   1   1   1   1   1   1				
Service Fees:	500	500	450	(0.40)
General Government	500 785,200	500 785,200	152	(348)
Public Safety Urban Development	3,000	•	975,871	190,671
Streets and Sanitation	400,600	3,000 400,600	2,950 390,710	(50) (9,890)
Recreation	74,900	74,900	83,753	8,853
Interfund	348,900	348,900	348,910	10
Total Service Fees	1,613,100	1,613,100	1,802,346	189,246
Fines and Forfeitures	675,000	675,000	426,144	(248,856)
Earnings on Investments	70,000	70,000	168,959	98,959
Rental Charges	175,000	175,000	77,330	(97,670)
Recycling Proceeds	10,000	10,000	3,258	(6,742)
Other	55,000	55,000	301,732	246,732
Total Revenues	\$ 35,699,324	\$ 35,699,324	\$ 36,611,512	\$ 912,188

## General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Year Ended September 30, 2017

_	Bu Original	dget Final	Actual GAAP Basis	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
EXPENDITURES				
General Government:				
City Secretary:				
Salaries and Fringe Benefits	\$ 95,959	\$ 99,001	\$ 94,845	\$ 4,156
Supplies Contractual Services	20,700 84,500	20,700 84,500	10,898 24,887	9,802 59,613
Total City Secretary	201,159	204,201	130,630	73,571
rotal oity occions	201,100	201,201	100,000	70,071
City Manager's Office:				
Salaries and Fringe Benefits	839,624	871,835	811,511	60,324
Supplies	28,550	29,790	25,838	3,952
Maintenance and Materials	45,726	46,426	46,899	(473)
Contractual Services Capital Replacement	112,050 18,221	110,110 18,221	136,790 18,221	(26,680)
Total City Manager's Office	1,044,171	1,076,382	1,039,259	37,123
rotal city Manager o cinico	1,011,171	1,070,002	1,000,200	07,120
Financial and Strategic Services:				
Salaries and Fringe Benefits	1,166,560	1,155,141	977,210	177,931
Supplies	44,410	44,410	37,356	7,054
Maintenance and Materials	32,193	32,193	50,930	(18,737)
Contractual Services	380,446	380,446	517,668	(137,222)
Capital Replacement Total Financial and Strategic Services	46,760 1,670,369	99,760 1,711,950	99,760 1,682,924	29,026
Total i illandal and Strategic Services	1,070,309	1,711,930	1,002,924	29,020
General Services:				
Salaries and Fringe Benefits	416,219	435,420	437,102	(1,682)
Supplies	26,200	26,200	22,515	3,685
Maintenance and Materials	244,350	244,350	158,295	86,055
Contractual Services	96,746	96,746	83,095	13,651
Capital Replacement Capital Outlay	28,620	28,620	28,620 58,708	(58,708)
Total General Services	812,135	831,336	788,335	43,001
Total Concrat Convices	012,100		700,000	10,001
Municipal Court:				
Salaries and Fringe Benefits	473,578	512,880	476,262	36,618
Supplies	12,600	12,600	15,480	(2,880)
Maintenance and Materials	37,000	37,000	34,941	2,059
Contractual Services Capital Replacement	65,626 25,622	95,626 25,622	78,876 25,622	16,750
Total Municipal Court	614,426	683,728	631,181	52,547
rotal Maniopal Court	011,120		001,101	02,017
Human Resources:				
MC Capital Outlay	500	500	-	500
Salaries and Fringe Benefits	387,701	438,249	421,891	16,358
Supplies	15,300	15,300	6,585	8,715
Maintenance and Materials Contractual Services	300 197,640	300 107 640	270 184 272	30 13 368
Capital Replacement	12,648	197,640 12,648	184,272 12,648	13,368
Total Human Resources	614,089	664,637	625,666	38,971
	511,000	331,001	0_0,000	30,011

General Fund
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual
Year Ended September 30, 2017

	D.	daot	Actual GAAP	Variance With Final Budget Positive		
<del>-</del>	Budget Original Final		Basis	(Negative)		
<del>-</del>	Original			(i togalito)		
EXPENDITURES (CONTINUED)						
Information Technology:		<b>*</b> 4 0 4 0 0 0 0	<b>A</b> 4 000 440	<b>*</b> (44.040)		
Salaries and Fringe Benefits	\$ 961,286	\$ 1,010,806 58,400	\$ 1,022,119	\$ (11,313)		
Supplies Maintenance and Materials	58,400 712,629	58,400 712.629	49,357 534,434	9,043 178,195		
Contractual Services	156,400	156,400	92,412	63,988		
Capital Replacement	20,550	20,550	20,550	-		
Capital Outlay			77,743	(77,743)		
Total Information Technology	1,909,265	1,958,785	1,796,615	162,170		
Combined Services:						
Salaries and Fringe Benefits	1,066,402	225,057	49,975	175,082		
Supplies	62,000	62,000	24,563	37,437		
Contractual Services	1,283,886	953,886	792,059	161,827		
Total Combined Services	2,412,288	1,240,943	866,597	374,346		
City Council Special Projects:						
Salaries and Fringe Benefits	28,894	28,894	28,968	(74)		
Supplies	31,500	31,500	20,601	10,899		
Contractual Services	247,530	247,530	240,359	7,171		
Capital Replacement	2,895	2,895	2,895	- 47,000		
Total City Council Special Projects	310,819	310,819	292,823	17,996		
Total General Government	9,588,721	8,682,781	7,854,030	828,751		
Public Safety: Police:						
Salaries and Fringe Benefits	6,964,080	6,726,646	6,695,298	31,348		
Supplies	309,286	284,886	277,767	7,119		
Maintenance and Materials	277,902	267,902	226,301	41,601		
Contractual Services	497,322	970,784	599,627	371,157		
Capital Replacement	592,414	592,414	592,414	-		
Capital Outlay	-		19,175	(19,175)		
Total Police	8,641,004	8,842,632	8,410,582	432,050		
Emergency Communications:						
Maintenance and Materials	-	-	33,166	(33,166)		
Contractual Services	1,410,505	1,410,505	1,307,501	103,004		
Total Emergency Communications	1,410,505	1,410,505	1,340,667	69,838		
Fire:	F 704 700	F 050 100	E 070 040	(07.546)		
Salaries and Fringe Benefits	5,764,700	5,952,133	5,979,643	(27,510)		
Supplies Maintenance and Materials	279,600 309,621	279,600 309,621	254,337 277,019	25,263 32,602		
Contractual Services	329,020	329,020	277,019 295,478	32,602 33,542		
Capital Replacement	364,534	364,534	364,534	-		
Capital Outlay	-		5,391	(5,391)		
Total Fire	7,047,475	7,234,908	7,176,402	58,506		
Total Public Safety	17,098,984	17,488,045	16,927,651	560,394		

General Fund
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual
Year Ended September 30, 2017

		udget	Actual GAAP	Variance With Final Budget Positive	
	Original	Final	Basis	(Negative)	
EXPENDITURES (CONTINUED)  Development Services:  Development Services:					
Salaries and Fringe Benefits Supplies Maintenance and Materials Contractual Services Capital Replacement Capital Outlay	\$ 987,745 63,100 10,200 281,489 44,233	\$ 1,055,594 63,100 14,200 281,489 44,233	\$ 942,226 27,330 12,063 132,745 44,233 370	\$ 113,368 35,770 2,137 148,744 - (370)	
Total Development Services	1,386,767	1,458,616	1,158,967	299,649	
Streets:					
Salaries and Fringe Benefits Supplies Maintenance and Materials Contractual Services Capital Replacement	373,681 35,050 781,150 494,519 63,727	436,087 35,050 751,150 824,519 63,727	382,488 38,869 555,833 758,639 63,727	53,599 (3,819) 195,317 65,880	
Capital Outlay			143,028	(143,028)	
Total Streets Parks and Recreation:	1,748,127	2,110,533	1,942,584	167,949	
Parks and Recreation:					
Salaries and Fringe Benefits Supplies Maintenance and Materials Contractual Services	1,644,724 215,884 816,950 981,715	1,678,682 215,884 816,950 981,715	1,443,894 217,499 699,685 841,333	234,788 (1,615) 117,265 140,382	
Capital Replacement	70,317	70,317	69,845	472	
Capital Outlay	-	14,781	34,813	(20,032)	
Total Parks	3,729,590	3,778,329	3,307,069	471,260	
Recreation:	849,316	883,201	842,771	40,430	
Salaries and Fringe Benefits Supplies	182,258	157,258	144,157	13,101	
Maintenance and Materials	240,310	243,310	269,264	(25,954)	
Contractual Services	398,447	420,447	400,993	19,454	
Capital Replacement	56,721	56,721	56,721		
Total Recreation	1,727,052	1,760,937	1,713,906	47,031	
Total Parks and Recreation	5,456,642	5,539,266	5,020,975	518,291	
Total Expenditures	35,279,241	35,279,241	32,904,207	2,375,034	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	420,083	420,083	3,707,305	3,287,222	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES/(USES):					
Transfers Out Proceeds on Asset Sales	(2,145,676) 5,000	(3,442,676) 3,217,000	(3,442,676) 3,212,610	(4,390)	
Total Other Financing Sources/(Uses)	(2,140,676)	(225,676)	(230,066)	(4,390)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(1,720,593)	194,407	3,477,239	3,282,832	
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	12,890,799	12,890,799	12,890,799		
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$ 11,170,206	\$ 13,085,206	\$ 16,368,038	\$ 3,282,832	

## Hotel Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual Year Ended September 30, 2017

	2017							
				Actual GAAP		Variance With Final Budget Positive		
		Original		Final		Basis		(Negative)
REVENUES: Hotel/Motel Occupancy Taxes	\$	6,000,000	\$	6,000,000	\$	5,954,704	\$	(45,296)
Proceeds from Special Events		2,691,200		2,691,200		2,617,265		(73,935)
Earnings on Investments		17,000		17,000		32,811		15,811
Rental Charges		699,240		699,240		627,371		(71,869)
Other		90,000		90,000		75,259		(14,741)
Total Revenues		9,497,440		9,497,440		9,307,410		(190,030)
EXPENDITURES:								
Conference Centre		1,449,405		1,463,705		1,211,294		252,411
Marketing		1,091,774		1,096,074		964,987		131,087
Special Events		4,155,275		4,261,575		4,491,070		(229,495)
Performing Arts		847,003		842,303		821,617		20,686
General Hotel Operations		262,116		241,916		106,168		135,748
Total Expenditures		7,805,573	_	7,905,573	_	7,595,136		310,437
Excess/(Deficiency) of Revenues								
over Expenditures		1,691,867		1,591,867		1,712,274		120,407
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES/(USES):								
Transfer to Debt Service Fund	+	(1,259,500)		(1,259,500)		(1,259,500)		<u> </u>
Net Change in Fund Balance		432,367		332,367		452,774		120,407
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year		3,386,414	-	3,386,414		3,386,414		
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$	3,818,781	\$	3,718,781	\$	3,839,188	\$	120,407

# Proprietary Funds Statement of Net Position September 30, 2017

	Bus	Funds	Governmental Activities		
	Airport	Utility	Stormwater	Total	Internal Service
ASSETS:					
Current Assets:					
Cash and Investments	\$ 5,642,715				
Interest Receivable	9,448	9,943	6,708	26,099	8,758
Accounts Receivable, Net	165,028		310,578	2,459,414	-
Prepaid Items	63,139		8,714,914	63,139	5,423,937
Total Current Assets	5,880,330	11,819,128	8,714,914	26,414,372	5,423,937
Non-Current Assets:					
Capital Assets:					
Land	15,633,373	1,312,064	_	16,945,437	_
Construction in Progress	75,164		1,216,102	1,650,555	1,374,182
Buildings	2,600,302		-	10,669,963	-
Improvements other than Buildings	56,201,791	46,542,890	203,647	102,948,328	-
Machinery and Equipment	1,566,826		, <u>-</u>	3,909,795	14,857,362
Accumulated Depreciation	(27,047,926		(15,318)	(55,566,938)	(10,079,064)
Total Capital Assets, Net of					
Accumulated Depreciation	49,029,530	30,123,179	1,404,431	80,557,140	6,152,480
Investment in Joint Venture	_	6,644,785	_	6,644,785	_
Total Assets	54,909,860		10,119,345	113,616,297	11,576,417
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:					
Deferred Charges on Refundings	14,428	421,408	-	435,836	-
Deferred Outflows on Pensions-Contributions	-	97,074	-	97,074	-
Deferred Outflows on Pensions-Difference in					
Earnings	-	282,941	-	282,941	-
Deferred Outflows on Pensions-Assumption		40.700		40 700	
Changes	- 44 400	13,723		13,723	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	14,428	815,146		829,574	
LIABILITIES:				Y	
Current Liabilities:					
Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities	247,802		87,606	745,673	210,916
Accrued Interest Payable	15,521	60,422	33,315	109,258	-
Current Compensated Absences Payable	<u>-</u>	1,058	<del>-</del>	1,058	=
Current Maturities of Long-Term Debt	532,500	600,852	280,000	1,413,352	-
Customer Deposits	497,860	978,133	-	1,475,993	
Total Current Liabilities	1,293,683	2,050,730	400,921	3,745,334	210,916
Non-Current Liabilities:					
Long-Term Debt, Net of Current Portion	3,412,484	13,462,010	6,190,423	23,064,917	
Long-Term Debt, Net of Current Fortion	3,412,404	13,402,010	0,190,423	23,004,917	
Total Liabilities	4,706,167	15,512,740	6,591,344	26,810,251	210,916
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:					
Deferred Inflows on Pensions	_	53,007	_	53,007	_
25.5.164 11110115 5111 611010115		00,007		55,557	
NET POCITION					
NET POSITION:	45 400 007	04 470 074	(044 700)	05 000 000	0.450.400
Net Investment in Capital Assets	45,103,027		(911,736)		6,152,480
Unrestricted	5,115,094		4,439,737	22,218,951 © 97,592,613	5,213,021
Total Net Position	\$ 50,218,121	\$ 33,836,491	\$ 3,528,001	\$ 87,582,613	<u>\$ 11,365,501</u>

# Proprietary Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Year ended September 30, 2017

	Bu	sine	ess Type Activi	ities	- Enterprise	Fur	nds		Governmental Activities
	Airport		Utility		Stormwater		Total	ln	ternal Service
OPERATING REVENUES:									
Water	\$ -	\$	6,261,005	\$	-	\$	6,261,005	\$	-
Sewer	-		4,595,090		-		4,595,090		-
Drainage	-		-		2,034,101		2,034,101		-
Penalties	-		73,283		-		73,283		-
Water and Sewer Taps and Other Fees	-		53,758		383		54,141		-
Fuel Flowage Fees	924,328		-		-		924,328		-
Customs Agent Fees	131,689		-		-		131,689		-
Rental Charges	4,369,905		-		-		4,369,905		-
Other Income	98,014		4,680		-		102,694		-
Department Contributions		_	-	_	-				1,612,171
Total Operating Revenues	5,523,936	_	10,987,816	_	2,034,484		18,546,236		1,612,171
OPERATING EXPENSES:									
Salaries and Fringe Benefits	353,000		271,282		115,162		739,444		_
Supplies	41,859		126,574		4,449		172,882		408,664
Maintenance and Materials	2,955,653		371,325		123,753		3,450,731		11,424
Contractual Services	679,118		1,260,201		913,467		2,852,786		91,588
Water Purchases	-		3,469,557				3,469,557		-
Wastewater Purchases	_		2,627,932		_		2,627,932		_
Total Operating Expenses (Excluding Depreciation)	4,029,630		8,126,871		1,156,831		13,313,332		511,676
Depreciation	2,359,167		1,380,463		8,964		3,748,594		975,881
Total Operating Expenses	6,388,797		9,507,334		1,165,795		17,061,926		1,487,557
OPERATING INCOME/(LOSS)	(864,861)	_	1,480,482	_	868,689	_	1,484,310		124,614
NON-OPERATING REVENUES/(EXPENSES):							/		
Investment Income/(Expense)	37,813		82,848		64,385		185,046		33,872
Sale of Assets	27,094		17,124				44,218		(8,535)
Gain/(Loss) on Joint Venture	27,004		(82,896)		_		(82,896)		(0,000)
Interest Expense and Fiscal Charges	(120,330)		(491,171)		(242,338)		(853,839)		<u>-</u>
Total Non-Operating Revenues/(Expenses)	(55,423)		(474,095)		(177,953)		(707,471)		25,337
NET INCOME/(LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS									
AND CAPITAL GRANTS AND									
CONTRIBUTIONS	(920,284)		1,006,387		690,736		776,839		149,951
Capital Grants and Contributions	_		85,362		62,796		148,158		_
Transfers Out			(800,000)		-		(800,000)		
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(920,284)		291,749		753,532		124,997		149,951
Net Position at Beginning of Year	51,138,405		33,544,742		2,774,469		87,457,616		11,215,550
Net Position at End of Year	\$ 50,218,121	\$	33,836,491	\$	3,528,001	\$	87,582,613	\$	11,365,501

# Proprietary Funds Statement of Cash Flows Year Ended September 30, 2017

	_		Busine	ess-Type Activiti	ies - E	Enterprise Fund	ls		_	Governmental Activities
		Airport		<u>Utility</u>		Stormwater		<u>Total</u>		Internal Service
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		Allport		Ounty		Otomiwater		rotai		internal octvice
Cash Received from Customers	\$	5,748,647	\$	11,055,285	\$	2,010,255	\$	18,814,187	\$	1,612,171
Payments to Suppliers		(3,824,398)		(8,071,910)		(1,780,044)		(13,676,352)		(327,581)
Payments to Employees for Services	_	(353,000)		(1,526,969)	_	(115,162)	_	(1,995,131)		
Net Cash Provided/(Used) by Operating Activities		1,571,249		1,456,406		115,049		3,142,704	_	1,284,590
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:										
Transfers to Other Funds				(800,000)				(800,000)		
Net Cash Provided/(Used) by Noncapital and Related		<u>-</u>	-	(800,000)		<u>_</u>		(800,000)	_	<u>-</u>
Financing Activities		<u>-</u>		(800,000)		_		(800,000)		<u> </u>
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:										
Acquisition and Construction of Capital Assets		(278,663)		(277,025)		(500,756)		(1,056,444)		(2,173,558)
Principal Paid on Long-Term Debt		(517,292)		(576,669)		(275,000)		(1,368,961)		-
Interest and Fiscal Charges Paid on Long-Term Debt		(127,515)		(576,951)		(274,161)		(978,627)		-
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	_	27,094	-	42,090		<del>_</del>		69,184	_	74,956
Net Cash Provided/(Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities		(896,376)		(1,388,555)		(1,049,917)		(3,334,848)		(2,098,602)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:										
Interest on Cash and Investments	_	33,038		83,803		67,242		184,083		31,303
Net Cash Provided/(Used) by Investing Activities		33,038		83,803		67,242		184,083	_	31,303
Net Increase/(Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		707,911		(648,346)		(867,626)		(808,061)		(782,709)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, October 1		4,934,804		10,473,723		9,265,254		24,673,781		6,197,888
Cash and Cash Equivalents, September 30	\$	5,642,715	\$	9,825,377	\$	8,397,628	\$	23,865,720	\$	5,415,179
Reconciliation of Operating Income/(Loss) to Net Cash Provided/(Used) by Operating Activities:		FΤ		<b>C</b> (		)P				
Operating Income/(Loss)	\$	(864,861)	\$	1,480,482	\$	868,689	\$	1,484,310	\$	124,614
Adjustments to Reconcile Income/(Loss) from Operations										
to Net Cash Provided/(Used) by Operating Activities:  Depreciation		2,359,167		1,380,463		8,964		3,748,594		975,881
Change in Assets and Liabilities:		2,559,107		1,300,403		8,504		3,740,334		973,001
(Increase)/Decrease in Accounts Receivables		(74,581)		152,327		(24,229)		53,517		_
Increase/(Decrease) in Prepaid Items		(63,139)		-		-		(63,139)		_
Increase/(Decrease) in Accounts Payable		(84,629)		(1,588,929)		(738,375)		(2,411,933)		184,095
Increase/(Decrease) in Customer Deposits		299,292		32,063		<u> </u>		331,355		<u>-</u>
Net Cash Provided/(Used) by Operating Activities	\$	1,571,249	\$	1,456,406	\$	115,049	\$	3,142,704	\$	1,284,590
NON-CASH CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:										
Capital Grants and Contributions	\$	-	\$	85,362	\$	62,796	\$	148,158	\$	-
Capital Assets in Accounts Payable		-		(43,810)		(114,963)		(158,773)		(11,490)
Gain/(Loss) of Joint Venture	_	<u> </u>		(82,896)	_		_	(82,896)	_	
Net Non-Cash Items from Capital and Related	_		_						_	
Financing Activities	\$		\$	(41,344)	\$	(52,167)	\$	(93,511)	\$	(11,490)



September 30, 2017

# I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting and reporting policies of the Town of Addison, Texas (Town), relating to the funds included in the accompanying financial statements, conform to the generally accepted accounting principles applicable to state and local governments. The following represent the more significant accounting and reporting policies and practices used by the Town.

#### A. Reporting Entity

The Town is a municipal corporation incorporated on June 15, 1953, under the Constitution of the State of Texas (Home Rule Amendment). The Town's charter was last amended in November 2010. The Town operates as a Council-Manager form of government and provides such services as are authorized by its charter to advance the welfare, health, comfort, safety, and convenience of the Town and its inhabitants.

The Town is a financial reporting entity as defined by GASB Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity," as amended by GASB Statement No. 61 "The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus: an amendment of GASB Standards No. 14 and No. 34." As required by generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the Town's financial statements include all required activities relating to the Town and its operations. In accordance with the standards, the Town does not have component units requiring inclusion.

#### B. Basic Financial Statements

The basic financial statements include both government-wide financial statements (based on the Town as a whole) and fund financial statements. Both sets of financial statements classify activities as either governmental activities, which are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, or business-type activities, which rely on fees and charges for support.

The government-wide Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

#### C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. "Measurement focus" refers to what is being measured, and "basis of accounting" refers to the timing of revenue and expenditure recognition in financial statements. The government-wide financial statements and the proprietary funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are reported when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year in which they are levied.

The governmental funds are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual (i.e., both measurable and available). "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period.

September 30, 2017

# I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

The Town considers all revenues available if they are collected within thirty (30) days after year-end. Expenditures are recognized when the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, which are recorded when due, and compensated absences, which are recorded when payable from currently available financial resources.

Ad Valorem (property), sales, and hotel taxes, as well as franchise fees, recorded in the General Fund and Ad Valorem tax revenues recorded in the Economic Development Fund, General Obligation Debt Service Fund and Capital Project Fund are recognized under the susceptible to accrual concept. Licenses and permits, charges for services (except ambulance services), fines and forfeitures (except court warrants), and miscellaneous revenues (except earnings on investments) are recorded as revenues when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Ambulance services, court warrants and investment earnings are recorded as earned since they are measurable and available.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the Town's airport and utility functions and various other functions of the Town, and charges of the internal service funds to the Airport and Utility funds. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided; 2) operating grants and contributions; and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services or producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating expenses of the Town's enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

The Town reports the following major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> – The General Fund is used to account for all financial resources traditionally associated with government which are not required legally or by sound financial management to be accounted for in another fund. Revenues which are not allocated by law or contractual agreement to other funds are accounted for in this fund.

<u>Hotel Fund</u> – The Hotel Fund is used to account for tax revenues received from local hotels. Expenditures must fall within the guidelines set forth in the Texas Hotel Occupancy Tax Act (Article 1269: Vernon's Texas Civil Statutes).

<u>General Obligation Debt Service Fund</u> – The General Obligation Debt Service Fund accounts for the accumulation of resources to be used for the payment of principal and interest on the general obligation bonded debt of the Town.

<u>Hotel Debt Service Fund</u> – The Hotel Debt Service Fund accounts for the accumulation of resources to be used for the payment of principal and interest on the hotel fund supported portion of the 2011 GO Refunding Bonds.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u> – The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for financial resources related to the acquisition, construction, or improvements of major capital assets.

September 30, 2017

# I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Additionally, the Town reports the following non-major governmental funds:

<u>Municipal Court Fund</u> – The Municipal Court Fund accounts for the Town's court building security and technology fees that are generated from court citation fines. According to state law, the revenue generated from these fees may only be spent on the municipal court function.

<u>Public Safety Fund</u> – The Public Safety Fund accounts for awards of monies or property by the courts relating to cases that involve the Addison Police Department.

<u>Advanced Funding Grant Fund</u> – The Advanced Funding Grant Fund accounts for grant monies that are received prior to the related expenditure, and therefore the fund may carry a balance from year to year if the Town does not expend the monies within the fiscal year.

<u>Economic Development Fund</u> – The Economic Development Fund accumulates resources to support efforts that attract commercial enterprises to Addison and encourage existing businesses to remain in Addison.

Reimbursement Grant Fund – The Reimbursement Grant Fund accounts for expenditures for which the Town expects to be reimbursed. For any reimbursements not received prior to the fiscal year end, the Town will record a receivable. Amounts not received within 30 days of the fiscal year end are reported as deferred revenue.

<u>PEG Fees Fund</u> - The PEG Fees Fund was created to collect state restricted public, educational, and government access channels, or PEG, fees and account for their use.

The Town reports the following major proprietary funds:

<u>Airport Fund</u> – The Airport Fund accounts for all revenue generated by the Town's general aviation airport. The Town is required to spend this revenue on airport functions. The airport's operating, maintenance, and capital expenses are supported solely by airport income.

<u>Utility Fund</u> – The Utility Fund provides water and sewer services to the residents and businesses of the Town. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund including, but not limited to, administration, operations, maintenance, financing and related debt service, and billing.

<u>Stormwater Fund</u> - The Town's Stormwater Fund accounts for maintenance and improvements to Town stormwater infrastructure. It is financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where costs of providing the services to the public are financed primarily through user charges. All operating, maintenance, and capital expenses are supported solely by the approved user fees.

Additionally, the Town reports the following internal service funds:

<u>Capital Replacement Fund</u> – The Capital Replacement Fund is used to accumulate sufficient resources to replace existing capital equipment that have reached or exceeded their useful lives. Resources are acquired through charges to operating departments in the funds. The charges are calculated using a straight-line amortization of each piece of equipment based upon the item's expected life. The funds are used to finance replacement equipment when needed.

<u>Information Technology Replacement Fund</u> – The Information Technology Replacement Fund is used to accumulate sufficient resources to replace existing information technology systems. Resources are acquired through charges to operating departments in the funds. The charges are calculated using a straight-line amortization of each component of a system based upon the component's expected life. The funds are used to finance replacement equipment when needed.

September 30, 2017

#### I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity

#### 1) Cash and Investments

The Town's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. To maximize investment opportunities, all funds participate in a pooling of cash and investments.

Statutes authorize the Town to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, agencies and instrumentalities; obligations of the State of Texas and related agencies; obligations of state, agencies, counties, cities and other political subdivisions of any state rated A or above by Standard & Poor's Corporation or Moody's Investors Service; certificates of deposit issued by state or national banks and savings banks domiciled in Texas; fully collateralized direct repurchase agreements; prime domestic banker's acceptances (BA's); commercial paper with a stated maturity of 180 days or less and a rating of not less than A-1+ or its equivalent; and state or local government investment pools.

Investments in debt securities and money market mutual funds for the Town are reported at fair value. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The Town considers quoted market price at September 30, 2017 to be the fair value of investments. Investments in nonnegotiable certificates of deposit are carried at cost. The government investment pools, TexPool and TexSTAR, operate in accordance with state laws and regulations. Investments in external pools are carried at either net asset value or amortized cost, as determined by each pool's individual investment valuation method and whether there is a readily determinable fair value of the pool as of the Town's fiscal year end. In instances where pools transact at amortized cost, such as TexPool, no readily determinable fair value is deemed available.

# 2) Receivables and Payables

All receivables for the Town are reported net of an allowance for uncollectibles. The allowances are based on historical collections data and evaluated periodically.

The Town's property tax lien is levied each October 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real and business personal property located in the Town. Values are assessed at 100% of the estimated market value. Taxes are due by January 31 following the October 1 levy date and are considered delinquent after January 31 of each year. Taxes unpaid as of February 1 are subject to penalty and interest as the City Council provides by ordinance.

#### 3) Inventories and Prepaid Items

In accordance with the consumption method of accounting, both inventories and prepaid items are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Inventories are stated at cost. Cost is determined for inventories of supplies and fuel using the moving-average method.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The prepaid items of the Town consist primarily of prepaid software maintenance agreements, the quarterly payment to support the operations of our joint venture North Texas Emergency Communications Center, Inc. (NTECC), and postage.

September 30, 2017

# I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### 4) Capital Assets

Capital assets include land, buildings, equipment, and improvements. Improvements include upgrading facilities other than buildings such as streets or sewers and infrastructure, including pavement, storm sewers, and right-of-way contributed by developers. Capital expenditures are defined as purchases that meet specific guidelines as listed below:

- Expected useful life must be three years or more for equipment and ten years or more for improvements.
- Original unit cost of the equipment should be \$5,000 or greater and includes all costs enabling the item into operation, such as freight, installation, and accessories; capital improvements should be \$25,000 or greater.
- The item should not be consumed, unduly altered, or materially reduced in value immediately by use.

The Land and Improvements other than Buildings categories associated with governmental activities include amounts for infrastructure. Related accumulated depreciation of Improvements other than Buildings includes amounts associated with infrastructure. Subsequently, infrastructure is tracked and reported as a separate component of general capital assets associated with governmental activities.

The internal service funds may record assets that have an original cost of \$5,000 or less if assets are considered part of an overall system. Individual items may be retired and replaced as parts of the larger system.

Contributed assets are recorded at acquisition value as of the date donated. Depreciation of property, plant, and equipment by major classes is provided by the straight-line method based on the following estimated useful lives by major class of depreciable capital assets:

Buildings	50 years
Improvements other than Buildings	
Equipment	3-50 years

Depreciation of current year additions and retirements is computed at one-half the straight-line rate.

#### 5) Compensated Absences

Vacation, holiday, and sick pay costs are charged to operations when taken by the employees of the Town. In the event of termination, an employee is reimbursed for all accumulated vacation and holiday days not exceeding two years' accumulation. The amounts of such liabilities have been provided for in the government-wide financial statements. No reimbursements upon termination are made for accumulated sick leave; accordingly, no liability for unused sick leave has been provided. The liability is computed based on the reimbursable hours at the employees' rate of pay as of September 30, 2017. The Town's liability for compensated absences decreased \$217,903 for a total liability of \$800,753.

#### 6) Grants and Contributions

Included in capital grants and contributions in the government-wide financial statements is developer donations of \$85,362 for Utilities and \$62,796 for Stormwater. Operating grants included \$51,063 of funding for general government initiatives, \$816 for public safety, and \$50,000 for Airport operations.

September 30, 2017

# I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### 7) Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position and/or balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The Town has the following items that qualify for reporting in this category.

- Deferred charges on refundings A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.
- Pension contributions after measurement date These contributions are deferred and recognized in the following fiscal year.
- Difference in projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments This difference is deferred and amortized over a closed five year period.
- Changes in pension assumptions These changes are deferred and recognized over the
  estimated average remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with pensions
  through the pension plan (active and inactive employees) determined as of the measurement
  period.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position and/or balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The Town has two types of items that qualify for reporting in this category. The difference in expected and actual pension experience is deferred and recognized over the estimated average remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with pension though the pension plan (active and inactive employees) determined as of the measurement period. In the governmental funds, unavailable resources are revenues that are earned and measurable but not yet available, and are reported as deferred inflows of resources. In the full accrual government-wide statements, the unavailable resources are recognized as revenue and not deferred.

#### 8) Fund Equity

The Town reports governmental fund balances per GASB 54 definitions as follows:

Nonspendable – Amounts that are not in spendable form or are required to be maintained intact, such as inventory or prepaid amounts or that are legally or contractually required to remain intact.

Restricted – Amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes stipulated by external parties, such as grants, court technology fees, and court building security fees or that are imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed – Amounts whose use is constrained by specific limitations that the Town imposes itself, as determined through an ordinance passed by the Town Council. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until another ordinance removes or revises the limitation.

Assigned – Amounts intended to be used for specific purposes. Intent may be expressed by the governing body or by an official or body to which the governing body delegates the authority. The City Council has delegated the CFO or his designee as the official authorized to assign fund balance for a specific purpose as approved by the fund balance policy.

September 30, 2017

# I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Unassigned – Amounts not contained in other classifications that can be used for any purpose

Governmental fund balances classified as restricted are balances with constraints placed on the use of resources by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments. Fund balances classified as committed can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by the City Council through an ordinance or resolution. Assigned fund balances are constrained by intent to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. Assignments are made by Town management based on Council direction.

The Town will utilize funds for expenditures from the most restrictive fund balance first when more than one fund balance classification is available.

#### 9) Minimum Fund Balance Policy

It is the desire of the Town to maintain adequate fund balances to maintain liquidity and in anticipation of economic downturns or natural disasters. The City Council has adopted a financial standard to maintain a General Fund minimum fund balance of 30 percent of budgeted expenditures, and a minimum fund balance of 25 percent of budgeted expenditures for all other operating funds.

#### 10) Net Position

Net Position represents the difference between assets plus deferred outflows of resources and liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balances of any borrowing spent for the acquisition, construction or improvements of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either though the enabling legislation adopted by the Town or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

#### II. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

#### A. Budgetary Information

<u>Budget Policy</u> – The City Council follows these procedures in establishing the budget reflected in the financial statements:

- Prior to August 1 each year, the City Manager submits to the City Council a proposed budget for the fiscal year beginning on the following October 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means to finance them.
- 2) Public hearings are conducted where all interested persons' comments concerning the budget are heard.
- The budget is legally enacted by the City Council through passage of an ordinance prior to the beginning of the fiscal year.
- 4) The department level is the legal level of control enacted by the Town Charter. The Town has also adopted a budget amendment policy delineating responsibility and authority for the amendment process. Transfers between expenditure accounts in one department may occur with the approval of the Chief Financial Officer. Transfers between operating departments may occur with the approval of the City Manager and Chief Financial Officer provided a department's total budget is not changed by more than five percent. Transfers between funds or transfers between departments that change a department's total budget by more than five percent must be accomplished by budget amendment approved by the City Council. Budget amendments calling for new fund appropriations must also be approved by the City Council.

September 30, 2017

# II. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY (CONTINUED)

Budgetary control is maintained at the individual expenditure account level by the review of all requisitions of estimated purchase amounts prior to the release of purchase orders to vendors.

5) Budgets for the General, Special Revenue, and Debt Service funds are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). However, the Reimbursement Grant Fund does not have an adopted budget due to the uncertainty of revenues and expenditures, so no comparison of budget to actual is presented in the financial statements. Budgets for the Capital Project funds are normally established pursuant to the terms of the related bond indentures, that is, project basis. Accordingly, no comparison of budget to actual is presented in the financial statements.

<u>Budget Data</u> – The budget amounts presented in the statements reflect original and amended budget amounts. The FY2017 budget was amended once, and the amendment was approved by City Council on September 28, 2017. The amendment recognized revenue from the sale of city property and allocated it to pay for a dome park and renovations and repairs to the Addison Athletic Club. Also included in the amendment was the reallocation of a pool of funds in each fund to the departments to fund merit pay increases.

<u>Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations</u> – For the year ended September 30, 2017, no expenditures in the General Fund departments exceeded appropriations.

Encumbrance accounting is employed in governmental funds, but all encumbrances are liquidated at year-end. No encumbrances roll forward to the next fiscal year or affect following year budgets.

#### III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

# A. Cash and Investments

The Town has six bank accounts: the Operating Account, Controlled Disbursement Account, Payroll Account, ACH/Wire Account, Benefits Account, and the Addison Airport Account. The Controlled Disbursements and Payroll accounts are zero-balance accounts. The ACH/Wire Account is used for all receipts and expenditures made by ACH or wire transfer. The Town uses the Operating Account as an operating pool available for all funds. Each fund type's portion of this pool is reported as "Cash and Investments." The other demand accounts are reported in the same manner. The Addison Airport account is a checking account used by the management companies at the Airport to cover operational expenses.

The investment policies of the Town are governed by state statutes and an Investment Policy Ordinance adopted by the City Council. Major provisions of the Town's investment policy include: responsibility for investments, authorized investments, bank and security dealer selection and qualifying procedures, safekeeping and custodial procedures, statement of investment objectives, and investment reporting procedures.

#### <u>Cash</u>

State statutes require that all deposits in financial institutions be fully collateralized by U.S. Government obligations or its agencies and instrumentalities or direct obligations of Texas or its agencies or instrumentalities that have a market value of not less than the principal amount of the deposits. The Town's deposits were fully insured or collateralized as required by the state statutes at September 30, 2017. Included in Cash and Investments is \$6,525 of petty cash. At year-end, the carrying amount of the Town's deposits was a debit balance of \$18,387,596. The respective bank balance totaled \$21,353,128. In addition, collateral with a market value of \$23,807,810 and an unused letter of credit in the amount of \$10,212,603 were held by the pledging financial institution's account at the Federal Reserve Bank in the Town's name.

In order to maximize interest earnings, the Town utilizes a controlled disbursement account that allows the Town to deposit only as much money needed to fund checks presented for payment each day. The amount required is withdrawn from the operating pool.

September 30, 2017

# III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

#### **External Investment Pools**

The Town's pool investments as of September 30, 2017 were invested in TexPool and TexSTAR (Texas Short Term Asset Reserve program).

Federated Investors is the full service provider for the TexPool program. As the provider, the responsibilities include managing the assets, providing participant services, and arranging for all custody and other functions in support of the operations under a contract with the State Comptroller of Public Accounts. JPMorgan Fleming Asset Management, Inc. (JPMFAM) and First Southwest Asset Management, Inc. (FSAM) serve as coadministrators for TexSTAR under an agreement with the TexSTAR board of directors. JPMFAM provides investment management, fund accounting, transfer agency and services. The assets are safe kept in a separate custodial account at the Federal Reserve Bank in the name of TexSTAR and FSAM provides administrative, marketing and participant services.

TexPool and TexSTAR are not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) as investment companies. TexPool and TexSTAR are investment pools that have been organized in conformity with the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code, and the Public Funds Investment Act, Chapter 2256 of the Texas Government Code.

The government investment pool, TexPool, is carried at amortized cost. TexSTAR is carried at net asset value.

#### **Investments**

As of September 30, 2017, the Town held the following investments:

		Carrying	Average Maturity
DRA	+	Value	(Days)
Certificates of Deposit	\$	10,056,272	576
Commercial Paper		9,957,229	117
Agency Securities		38,967,484	182
Total Investment in Securities		58,980,985	292
TexStar		10,337,183	28
TexPool		4,656,539	37
Total Investment in Pools		14,993,722	33
Total Investments	\$	73,974,707	189

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 72, "Fair Value Measurement and Application," the Town records investments at fair value. However, for participating interest-earning investment contracts with maturities of one year or less at time of purchase, the Town reports these investments at amortized cost. The carrying value of the Town's investments at September 30, 2017 was \$73,974,707, of which \$14,993,722 had maturities of less than one year at time of purchase. Investments in debt securities are carried at fair value. Fair value for debt securities is determined using a multi-dimensional relational model using standard inputs including TRACE reported trades. Investments in nonnegotiable certificates of deposits are carried at cost.

September 30, 2017

# III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

Interest Rate Risk – In accordance with its investment policy, the Town manages its exposure to declines in fair market values by limiting the weighted average days to maturity of its investment portfolio to 18 months (540 days). This means investing operating funds primarily in short-term securities, money market mutual funds or similar investment pools.

*Credit Risk* – The reported investments meet the criteria specified in the Town's investment policy related to the specific types of instruments presented.

- 1. Debt obligations with a maturity not to exceed five years from the date of purchase issued by, guaranteed by, or for which the credit of any of the following Federal Agencies and Instrumentalities is pledged for payment: Federal National Mortgage Association (FNMA), Federal Home Loan Bank (FHLB), Federal Farm Credit Bank (FFCB), and Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (FHLMC). The Town's investments in bonds of U.S. Agencies were rated Aaa by Moody's Investors Service and AAA by Standard and Poor's. Mortgage-backed securities may be held as collateral although principal-only and interest-only mortgage-backed securities as well as all types of collateralized mortgage obligations (CMO) and real estate mortgage investment conduits (REMICs) are expressly prohibited.
- 2. Time Certificates of Deposit with a maturity not to exceed three years from the date of purchase, insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or its successor, in depository institutions that have a main office or a branch in the state of Texas which have been approved by the Town in accordance with its Investment Policy. In addition, separate CDs issued by depositories wherever located, bundled together into a single investment with the full amount of principal and interest of each CD federally insured may be purchased through a selected depository institution with its main office or branch office in Texas. This depository shall act as the custodian for the various certificates on behalf of the Town.
- 3. Prime commercial paper with an original maturity of one hundred eighty days or less which at the time of purchase, is rated at least A-1 by Standard and Poor's, P-1 by Moodys or F1 by Fitch.
  - At the time of the purchase, the commercial paper must be rated by at least two of the above stated ratings agencies at the above stated minimum credit rating.
  - If more than two of the above rated agencies rates an issuer, all the rating agencies must rate the issuer in accordance with the above stated minimum credit criteria.
  - If the commercial paper issuer has senior debt\* outstanding, the senior debt must be rated by each service that publishes a rating of the issue at least: A-1 by Moodys, A+ by Standard and Poor's, and A+ by Fitch. (\*Senior Debt is defined as the most senior secured or unsecured debt of an issuer with an original maturity exceeding one year).
  - If the commercial paper issuer is given a "plus (+) rating," the maximum maturity of 270 days or less will be allowed.
- 4. State and Local Investment Pools organized under the Interlocal Cooperation Act that meet the requirements of Chapter 2256 Texas Government Code and have been specifically approved by the CFO and authorized by the City Council. TexPool and TexSTAR are both currently rated AAA by Standard and Poor's.

Concentration of Credit Risk – It is the Town's policy to avoid a concentration of assets in a specific maturity, a specific issue, or a specific class of securities. The applicable limits on the Town's current investments are Instrumentality Securities (70%) of which the Town's portfolio is currently at 53%, Certificates of Deposit (50%) of which the Town's portfolio is currently at 14%, Commercial Paper (30%) of which the Town's portfolio is currently at 13%, and Local Government Investment Pools (40%) of which the Town's portfolio is currently at 20%. At September 30, 2017, 5% of the Town's total investments were in Toyota Motor Corporation Commercial Paper (7%), valued at \$4,976,955.

September 30, 2017

# III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

#### Fair Value of Assets

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Fair value measurements must maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. There is a hierarchy of three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair value:

- Level 1 Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 Observable inputs other than Level 1 prices, such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities; quoted prices in markets that are not active; or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities
- **Level 3** Unobservable inputs supported by little or no market activity and are significant to the fair value of the assets or liabilities

#### Recurring Measurements

The following table presents the fair value measurements of assets recognized in the accompanying financial statements measured at fair value on a recurring basis and the level within the fair hierarchy in which the fair value measurements fall at September 30, 2017:

	Fair Value		Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Obser	ficant Other vable Inputs	Significant Observable Inputs (Level 3)
Investments by fair value level Commercial Paper U.S. Agency Securities Total Investment by fair value level	\$	9,957,229 38,967,484 48,924,713	()	\$ <u>\$</u>	9,957,229 38,967,484 48,924,713	\$ - <u>-</u> <u>\$</u> -
Investments measured at net asset value - TexSTAR Investments measured at amortized cost - TexPool Non-negotiable certificates of deposit Total Investments	\$	10,337,183 4,656,539 10,056,272 73,974,707				

Certain investments that are measured using the net asset value per share (or its equivalent) practical expedient have not been classified in the fair value hierarchy. The fair value amounts included above approximate net asset value for all related external investment pool balances.

#### Investments

Where quoted market prices are available in an active market, securities are classified within Level 1 of the valuation hierarchy. If quoted market prices are not available, then fair values are estimated by using quoted prices of securities with similar characteristics or independent asset pricing services and pricing models, the inputs of which are market-based or independently sourced market parameters, including, but not limited to, yield curves, interest rates, volatilities, prepayments, defaults, cumulative loss projections and cash flows. Such securities are classified in Level 2 of the valuation hierarchy. In certain cases where Level 1 or Level 2 inputs are not available, securities are classified within Level 3 of the hierarchy. At September 30, 2017, no investments are held by the Town meeting the Level 3 hierarchy classification.

September 30, 2017

#### III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

Investment in State Investment Pools

During the year, the Town invested in multiple public fund investment pools, including TexSTAR and TexPool. The fair value of the position of TexSTAR is measured at net asset value, and the fair value of the position of TexPool is measured at amortized cost. Each pool's governing body is comprised of individuals who are employees, officers, or elected officials of participants in the funds or who do not have a business relationship with the fund and are qualified to advise. Investment objective and strategies of the pools are to seek preservation of principal, liquidity and current income through investment in a diversified portfolio of short-term marketable securities. Pools offer same day access to investment funds.

#### B. Ad Valorem (Property) Taxes

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. The Town's property tax is levied on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real and business personal property located in the Town. Assessed values are established by Dallas Central Appraisal District at 100% of the estimated market value and certified by the Appraisal Review Board. The assessed taxable value for the roll of January 1, 2016, upon which the fiscal year 2017 levy is based, was \$4,302,982,597.

The Town is permitted by Article XI, Section 5 of the State of Texas Constitution to levy taxes up to \$2.50 per \$100 of assessed valuation for general governmental services including the payment of principal and interest on general obligation long-term debt. The tax rate for the year ended September 30, 2017 was \$.5605 per \$100, of which \$.3812 was allocated for general government and \$.1793 was allocated for the payment of principal and interest on general obligation and certificates of obligation long-term debt.

Taxes are due by January 31 following the October 1 levy date and are considered delinquent after January 31 of each year. Taxes unpaid as of February 1 are subject to penalty and interest as the City Council provides by ordinance. Current tax collections for the year ended September 30, 2017, were 97.03% of the original tax levy. In Texas, countywide central appraisal districts are required to assess all property within the appraisal district on the basis of 100% of its appraised value and are prohibited from applying any assessment ratios. The value of property within the appraisal district must be reviewed every three years; however, the Town may at its own expense require annual reviews of appraised values. The Town may challenge appraised values established by the appraisal district through various appeals and, if necessary, legal action. Under this arrangement, the Town continues to set tax rates on Town property.

However, if the effective tax rate, excluding tax rates for retirement of bonds and other contractual obligations, adjusted for new improvements, exceeds the rate for the previous year by more than 8%, qualified voters of the Town may petition for an election to determine whether to limit the tax rate to no more than 8% above the tax rate of the previous year. This legislation also provides that, if approved by the qualified voters in the Town, both the appraisal and collection functions may be placed with the appraisal district.

In the governmental funds financial statements, taxes are recognized as revenue beginning on the date of levy when they become available. "Available" means collected within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay current liabilities. Taxes not expected to be collected within thirty (30) days of the fiscal year ending are recorded as deferred inflows of resources and recognized as they become available. Taxes collected prior to the levy date to which they apply are recorded as unearned revenues and recognized as revenue of the period to which they apply.

An allowance for uncollectible taxes is provided based on an analysis of historical trends. The allowance for uncollectible taxes at September 30, 2017, was \$99,290.

September 30, 2017

# **III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)**

#### C. Receivables

As of September 30, 2017, receivables for the Town's individual major governmental funds, non-major governmental funds, and internal service funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowance for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	 General	 Hotel	 Debt Service	 Hotel Debt Service	 Capital Projects	 lon-Major Funds	 Internal Service Funds	 Total
Taxes:								
Ad Valorem	\$ 307,552	\$ -	\$ 178,495	\$ -	\$ 3,550	\$ 18,623	\$ -	\$ 508,220
Non-Property	2,435,472	566,956	-	-	-	-	-	3,002,428
Franchise Fees	299,391	-	-	-	-	-	-	299,391
Service Fees	937,172	-	-	-	-	-	-	937,172
Ambulance	806,739	-	-	-	-	-	-	806,739
Interest	35,870	6,981	558	8,309	48,608	12,131	8,758	121,215
Other	 25,738	54,998	 	 	 	 		 80,736
Gross Receivables	\$ 4,847,934	\$ 628,935	\$ 179,053	\$ 8,309	\$ 52,158	\$ 30,754	\$ 8,758	\$ 5,755,901
Less: Allowance for Uncollectibles	 809,869	 	 36,411	 	 380	 2,690	 	 849,350
Net Receivables	\$ 4,038,065	\$ 628,935	\$ 142,642	\$ 8,309	\$ 51,778	\$ 28,064	\$ 8,758	\$ 4,906,551

The above allowance for uncollectible accounts represents reserves for ambulance (\$409,506), court warrants (\$340,554), and property taxes (\$99,290).

In the proprietary funds at September 30, 2017 the Airport fund has a \$50,000 operating grant receivable and \$115,028 rent receivable with no associated allowance accounts. The Utility fund has \$1,994,909 in water and sewer sales receivable, net of an allowance of \$11,101. The stormwater fund has stormwater fees receivable of \$313,264 net of an allowance of \$2,686.



September 30, 2017

# III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

# D. Capital Assets

Capital Asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2017 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	l 	Increases	Decreases	. <u></u>	Transfers	!	Ending Balance
Governmental Activities:								
Capital Assets, not Depreciable:								
Land	\$ 66,312,	844 \$	-	\$ (63,560)	\$	651	\$	66,249,935
Intangible Assets	168,	177	-	-		209,202		377,379
Construction in Progress	19,258,	386	7,774,524	(339,261)		(2,937,666)		23,755,983
Total Capital Assets, not Depreciable	85,739,	407	7,774,524	(402,821)		(2,727,813)	-	90,383,297
Capital Assets, Depreciable:								
Buildings	22,026,	374	58,400	-		-		22,084,774
Improvements other than Buildings	171,504,	087	-	-		2,430,643		173,934,730
Machinery and Equipment	19,681,	240	2,510,626	(3,007,450)		297,170		19,481,586
Total Capital Assets, Depreciable	213,211,	701	2,569,026	(3,007,450)		2,727,813		215,501,090
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:								
Buildings	(12,607,4	66)	(574,928)	-		-		(13,182,394)
Improvements other than Buildings	(99,499,2	59)	(5,905,597)	-		-		(105,404,856)
Machinery and Equipment	(14,609,4	75)	(1,237,827)	2,917,365		-		(12,929,937)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(126,716,2	00)	(7,718,352)	2,917,365		-		(131,517,187)
Total Capital Assets, Depreciable, net	86,495,	501	(5,149,326)	(90,085)	_	2,727,813		83,983,903
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, net	\$ 172,234,	908 \$	2,625,198	\$ (492,906)	\$		\$	174,367,200
Business-type Activities:	ΔF.	Т	C(	)P\	/			
Capital Assets, not Depreciable:								
Land	\$ 16,945,	437 \$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	16,945,437
Construction in Progress	953,	742	696,813					1,650,555
Total Capital Assets, not Depreciable	17,899,	179	696,813					18,595,992
Capital Assets, Depreciable:								
Buildings	10,669,	963	-	-		-		10,669,963
Improvements other than Buildings	102,796,	320	152,008	-		-		102,948,328
Machinery and Equipment	4,163,		218,799	(472,317)				3,909,795
Total Capital Assets, Depreciable	117,629,	596	370,807	(472,317)		-		117,528,086
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:								
Buildings	(2,448,1	25)	(213,406)	-		-		(2,661,531)
Improvements other than Buildings	(46,878,9	69)	(3,354,253)	-		-		(50,233,222)
Machinery and Equipment	(2,938,6	02)	(180,935)	447,352				(2,672,185)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(52,265,6	96)	(3,748,594)	447,352				(55,566,938)
Total Capital Assets, Depreciable, net	65,363,	900	(3,377,787)	(24,965)				61,961,148
Business-type Activities Capital Assets, net	\$ 83,263,	079 \$	(2,680,974)	\$ (24,965)	\$		\$	80,557,140

September 30, 2017

# III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

Depreciation expense was charged to departments of the Town as follows:

	G 	overnmental Activities	 Business-type Activities
General Government	\$	317,702	\$ _
Public Safety		155,951	-
Development Services		1,222	-
Streets		4,852,501	-
Parks and Recreation		865,874	-
Visitor Services		549,222	-
IT Replacement		283,108	-
Capital Replacement		692,772	-
Airport Fund			2,359,167
Utility Fund			1,380,463
Stormwater Fund			8,964
	\$	7,718,352	\$ 3,748,594

The following tabulation presents the estimated significant commitments under unfinished capital construction and equipment contracts that are fully funded as of September 30, 2017:

Project		Estimated Commitments		Less Expenditures to Date		Total Commitment Remaining
Governmental Activities	•	00.000.000	•	45.007.550	•	5 500 440
Belt Line Road Underground Utilities	\$	20,830,000	\$	15,307,558	\$	5,522,442
Pedestrian Connectivity Improvements	П	3,658,253		3,153,121		505,132
Vitruvian Public Infrastructure		10,021,107		5,036,136		4,984,971
Public Safety Radio Replacement and RMS		3,454,173		2,606,809		847,364
Midway Road Rehabilitation		3,000,000		1,184,298		1,815,702
	\$	40,963,533	\$	27,287,922	\$	13,675,611
Business-type Activities						
Sherlock Basin Improvements	\$	1,200,000	\$	-	\$	1,200,000
Water Line Replacements		1,100,000		75,860		1,024,140
Surveyor Ground Storage Tank		2,315,000		151,415		2,163,585
	\$	4,615,000	\$	227,275	\$	4,387,725

September 30, 2017

#### **III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)**

# E. Interlocal Sanitary Sewer Interceptor Agreement

The Town is party to an Interlocal agreement, which established a non-profit water supply corporation (North Dallas County Water Supply Corporation) for the purpose of constructing, maintaining, and operating a joint sanitary sewer interceptor with the City of Farmers Branch. The non-profit water supply corporation is governed by a six-member board composed of three appointees from each entity. The Town was obligated for construction costs of the project in proportion to its percentage of allocated flows for each specific portion of the project as set forth in the agreement. The Town is also obligated to pay 55% of all general overhead costs. Operating and maintenance costs since the project became operational shall be paid in accordance with respective percentages of allocated flows as set forth in the agreement.

The Town's net investment and its share of general overhead expenses are reported in the Town's Utility Fund (an enterprise fund). The Town's equity interest in the North Dallas County Water Supply Corporation of \$6,644,785, net of related debt, is included in Unrestricted Net Position. This joint venture provides audited financial statements bi-annually. The next audit report will be available for the year ended September 30, 2017. Complete financial statements for the North Dallas County Water Supply Corporation can be obtained from Charles Cox, Secretary/Treasurer, North Dallas County Water Supply Corporation, 13000 William Dodson Parkway, Farmers Branch, Texas.

Governmental

Business-type

#### F. Long-Term Debt

The long-term debt of the Town consisted of the following as of September 30, 2017:

		Activities	А	ctivities
Combination Tax and Revenue Certificates of Obligation Series of 2008				
A series of 6,900 bonds at \$5,000 each dated May 1, 2008. The bonds were issued for the purpose of constructing improvements to (i) water, sewer, drainage, parks and streets including sidewalks, street lighting, landscaping, extensions and relocations, and acquisition of land and rights-of-way; (ii) acquisition and construction of a water tower; (iii) acquisition of land for street and other municipal purposes (collectively with items (i) and (ii)); and (iv) payment of professional services of attorneys, financial advisors and other professionals in connection with the issuance of the certificates. The bonds originally matured serially through 2033 with interest rates ranging from 4% to 5%. The bonds were callable at par value plus accrued interest on or after February 15, 2018 in whole or in part in principal amounts of \$5,000. These bonds were partially refunded in May 2016 and mature serially through 2018. Bonds and interest are payable from a combination of Ad Valorem taxes and a limited pledge (not to exceed \$1,000) of surplus net revenues of	P	Y		
the Town's Utility Fund. Ratings: Moody's "Aa1"; Standard & Poor's "AAA"	\$	1,004,148	\$	310,852
Natings. Moody's Aar, Standard & Fool's AAA				

September 30, 2017

Governmental

Business-type

# III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

	Activities	Activities
General Obligation Refunding Bonds Series of 2011		
A series of 1,778 bonds at \$5,000 each dated October 25, 2011. The bonds were issued to refund a portion of the Town's outstanding General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2001, General Obligation Refund and Improvement Bonds, Series 2002 and Combination Tax and Revenue Certificates of Obligation, Series 2003; for interest savings, and costs of issuance associated with the sale of the bonds. The bonds mature serially through 2033 with interest rates ranging from 2.0% to 3.0%. The bonds are not callable. Bonds and interest are payable from a combination of Ad Valorem taxes and hotel occupancy taxes.  Ratings: Moody's "Aa1"; Standard & Poor's "AAA"	\$ 700,000	\$ -
Combination Tax and Revenue Certificates of Obligation Series of 2012		
A series of 2,967 bonds at \$5,000 each dated August 15, 2012. The bonds were issued for the purpose of (i) acquiring and installing radio and telecommunication equipment for Town public safety operations, (ii) designing, acquiring, improving, constructing, and renovating water, wastewater and street infrastructure improvements, including drainage infrastructure, within the Vitruvian Park area of the Town; and (iii) paying professional services of attorneys, financial advisors and other professionals in connection with the Project and the issuance of the certificates. The bonds mature serially through 2032 with interest rates ranging from 1.5% to 4%. The bonds are callable at par value plus accrued interest on or after February 15, 2022 in whole or in part in principal amounts of \$5,000. Bonds and interest are payable from a combination of Ad Valorem taxes and a limited pledge (not to exceed		
\$1,000) of surplus net revenues of the Town's Utility Fund. Ratings: Moody's "Aa1"; Standard & Poor's "AAA"	\$ 13,095,000	\$ -

September 30, 2017

# III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities
General Obligation Refunding and Improvement Bonds Series of 2012		
A series of 4,518 bonds at \$5,000 each dated August 15, 2012. The bonds were issued to fund various public improvement projects up to \$19,830,000 to include construction, engineering, and other professional services; refund the Town's outstanding General Obligation Bonds, Series 2004, and General Obligation Refunding and Improvement Bonds, Series 2005; and pay the costs of issuance associated with the sale of the bonds. The bonds mature serially through 2032 with interest rates ranging from 2% to 5%. The bonds are callable at par plus accrued interest on or after February 15, 2022 in whole or in part in principal amounts of \$5,000. Bonds and interest are payable from Ad Valorem taxes.  Ratings: Moody's "Aa1"; Standard & Poor's "AAA"; AMBAC Insured	\$ 17,720,000	\$ -
General Obligation Bonds, Tax-Exempt Series of 2013		
A series of 933 bonds at \$5,000 each dated July 15, 2013. The bonds were issued to provide funds to (i) engineer, construct, improve, repair, develop, extend and expand streets, thoroughfares, bridges, interchanges, intersections, grade separations, sidewalks and other public ways of the Town, including related streetscape improvements, public utility improvements, storm drainage facilities and improvements, signalization and other traffic controls, street lighting and the acquisition of land therefore; (ii) acquire and improve land and interest in land to provide improvements, additions and access to the Addison Municipal Airport, and (iii) pay the costs of issuing the Tax-Exempt Bonds. The bonds mature serially through 2033 with interest rates ranging from 2% to 5%. The bonds are callable at par plus accrued interest on or after February 15, 2023 in whole or in part in principal amounts of \$5,000. Ratings: Moody's "Aa1"; Standard & Poor's "AAA"	\$ 4,030,000	\$ -
General Obligation Bonds Series 2013A (AMT)		
A series of 375 bonds at \$5,000 each dated July 15, 2013. The bonds were issued to provide funds to: (i) acquire and improve of land and interests in land to provide improvements, additions and access to the Addison Municipal Airport, and (ii) pay the costs of issuing the AMT bonds. The bonds mature serially through 2018 with interest rates ranging from 2% to 2.25%. The bonds are not callable.  Ratings: Moody's "Aa1"; Standard & Poor's "AAA"	\$ 1,605,000	\$ -

September 30, 2017

# III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

General	<b>Obligation</b>	<b>Bonds</b>
<b>Taxable</b>	Series of 2	013B

A series of 250 bonds at \$5,000 each dated July 15, 2013. The bonds, used together with other available Town funds, were issued to provide funds to: (i) acquire and improve land and interests in land to provide improvements, additions and access to the Addison Municipal Airport, and (ii) pay the costs of issuing the Taxable Bonds. The bonds mature serially through 2033 with interest rates ranging from 3.75% to 5%. The bonds are callable at par plus accrued interest on or after February 15, 2023 in whole or in part in principal amounts of \$5,000.

Ratings: Moody's "Aa1"; Standard & Poor's "AAA"

# Combination Tax and Revenue Certificates of Obligation Series of 2013

A series of 2,037 bonds at \$5,000 each dated July 15, 2013. The Certificates were issued for (i) (a) designing, acquiring, improving, constructing and renovating facilities and infrastructure at the Addison Municipal Airport and the acquisition and improvement of land and interests in land to provide improvements, additions and access to the airport, (b) designing, acquiring, improving, constructing, and renovating City drainage and stormwater infrastructure and facilities ((a) and (b) together, the "Project") and (ii) paying professional services of attorneys, financial advisors and other professionals in connection with the Project and the issuance of the Certificates. The bonds mature serially through 2033 with interest rates ranging from 2% to 5%. The bonds are callable at par plus accrued interest on or after February 15, 2023 in whole or in part in principal amounts of \$5,000.

Ratings: Moody's "Aa1"; Standard & Poor's "AAA"

# General Obligation Bonds, Tax-Exempt Series 2014

A series of 2,400 bonds at \$5,000 each dated February 15, 2014. The bonds were issued to provide funds for: (i) engineering, constructing, reconstructing, improving, repairing, developing, extending and expanding streets, thoroughfares, bridges, interchanges, intersections, grade separations, sidewalks and other public ways of the Town, including related streetscape improvements, public utility improvements, storm drainage facilities and improvements, signalization and other traffic controls, street lighting, and the acquisition of land therefor; relocating utilities currently located in or adjacent to the Belt Line Road right-of-way and acquiring, constructing, and developing Belt Line Road roadway and streetscape improvements and the acquisition of land therefor; and (iii) for the payment of the costs of issuing the Tax-Exempt Bonds. The bonds mature serially through 2032 with interest rates ranging from 3% to 3.625%. The bonds are callable at par plus accrued interest on or after February 15, 2024 in whole or in part in principal amounts of \$5,000.

Ratings: Moody's "Aa1"; Standard & Poor's "AAA"

Governmental Activities

Business-type Activities

1,080,000

\$

- \$ 8.720.000

\$ 11,255,000

\$

September 30, 2017

# III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities
Certificates of Obligation Series 2014		
A series of 1,513 bonds at \$5,000 each dated February 15, 2014. The Certificates were issued for (i) designing, constructing, installing, acquiring and equipping additions, extensions and improvements to the Town's water and wastewater system, and the acquisition of land and interests in land for such projects, (the "Project") and (ii) paying professional services of attorneys, financial advisors and other professionals in connection with the Project and the issuance of the Certificates. The bonds mature serially through 2034 with interest rates ranging from 1% to 4%. The bonds are callable at par plus accrued interest on or after February 15, 2024 in whole or in part in principal amounts of \$5,000.  Ratings: Moody's "Aa1"; Standard & Poor's "AAA"	\$ -	\$ 6,910,000
General Obligation Refunding Bonds Series 2014 (AMT)		
A series of 429 bonds at \$5,000 each dated February 15, 2014. The bonds were issued to: (i) refund a portion of the Town's outstanding Combination Tax and Revenue Certificates of Obligation, Series 2004 for debt service savings, and (ii) to pay the costs of issuing the AMT Bonds. The bonds mature serially through 2020 with interest rates ranging from 1% to 2%. The bonds are not callable. Ratings: Moody's "Aa1"; Standard & Poor's "AAA"	\$ -	\$ 1,110,000
General Obligation Refunding Bonds Series 2016		
A series of 4,712 bonds at \$5,000 each dated May 13, 2016. The bonds were issued to refund a portion of the Town's outstanding debt for debt service savings and to pay the costs associated with the issuance of the bonds. The bonds mature serially through 2033 with interest rates ranging from 3% to 5%. The bonds are callable at par plus accrued interest on or after February 15, 2026 in whole or in part in principal amounts of \$5,000.  Ratings: Moody's "Aa1"; Standard & Poor's "AAA"	\$ 7,990,000	\$ 5,570,000
TOTAL LONG-TERM DEBT OUTSTANDING	\$ 68,479,148	\$ 22,620,852

September 30, 2017

# **III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)**

#### Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

A summary of long-term liability activity for the year ended September 30, 2017 was as follows (in thousands of dollars):

		eginning Balance	Ad	dditions	Re	etirements		Ending alance		ie Within ne Year
Governmental Activities:										
General Obligation Bonds	\$	58,360	\$	-	\$	(3,980)	\$	54,380	\$	3,205
Premium on General Obligation Bonds		6,854		-		(1,213)		5,641		-
Discount on General Obligation Bonds		(49)		-		3		(46)		-
Certificates of Obligation		15,738		-		(1,638)		14,100		1,704
Premium on Certificates of Obligation		-		-		-		-		-
Discount on Certificates of Obligation		(95)		-		5		(90)		-
Net Pension Liability		25,370		-		(18,570)		6,800		-
Compensated Absences		949		744		(955)		738		99
Net OPEB Obligation		486		388		(127)		747		-
Long-Term Liabilities – Governmental Activities	\$	107,613	\$	1,132	\$	(26,475)	\$	82,270	\$	5,008
ŭ	<u> </u>		<u> </u>		=		_		<u> </u>	
Business-type Activities:										
General Obligation Refunding Bonds	\$	7,030	\$	-	\$	(350)	\$	6,680	\$	360
(Payable from airport and utility system revenues)										
Premium on General Obligation Refunding Bonds		1,092		-		(109)		983		-
Combination Tax and Revenue Certificates of Obligation		2,600		-		(110)		2,490		110
(Payable from airport revenues)										
Premium on Combination Tax and Revenue C.O.		108		-		(12)		96		-
Combination Tax and Revenue Certificates of Obligation		7,797		-		(577)		7,220		601
(Payable from utility system revenues)						, ,				
Premium on Combination Tax and Revenue C.O.		30		-		(2)		28		-
Combination Tax and Revenue Certificates of Obligation		6,505		-		(275)		6,230		280
(Payable from storm water system revenues)						, ,				
Premium on Combination Tax and Revenue C.O.		271		-		(31)		240		-
Note Payable		303		-		(58)		245		61
Net Pension Liability		1,513				(1,333)		180		-
Compensated Absences		69		51		(57)		63		1
Net OPEB Obligation				23		` _		23		-
Long-Term Liabilities – Business-type Activities	\$	27,318	\$	74	\$	(2,914)	\$	24,478	\$	1,413
,,	=				÷		_			

The Town intends to retire all of its general obligation bonds (other than those recorded in the enterprise funds), plus interest, from future Ad Valorem tax levies, interest income, and transfers from other funds. The Town is required by ordinance to create from such tax revenues a sinking fund sufficient to pay the current interest due thereon and each installment of principal as it becomes due. There is \$370,437 available in the General Obligation Debt Service Fund to service the general obligation bonds.

Proprietary fund-type debt is to be repaid from net revenues of the enterprise funds and is, accordingly, recorded as enterprise fund debt. The Note Payable referenced above in the Business-type Activities was created in July 2015 as part of a ground lease early termination agreement at the Addison Airport. The Town of Addison will pay \$375,000 in 72 equal payments of \$5,208 each month, accruing no interest, beginning August 1, 2015. This creates a remaining annual principal only payment of \$62,500 for years 2017 through 2019 and an annual payment of \$54,000 in 2020.

There are a number of limitations and restrictions contained in the various general obligations, certificates of obligation, and revenue bond indentures. The Town is in compliance with all significant limitations and restrictions at September 30, 2017.

For the governmental activities, compensated absences are generally liquidated in the General Fund, Economic Development Fund and Hotel Fund. The net OPEB obligation is generally liquidated in the General Fund.

September 30, 2017

# **III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)**

The debt service requirements on the aforementioned bonded debt are as follows:

Governmental Activities					Business-ty	pe Ac	tivities
	<u>Principal</u>		Interest		<u>Principal</u>		Interest
\$	3,205,000	\$	2,224,176	\$	360,000	\$	267,300
	3,570,000		2,102,442		665,000		257,850
	2,705,000		1,986,748		690,000		240,650
	2,820,000		1,880,507		320,000		224,250
	2,865,000		1,767,492		340,000		211,050
	16,395,000		6,858,269		1,920,000		827,750
	19,105,000		2,850,992		1,955,000		350,375
	3,715,000		114,251		430,000		10,750
\$	54,380,000	\$	19,784,877	\$	6,680,000	\$	2,389,975
\$	1,704,148	\$	403,195	\$	990,852	\$	592,575
	710,000		369,013		705,000		572,320
	720,000		354,713		730,000		554,620
	735,000		340,163		755,000		531,770
	755,000		321,488		790,000		504,195
	4,205,000		1,180,663		4,520,000		1,999,216
	2,425,000		662,613		5,625,000		964,338
	2,845,000		245,266		1,825,000		59,906
\$	14,099,148	\$	3,877,114	\$	15 940 852	\$	5,778,940
	\$	\$ 3,205,000 3,570,000 2,705,000 2,820,000 2,865,000 16,395,000 19,105,000 3,715,000 \$ 54,380,000 \$ 1,704,148 710,000 720,000 735,000 755,000 4,205,000 2,425,000 2,845,000	\$ 3,205,000 \$ 3,570,000 2,705,000 2,865,000 19,105,000 3,715,000 \$ 54,380,000 \$ \$ 1,704,148 \$ 710,000 720,000 735,000 755,000 4,205,000 2,425,000 2,845,000	Principal         Interest           \$ 3,205,000         \$ 2,224,176           3,570,000         2,102,442           2,705,000         1,986,748           2,820,000         1,880,507           2,865,000         1,767,492           16,395,000         6,858,269           19,105,000         2,850,992           3,715,000         114,251           \$ 54,380,000         \$ 19,784,877           \$ 1,704,148         \$ 403,195           710,000         369,013           720,000         354,713           735,000         340,163           755,000         321,488           4,205,000         1,180,663           2,425,000         662,613           2,845,000         245,266	Principal         Interest           \$ 3,205,000         \$ 2,224,176         \$ 3,570,000         2,102,442           2,705,000         1,986,748         2,820,000         1,880,507           2,865,000         1,767,492         16,395,000         6,858,269           19,105,000         2,850,992         3,715,000         114,251           \$ 54,380,000         \$ 19,784,877         \$           \$ 710,000         369,013         720,000         354,713           735,000         340,163         755,000         321,488           4,205,000         1,180,663         2,425,000         662,613           2,845,000         245,266         245,266	Principal         Interest         Principal           \$ 3,205,000         \$ 2,224,176         \$ 360,000           3,570,000         2,102,442         665,000           2,705,000         1,986,748         690,000           2,820,000         1,880,507         320,000           2,865,000         1,767,492         340,000           16,395,000         6,858,269         1,920,000           19,105,000         2,850,992         1,955,000           3,715,000         114,251         430,000           \$ 54,380,000         \$ 19,784,877         \$ 6,680,000           \$ 1,704,148         \$ 403,195         \$ 990,852           710,000         369,013         705,000           720,000         354,713         730,000           735,000         340,163         755,000           755,000         321,488         790,000           4,205,000         1,180,663         4,520,000           2,425,000         662,613         5,625,000           2,845,000         245,266         1,825,000	Principal         Interest         Principal           \$ 3,205,000         \$ 2,224,176         \$ 360,000           3,570,000         2,102,442         665,000           2,705,000         1,986,748         690,000           2,820,000         1,880,507         320,000           2,865,000         1,767,492         340,000           16,395,000         6,858,269         1,920,000           19,105,000         2,850,992         1,955,000           3,715,000         114,251         430,000           \$ 54,380,000         \$ 19,784,877         \$ 6,680,000           \$ 710,000         369,013         705,000           720,000         354,713         730,000           735,000         340,163         755,000           755,000         321,488         790,000           4,205,000         1,180,663         4,520,000           2,425,000         662,613         5,625,000           2,845,000         245,266         1,825,000

At September 30, 2017, the Town had \$26,000,000 authorized but unissued general obligation bonds.

# G. Interfund Transfers

Transfers between funds during the year ended September 30, 2017 were comprised of the following:

<u>Fund</u>	Transfers In	Transfers Out		Purpose of Transfer
General Fund	\$ _	\$	3,017,676	For capital projects
General Fund	-		425,000	For economic development
Utility Fund	-		800,000	For capital projects
Capital Project Fund	3,017,676		-	For capital projects
Economic Development Fund	425,000		-	For economic development
Economic Development Fund	548,000		-	For economic development
Capital Project Fund	800,000		-	For capital projects
Hotel Fund	-		548,000	For economic development
Hotel Fund	-		711,500	For payment of debt service
Hotel Debt Service Fund	711,500		-	For payment of debt service
Total Transfers	\$ 5,502,176	\$	5,502,176	

September 30, 2017

#### IV. OTHER INFORMATION

#### A. Risk Management

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2017, the Town maintained workers compensation, general liability and property coverage through the Texas Municipal League Intergovernmental Risk Pool (TMLIRP). The Town pays an annual premium to TMLIRP for such coverage. TMLIRP purchases reinsurance and the Town does not retain risks of loss exceeding deductibles. The Town's general liability coverage is \$5,000,000 and \$10,000,000 in the aggregate. Settled claims have not exceeded insurance coverage in each of the past four years.

Prior to the 2001 fiscal year, the Town participated in a retained-risk program with TMLIRP under which the Town assumed the risk of paying for all individual claims with a specific stop-loss of \$175,000 and an annual aggregate stop-loss of \$525,000. Outstanding claims associated with the risk retention program are accounted for in the General Fund and are recorded as Accounts Payable.

For the period of October 2016 to September 2017, the Town offered health benefits through one of two plans operated by Blue Cross Blue Shield. Employees were able to choose either an HMO (health maintenance organization) plan or a PPO (preferred provider organization) plan. The Town also offers a dental plan through Delta Dental. The HMO, PPO, and dental plans are funded by joint contributions from the employees and the Town and are accounted for in the respective operating funds.

Blue Cross and Delta Dental plans are fully insured contracts. Monthly premiums paid to Blue Cross and Delta Dental were based upon fixed employee and dependent rates that are established each year.

#### B. Employee's Retirement System

#### 1) Pension Plan

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, pension related deferred outflows and inflows of resources, and pension expense, Town specific information about its Fiduciary Net Position in the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS) and additions to/deductions from the Town's Fiduciary Net Position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TMRS. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized in the period that compensation is reported for the employee, which is when contributions are legally due. Benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. Information regarding the Town's Total Pension Liability is obtained from TMRS through a report prepared for the Town by TMRS consulting actuary, Gabriel Roeder Smith & Company, in compliance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions.

#### Plan Description

The Town provides pension benefits for all of its full-time employees through a nontraditional, joint contributory, hybrid defined benefit plan in the state-wide Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS), one of 860 administered by TMRS, an agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system. Each of the municipalities has an annual individual actuarial valuation performed. TMRS is an agency created by the State of Texas and administered in accordance with the TMRS Act, Subtitle G, Title 8, Texas Government Code (the TMRS Act) as an agent multiple-employer retirement system for municipal employees in the State of Texas. The TMRS Act places the general administration and management of the System with a six-member Board of Trustees. Although the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate, appoints the Board, TMRS is not fiscally dependent on the State of Texas. TMRS' defined benefit pension plan is a tax-qualified plan under Section 401 (a) of the Internal Revenue Code.

September 30, 2017

# IV. OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

TMRS issues a publicly available Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, a copy of which may be obtained by writing to P.O. Box 149153, Austin, Texas 78714-9153. The report is also available on the System's web site at: <a href="http://www.tmrs.com/publications.php">http://www.tmrs.com/publications.php</a>.

#### Benefits Provided

TMRS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Benefit provisions are adopted by the governing body of the Town, within the options available in the state statutes governing TMRS.

Benefits depend upon the sum of the employee's contributions to the plan and the Town-financed monetary credits, with interest. At the date the plan began, the Town granted monetary credits for services rendered before the plan began based on an amount equal to two times what would have been contributed by the employee plus interest. Monetary credits for service since the plan began are 200 percent of the employee's accumulated contributions. Beginning in 1994, the Town adopted an annually repeating type of monetary credit referred to as an updated service credit which when added to the employee's accumulated contributions and the monetary credits for service since the plan began would be the total monetary credits and employee contributions accumulated with interest, if the current employee contribution rate and Town matching percent had always been in existence. The calculation included a three year exponential average of the actual salaries paid during the prior fiscal years.

At retirement, the benefit is calculated as if the sum of the employee's accumulated contributions with interest and the employer-financed monetary credits plus interest were used to purchase an annuity. Also in 1994, the Town adopted annually repeating annuity increases for its retirees equal to 70% of the change in the consumer price index.

The plan provisions are adopted by the governing body of the Town, within the options available in the state statutes governing TMRS and within the actuarial constraints also in the statutes. Members can retire at certain ages, based on the years of service with the Town. The service retirement eligibilities for the Town are: 5 years/age 60, 20 years/any age. Plan provisions for the Town are as follows:

Deposit Rate: 7%

Matching Ratio (Town to Employee): 2 to 1

A member is vested after: 5 years

#### **Employees Covered by Benefit Terms.**

At the December 31, 2016 valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

mactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	191
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	218
Active employees	<u>246</u>
Total	<u>655</u>

Inactive employees or honoficiaries currently receiving honofite

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# IV. OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

#### Contributions

The contribution rates for employees in TMRS are either 5%, 6%, or 7% of employee gross earnings, and the Town matching percentages are either 100%, 150%, or 200%, both as adopted by the governing body of the Town. Under the state law governing TMRS, the contribution rate for the Town is determined annually by the actuary, using the Entry Age Normal (EAN) actuarial cost method. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the cost of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Since the Town needs to know its contribution rates in advance for budgetary purposes, there is a one-year delay between the actuarial valuation that serves as the basis for the rate and the calendar year when the rate goes into effect.

Employees for the Town were required to contribute 7% of their annual gross earnings during the fiscal year. The Town elected to contribute at the full rates for calendar year 2017 of 10.44%. Accordingly, contributions to TMRS for the year ended September 30, 2017 were \$1,893,931 and were equal to the required contribution.

#### **Net Pension Liability**

The Town's Net Pension Liability (NPL) was measured as of December 31, 2016, and the Total Pension Liability (TPL) used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

#### **Actuarial Assumptions:**

The Total Pension Liability in the December 31, 2016 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation 2.5% per year Overall payroll growth 3.0% per year

Investment rate of return 6.75%, net of pension plan investment expense including inflation.

Salary increases were based on service-related tables. Mortality rates for active members and retirees were multiplied by 109% for males and by 103% for females. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by scale BB to account for future mortality improvements. For disabled annuitants, the gender-distinct RP2000 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table is used, with slight adjustments.

Actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2016, valuation were based on the results of actuarial experience studies. This experience study was for the period December 31, 2010 through December 31, 2014. Healthy post-retirement mortality rates and annuity purchase rates were updated based on a Mortality Experience Investigation Study covering 2009 through 2011, and dated December 31, 2013. These assumptions were first adopted in 2015 and used in the December 31, 2013 valuation, along with a change to the Entry Age Normal (EAN) actuarial cost method. Assumptions are reviewed annually. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with an emphasis on both capital appreciation as well as the production of income, in order to satisfy the short-term and long-term funding needs of TMRS.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 6.75%. The pension plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the TMRS Board of Trustees. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with an emphasis on both capital appreciation as well as the production of income, in order to satisfy the short-term and long-term funding needs of TMRS.

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# IV. OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
		Expected Real
Asset	Target	Rate of Return
<u>Class</u>	Location	(Arithmetic)
Domestic Equity	17.5%	4.55%
International Equity	17.5%	6.35%
Core Fixed Income	10.0%	1.00%
Non-Core Fixed Income	20.0%	4.15%
Real Return	10.0%	4.15%
Real Estate	10.0%	4.75%
Absolute Return	10.0%	4.00%
Private Equity	5.0%	7.75%
Total	100.0%	

#### Single Discount Rate

Projected benefit payments are required to be discounted to their actuarial present values using a single discount rate that reflects (1) a long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (to the extent that the plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits) and (2) tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating as of the measurement date (to the extent that the plan's projected fiduciary net position is not sufficient to pay benefits).

For the purpose of this valuation, the expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 6.75%. A single discount rate of 6.75% was used to measure the total pension liability as of December 31, 2016. This single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 6.75%. Based on the stated assumptions and the projection of cash flows, the Town's fiduciary net position and future contributions were sufficient to finance the future benefit payments of the current plan members for all projection years. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of the projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability for the Town. The projection of cash flows used to determine the single discount rate for the Town assumed that the funding policy adopted by the TMRS Board will remain in effect for all future years. Under this funding policy, the Town will finance the unfunded actuarial accrued liability over the years remaining for the closed period existing for each base in addition to the employer portion of all future benefit accruals (i.e. the employer normal cost).

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# IV. OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

Changes in the Net Pension Liability

	Increase (Decrease)			
	Т	otal Pension	Plan Fiduciary	Net Pension
		Liability	Net Position	Liability
		(a)	(b)	(a) - (b)
Balance at 9/30/2016	\$	136,067,935 \$	109,184,735\$	26,883,200
Changes for the year:				
Service cost		2,740,122	-	2,740,122
Interest		7,721,380	-	7,721,380
Changes of benefit terms		(20,027,692)	-	(20,027,692)
Difference between expected and actual experience		(37,547)	-	(37,547)
Changes of assumptions		-	-	-
Contributions - employer		-	1,743,443	(1,743,443)
Contributions - employee		-	1,266,899	(1,266,899)
Net investment income		-	7,376,667	(7,376,667)
Benefit payments, including refunds of				
employee contributions		(6,038,979)	(6,038,979)	-
Administrative expense		-	(83,336)	83,336
Other		-	(4,490)	4,490
Net changes		(15,642,716)	4,260,204	(19,902,920)
Balance at 9/30/2017	\$	120,425,219	<u>113,444,939</u> \$	<u>6,980,280</u>

The Net Pension Liability change from 2016 of \$26,883,200 to 2017 of \$6,980,280 is due to a change in an actuarial assumption related to the treatment of Ad Hoc COLA awarded by Council in prior years. For GASB 68 compliance, actuarials are expected to consider Ad Hoc COLA's impact on future pension obligations to retirees, if certain criteria are met. In 2016, the Town met the criteria to consider previous Ad Hoc COLAs as substantively recurring for future years. This resulted in the \$26,883,200 potential liability for pension expense. However, in 2017 the Town did not meet the criteria to include Ad Hoc COLAs as recurring so the potential liability was reduced by \$20,027,692, which along with other changes as shown above, led to a liability reduction of \$19,902,920 to a current balance of \$6,980,280. For GASB compliance this difference of \$19,902,920 is considered an adjustment to prior pension expense.

#### Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the Town, calculated using the discount rate of 6.75% as well as what the Town's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.75%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

	1	% Decrease 5.75%	Current Discount Rate 6.75%	1% Increase 7.75%
Town's net pension liability(asset)	\$	22,524,156 \$	6,980,280	\$ (5,878,857)

September 30, 2017

# IV. OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

#### Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in a separately-issued TMRS financial report. That report may be obtained on the Internet at www.tmrs.com.

#### Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

For the year ended September 30, 2017, the Town recognized pension expense of \$3,276,973. At September 30, 2,017, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected & actual economic experience	\$ -	\$ (1,019,465)
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	1,636,353	
Change of assumptions	248,305	-
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings Total	5,131,877 \$ (7,016,535)	\$ (1,019,465 <u>)</u>

Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date of \$1,636,353 will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability for the year September 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended Sept 30	Net deferred outflows (inflows of resources		
2018	\$	1,388,725	
2019		1,506,817	
2020		1,468,981	
2021		(3,716)	
Total	\$	4,360,717	

#### Allocation of Pension Items

The City allocates pension items between governmental activities and business-type activities on the basis of employee payroll.

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# IV. OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

#### 2) Postemployment Benefits

#### Plan Description

In addition to the pension benefits described above, as required by state law and defined by Town Policy, the Town makes available health care benefits to all employees who retire from the Town and who are receiving benefits from a Town-sponsored retirement program (Texas Municipal Retirement System and/or a Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plan) through a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan. This healthcare plan provides lifetime insurance, or until age 65 if eligible for Medicare, to eligible retirees, their spouses and dependents through the Town's group health insurance plan, which covers both active and retired members.

Current retirees in the health plan and active employees with 20 years or more of service or at age 60 or more with five years or more of service at retirement are eligible to remain in the health plan at the total blended contribution rate for active and retiree participants. Since an irrevocable trust has not been established, the plan is not accounted for as a trust fund. The plan does not issue a separate financial report. Benefit provisions for retirees are not mandated by any form of employment agreement. The continued provision of these benefits is based entirely on the discretion of the Town of Addison City Council.

# **Funding Policy**

Before age 65, the Town will pay a \$150 monthly stipend toward the retiree's healthcare premium if the retiring employee meets the eligibility criteria at the time of termination and elects coverage in the health plan. For members who retire after 65 or were eligible for the \$150 stipend before age 65, the Town will pay a \$75 monthly stipend directly to the retiree. Current retirees contribute to the health plan the total blended premium for active and retired participants, less the \$150 stipend provided by the Town. The Town contribution to the health plan consists of total premiums in excess of retiree contributions.

Retirees receiving medical benefits during fiscal year 2017 contribute \$499 to \$1,600 per month depending on coverage levels selected. In fiscal year 2017, total retiree contributions were \$122,754.

#### Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The Town's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) for the health plan is calculated based on the annual required contribution (ARC) of the Town, an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The Town of Addison utilized the actuarial services of Gabriel, Roeder, Smith & Company (GRS), a company who has been providing actuarial consulting services since 1938, under the shared services arrangement provided by GRS and North Central Texas Council of Governments. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. The following table shows the Town's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2017.

Annual Required Contribution	\$	410,841
Interest on OPEB Obligation		26,484
Adjustment to ARC		(25,800)
Annual OPEB Cost (Expense)		411,525
Contributions Made	(	(127, 439)
Change in OPEB Obligation		284,086
Net OPEB Obligation (Asset) – Beginning of Year	_	486,154
	\$	770.240

September 30, 2017

# IV. OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

The Town's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2017 and the preceding two fiscal years were as follows:

Fiscal Year	Annual OPEB Costs	Actual Contributions	Percentage of Annual OPEB Cost Contributed	Net OPEB Obligation
2015	201,225	164,742	81.9%	465,473
2016	207,455	186,774	90.0%	486,154
2017	235,574	127,439	54.1%	770,240

#### Funded Status and Funding Progress

As of December 31, 2016, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$2,827,548, none of which is funded. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$18,098,559, and the ratio of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability to the covered payroll was 15.62%. Of the total actuarial accrued liability, \$2,132,1088 or 75% comprises the implied subsidy of health care for current retirees and active employees upon retirement. As noted previously, qualified retirees pay the blended cost of their health coverage, less the \$150 monthly stipend. However, GASB 45 requires governments to report the "implicit rate subsidy" that is provided to retirees who remain with the health plan provided to employees. It is assumed by actuaries that the cost of health care increases with the age of the covered employee or retiree. Since the Town's health plan includes a blended rate that is the same for active employees and retirees, actuaries must estimate the amount the Town is subsidizing for retirees to pay the blended health plan premiums.

For example, the actuarial estimated monthly cost for a 40 year old male employee's health care benefit is \$491.92. The estimate for a male employee or retiree who is 60 years old is \$1,355.22. The difference in these costs not covered by the health plan premium is considered to be the "implicit rate subsidy."

Actuarial values of the program involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions of the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the trend of healthcare costs. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the program and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The analysis of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information that shows whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits. As the Town chose to not establish an irrevocable trust, plan assets will always be reported under GASB Statement 45 as zero. Because the majority of the actuarial accrued liability is the "implicit rate subsidy" of retiree blended health plan premiums, the Town believes that its actual health plan postemployment benefit will not significantly grow over time and will continue to fund these benefits on a pay-as-you-go method. Changes to how future healthcare benefits are funded on a national basis may cause the Town to reexamine this funding method.

#### **Actuarial Methods and Assumptions**

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing the benefit costs between the employer and plan members at that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

September 30, 2017

# IV. OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

In the December 31, 2016 actuarial valuation, the most recent valuation, the Projected Unit Credit Cost Method was used. The actuarial assumptions include a 4.0% investment rate of return (compounded annually, net after investment expenses) and an annual healthcare cost trend of 7.0%, reduced by decrements to an ultimate rate of 4.0% after 9 years. Both rates include a 2.5% inflation assumption. The Town's unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percent of active member payroll over an open period. The remaining amortization period at December 31, 2016 was 30 years.

#### C. Contingencies

The Town is party to various legal actions arising in the ordinary course of business, none of which is believed by the Town's management to have a material impact on the financial condition of the Town. Accordingly, no provision for losses has been recorded in the accompanying financial statements for such contingencies.

#### D. Keller Springs Tollway

In 1999, the North Texas Tollway Authority (Authority) completed a toll tunnel that connects Midway Road and the North Dallas Tollway. The project benefits the Town by diverting traffic from Belt Line Road, which is at capacity. The project's cost was approximately \$25 million which will be funded by revenue bonds issued by the Authority. Through an agreement with the Authority, the Town has pledged to be a guarantor of the debt service associated with approximately \$2.5 million of the revenue bonds in the event the authority defaults on the bonds. Because the Authority is an extremely viable state agency, the likelihood of a default is negligible.

#### E. Tax Incentive Rebates

The Town of Addison has two active Commercial Development and Job Related Incentive Rebates that develop or redevelop a particular property attracting businesses that generate incremental tax revenues. In addition to GASB 77, the agreements are subject to Chapter 380 of the Texas Local Government Code that promotes local economic development, commercial activity and business stimulation. City Council approves the agreements via resolution. As part of the agreements, the Town agrees to rebate a portion of the ad valorem or sales tax after confirmation of payment. If the businesses do not meet the obligations as set forth in the agreements in a particular year, the businesses forego the rebates in that year.

The agreement with one entity, executed March 4, 2016, provides a rebate for 50% of business personal property (ad valorem) tax for ten years and a total amount of \$50,000 for waiver of permit fees. The amount forgone on this contract in the year ended September 30, 2017 was \$34,042, and no payments have been made.

The agreement with the other entity provides a rebate for 75% of sales tax over a threshold amount, of which the calculation is outlined in the contract. The Town has paid \$318,650 during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2017. Also, the contract allows for the Town of Addison to commission an independent traffic study regarding an area specified in the contract, and if warranted, the Town will pay for capital expenses related to potential signalization or other needed improvements in the specified area. No traffic study has been warranted or commissioned as of September 30, 2017. Also, the contract requires a tree mitigation amount of \$424,385 to be paid in five installments starting the 10th anniversary of the contract execution date, which was in August 2012.

September 30, 2017

# IV. OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

#### F. New Accounting Pronouncements

The Town has adopted and implemented the following statements which became effective for the fiscal year 2017.

Statement No. 77, "Tax Abatement Disclosures" – This statement requires governments that enter into tax abatement agreements to provide certain disclosures regarding these commitments.

Statement No. 82, "Pension Issues, an amendment of GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68 and No. 73" - This statement clarifies that a "deviation," as defined by the Actuarial Standards of Practice, issued by the Actuarial Standards Board, is not considered to be in conformity with the requirements of GASB Statements No. 67, No, 68 and No. 73 for the selection of assumptions used to measure the total pension liability and related measures. Additionally, this statement requires member contributions paid by the employer, to be excluded from employer contributions and from corresponding pension related deferred resources.

The GASB has issued the following statement which will become effective in a future year.

Statement No. 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions" – This statement changes the focus of accounting for postemployment benefits other than pensions from whether they are responsible for funding the benefits over time to a point-in-time liability that is reflected on the employer's financial statements for any actuarially unfunded portion of benefits earned to date. This statement will become effective for the Town in fiscal year 2018.



Required Supplementary Information

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#### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Texas Municipal Retirement System
Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios (Unaudited)
Last Three Fiscal Years (Previous years are not available)

	Mea	surement Year 2014	Mea	surement Year 2015	Me	asurement Year 2016
Total pension liability:	-					
Service cost	\$	2,819,937	\$	3,120,695	\$	2,740,122
Interest (on the Total Pension Liability)		8,660,470		9,031,058		7,721,380
Changes in benefit terms		-		-		(20,027,692)
Difference between expected and actual experience Change in assumptions		(987,858) -		(1,253,581) 467,077		(37,547) -
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(5,193,445)		(5,504,175)		(6,038,979)
Net change in total pension liability		5,299,104		5,861,074		(15,642,716)
Total pension liability - beginning		124,907,757		130,206,861		136,067,935
Total pension liability - ending (a)	<del></del>	130,206,861		136,067,935		120,425,219
Plan fiduciary net position:						
Contributions - employer		1,789,255		1,824,122		1,743,443
Contributions - employee		1,224,976		1,257,382		1,266,899
Net investment income		6,157,338		164,587		7,376,667
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(5,193,445)		(5,504,175)		(6,038,979)
Administrative expense		(64,289)		(100,255)		(83,336)
Other		(5,286)		(4,952)		(4,490)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		3,908,549	))))	(2,363,291)		4,260,204
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		107,639,477		111,548,026		109,184,735
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)		111,548,026		109,184,735		113,444,939
Net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	18,658,835	\$	26,883,200	\$	6,980,280
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage						
of total pension liability		85.67%		80.24%		94.20%
Covered payroll	\$	17,479,153	\$	17,945,341		18,098,559
Net pension liability as a percentage						
of covered payroll		106.75%		149.81%		38.57%

Changes in assumptions: In the 2015 valuation the investment rate of return decreased from 7.0% to 6.75%; the inflation rate was lowered from 3.0% to 2.5%; the experience study for retirement age was updated.

The information in this schedule has been determined as of the measurement date (December 31) of the Town's net pension liability and is intended to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled in accordance with the provisions of GASB 68, only periods of which such information is available are presented.

#### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Texas Municipal Retirement System Schedule of Contributions (Unaudited) September 30, 2017

	(1)	(2) Contribution in Relation to	(3) = (2) - (1)	(4)	(5) = (1) / (4) Actuarially Determined	(6) = (2) / (4)
		the			Contributions as	Contributions as
	Actuarially	Actuarially	Contribution		a Percentage	a Percentage
Fiscal	Determined	Determined	Excess	Covered	of Covered	of covered
Year	Contribution	Contribution	(Deficiency)	Payroll	Payroll	Payroll
2015	1,874,383	1,874,383	-	18,804,927	9.97%	9.97%
2016	1,786,827	1,786,827	-	18,465,892	9.68%	9.68%
2017	1,893,931	1,893,931	-	18,796,558	10.08%	10.08%

#### Notes to Schedule:

Valuation Date:

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31 and become effective in January 13 months

later.

Methods and Assumption Used to Determine Contribution Rate for 2017:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

Amortization Method Level Percentage of Payroll, Closed

Remaining Amortization Period 29 years

Asset Valuation Method 10 year smoothed market; 15% soft corridor

Inflation 2.5%

Salary Increases 3.50% to 10.5% including inflation Investment Rate of Return 6.75%

resiment Rate of Return 6.73

Retirement Age Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the City's plan

of benefits. Last updated for the 2015 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period 2010 - 2014 RP2000 Combined Mortality Table with Blue Collar Adjustment with male rates multiplied by 109% and female rates multiplied by 103% and

projected on a fully generational basis with scale BB

Other Information:

Mortality

Notes There were no benefit changes during the year.

The information in this schedule has been determined as of the Town's fiscal year-end and is intended to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled in accordance with the provisions of GASB 68, only periods for which such information is available are presented.

### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Retiree Health Plan Analysis of Funding Progress (Unaudited) September 30, 2017

		(1)	(2)		(3) = (2) - (1)	(4)	(5) = (3)/(4)
Fiscal Year	Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	Funded Ratio	Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL)	Covered Payroll	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
2011	12/31/10	-	1,968,533	_	1,968,533	15,557,784	12.65%
2013	12/31/12	-	2,003,539	-	2,003,539	15,598,079	12.84%
2015	12/31/14	-	2,137,029	-	2,137,029	16,603,192	12.87%
2017	12/31/16	-	2,827,548	_	2,827,548	17,945,341	15.76%

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### **DEBT SERVICE FUNDS**

The **General Obligation Debt Service Fund** accounts for the accumulation of resources to be used for payment of principal and interest on the general obligation bonded debt of the Town.

The **Hotel Debt Service Fund** accounts for the accumulation of resources to be used for the payment of principal and interest on the Hotel Occupancy Tax Revenue Bonds.





General Obligation Debt Service
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances
Budget and Actual
Year Ended September 30, 2017

	2017								
	Budget					Actual GAAP		Variance With Final Budget Positive	
		Original		Final		Basis		(Negative)	
REVENUES:									
Current Property Taxes	\$	7,713,438	\$	7,713,438	\$	7,502,679	\$	(210,759)	
Delinquent Property Taxes	φ	1,643	φ	1,643	φ	(1,822)	φ	(3,465)	
Penalties and Interest		8,213		8,213		23,733		15,520	
Earnings on Investments		9,400		9,400		12,401		3,001	
Other		9,400		9,400		13,934		13,934	
Total Revenues		7,732,694	_	7,732,694		7,550,925		(181,769)	
EXPENDITURES:		0.000		0.000		0.704		(4.70.4)	
Contractual Services		2,000		2,000		3,734		(1,734)	
Principal Retirement		4,938,331		4,938,331		4,938,331		- (2.222)	
Interest and Fiscal Charges		2,773,107		2,773,107	_	2,779,407		(6,300)	
Total Expenditures		7,713,438		7,713,438		7,721,472		(8,034)	
Excess/(Deficiency) of Revenues									
over Expenditures		19,256		19,256		(170,547)		(189,803)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES/(USES):									
Transfers Out		(300,000)		(300,000)		<u>-</u>		300,000	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(280,744)		(280,744)		(170,547)		110,197	
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	F	541,074		541,074		541,074			
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$	260,330	\$	260,330	\$	370,527	\$	110,197	

### **Hotel Debt Service**

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances
Budget and Actual
Year Ended September 30, 2017

	Budget Original Final				_ Actual GAAP Basis			Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)
	-	Original	_	ı ıııaı		Dasis		(Negative)
REVENUES:								
Earnings on Investments	\$	2,600	\$	2,600	\$	1,663	\$	(937)
Total Revenues		2,600		2,600		1,663		(937)
EXPENDITURES:								
Principal Retirement		680,000		680,000		680,000		-
Interest and Fiscal Charges		31,500	_	31,500		31,200		300
Total Expenditures		711,500		711,500		711,200		300
Excess/(Deficiency) of Revenues		(======)		(======================================		(====)		(00=)
over Expenditures		(708,900)		(708,900)		(709,537)		(637)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES/(USES):								
Transfers In		711,500		711,500		711,500		
Net Change in Fund Balance		2,600		2,600		1,963		(637)
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year		490,094	_	490,094		490,094	_	
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$	492,694	\$	492,694	\$	492,057	\$	(637)



### NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

The **Municipal Court Fund** accounts for the Town's court building security and technology fees that are generated from court citation fines. According to state law, the revenue generated from these fees may only be spent on the municipal court.

The **Public Safety Fund** accounts for awards of monies or property by the courts relating to cases that involve the Addison Police Department. In prior years, this fund was classified as an expendable trust fund.

The **Advanced Funding Grant Fund** was created during fiscal year 2010. The fund accounts for grant monies that are received prior to the related expenditure, and therefore, the fund may carry a balance from year to year if the Town does not expend the monies within the fiscal year.

The **Economic Development Fund** accumulates resources to support efforts that attract commercial enterprises to Addison and encourage existing businesses to remain in Addison.

The **Reimbursement Grant Fund** accounts for expenditures for which the Town expects to be reimbursed.

The **PEG Fees Fund** accounts for state restricted fees collected and the expenditures using these monies.



#### Non-Major Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet September 30, 2017

	Mu	unicipal Court Fund	- F	Public Safety Fund	 dvanced ding Grant Fund	ı 	Economic Development Fund		eimbursement Grant Fund	PEG Fees Fund	<u>-</u>	Total Nonmajor overnmental Funds
ASSETS: Cash and Investments Receivables:	\$	263,499	\$	48,996	\$ 27,926	\$	1,280,330	\$	3,077	\$ 191,244	\$	1,815,072
Ad Valorem Taxes, Including Interest and Penalties, Net Interest Prepaid Items		9,588 -		- 83 -	- 50 -		15,933 2,073 38,669		6	331 -		15,933 12,131 38,669
Total Assets	\$	273,087	\$	49,079	\$ 27,976	\$	1,337,005	\$	3,083	\$ 191,575	\$	1,881,805
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCE: Liabilities:												
Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities	\$	36,079	\$		\$ 	\$	25,309	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ 	\$	61,388
Total Liabilities		36,079			 		25,309		<u>-</u>	 		61,388
Deferred Inflows of Resources:												
Unavailable Resources Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		<u> </u>	-	2,179 2.179	 <u> </u>		15,934 15,934		<u> </u>	 <u> </u>		18,113 18,113
				2,170	 		10,004			 		10,110
Fund Balances: Nonspendable Prepaid Items Restricted		-		-	-		38,669		-	-		38,669
Child Safety		86,906		-	·				-	-		86,906
Justice Administration Court Technology		21,851 74,667					7		-	-		21,851 74,667
Building Security		53,584		1	_			Y	-	<u>-</u>		53,584
Court Security		-		46,900	-		-		-	-		46,900
Public Safety Other Purposes		-			27,976				3,083	- 191,575		31,059 191,575
Committed: Economic Development		<u>-</u> _		<u> </u>	 <u>-</u>		1,257,093		<u>-</u> _	 -		1,257,093
Total Fund Balance		237,008		46,900	 27,976		1,295,762		3,083	 191,575		1,802,304
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balance	\$	273,087	\$	49,079	\$ 27,976	\$	1,337,005	\$	3,083	\$ 191,575	\$	1,881,805

### Non-Major Governmental Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Year Ended September 30, 2017

	Municipal Court Fund	Public Safety Fund	Advanced Funding Grant Fund	Economic Development Fund	Reimbursement Grant Fund	PEG Fees Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
REVENUES: Ad Valorem Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 994,498	\$ -		\$ 994,498
Franchise Fees Intergovernmental	-	-	- 8,274	-	- 7,291	62,893 -	62,893 15,565
Service Fees Fines and Forfeitures	- 24.024	-	-	60,747	-	-	60,747
Court Awards	21,834	500 20,256	-	-	-	- -	22,334 20,256
Earnings on Investments Other	2,496	261	208	10,852 900	(1)	1,550	15,366 900
Total Revenues	24,330	21,017	8,482	1,066,997	7,290	64,443	1,192,559
EXPENDITURES: General Government Public Safety Municipal Court Economic Development Total Expenditures	66,616 - 66,616	2,242	8,759 - - 8,759	1,747,749 1,747,749	6,475 - - 6,475	199,868 - - - 199,868	199,868 17,476 66,616 1,747,749 2,031,709
Excess/(Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	(42,286)	18,775	(277)	(680,752)	815	(135,425)	(839,150)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES/(USES): Transfers In Total Other Financing Sources/(Uses)	XA:	-		973,000 973,000	-	·	973,000 973,000
Net Change in Fund Balance	(42,286)	18,775	(277)	292,248	815	(135,425)	133,850
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	279,294	28,125	28,253	1,003,514	2,268	327,000	1,668,454
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$ 237,008	\$ 46,900	\$ 27,976	\$ 1,295,762	\$ 3,083	\$ 191,575	\$ 1,802,304

## Municipal Court Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual Year Ended September 30, 2017

				2	2017	•		
		Ві	udget			Actual GAAP		Variance With Final Budget Positive
		Original		Final		Basis		(Negative)
REVENUES:								
Court Awards	\$	10,610	\$	10,610	\$	5,041	\$	(5,569)
Building Security Fees	·	13,000	·	13,000		7,198	·	(5,802)
Court Technology Fees		14,000		14,000		9,595		(4,405)
Earnings on Investments		1,700		1,700		2,496		796
Total Revenues		39,310		39,310		24,330		(14,980)
EXPENDITURES:								
Salaries and Fringe Benefits		31,557		31,557		15,967		15,590
Supplies		31,180		38,180		21,796		16,384
Maintenance and Materials		24,990		27,990		, <u>-</u>		27,990
Contractual Services		89,850		79,850		28,853		50,997
Capital Outlay		35,120		35,120		-		35,120
Total Expenditures		212,697	-	212,697		66,616		146,081
Net Change in Fund Balance		(173,387)		(173,387)		(42,286)		131,101
Net offarige in Fund Balance		(170,007)		(173,307)		(42,200)		131,101
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		279,294		279,294		279,294		
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	105,907	\$	105,907	\$	237,008	\$	131,101



# Public Safety Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual Year Ended September 30, 2017

				2	017	7			
	Budget Original Final					Actual GAAP Basis		Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES: Court Awards Earnings on Investments Total Revenues	\$	200 200	\$	200 200	\$	20,756 261 21,017	\$	20,756 61 20,817	
EXPENDITURES: General Government Public Safety Supplies Contractual Services Total Expenditures		19,385 - 19,385		19,385 - 19,385		365 1,877 2,242		19,020 (1,877) 17,143	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(19,185)		(19,185)		18,775		37,960	
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		28,125		28,125	_	28,125	_		
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	8,940	\$	8,940	\$	46,900	\$	37,960	



## Advanced Funding Grant Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual Year Ended September 30, 2017

	Budget					Actual GAAP		Variance With Final Budget Positive
		Original	_	Final	_	Basis		(Negative)
REVENUES:								
Intergovernmental	\$	15,901	\$	15,901	\$	8,274	\$	(7,627)
Earnings on Investments		200		200		208		8
Total Revenues		16,101		16,101	_	8,482		(7,619)
EXPENDITURES:								
Supplies		500		500		-		500
Contractual Services		34,375		34,375		8,759		25,616
Total Expenditures		34,875		34,875		8,759	_	26,116
Net Change in Fund Balance		(18,774)		(18,774)		(277)		18,497
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		28,253		28,253	-	28,253		
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	9,479	\$	9,479	\$	27,976	\$	18,497

## DRAFT COPY

# Economic Development Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual Year Ended September 30, 2017

	2017									
	Original	Budget	Final		Actual GAAP Basis		Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)			
	Original	<del></del>	ı ıııaı	-	Dasis		(Negative)			
REVENUES: Ad Valorem Taxes Service Fees Earnings on Investments Other Total Revenues	\$ 1,001,25 67,00 6,10 1,074,35	0 0 	1,001,252 67,000 6,100 - 1,074,352	\$	994,498 60,747 10,852 900 1,066,997	\$	(6,754) (6,253) 4,752 900 (7,355)			
		<del></del>	1,01 1,00=		.,,		(1,000)			
EXPENDITURES: Salaries and Fringe Benefits Supplies Maintenance and Materials Contractual Services Capital Replacement Economic Development Capital	393,20 32,45 57,36 1,523,74 23,00	0 2 5	393,206 34,450 32,442 1,536,665 23,006		409,191 27,319 18,187 1,270,046 23,006		(15,985) 7,131 14,255 266,619			
Outlay		-	10,000		-		10,000			
Total Expenditures	2,029,76	9 :	2,029,769		1,747,749		282,020			
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over/(Under) Expenditures	(955,41	7)	(955,417)		(680,752)		274,665			
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers In Total other financing sources (uses)	973,00 973,00		973,000 973,000	) Į	973,000 973,000		<u> </u>			
Net Change in Fund Balance	17,58	3	17,583		292,248		274,665			
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	1,003,51	4	1,003,514		1,003,514					
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 1,021,09	7 \$	1,021,097	\$	1,295,762	\$	274,665			

## PEG Fees Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual Year Ended September 30, 2017

	Budget				Actual GAAP		Variance With Final Budget Positive
	Original		Final		Basis		(Negative)
REVENUES:							
Franchise Fees	\$ 72,000	\$	72,000	\$	62,893	\$	(9,107)
Earnings on Investments	50		50		1,550		1,500
Total Revenues	 72,050		72,050		64,443		(7,607)
<b>EXPENDITURES:</b> General Government Capital							
Outlay	 200,000		200,000		199,868		132
Total Expenditures	 200,000		200,000		199,868		132
Net Change in Fund Balance	(127,950)		(127,950)		(135,425)		(7,475)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	327,000		327,000		327,000		<u>-</u> _
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 199,050	\$	199,050	\$	191,575	\$	(7,475)

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### **PROPRIETARY FUNDS**

### **Internal Service Funds:**

Internal Service funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the government and to other government units on a cost reimbursement basis.

The **Capital Replacement Fund** is used to account for financial resources set aside annually to replace equipment as its useful life is consumed.

The **Information Technology Replacement Fund** is used to account for financial resources set aside annually to replace technology as its useful life is consumed.





### Internal Service Funds Combining Statement of Net Position September 30, 2017

	Capital Replacement	Information Technology Replacement	Total
ASSETS:			
Current Assets: Cash and Investments	\$ 2,616,286	\$ 2,798,893	\$ 5,415,179
Interest Receivable	4,177	4,581	8,758
Total Current Assets	2,620,463	2,803,474	5,423,937
Non-Current Assets: Capital Assets:			
Construction in Progress	-	1,374,182	1,374,182
Machinery and Equipment	9,577,954	5,279,408	14,857,362
Accumulated Depreciation	(5,679,012)	(4,400,052)	(10,079,064)
Total Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation	3,898,942	2,253,538	6,152,480
Total Assets	6,519,405	5,057,012	11,576,417
LIABILITIES: Current Liabilities:			
Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities	932	209,984	210,916
NET POSITION:			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	3,898,942	2,253,538	6,152,480
Unrestricted	2,619,531	2,593,490	5,213,021
Total Net Position	<u>\$ 6,518,473</u>	<u>\$ 4,847,028</u>	<u>\$ 11,365,501</u>



### Internal Service Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Year ended September 30, 2017

	Capital Replacement	Information Technology Replacement	Total Internal Service Funds
OPERATING REVENUES: Department Contributions Total Operating Revenues	\$ 796,500 796,500	\$ 815,671 815,671	\$ 1,612,171 1,612,171
OPERATING EXPENSES: Supplies Maintenance and Materials Contractual Services Total Operating Expenses (Excluding Depreciation) Depreciation Total Operating Expenses	11,424 4,303 15,727 692,772 708,499	408,664 - 87,285 495,949 283,109 779,058	408,664 11,424 91,588 511,676 975,881 1,487,557
OPERATING INCOME	88,001	36,613	124,614
NON-OPERATING REVENUES/(EXPENSES): Investment Income/(Expense) Sale of Assets Total Non-Operating Revenues/(Expenses)	27,313 74,956 102,269	6,559 (83,491) (76,932)	33,872 (8,535) 25,337
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	190,270	(40,319)	149,951
Net Position at Beginning of Year  Net Position at End of Year	6,328,203 \$ 6,518,473	4,887,347 \$ 4,847,028	11,215,550 \$ 11,365,501



### Internal Service Funds Combining Statement of Cash Flows Year Ended September 30, 2017

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Department Contributions	Capital Replacement \$ 796,500	Information Technology Replacement \$ 815,671	Total Internal Service Funds  \$ 1,612,171
Payments to Suppliers	(15,882)	(311,699)	(327,581)
Net Cash Provided/(Used) by Operating Activities	780,618	503,972	1,284,590
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:			
Acquisition and Construction of Capital Assets Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	(1,812,020) 74,956	(361,538)	(2,173,558) 74,956
Net Cash Provided/(Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities	(1,737,064)	(361,538)	(2,098,602)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Interest on Cash and Investments	26,709	4,594	31,303
Net Cash Provided/(Used) by Investing Activities	26,709	4,594	31,303
Net Increase/(Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash and Cash Equivalents, October 1 Cash and Cash Equivalents, September 30	(929,737) 3,546,023 \$ 2,616,286	147,028 2,651,865 \$ 2,798,893	(782,709) 6,197,888 \$ 5,415,179
Reconciliation of Operating Income/(Loss) to Net Cash Provided/(Used) by Operating Activities:			
Operating Income/(Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Income/(Loss) from Operations to Net Cash Provided/(Used) by Operating Activities:	\$ 88,001	\$ 36,613	\$ 124,614
Depreciation Change in Assets and Liabilities:	692,772	283,109	975,881
Increase/(Decrease) in Accounts Payable Net Cash Provided/(Used) by Operating Activities	(155) \$ 780,618	184,250 \$ 503,972	184,095 \$ 1,284,590
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	<u>φ 700,010</u>	<u> </u>	Ψ 1,201,000
NON-CASH CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:			
Capital Assets in Accounts Payable  Net Non-Cash Items from Capital and Related	\$ -	\$ (11,490)	\$ (11,490)
Financing Activities	<u> </u>	\$ (11,490)	\$ (11,490)



### STATISTICAL SECTION

### (Unaudited)

The Statistical Section presents detailed information to assist in understanding the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information. It includes five categories of information:

**Financial Trends (tables 1-7)** – contain trend information to help the reader understand how the government's financial position has changed over time.

Revenue Capacity (tables 8-10) – contain information to help the reader assess the government's ability to generate its own revenues.

**Debt Capacity (tables 11-15)** – present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the government's current levels of outstanding debt and the government's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

**Demographic and Economic Information (tables 16-18)** – offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the socioeconomic environment within which the government's financial activities take place.

Operating Information (tables 19-21) – contain employee and capital asset data to help the reader understand how the information in the government's financial report relates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs.



Table 1

Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting) (Unaudited)

	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Governmental Activities  Net Investment in Capital Assets  Restricted for:	\$ 117,389,355	\$ 120,308,696	\$ 123,041,354	\$ 129,261,976	\$ 129,471,095	\$ 135,260,723	\$ 120,034,622	\$ 121,444,364	\$ 122,079,968	\$ 124,922,785
Debt Service	781,304	918,483	-	1,007,330	1,698,555 1,993,040	904,422 1,942,378	606,471 1,682,165	555,279 2,529,271	660,955 3,869,581	500,094
Promotion of Tourism and Hotel Industry Child Safety	-	-	-	-	30.635	30.635	1,082,105	2,529,271 190,635	98,540	4,334,037 86,906
Justice Administration	-	-	-	-	93,472	93,472	31,898	63,638	30,952	21,851
Court Technology	-	-	-	-	77,179	74,895	79,591	91,942	86,147	74,667
Building Security Court Security	-	-	-	-	66,716	64,742	65,782 19,185	176,512 19,190	63,655 28,125	53,584 46,900
Public Safety	-	-	_	-	-	-	19,103	19,190	20,123	33,238
Other purposes	-	-	-	-	32,449	22,235	-	25,484	33,694	191,575
Unrestricted	26,591,388	24,442,088	23,381,754	21,729,168	20,945,903	13,969,454	25,658,883	7,051,958	7,031,223	29,561,964
Total Net Position - Governmental Activities	\$ 144,762,047	\$ 145,669,267	\$ 146,423,108	\$ 151,998,474	\$ 154,409,044	\$ 152,362,956	\$ 148,280,261	\$ 132,148,273	\$ 133,982,840	\$ 159,827,601
Business-type Activities										
Net Investment in Capital Assets Unrestricted	\$ 31,595,371 13,568,364	\$ 34,327,264 13,195,545	\$ 36,299,788 12,740,025	\$ 51,113,892 9,834,613	\$ 49,639,925 14,194,945	\$ 57,425,620 17,372,627	\$ 69,948,582 16,460,850	\$ 63,308,088 23,121,874	\$ 62,547,252 24,910,364	\$ 65,363,662 22,218,951
	\$ 45,163,735	\$ 47,522,809	\$ 49,039,813	\$ 60,948,505	\$ 63,834,870	\$ 74,798,247	\$ 86,409,432	\$ 86,429,962	\$ 87,457,616	\$ 87,582,613
Primary Government Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted for:	\$ 148,984,726	\$ 154,635,960	\$ 159,341,142	\$ 180,375,868	\$ 179,111,020	\$ 192,686,343	\$ 189,983,204	\$ 184,752,452	\$ 184,627,220	\$ 190,286,447
Debt Service	781,304	918,483	_	1,007,330	1.698.555	904,422	606,471	555,279	660,955	500,094
Promotion of Tourism and Hotel Industry	-	-	-	-	1,993,040	1,942,378	1,682,165	2,529,271	3,869,581	4,334,037
Child Safety	-	-	-	-	30,635	30,635	101,664	190,635	98,540	86,906
Justice Administration Court Technology	-	_	-	-	93,472 77,179	93,472 74,895	31,898 79,591	63,638 91,942	30,952 86,147	21,851 74,667
Building Security		A .	-		66,716	64,742	65,782	176,512	63,655	53,584
Court Security	-	-	-	-	-		19,185	19,190	28,125	46,900
Public Safety					22.440	20.005	-	- 25 404	- 22.004	33,238
Other Purposes Unrestricted	40,159,752	37,637,633	36,121,779	31,563,781	32,449 35,140,848	22,235 31,342,081	42,119,733	25,484 30,173,832	33,694 31,941,587	191,575 51,780,915
Total Net Position - Primary Government	\$ 189,925,782	\$ 193,192,076	\$ 195,462,921	\$ 212,946,979	\$ 218,243,914	\$ 227,161,203	\$ 234,689,693	\$ 218,578,235	\$ 221,440,456	\$ 247,410,214

**SOURCE**: Town of Addison Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports

Note: 2015 and prior Public Safety included in Other Purposes. Starting in 2016, Public Safety is separate from Other Purposes.

#### Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting) (Unaudited)

Page			2008		2009		2010		2011	
Parks and Recreation   4,759,378   5,119,320   4,502,205   4,742,948   1,745,148   1,745,149   1,745	Governmental Activities: General Government Public Safety	\$	13,994,387	\$	14,743,542	\$	14,550,333	\$	14,914,759	
Nestor Services	Streets		5,269,124		4,998,440		5,277,938		4,913,524	
Interest on Long-Term Debt										
Business-type Activities:   4.198,855	Interest on Long-Term Debt		2,127,985		2,420,908		2,423,732		2,261,571	
Apron	Total Governmental Activities		40,425,647		41,354,130		40,596,184	-	40,839,054	
Unitine										
Storm Water   12,981,557			,,		,,					
Program Revenues   Sayana	Storm Water		<u>-</u> _		<u>=</u>		<u>=</u>		<u>-</u> _	
Program Revenues   Governmental Activities:   Charges for Services:   Charge	Total Business-type Activities		12,981,557	-	12,828,958	-	12,710,937		13,020,601	
Charges for Services	Total Expenses - Primary Government	\$	53,407,204	\$	54,183,088	\$	53,307,121	\$	53,859,655	
Ceneral Government	Governmental Activities:									
Development Services		\$	186,920	\$	203,258	\$	266,954	\$	143,529	
Streets         333,645         350,587         332,303         2,299,731           Parks and Recreation         133,022         105,705         108,113         107,331           Visitor Services         2,149,274         1,829,964         2,183,247         2,007,827           Operating Grants and Contributions         6,366,230         7,282,273         7,399,163         11,325,516           Total Governmental Activities         8,005,66         308,227         7,399,163         11,325,516           Charges for Services:           Charges for Services:           Airport         4,061,347         3,989,304         4,289,225         4,526,593           Alropt         4,061,347         3,989,304         4,289,225         4,526,593           Alropt         9,888,705         9,188,791         8,806,069         10,740,568           Storm Water         1,102,805         9,188,791         8,806,069         10,740,568           Total Business-type Activities         13,266,529         14,964,392         14,198,144         24,935,326           Total Program Revenues - Primary Government         \$19,632,759         \$2,246,665         \$21,597,307         \$36,260,284           Net Expense/Primary Government         <							, ,			
Visitor Services         2, 149,274         1, 829,964         2, 183,247         2, 007,821           Operating Grants and Contributions         6, 366,230         7, 282,273         7, 399,163         13, 348,141         3, 429,804           Total Governmental Activities         6, 366,230         7, 282,273         7, 399,163         11, 325,516           Business-type Activities           Charges for Services:           Charges for Services:           Airport         4, 061,347         3, 989,304         4, 289,225         4, 526,593           Airport         4, 061,347         3, 989,304         4, 289,225         4, 526,593           Storm Water         9, 188,791         8, 806,069         10,740,568           Storm Water         1, 126,6593         1, 186,297         1, 102,850         9,688,165           Total Business-type Activities         13,266,529         14,964,392         14,198,144         24,935,326           Total Program Revenues - Primary Government         \$ 19,632,759         \$ 2,246,665         \$ 21,597,307         \$ 36,260,842           Net Expense/Revenue           Governmental Activities         \$ 3,497,21         \$ (34,071,857)         \$ (33,197,021)         \$ (29,513,539)           Business-Type Activi										
Operating Grants and Contributions         661,992         2,044,979         230,290         223,795           Capital Grants and Contributions         6,366,230         7,282,273         7,399,163         11,325,516           Business-type Activities:           Charge for Services:           Charge for Services:           Charge for Services:           Airport         4,061,347         3,889,791         4,289,225         4,526,593           Storm Water         9,188,791         8,806,069         10,740,568           Storm Water         1,766,297         1,102,850         9,688,165           Total Dusiness-type Activities         13,266,529         14,964,392         14,198,144         24,935,326           Total Program Revenues - Primary Government         \$ 19,632,759         \$ 22,246,665         \$ 21,597,307         \$ 36,260,842           Net (Expense)/Revenue           Governmental Activities         \$ (34,059,417)         \$ (34,071,857)         \$ (33,197,021)         \$ (29,513,538)           Business-Type Activities         \$ (34,059,417)         \$ (34,071,857)         \$ (33,179,814)         \$ (29,513,538)           Business-Type Activities         \$ (34,059,417)         \$ (34,071,857)										
Capital Grants and Contributions										
Business-type Activities:   Charges for Services:	Capital Grants and Contributions		<u>=</u>		<u>-</u>		1,348,141		3,429,804	
Charges for Services:  Airport Airport Airport Aliport Aliporating Grants and Contributions Aliport Al	Total Governmental Activities		6,366,230		7,282,273		7,399,163	-	11,325,516	
Utilities         8,903,506         9,188,791         8,806,069         10,740,568           Storm Water         -	Charges for Services:		4 064 247		2 000 204		4 200 225		4 526 502	
Capital Grants and Contributions         -         1,102,850         9,668,165           Total Business-type Activities         13,266,529         14,964,392         14,198,144         24,935,326           Total Program Revenues - Primary Government         \$ 19,632,759         \$ 22,246,665         \$ 21,597,307         \$ 36,260,842           Net (Expense)/Revenue         \$ (34,059,417)         \$ (34,071,857)         \$ (33,197,021)         \$ (29,513,538)           Business-Type Activities         284,972         2,135,434         1,487,207         11,914,725           Total Net Expense - Primary Government         \$ (33,774,445)         \$ (31,936,423)         \$ (31,709,814)         \$ (17,598,813)           General Revenues           Taxes:           Property Taxes, Levied for General Purposes         \$ 14,310,671         \$ 15,711,056         \$ 15,900,631         \$ 15,772,858           Sales Taxes         \$ 11,619,637         10,838,895         9,987,439         10,604,803           Franchise Taxes         \$ 2,555,927         2,761,511         2,578,154         2,792,601           Hotel/Motel Taxes         \$ 5,204,247         3,958,238         3,666,781         4,000,786           Interest on Investments         \$ 15,041,62         1,333,743         339,986         14,9	Utilities									
Total Business-type Activities			301,676		1,786,297		- 1 102 850		- 0 668 165	
Net (Expense)/Revenue           Governmental Activities         \$ (34,059,417)         \$ (34,071,857)         \$ (33,197,021)         \$ (29,513,538)           Business-Type Activities         284,972         2,135,434         1,487,207         11,914,725           Total Net Expense - Primary Government         \$ (33,774,445)         \$ (31,936,423)         \$ (31,709,814)         \$ (17,598,813)           General Revenues           Taxes:         Property Taxes, Levied for General Purposes         \$ 14,310,671         \$ 15,711,056         \$ 15,900,631         \$ 15,772,858           Sales Taxes         11,619,637         10,838,895         9,987,439         10,604,803           Franchise Taxes         2,555,927         2,761,511         2,578,154         2,792,601           Hotel/Motel Taxes         5,204,247         3,958,238         3,666,781         4,000,786           Interest on Investments         1,504,162         1,383,743         339,986         148,966           Miscellaneous         509,092         325,634         2,474,485         772,276           Total General Revenues         35,703,736         34,979,077         34,947,476         34,092,290           Business-type Activities         260,533         214,492         11,065         <			13,266,529		14,964,392					
Governmental Activities         \$ (34,059,417)         \$ (34,071,857)         \$ (33,197,021)         \$ (29,513,538)           Business-Type Activities         284,972         2,135,434         1,487,207         11,914,725           Total Net Expense - Primary Government         \$ (33,774,445)         \$ (31,936,423)         \$ (31,709,814)         \$ (17,598,813)           General Revenues           Taxes:           Property Taxes, Levied for General Purposes         \$ 14,310,671         \$ 15,711,056         \$ 15,900,631         \$ 15,772,858           Sales Taxes         \$ 11,619,637         10,838,895         9,987,439         \$ 10,604,803           Sales Taxes         \$ 2,555,927         2,761,511         2,578,154         2,792,601           Hotel/Motel Taxes         \$ 5,204,247         3,958,238         3,666,781         4,000,786           Interest on Investments         \$ 1,504,162         1,383,743         339,986         148,966           Miscellaneous         \$ 509,992         325,634         2,474,485         772,276           Total General Revenues         \$ 35,703,736         34,979,077         34,947,476         34,092,290           Business-type Activities         \$ 260,533         214,492         11,065         (16,178)	IJRAF	\$	19,632,759	\$	22,246,665	\$	21,597,307	\$	36,260,842	
Business-Type Activities         284,972         2,135,434         1,487,207         11,914,725           Total Net Expense - Primary Government         \$ (33,774,445)         \$ (31,936,423)         \$ (31,709,814)         \$ (17,598,813)           General Revenues           Taxes:           Property Taxes, Levied for General Purposes         \$ 14,310,671         \$ 15,711,056         \$ 15,900,631         \$ 15,772,858           Sales Taxes         11,619,637         10,838,895         9,987,439         10,604,803           Franchise Taxes         2,555,927         2,761,511         2,578,154         2,792,601           Hotel/Motel Taxes         5,204,247         3,958,238         3,666,781         4,000,786           Interest on Investments         1,504,162         1,383,743         339,986         148,966           Miscellaneous         509,092         325,634         2,474,485         772,276           Total General Revenues         35,703,736         34,979,077         34,947,476         34,092,299           Business-type Activities         260,533         214,492         11,065         (16,178)           Miscellaneous         16,337         9,148         18,732         10,145           Transfer         -		\$	(34,059,417)	\$	(34,071,857)	\$	(33,197,021)	\$	(29,513,538)	
General Revenues           Taxes:         Property Taxes, Levied for General Purposes         \$ 14,310,671         \$ 15,711,056         \$ 15,900,631         \$ 15,772,858           Sales Taxes         \$ 11,619,637         \$ 10,838,895         9,987,439         \$ 10,604,803           Franchise Taxes         \$ 2,555,927         2,761,511         2,578,154         2,792,601           Hotel/Motel Taxes         \$ 5,204,247         3,958,238         3,666,781         4,000,786           Interest on Investments         \$ 1,504,162         1,383,743         339,986         148,966           Miscellaneous         \$ 509,092         325,634         2,474,485         772,276           Total General Revenues         \$ 35,703,736         34,979,077         34,947,476         34,092,290           Business-type Activities           Interest on Investments         \$ 260,533         \$ 214,492         \$ 11,065         (16,178)           Miscellaneous         \$ 16,337         \$ 9,148         \$ 18,732         \$ 10,145           Transfer         \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$		-	284,972		2,135,434		1,487,207		11,914,725	
Taxes:         Property Taxes, Levied for General Purposes         \$ 14,310,671         \$ 15,711,056         \$ 15,900,631         \$ 15,772,858           Sales Taxes         11,619,637         10,838,895         9,987,439         10,604,803           Franchise Taxes         2,555,927         2,761,511         2,578,154         2,792,601           Hotel/Motel Taxes         5,204,247         3,958,238         3,666,781         4,000,786           Interest on Investments         1,504,162         1,383,743         339,986         148,966           Miscellaneous         509,092         325,634         2,474,485         772,276           Transfer         -         -         -         -         -           Total General Revenues         35,703,736         34,979,077         34,947,476         34,092,290           Business-type Activities           Interest on Investments         260,533         214,492         11,065         (16,178)           Miscellaneous         16,337         9,148         18,732         10,145           Transfer         -         -         -         -         -           Total Business-type Activities         276,870         223,640         29,797         (6,033) <td colspan<="" td=""><td>Total Net Expense - Primary Government</td><td>\$</td><td>(33,774,445)</td><td>*</td><td>(31,936,423)</td><td>\$</td><td>(31,709,814)</td><td>*</td><td>(17,598,813)</td></td>	<td>Total Net Expense - Primary Government</td> <td>\$</td> <td>(33,774,445)</td> <td>*</td> <td>(31,936,423)</td> <td>\$</td> <td>(31,709,814)</td> <td>*</td> <td>(17,598,813)</td>	Total Net Expense - Primary Government	\$	(33,774,445)	*	(31,936,423)	\$	(31,709,814)	*	(17,598,813)
Sales Taxes         11,619,637         10,838,895         9,987,439         10,604,803           Franchise Taxes         2,555,927         2,761,511         2,578,154         2,792,601           Hotel/Motel Taxes         5,204,247         3,958,238         3,666,781         4,000,786           Interest on Investments         1,504,162         1,383,743         339,986         148,966           Miscellaneous         509,092         325,634         2,474,485         772,276           Transfer         -         -         -         -           Total General Revenues         35,703,736         34,979,077         34,947,476         34,092,290           Business-type Activities         16,337         9,148         18,732         10,145           Transfer         -         -         -         -         -           Total Business-type Activities         276,870         223,640         29,797         (6,033)           Change in Net Position         60vernmental Activities         1,644,319         907,220         1,750,455         4,578,752           Business-type Activities         561,842         2,359,074         1,517,004         11,908,692	Taxes:									
Franchise Taxes         2,555,927         2,761,511         2,578,154         2,792,601           Hotel/Motel Taxes         5,204,247         3,958,238         3,666,781         4,000,786           Interest on Investments         1,504,162         1,383,743         339,986         148,966           Miscellaneous         509,092         325,634         2,474,485         772,276           Transfer         -         -         -         -         -           Total General Revenues         35,703,736         34,979,077         34,947,476         34,092,290           Business-type Activities         16,337         9,148         18,732         10,145           Transfer         -         -         -         -         -           Total Business-type Activities         276,870         223,640         29,797         (6,033)           Change in Net Position         Governmental Activities         1,644,319         907,220         1,750,455         4,578,752           Business-type Activities         561,842         2,359,074         1,517,004         11,908,692		\$	, ,	\$	, ,	\$	, ,	\$	, ,	
Interest on Investments         1,504,162         1,383,743         339,986         148,966           Miscellaneous         509,092         325,634         2,474,485         772,276           Transfer         -	Franchise Taxes		, ,				2,578,154		2,792,601	
Miscellaneous         509,092         325,634         2,474,485         772,276           Transfer         -         -         -         -         -           Total General Revenues         35,703,736         34,979,077         34,947,476         34,092,290           Business-type Activities           Interest on Investments         260,533         214,492         11,065         (16,178)           Miscellaneous         16,337         9,148         18,732         10,145           Transfer         -         -         -         -         -           Total Business-type Activities         276,870         223,640         29,797         (6,033)           Change in Net Position           Governmental Activities         1,644,319         907,220         1,750,455         4,578,752           Business-type Activities         561,842         2,359,074         1,517,004         11,908,692									, ,	
Business-type Activities         260,533         214,492         11,065         (16,178)           Interest on Investments         260,533         214,492         11,065         (16,178)           Miscellaneous         16,337         9,148         18,732         10,145           Transfer         -         -         -         -         -           Total Business-type Activities         276,870         223,640         29,797         (6,033)           Change in Net Position         Governmental Activities         1,644,319         907,220         1,750,455         4,578,752           Business-type Activities         561,842         2,359,074         1,517,004         11,908,692										
Business-type Activities           Interest on Investments         260,533         214,492         11,065         (16,178)           Miscellaneous         16,337         9,148         18,732         10,145           Transfer         - <td></td> <td></td> <td>- 25 700 700</td> <td></td> <td>- 24 070 077</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>24 000 000</td>			- 25 700 700		- 24 070 077		-		24 000 000	
Interest on Investments         260,533         214,492         11,065         (16,178)           Miscellaneous         16,337         9,148         18,732         10,145           Transfer         -	Total General Revenues		35,703,736		34,979,077		34,947,476		34,092,290	
Miscellaneous         16,337         9,148         18,732         10,145           Transfer         -         -         -         -         -           Total Business-type Activities         276,870         223,640         29,797         (6,033)           Change in Net Position         Governmental Activities           Governmental Activities         1,644,319         907,220         1,750,455         4,578,752           Business-type Activities         561,842         2,359,074         1,517,004         11,908,692			000 500		044.400		44.005		(40.470)	
Transfer         -<										
Change in Net Position           Governmental Activities         1,644,319         907,220         1,750,455         4,578,752           Business-type Activities         561,842         2,359,074         1,517,004         11,908,692			<u> </u>		<u> </u>		-		<u> </u>	
Governmental Activities         1,644,319         907,220         1,750,455         4,578,752           Business-type Activities         561,842         2,359,074         1,517,004         11,908,692	ı otai Business-type Activities		276,870		223,640		29,797		(6,033)	
Business-type Activities			40		007.000		4 750 45-		4 === ===	
	**	\$		\$		\$		\$		

 2012	 2013	 2014	 2015	 2016	 2017
\$ 6,485,716 15,130,157 879,253 5,028,071 4,963,327 6,852,198 2,548,945 41,887,667	\$ 7,021,312 15,229,474 925,830 8,387,857 5,062,784 7,239,033 3,054,940 46,921,230	\$ 7,938,875 15,765,049 932,247 6,450,628 5,597,254 7,358,141 3,037,574 47,079,818	\$ 8,730,944 16,820,899 1,032,105 8,105,373 5,517,049 6,106,103 3,018,672 49,331,145	\$ 10,015,214 17,528,619 1,278,232 6,567,732 5,796,136 7,537,477 2,417,435 51,140,845	\$ 7,184,325 7,021,636 100,924 6,660,591 4,259,992 6,839,484 1,713,819 33,780,771
 4,526,398 9,178,844	 5,188,321 9,459,791 234,257	 6,027,300 10,317,160 768,016	 5,893,611 10,748,886 848,354	 6,454,693 10,821,202 2,092,187	 6,509,127 10,081,401 1,408,133
 13,705,242	 14,882,369	 17,112,476	 17,490,851	 19,368,082	 17,998,661
\$ 55,592,909	\$ 61,803,599	\$ 64,192,294	\$ 66,821,996	\$ 70,508,927	\$ 51,779,432
\$ 208,734 2,225,165 956,089 378,982 114,164 2,429,686 164,749 568,285 7,045,854	\$ 225,731 1,611,320 888,908 384,303 114,866 2,379,812 73,578	\$ 235,233 1,506,770 904,895 390,453 102,288 2,195,803 19,093	\$ 688,005 945,217 1,015,053 400,561 82,681 1,890,522 25,806 158,253 5,206,098	\$ 753,062 1,070,517 774,364 375,564 74,719 3,532,634 27,472 148,518 6,756,850	\$ 961,336 947,071 1,242,223 391,126 86,595 3,249,506 51,063
4,255,547 11,128,700 - 1,258,798 16,643,045	4,505,430 10,802,692 1,307,573 - 9,331,840 25,947,535	4,857,759 9,953,099 1,640,615 - 7,660,647 24,112,120	5,138,479 9,877,262 1,726,526 - 1,025,835 17,768,102	5,387,660 10,576,707 1,883,841 129,093 2,130,601 20,107,902	5,479,786 10,983,136 2,034,484 50,000 148,158 18,695,564
\$ 23,688,899	\$ 31,626,053	 29,466,655	\$ 22,974,200	\$ 26,864,752	\$ 25,624,484
\$ (34,841,813) 2,937,803 (31,904,010)	\$ (41,242,712) 11,065,166 (30,177,546)	\$ (41,725,283) 6,999,644 (34,725,639)	\$ (44,125,047) 277,251 (43,847,796)	\$ (44,383,995) 739,820 (43,644,175)	\$ (26,851,851) 696,903 (26,154,948)
\$ 17,400,696 11,988,116 2,699,520 4,295,149 99,065 769,837	\$ 17,975,149 13,029,712 3,021,899 4,575,083 133,140 461,641	\$ 19,484,538 14,222,194 2,806,656 5,011,671 130,419 613,432 (4,626,322) 37,642,588	\$ 20,385,225 14,104,584 2,828,420 5,510,406 181,811 590,619 - 43,601,065	\$ 22,593,188 13,847,507 3,074,519 6,132,432 316,288 581,628 46,545,562	\$ 23,572,225 15,126,354 2,664,422 5,996,924 472,896 3,736,791 800,000 52,369,612
(51,843) 405 - (51,438)	(71,264) (30,525) - (101,789)	 (22,013) 7,232 4,626,322 4,611,541	100,928 512,888 - 613,816	 151,937 135,897 - 287,834	 185,046 43,048 (800,000) (571,906)
2,410,570	(2,046,088)	(4,082,695)	(523,982)	2,161,567	25,517,761
\$ 2,886,365 5,296,935	\$ 10,963,377 8,917,289	\$ 11,611,185 7,528,490	\$ 891,067 367,085	\$ 1,027,654 3,189,221	\$ 124,997 25,642,758

Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting) (Unaudited)

		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012	_	2013		2014		2015		2016	_	2017
General Fund																				
Reserved	\$	358,337	\$	420,883	\$	188,035	\$	-	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Nonspendable:	*	,	•	,	•	,	•		•		-		-		•		-		•	
Inventories		_		_		_		87,835		114,733		44,486		66,933		63,176		41.001		39,550
Prepaid Items		_		_		_		67,135		57,054		291,424		272,713		267,357		84,681		449,442
Assigned for Other Purposes		_		_		_		61,193		23,061				,						,
Unassigned		11,337,593		10,231,859		10,668,716		10,150,531		12,178,216		13,643,488		15,166,365		11,271,328		12,765,117		15,879,046
Total General Fund	_	11,695,930		10,652,742	_	10,856,751	-	10,366,694		12,373,064	_	13,979,398	_	15,506,011		11,601,861	_	12,890,799	_	16,368,038
Total Colletal Falla	_	11,000,000	-	10,002,112	_	10,000,701	-	10,000,001		12,010,001	_	10,010,000	_	10,000,011		11,001,001	_	12,000,700	_	10,000,000
All Other Governmental Funds																				
Reserved		1,548,218		1,309,497		1,302,623		-		_		-		-		-		_		_
Unreserved, Reported in:		,,		, , .		, ,-														
Special Revenue Funds		229,327		16,573		51,469		-		_		-		-		-		_		-
Capital Project Funds		33,491,143		29,190,201		20,334,339		-		_		-		-		-		_		_
Debt Service Funds		890,310		902,577		863,925		-		_		-		-		-		_		_
Hotel Fund		5,715,693		4,635,799		4,423,339		-		_		_		_		_		_		_
Nonspendable:		., .,		, ,		, -,														
Prepaid Items		_		_		_		-		36,974		_		_		_		50,836		38,669
Restricted for:										,-								,		
Debt Service		_		_		_		1,945,104		1,840,901		1,234,727		1,020,159		831,366		541,074		370,527
Promotion of Tourism & Hotel Industry		_		_		_		-		1,993,040		1,942,378		1,682,165		2,529,271		3,861,008		4,331,245
Capital Projects		_		_		_		9,851,762		39,654,624		41,716,425		45,239,484		40,901,630		33,162,293		21,834,283
Child Safety		_		_		_		-		-		93,472		101.664		88.479		98,540		86,906
Justice Administration		_		_		_		-		_		30,635		31,898		28,893		30,952		21,851
Court Technology		_		_		_		83,827		201,286		74,895		79,591		77,831		86,147		74,667
Building Security		_		_		_		72,462		66,716		64,742		65,782		63,789		63,655		53,584
Court Security		_		_		_		, -		-		· ,		19,185		19,190		28,125		46,900
Public Safety		_		_		_		-		_		-		-		-		30,521		31,059
Other Purposes		_		_		_		45,500		36,793		22,235		_		25,484		327,000		191,575
Committed for:								-,		,		,				-, -		,		- ,-
Capital Projects		_		_		_		_		_		_		_		_		_		7,688,169
Economic Development		_		_		_		358,676		516,823		664,401		477,233		752,819		968,178		1,257,093
Assigned for:														,=0				,		.,,
Other Purposes				_		_		27,603				_				_		_		_
Unassigned		1				_		115,223		(3,883)		(6,364)		3,115		-		_		-
Total All Other Governmental Funds	_	41,874,691		36,054,647	_	26,975,695	_	12,500,157		44,343,274	_	45,837,546		48,720,276	_	45,318,752	_	39,248,329	_	36,026,528
2	-	.,,				.,,	_	,,,,,,,,,		77 17 21	_	7,11,10	_	.,,	_	.,	_	, ,	_	,,
Total Governmental Funds	\$	53,570,621	\$	46,707,389	\$	37,832,446	\$	22,866,851	\$	56,716,338	\$	59,816,944	\$	64,226,287	\$	56,920,613	\$	52,139,128	\$	52,394,566

SOURCE: Town of Addison Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports

Notes: The Town implemented GASB Statement No. 54 "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions" in fiscal year 2011.

2015 and prior Public Safety included in Other Purposes. Starting in 2016, Public Safety is separate from Other Purposes.



Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting) (Unaudited)

(Unaudited)		2008		2009		2010		2011
REVENUES:								
Ad Valorem Taxes	\$	14,367,964	\$	15,636,534	\$	15,900,747	\$	15,803,400
Non-Property Taxes	Ψ	16,841,525	Ψ	14,478,768	•	13,744,620	Ψ	14,564,185
Franchise Fees		2,555,927		2,761,511		2,578,154		2,760,188
Licenses and Permits		798,006		429,681		833,178		1,210,058
Intergovernmental		561,992		257,429		1,323,831		3,543,357
Service Fees		2,944,353		2,696,581		3,135,434		2,840,317
Fines and Forfeitures		1,297,064		1,322,196		1,215,414		1,104,477
Earnings on Investments		1,291,081		1,234,816		298,634		122,128
Contributions		-		· · ·		· -		· -
Rental Charges		744,496		670,546		700,207		733,957
Recycling Proceeds		41,567		18,570		21,126		22,608
Other		333,101		90,574		2,277,342		531,149
Total Revenues		41,777,076		39,597,206		42,028,687		43,235,824
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
General Government		6,412,823		6,357,501		6,323,891		6,353,784
Public Safety		14,193,406		14,374,702		13,812,617		14,857,023
Development Services		884,770		864,234		887,132		885,218
Streets		1,805,175		2,356,219		1,672,375		1,612,011
Parks and Recreation		4,108,418		4,072,051		3,698,831		4,061,666
Visitor Services		6,512,965		6,216,141		5,445,391		7,655,939
Municipal Court		-		-		-		-
Economic Development		-		_		-		342,200
Debt Service:								
Principal Retirement		3,919,769		4,115,100		4,369,520		3,873,610
Interest and Fiscal Charges		1,624,105		2,808,332		2,444,875		2,284,774
Debt Issuance Costs		-		-		-		-
Capital Projects:								
Salaries and Fringe Benefits		36,908		4,325		-		-
Supplies				2,878		937		-
Maintenance and Materials		- '		41,480	V	231,367		9,870
Contractual Services		-		-		-		-
Other						-		-
Engineering and Contractual Services		745,837		1,591,103		2,585,480		1,846,919
Construction and Equipment		2,232,634		3,573,333		9,431,214		14,375,210
Total Expenditures		42,476,810		46,377,399		50,903,630		58,158,224
Excess/(Deficiency) of Revenues								
over Expenditures		(699,734)		(6,780,193)		(8,874,943)		(14,922,400)
over Experiences		(000,704)		(0,700,100)		(0,014,040)		(14,022,400)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES/(USES):								
Proceeds from Refunding Bonds Issued		-		-		-		-
Payment to Refunded Bond Escrow Agent		-		-		-		-
Issuance of Debt		28,222,000		-		-		-
Discount on issuance of bonds		-		-		-		-
Bond Issuance Costs		-		-		-		-
Premium on Issuance of Bonds		27,833				<u>-</u>		<del>-</del>
Transfers In		700,000		896,489		2,133,827		1,384,156
Transfers Out		(700,000)		(979,528)		(2,133,827)		(1,384,156)
Proceeds on Asset Sales		<del></del>		<u>-</u>				
Total Other Financing Sources/(Uses)	-	28,249,833	-	(83,039)	-			
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	27,550,099	\$	(6,863,232)	\$	(8,874,943)	\$	(14,922,400)
Debt Service as a Percentage of								
Non-Capital Expenditures		14.14%		17.51%		17.63%		15.40%
•								

**SOURCE**: Town of Addison Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports

Table 4

2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017			
\$ 17,471,642	\$ 18,047,998	\$ 19,274,720	\$ 20,560,124	\$ 22,559,004	\$ 23,521,642			
16,183,779	17,604,795	19,444,668	19,728,511	20,181,697	21,217,028			
2,727,370	2,695,073	2,818,869	2,828,420	3,074,519	2,664,422			
953,709	886,423	901,645	1,011,223	768,964	1,225,373			
2,676,792	73,578	19,093	180,612	160,619	15,565			
3,104,592	2,939,606	2,758,458	2,543,707	4,463,789	4,520,358			
1,208,773	1,082,115	988,574	764,144	603,282	468,734			
75,972	122,169	143,299	277,680	372,088	472,896			
- 931,619	- 1,119,737	- 1,119,551	- 1,201,389	949,956	704,701			
26,414	25,539	13,295	10,403	2,426	3,258			
483,009	105,803	206,157	199,880	377,608	391,883			
45,843,671	44,702,836	47,688,329	49,306,093	53,513,952	55,205,860			
0.405.404	0.074.077	0.040.505	- o to-	<b>- - - - - - - - - -</b>				
6,135,191	6,371,055	6,646,587	7,657,465	7,598,584	8,057,632			
15,075,757	14,945,841	15,876,424	16,699,726	16,301,539	16,945,127			
886,705	927,684	962,584	1,090,973	1,207,871	1,158,967			
1,612,699	1,750,500	1,727,403	1,803,139	1,791,257	1,942,584			
4,269,381	4,316,689	4,874,394	4,755,341	4,912,455	5,020,975			
6,171,479	7,116,334	6,730,501	5,454,910	7,077,371	7,595,136			
54,370	53,112	30,878	60,426	17,610	66,616			
469,679	624,014	1,029,585	1,281,649	1,349,920	1,747,749			
4,738,040	4,701,161	5,086,153	5,473,152	5,800,151	5,618,331			
1,918,640 141,666	2,747,654 -	3,110,704	3,417,820 -	3,089,643	2,810,607			
_	_	_	_	-	_			
17,635	80,660	-	-	-	-			
-	3,946	12,459		-	-			
	49 138,236	- $  -$	,()h	-	-			
796,958	2,165,012	422,982	5,076,254	62,647	416,179			
3,038,501	3,742,776	8,241,546	3,840,912	9,086,389	7,583,129			
45,326,701	49,684,723	54,752,200	56,611,767	58,295,437	58,963,032			
516,970	(4,981,887)	(7,063,871)	(7,305,674)	(4,781,485)	(3,757,172)			
<u> </u>								
46,315,000	-	-	-	-	-			
(14,834,842)	=	-	-	-	=			
- (632,482)	7,790,000	12,000,000	- -	-	-			
-	-	-	-	-	-			
4,133,956	292,493	97,299	-	-	-			
1,258,263	578,501	570,000	5,226,082	2,349,124	7,624,205			
(3,074,679)	(578,501)	(570,000)	(5,226,082)	(2,349,124)	(6,824,205)			
33,165,216	8,082,493	12,097,299	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	3,212,610 4,012,610			
				<b>.</b>				
\$ 33,682,186	\$ 3,100,606	\$ 5,033,428	\$ (7,305,674)	\$ (4,781,485)	\$ 255,438			

Statistical Section Table 5

### GENERAL GOVERNMENTAL REVENUES BY SELECTED SOURCES

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	_	Taxes	 Franchise Fees	_	Licenses and Permits	-	Inter- governmental	_	Service Fees	_	Fines and Forfeitures	-	Interest	_	Rental Charges	-	Other (1)	_	Total
2008	\$	31,209,489	\$ 2,555,927	\$	798,006	\$	561,992	\$	2,944,353	\$	1,297,064	\$	1,291,081	\$	744,496	\$	41,567	\$	41,443,975
2009		30,115,302	2,761,511		429,681		257,429		2,696,581		1,322,196		1,234,816		670,546		18,570		39,506,632
2010		29,645,367	2,578,154		833,178		1,323,831		3,135,434		1,215,414		298,634		700,207		21,126		39,751,345
2011		30,367,585	2,760,188		1,210,058		3,543,357		2,840,317		1,104,477		122,128		733,957		22,608		42,704,675
2012		33,655,421	2,727,370		953,709		2,676,792		3,104,592		1,208,773		75,972		931,619		26,414		45,360,662
2013		35,652,793	2,695,073		886,423		73,578		2,939,606		1,082,115		122,169		1,119,737		25,539		44,597,033
2014		38,719,388	2,818,869		901,645		19,093		2,758,458		988,574		143,299		1,119,551		13,295		47,482,172
2015		40,288,635	2,828,420		1,011,223		180,612		2,543,707		764,144		277,680		1,201,389		10,403		49,106,213
2016		42,740,701	3,074,519		768,964	Λ	160,619		4,463,789		603,282	ŕ	372,088	/	949,956		2,426		53,136,344
2017		44,738,670	2,664,422		1,225,373		15,565		4,520,358		468,734		472,896		704,701		3,258		54,813,977

Table includes General, Special Revenue, Capital Project, and Debt Service Funds

Notes: (1) Includes recycling fees and contributions.

# GENERAL GOVERNMENTAL EXPENDITURES BY FUNCTION

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	General Government	Public Safety	Development Services	Streets	Parks and Recreation (1)	Visitor Services (2)	Economic Development	Debt Service	Total
2008	\$ 6,412,823 \$	14,193,406 \$	884,770 \$	1,805,175 \$	4,108,418 \$	6,512,965	\$ - \$	5,543,874 \$	39,461,431
2009	6,357,501	14,374,702	864,234	2,356,219	4,072,051	6,216,141	-	6,923,432	41,164,280
2010	6,323,891	13,812,617	887,132	1,672,375	3,698,831	5,445,391	-	6,814,395	38,654,632
2011	6,353,784	14,857,023	885,218	1,612,011	4,061,666	7,655,939	342,200	6,158,384	41,926,225
2012	6,135,191	15,130,127	886,705	1,612,699	4,269,381	6,171,479	469,679	6,798,346	41,473,607
2013	6,371,055	14,998,953	927,684	1,750,500	4,316,689	7,116,334	624,014	7,448,815	43,554,044
2014	6,646,587	15,907,302	962,584	1,727,403	4,874,394	6,730,501	1,029,585	8,196,857	46,075,213
2015	7,657,465	16,760,152	1,090,973	1,803,139	4,755,341	5,454,910	1,281,649	8,890,972	47,694,601
2016	7,598,584	16,319,149	1,207,871	1,791,257	4,912,455	7,077,371	1,349,920	8,889,794	49,146,401
2017	8,057,632	17,011,742	1,158,967	1,942,584	5,020,975	7,595,136	1,747,750	8,428,938	50,963,724

Table includes General, Special Revenue, and Debt Service funds.

- (1) The Arbor Fund was created in fiscal year 1996 to account for the activities of the Addison Parks Foundation, a Texas non-profit corporation, and is included in the Parks and Recreation category through fiscal year 2009. As of October 1, 2009, the bylaws of the foundation were amended to remove the direct involvement of the Town in the foundation's affairs.
- (2) Hotel Fund.

### **SUMMARY OF TAX REVENUES AND FRANCHISE FEES**

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Property Taxes (1)	1% Town Sales Tax	Mixed Beverage Taxes	Franchise Fees	Hotel Occupancy Tax	Total
I Cai	 Taxes ( )		Taxes	1 663	Tax	Total
2008	\$ 14,367,964 \$	10,649,989 \$	987,289 \$	2,555,927 \$	5,204,247 \$	33,765,416
2009	15,636,534	9,584,496	936,034	2,761,511	3,958,238	32,876,813
2010	15,900,747	9,155,849	921,990	2,578,154	3,666,781	32,223,521
2011	15,803,400	9,632,640	930,759	2,760,188	4,000,786	33,127,773
2012	17,471,642	11,089,866	798,764	2,727,370	4,295,149	36,382,791
2013	18,047,998	12,217,439	812,273	2,695,073	4,575,083	38,347,866
2014	19,274,720	13,440,938	994,609	2,818,869	5,009,121	41,538,257
2015	20,560,124	13,038,912	1,176,643	2,828,420	5,512,956	43,117,055
2016	22,559,004	12,831,723	1,211,761	3,074,519	6,138,213	45,815,220
2017	23,521,642	14,032,616	1,229,708	2,664,422	5,954,703	47,403,091

Table includes General, Special Revenue, Capital Project, and Debt Service funds.

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes penalty and interest.

# ASSESSED AND ESTIMATED MARKET VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Actual Levy Year	Real Property Assessed Value <sup>(1)</sup>	Personal Property Assessed Value	Less Tax-Exempt Property Assessed Value	Total Taxable Value	Total Direct Tax Rate (2)
2008	2007 \$	3,133,172,520 \$	654,923,060 \$	(306,253,403) \$	3,481,842,177	0.4337
2009	2008	3,316,069,140	759,489,460	(350,731,677)	3,724,826,923	0.4535
2010	2009	3,095,240,320	633,330,780	(417,521,300)	3,311,049,800	0.4960
2011	2010	2,872,659,100	601,788,640	(415,674,023)	3,058,773,717	0.5300
2012	2011	2,864,186,430	586,674,080	(422,817,942)	3,028,042,568	0.5800
2013	2012	2,955,211,640	580,038,950	(400,355,712)	3,134,894,878	0.5800
2014	2013	3,270,235,970	621,418,790	(401,647,062)	3,490,007,698	0.5718
2015	2014	3,538,702,310	685,963,840	(419,085,309)	3,805,580,841	0.5618
2016	2015	3,742,314,940	722,808,570	(428,399,743)	4,036,723,767	0.5792
2017	2016	3,996,508,870	757,661,770	(453,899,085)	4,300,271,555	0.5605

**SOURCE**: Dallas Central Appraisal District

<sup>(1)</sup> Assessed value is 100% of estimated market value.

<sup>(2)</sup> Per \$100 of valuation.

## DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES (PER \$100 OF ASSESSED VALUE)

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Ci	ty Direct Rate	es <sup>(1)</sup>	Overlapping Rates (2)										
Fiscal Year	Operating General Rates	General Obligation Debt Service	Total Direct Ad Valorem Rate	Dallas County	Community College District	Dallas ISD	Carrollton/ Farmers Branch ISD	Dallas County Hospital District	Total Ad Valorem Rate					
2008	0.2990	0.1347	0.4337	0.2328	0.0804	1.1996	1.3670	0.2540	2.2006					
2009	0.2828	0.1707	0.4535	0.2330	0.0894	1.1834	1.3623	0.2540	2.2133					
2010	0.3360	0.1600	0.4960	0.2333	0.0949	1.2713	1.3422	0.2740	2.3696					
2011	0.3479	0.1821	0.5300	0.2531	0.0992	1.2378	1.3469	0.2710	2.3911					
2012	0.3819	0.1981	0.5800	0.2531	0.0997	1.2903	1.3568	0.2710	2.4941					
2013	0.3593	0.2207	0.5800	0.2530	0.1194	1.2903	1.3306	0.2710	2.5138					
2014	0.3588	0.2130	0.5718	0.2531	0.1247	1.2820	1.3235	0.2760	2.5076					
2015	0.3437	0.2181	0.5618	0.2531	0.1248	1.2820	1.3033	0.2860	2.5077					
2016	0.3767	0.2024	0.5792	0.2531	0.1237	1.2821	1.2817	0.2860	2.5240					
2017	0.3812	0.1793	0.5605	0.2524	0.1229	1.2821	1.3917	0.2794	2.4973					

SOURCE: Dallas County Tax Office

<sup>(1)</sup> The Town's operating tax rate may be increased only by a majority vote of the City Council up to the limit prescribed by State law, after which the Town's residents may petition for a vote. Rates for debt service are set based on each year's requirements.

<sup>(2)</sup> Overlapping rates are those of local and county governments that apply to property owners within the Town of Addison. The Carrollton/Farmers Branch ISD tax rate is excluded from the total Ad Valorem rate because most of the property owners in Addison are within the Dallas ISD geographic boundaries.

### PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Actual	Taxes Levied _	Collections the Fiscal Year		Collections	_	Total Collections to Date		
Fiscal Year	Levy Year	 for the Fiscal Year	Current Tax Collections	Percentage of Levy	-	in Subsequent Years <sup>(1)</sup>	-	Total Tax Collections	Percentage of Levy
2008	2007	\$ 15,100,750 \$	14,284,974	94.6%	\$	14,221	\$	14,299,195	94.7%
2009	2008	16,892,090	15,628,630	92.5%		(25,508)		15,603,122	92.4%
2010	2009	16,475,365	15,867,761	96.3%		3,531		15,871,292	96.3%
2011	2010	16,249,988	15,678,212	96.5%		52,882		15,731,094	96.8%
2012	2011	17,612,952	17,280,758	98.1%		119,185		17,399,943	98.8%
2013	2012	18,227,706	17,940,483	98.4%		32,002		17,972,485	98.6%
2014	2013	20,000,565	19,246,998	96.2%		(11,276)		19,235,722	96.2%
2015	2014	21,430,622	20,641,789	96.3%		(125,202)		20,516,587	95.7%
2016	2015	23,445,994	22,584,093	96.3%		(77,086)		22,507,007	96.0%
2017	2016	24,175,503	23,458,172	97.0%		95,968		23,554,140	97.4%

**SOURCE**: Dallas County Tax Office Notes:

<sup>(1)</sup> Negative amounts represent refunds of taxes to property owners who appealed their values for the current year (or previous years) to the Dallas Central Appraisal District and received lower valuations as a result of the appeal.

### **RATIO OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE**

Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Governmental	Activities		Business-typ	e Act	tivities				
Fiscal Year	_	General Obligation Bonds	Certificates of Obligation	General Obligation Bonds		Certificates of Obligation		Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income (%)	- <u>-</u>	Per Capita
2008	\$	30,050,000 \$	34,327,000	\$	12,060,450	\$	10,003,000 \$	86,440,450	12.91	\$	5,668.23
2009		26,495,000	33,766,900		9,940,301		9,748,100	79,950,301	13.79		5,966.44
2010		22,775,000	33,117,380		7,740,152		9,467,620	73,100,152	13.09		5,598.97
2011		19,575,000	32,443,770		5,245,003		9,176,230	66,440,003	11.14		5,087.29
2012		40,587,307	40,779,773		2,656,792		10,580,639	94,604,511	15.50		6,915.53
2013		44,865,727	39,564,153		-		20,668,963	105,098,843	16.11		7,593.85
2014		52,868,244	38,578,326		2,145,000		25,322,281	118,913,851	15.71		7,833.59
2015		48,157,452	37,513,716		1,805,000		24,545,293	112,021,461	14.93		7,213.23
2016		65,165,138	15,642,986		8,122,465		17,312,599	106,243,188	14.10		6,810.46
2017		59,974,766	14,009,287		7,663,243		16,305,591	97,952,887	12.89		6,227.14

SOURCE: Town of Addison Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports. See Table 16 for personal income and population data.

#### RATIO OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	 General Obligation Bonds <sup>(1)</sup>	-	Certificates of Obligation <sup>(1)</sup>	-	Less: Amounts Available in Debt Service Fund <sup>(2)</sup>	_	Total Outstanding Debt	Percentage of Actual Taxable Value (%)	Per Capita
2008	\$ 42,110,450	\$	44,330,000	\$	1,360,440	. ;	\$ 85,080,010	2.48 \$	5,668.23
2009	36,435,301		43,515,000		1,082,061		78,868,240	2.15	5,966.44
2010	30,515,152		42,585,000		1,126,069		71,974,083	2.21	5,598.97
2011	24,820,003		41,620,000		1,127,831		65,312,172	2.11	4,938.35
2012	43,244,099		51,360,412		1,079,254		93,525,257	3.06	6,780.97
2013	44,865,727		60,233,116		1,234,727		103,864,116	3.31	7,504.63
2014	55,013,244		63,900,607		1,020,159		117,893,692	3.38	7,766.38
2015	49,962,452		62,059,009		831,367		111,190,094	2.92	7,159.70
2016	73,287,603		32,955,585		541,075		105,702,113	2.62	6,775.78
2017	67,638,009		30,314,878		370,527		97,582,360	2.27	6,203.58

**NOTES**: (1) The schedule of general bonded debt includes general obligation debt of both governmental activities and business-type activities.

**SOURCE**: Town of Addison Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports See Table 8 for taxable values and Table 16 for population data.



<sup>(2)</sup> This is the amount restricted for debt service principal payments at the fund level.

### **DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING DEBT**

Year Ended September 30, 2017

Taxing Jurisdiction	<u>G</u> .	O. Bonded Debt	Percent Applicable <sup>(1)</sup>	 Estimated Share of Overlapping Debt
Carrollton-Farmers Branch ISD Dallas County Dallas County Community College District Dallas County Hospital District Dallas County Schools Dallas ISD	\$	211,775,000 199,545,000 263,140,000 703,770,000 40,330,000 2,923,745,000	1.30% 2.22% 2.22% 2.22% 2.22% 2.92%	\$ 2,753,075 4,429,899 5,841,708 15,623,694 895,326 85,373,354
Total Overlapping Debt				114,917,056
Town of Addison (Direct Debt)	\$	91,100,000 (2)	100%	 91,100,000
Total Direct and Overlapping Debt				\$ 206,017,056
Ratio of Overlapping G.O. Debt to 2014 Taxable Asses	sed Va	lluation		4.79%
Per Capita Overlapping G.O. Debt				\$ 13,097

### **SOURCE**: Municipal Advisory Council of Texas

See Table 8 for taxable values and Table 16 for population data.

- (1) The percentage of overlapping debt is estimated using taxable assessed property values. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the assessed valuation of taxable property within both the overlapping taxing body and the Town's boundaries and dividing that shared value by the total taxable assessed value within the overlapping taxing body.
- (2) Total general obligation (G.O.) bonded debt shown for the Town of Addison excludes self-supporting debt and amount available for repayment in the Debt Service funds.

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUE BOND COVERAGE WATER AND SEWER FUND

Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Net Rever	nue	Available for D	Debt Service			Debt Service	Debt Service Requirements (2)					
Fiscal Year	_	Gross Revenue	_	Expense (1)	=	Net Revenue	=	Principal	Interest		Total	Revenue Bond Coverage		
2008	\$	9,086,984	\$	6,970,850	\$	2,116,134	\$	- \$	-	\$	-	N/A		
2009		9,362,976		7,105,167		2,257,809		-	-	-	-	N/A		
2010		8,803,804		6,811,662		1,992,142		-	-	-	-	N/A		
2011		10,726,977		7,024,544		3,702,433		-	-	-	-	N/A		
2012		11,068,924		7,529,490		3,539,434		-	-	-	-	N/A		
2013		10,743,714		8,052,963		2,690,751		-	-	-	-	N/A		
2014		9,894,247		8,449,185		1,445,062		-	-	-	-	N/A		
2015		10,241,191		9,017,932		1,223,259		-	-	-	-	N/A		
2016		10,688,878		9,116,360		1,572,518		-	-	-	-	N/A		
2017		11,087,788		8,988,724		2,099,064		-	-	-	_	N/A		

### Notes:

Revenue bonds were retired in fiscal year 2002. Current year debt associated with the Town's Utility (Water and Sewer) Fund is limited to general obligation bonds and certificates of obligation. This debt is secured by the Town's property taxes but is supported by Utility Fund revenues.

Includes "operating expenses excluding depreciation" and "non-operating expenses excluding interest expense".

<sup>(2)</sup> Includes principal and interest of revenue bonds only. It does not include the general obligation bonds reported in the enterprise fund.

Revenue bond coverage is equal to net revenue available for debt service divided by total principal and interest.

# SCHEDULE OF COMBINATION TAX AND REVENUE CERTIFICATES OF OBLIGATION COVERAGE HOTEL FUND

Last Ten Fiscal Years

_	Net Rever	nue Available for Debt	t Service	Debt Serv			
Fiscal Year	Gross Revenue	Expenditure (1)	Net Revenue	Principal	Interest	Total	Bond Coverage (2)
2008 \$	7,546,348	\$ 1,077,436 \$	6,468,912 \$	500,000 \$	212,012	\$712,012	9.1
2009	5,887,509	973,467	4,914,042	515,000	196,788	711,788	6.9
2010	5,900,022	963,908	4,936,114	535,000	181,037	716,037	6.9
2011	6,026,377	1,007,162	5,019,215	555,000	164,988	719,988	7.0
2012	6,740,112	1,080,980	5,659,132	620,000	108,143	728,143	7.8
2013	6,970,189	1,626,644	5,343,545	600,000	104,623	704,623	7.6
2014	7,181,306	1,063,116	6,118,190	625,000	86,650	711,650	8.6
2015	7,512,047	959,140	6,552,907	640,000	70,800	710,800	9.2
2016	9,680,180	1,156,760	8,523,420	660,001	52,050	712,051	12.0
2017	9,307,410	1,211,193	8,096,217	680,000	31,200	711,200	11.4

<sup>(1)</sup> Combination Tax and Revenue Certificates of Obligation bond covenants require only Conference Centre expenditures be considered when calculating bond coverage.

<sup>(2)</sup> Bond coverage is equal to net revenue available for debt service divided by total principal and interest.

## DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS AS OF SEPTEMBER 30

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Estimated Population (1)	Assessed Valuations (2)	Personal Income (Thousands)	Per Capita Personal Income (3)	Labor Force <sup>(4)</sup>	Unemployment Rate <sup>(4)</sup>
	1 opaiation	Valuation	(Triododirao)	moomo ·	1 0100	- Tuto
2008	15,250 \$	3,481,842,177	\$ 669,683 \$	43,914	2,084,562	5.3%
2009	13,400	3,724,826,923	579,743	43,264	2,115,943	8.5%
2010	13,056	3,311,049,800	558,248	42,758	2,205,675	7.9%
2011	13,060	3,058,773,717	596,254	45,655	2,249,760	7.6%
2012	13,680	3,028,042,568	610,333	44,615	2,273,350	6.4%
2013	13,840	3,134,894,878	652,418	47,140	2,325,125	5.9%
2014	15,180	3,490,007,698	756,981	49,867	2,361,123	4.8%
2015	15,530	3,805,580,841	750,379	48,318	2,411,843	3.9%
2016	15,600	4,036,723,767	753,761	48,318	2,519,036	3.9%
2017	15,730	4,300,271,555	760,042	48,318	2,556,491	3.3%

### **SOURCES:**

- (1) North Central Texas Council of Governments estimates
- (2) Dallas Central Appraisal District
- (3) United States Census American Community Survey; figures are based on the most current data available.
- (4) Texas Workforce Commission Effective January 2005, data for cities of less than 25,000 was no longer provided. The information presented represents the Dallas, Plano, Irving Metro Area.

## PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS

Current Year and Nine Years Ago

			2	2017				2008	
Name of Taxpayer	Nature of Property		Taxable Assessed Valuation	Rank	Percent of Total Taxable Assessed Valuation		Taxable Assessed Valuation	Rank	Percent of Total Taxable Assessed Valuation
FPG Colonnade LP	Land, Office Buildings	\$	201,039,500	1	4.68%				
Post Properties Inc	Mixed Development	•	166,013,460		3.86%				
COP Spectrum Center LLC	Office Buildings		89,520,000		2.08%				
5100 Belt Line Investors LLC	Insurance		89,260,140	4	2.08%				
Gaedeke Holdings IX LLC	Office Buildings		80,665,540		1.88%				
Real Pink Limited	Office Buildings		77,663,310	6	1.81%				
Fiori LLC	Land, Hotel		77,600,000	7	1.80%				
DCO Realty Inc	Land, Office Buildings		62,477,920		1.45%				
MHSS-Addison LP	Land, Office Buildings		59,220,630		1.38%				
SAYOYE2 LLC	Apartments		57,255,000	10	1.33%				
Colonnade Realty Holdings	Land, Office Buildings					\$	170,108,410		4.89%
Post Addison Circle	Mixed Development						130,000,000		3.73%
Spectrum Center Partners DCO Greenhaven/Clipper	Office Buildings						78,844,500	3	2.26%
Pointe	Apartments						72,183,390	4	2.07%
Richmond Properties Ltd	Land, Office Buildings						71,310,040	5	2.05%
G&I V VOP LP Equastone North Dallas /	Land, Office Buildings						70,700,000	6	2.03%
Aberdeen	Mixed Development						69,558,130	7	2.00%
KBS Millennium LLC	Office Buildings						69.278.450		1.99%
MBNA Texas Properties	Land, Office Buildings						66,677,640		1.92%
Registry Hotel Corp	Land, Hotel					\ <u></u>	56,655,050		1.63%
			\$ 60,715,500		2.34%		\$855,315,610		24.57%

SOURCE: Dallas County Tax Office (2017); Town of Addison CAFR (2008)

### **MAJOR EMPLOYERS**

Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		2	017	2008		
		Estimated	Percent of	Estimated	Percent of	
		Number of	Total	Number of	Total	
Company	Type of Business	Employees	Employees	Employees	Employees	
Mary Kay Cosmetics	Cosmetics	3,001	4.51%	1,300	2.85%	
Bank of America	Finance	1,200	1.80%	837	1.83%	
Mattress Giant Corporate Headquarters	Retail Trade	700	1.05%	N/A	N/A	
Regus Group PLC	Real Estate	590	0.89%	N/A	N/A	
Barrett Daffin Frappier Turner & Engel, LLP	Attorney Firm	550	0.83%	N/A	N/A	
	•					
Expense Reduction Analysts	Consulting Service	501	0.75%	N/A	N/A	
Intercontinental Hotel Dallas	Hospitality	450	0.68%	370	0.81%	
National Bankruptcy Services	Bankruptcy Service	450	0.68%	N/A	N/A	
Zurich American Insurance Co.	Insurance	400	0.60%	N/A	N/A	
	Elementary & High					
Greenhill School	School	370	0.56%	250	0.55%	
Barrett Burke Wilson & Castle	Attorney Firm	N/A	N/A	580	1.27%	
Concentra, Inc	Medical	N/A	N/A	400	0.88%	
Pizza Hut Corporate Offices	Food Specialties	N/A	N/A	748	1.64%	
The Staubach Company	Real Estate	N/A	N/A	500	1.10%	
Town of Addison	Municipal Government	N/A	N/A	263	0.59%	
United Surgical Partners	Medical	N/A	N/A	275	0.60%	

SOURCE: North Central Texas Council of Governments (2017); Town of Addison CAFR (2008)



# BUDGETED FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function/Program	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
General Government										
City Manager's Office	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.0	7.5	6.0	7.0	8.0	7.5	6.5
Financial and Strategic Services	10.0	10.0	9.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	7.5	9.7	13.0	13.0
Municipal Court	4.7	5.7	9.0 5.7	5.4	5.4	5.4	7.5 5.7	9.7 5.7	5.8	5.8
General Services	10.0	10.0	10.0	9.0	8.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	4.8
Human Resources	4.7	5.2	5.2	4.2	5.2	4.2	4.2	3.5	4.0	4.0
Information Technology	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0
Total General Government	43.9	45.4	44.4	40.6	40.1	35.6	36.4	38.9	42.3	41.1
Public Safety										
Police	69.3	70.3	73.3	72.3	73.8	73.8	75.3	79.8	79.8	71.0
Emergency Communications	12.5	13.5	13.5	13.5	13.5	13.5	13.5	13.5	14.5	
Fire	55.0	55.0	54.0	53.0	52.0	52.0	55.3	55.3	55.3	56.0
Total Public Safety	136.8	138.8	140.8	138.8	139.3	139.3	144.1	148.6	149.6	127.0
Development Services	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.2	7.2	7.2	7.2	7.2	11.0
Economic Development	-	-	-	-	1.0	2.0	3.0	4.0	4.0	4.0
Public Works										
Streets	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.4	5.4	6.4
Stormwater							1.4	1.7	1.7	2.0
Utilities	17.0	18.0	17.0	17.0	16.0	18.0	18.3	16.6	17.6	19.2
Total Public Works	24.0	25.0	24.0	24.0	21.0	23.0	24.7	23.7	24.7	27.6
Parks and Recreation	Λ									
Parks	20.0	21.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	21.0	21.0	21.0	22.0	22.0
Recreation	15.2	15.6	15.6	15.6	14.6	14.6	14.6	15.1	15.1	15.7
Total Parks and Recreation	35.2	36.6	35.6	35.6	34.6	35.6	35.6	36.1	37.1	37.7
Visitor Services										
Visitor Services	2.5	2.5	2.5	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	_	_	_
Conference Centre	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.5	8.0	7.0	8.7	8.5	9.5	9.5
Special Events	4.0	4.0	4.0	3.0	3.0	3.5	4.0	4.3	4.3	4.2
Marketing	-	-	-	-	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	2.0
General Hotel Operations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.0	1.0	1.0
Performing Arts	- 440			- 40.5	-45.0	-44.5	- 40.7		<del>-</del>	- 40.7
Total Visitor Services	14.0	14.0	14.0	13.5	15.0	14.5	16.7	14.8	15.8	16.7
Airport Fund	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.4
TOTAL	262.9	268.8	267.8	261.5	261.2	260.2	270.7	276.3	283.7	268.5

**SOURCE:** Town of Addison Finance Department

### **OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM**

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function/Program	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Police										
Crimes Against Property	954	1.100	968	1,056	933	942	768	728	835	804
Crimes Against Persons	390	452	381	388	435	393	358	55	97	106
Arrests	2,844	3,220	2,775	2,876	2,924	2,548	2,006	1,712	1,679	1,702
Calls for Service	17,365	16,109	15,453	17,989	17,390	16,463	16,624	17,181	20,700	17,163
Fire										
Number of Fires	38	50	44	51	45	61	63	51	39	23
Dollar Loss \$	234,375 \$	396,100	\$ 2,212,000	\$ 3,027,173	\$ 2,484,545	\$ 1,166,345	\$ 1,268,010 \$	608,900 \$	686,920 \$	1,394,390
Calls for Service - Fire	1,033	893	834	866	837	896	989	996	865	652
Calls for Service - EMS	1,507	1,422	1,518	1,463	1,676	1,696	1,598	1,730	1,765	1,683
Streets										
Tons of Recycling Collected	354	343	328	330	334	360	387	323	390	419
Parks										
Acres Maintained	137	138	139	163	163	163	163	163	163	163
Recreation										
Recreation Event Participants	13,002	13,184	14,947	14,874	22,496	22,632	21,392	21,392	22,462	26,401
Number of Users	126,214	126,123	125,339	123,794	131,730	128,722	122,656	122,656	120,149	126,287
Active Athletic Club Members	3,395	3,222	3,300	3,428	3,637	3,669	3,942	3,942	3,631	3,815
Utilities										
Water Usage - Peak (1)	8,421	8,748	8,895	9,402	8,871	8,979	10,042	11,093	8,846	7,652
Water Usage - Average (1)	4,847	4,627	4,334	5,014	5,021	4,829	4,577	4,682	4,628	4,672
Service Line Breaks	1 <u>3</u>	11	11	7	10	11	16	8	4	10
Water Main Breaks	7	1	1	1	2	5	7	4	2	7

SOURCE: Town of Addison Department Data

Notes:

(1) In thousands of gallons



## **CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM**

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function/Program	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Public Safety										
Police Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Fire Stations	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Public Works										
Streets - Paved (miles)	41	41	41	41	41	41	41	41	43	43
Lane Miles	126	126	164	164	164	164	164	164	167	167
Traffic Signals	34	34	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36
Parks and Recreation (1)										
Acres Maintained	136	138	139	163	163	163	163	163	163	163
Parks	12	13	13	15	15	15	15	15	14	14
Playgrounds	3	3	3	5	5	5	5	5	3	3
Soccer/Football Fields	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	-	-
Community Centers	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Water										
Water Mains (Miles)	99	101	96	80	80	80	80	80	80	96
Fire Hydrants	1,175	1,200	1,013	1,052	1,052	1,038	1,038	1,038	1,052	1,052
Wastewater										
Miles of Sanitary Sewers	88	90	82	66	66	66	66	66	66	75
Miles of Storm Sewers	22	22	22	57	57	60	60	60	76	76

**SOURCE:** Town of Addison Department Data

<sup>(1)</sup> In 2008, the joint use agreement between the Town of Addison and Trinity Christian Academy terminated. The agreement had allowed the Town use of the Trinity Christian Academy facilities in exchange for sharing the maintenance of these facilities.